COMP 2211 Exploring Artificial Intelligence

Supplementary Notes: A Proof of Bayes' Theorem

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Bayes' Theorem

- As mentioned in class, Bayes' theorem is defined as:

$$P(B|E) = \frac{P(B)P(E|B)}{P(E)}$$
$$= \frac{P(B)P(E|B)}{P(E|B)P(B) + P(E|NOT\ B)P(NOT\ B)}$$

- In other words, Bayes' theorem gives us the conditional probability of B given that E has occurred as long as we know $P(E|B)$, $P(E|NOT\ B)$, and $P(B) = 1 - P(NOT\ B)$.

A Proof of Bayes' Theorem

- By the definition of conditional probability:

$$P(E|B) = \frac{P(E\ AND\ B)}{P(B)} \tag{1}$$

$$P(E\ AND\ B) = P(E|B)P(B) \tag{2}$$

- By the law of total probability:

$$\begin{aligned} P(E) &= P((E\ AND\ B)\ OR\ (E\ AND\ (NOT\ B))) \\ &= P((E\ AND\ B) + (E\ AND\ (NOT\ B))) \end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

- By substituting Equation (2) to Equation (3):

$$P(E) = P(E|B)P(B) + P(E|NOT\ B)P(NOT\ B) \tag{4}$$

where on Equation (4), that fact that $E\ AND\ B$ and $E\ AND\ (NOT\ B)$ are mutually exclusive events was used.

A Proof of Bayes' Theorem

- Since $E\ AND\ B = B\ AND\ E$, by Equation (1) and (2), we have:

$$\begin{aligned} P(B|E) &= \frac{P(B\ AND\ E)}{P(E)} \\ &= \frac{P(E|B)P(B)}{P(E)} \end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

- By merging Equation (4) to (5), we get the following:

$$P(B|E) = \frac{P(E|B)P(B)}{P(E|B)P(B) + P(E|NOT\ B)P(NOT\ B)} \tag{6}$$

Equation (6) is what we wanted to prove. :)

That's all!

Any questions?