

Final Project

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Your task is to compute the area of a polygon given the coordinates of its vertices. You must write a function named **AreaA** in a file named "area.asm" that receives the number of vertices and an array of the vertex coordinates and returns the final result and a "Makefile" to build the project. Use the file "main.c" below. **DO NOT CHANGE IT**.

The file "main.c" uses a function called **AreaC** to calculate the area on its own. Compare the running time of your assembly code against it.

You have to submit **2 versions** of your code:

- 1. A **32-bit** version using the **floating-point coprocessor** (**x87**) instructions. (20 points)
- 2. A **64-bit** version using the SSE or AVX **SIMD** instructions.(80 points) Compare the elapsed time of the C function (once normal and once compiled with "-O3") with the SIMD version.

Useful links:

SIMD:

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X86_instruction_listings#SSE2_instructions
- https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E18752_01/html/817-5477/epmpv.html
- https://sci.tuomastonteri.fi/programming/sse
- https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PL0C5C980A28FEE68D

Area Algorithem:

https://web.archive.org/web/20100405070507/http://valis.cs.uiuc.edu/~sariel/research/CG/compgeom/msg00831.html



Your code **must** comply with the following rules:

- The SIMD version must use the vectorization capability of the SIMD instructions (doing multiple operations with a single instruction).
- You must observe all C Calling Conventions across both versions.
- You must not use any global labels for communication. Every value or reference must be passed as an argument.
- The **Difference** between Your Result and sample Result must not be over 100.
- You <u>MUST NOT PRINT ANYTHING</u>. <u>PRINTS ARE HANDLED BY</u> <u>THE GIVEN CODE</u>. Results are checked by Script.

Remember that your code will be checked for similarity. In the case of cheating the students will receive a **negative** point. It is your responsibility to protect your code.

Please upload only the explained ".zip" file on vc.kntu.ac.ir.



```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
double AreaC(int n, double list[n][2]);
double AreaA(int n, double list[n][2]);
int main(){
   int n;
   scanf("%d", &n);
   double a[n][2];
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%lf%lf", &a[i][0], &a[i][1]);
   //TIME Vars
   struct timespec start, stop;
   //Get Start TIME
   clock_gettime(CLOCK_REALTIME, &start);
   double res = AreaC(n, a);
   //Get Stop TIME
   clock_gettime(CLOCK_REALTIME, &stop);
   printf("%lf\n", res);
   //Print TIME Elapsed in nano seconds
   printf("%ld\n", stop.tv_nsec - start.tv_nsec );
   return 0;
double AreaC(int n,double list[n][2]){
   double area = 0;
   for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
        area += list[i][0] * list[(i+1)%n][1] - list[i][1] * list[(i+1)%n][0];
   return area > 0 ? area/2 : -area/2;
```



Inputs:

The first input is the number of vertices \mathbf{n} , followed by \mathbf{n} lines in the form of \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}

giving the coordinates of each vertex. The output is the area of the polygon.

Constraints:

x0 = 0, y0 = 0

2 < **n** < 100

-100.0 < x, y < 100

Example:

Input 1:

4

0 0

02

33

30

Output 1:

7.500000

Input 2:

7

0.0

0 5.7

3 6.6

49

69

7 2

4 1

Output 2:

43.250000