



Digital Receipt

This receipt acknowledges that **Turnitin** received your paper. Below you will find the receipt information regarding your submission.

The first page of your submissions is displayed below.

Submission author: Sina Ebrahimi
Assignment title: 7088CEM_MAYSEPT_2425_Assignment
Submission title: 2024_08_05-ANN-7088CEM_Project_Report-Sina-Ebrahimi-13...
File name: 2024_08_05-ANN-7088CEM_Project_Report-Sina-Ebrahimi-13...
File size: 3.7M
Page count: 34
Word count: 8,363
Character count: 46,024
Submission date: 06-Aug-2024 05:47PM (UTC+0100)
Submission ID: 238351159

Comparative Analysis of Neural Network-Based Techniques for Vehicular Location Prediction

Sina Ebrahimi, *SID: 13207801*, Word Count: 3284
Centre for Future Transport and Cities
Coventry University
Coventry, UK
ebrahimis@coventry.ac.uk

Abstract

Vehicular location prediction is crucial for improving Quality of Service (QoS) in fifth-generation (5G) radio Resource Allocation (RA). This study presents a novel comparison of five Neural Network (NN) models—Recurrent NN (RNN), Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM), Gated Recurrent Unit (GRU), one-dimensional convolutional NN (Conv1D), and Multi-Layer Perceptron (MLP)—in predicting vehicle positions using a dataset of vehicular mobility traces from Seoul, South Korea. The models are assessed using metrics such as coefficient of determination (R^2 score), Root Mean Square Error (RMSE), loss over epochs, and execution time per epoch. Out of the models tested, the MLP model showed the best performance, with an RMSE of 0.2 meters and an R^2 score of 0.999992. This represents a 32% decrease in RMSE compared to Conv1D and the recurrent models and a significantly higher R^2 score. Moreover, MLP demonstrated the most rapid convergence and the shortest average execution time per epoch, emphasizing its efficiency. The results suggest that using simpler architectures, such as MLP, is quicker and more effective for this particular task. This provides valuable information for designing proactive RA strategies in 5G networks.

Index Terms

Prediction, Vehicular Mobility, Proactive Mobility Prediction, 5G, Handover Management, Radio Resource Management, Neural Networks