ENGR 421/DASC 521: Introduction to Machine Learning

Homework 1: Naive Bayes Classifier Deadline: March 29, 2023, 11:59 PM

In this homework, you will implement a naive Bayes classifier using Python. Here are the steps you need to follow:

- 1. Read Section 5.7 from the textbook.
- 2. You are given a multivariate classification data set, which contains 93925 nucleotide sequences of length 7. These sequences are from two distinct classes, namely, 1 (a splice site) and 2 (not a splice site), where we have 4208 splice sites. You are provided with two data files:
 - a. hw01_data_points.csv: nucleotide sequences,
 - b. hw01_class_labels.csv: corresponding class labels.
- 3. Divide the data set into two parts by assigning the first 50000 sequences to the training set and the remaining 43925 sequences to the test set. (10 points)

```
X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test = train_test_split(X, y)
print(X_train.shape)
print(y_train.shape)
print(X_test.shape)
print(y_test.shape)

(50000, 7)
(50000,)
(43925, 7)
(43925,)
```

4. Calculate the prior probability estimates $\widehat{\Pr}(y=1)$ and $\widehat{\Pr}(y=2)$ using the data points you assigned to the training set. (10 points)

```
class_priors = estimate_prior_probabilities(y_train)
print(class_priors)
[0.0452 0.9548]
```

Hint: You can use the following equation to calculate the prior probability estimates.

$$\widehat{\Pr}(y=c) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} 1(y_i = c)}{N} = \frac{N_c}{N}$$

Hint: Let us define the following probabilities.

 p_{Acd} = probability of having adenine (A) for class c at location d, p_{Ccd} = probability of having cytosine (C) for class c at location d, p_{Gcd} = probability of having guanine (G) for class c at location d, p_{Tcd} = probability of having thymine (T) for class c at location d.

5. Calculate the model parameter estimates $\hat{p}_{A11}, \ldots, \hat{p}_{A17}, \ \hat{p}_{A21}, \ldots, \hat{p}_{A27}, \ \hat{p}_{C11}, \ldots, \hat{p}_{C17}, \ \hat{p}_{C21}, \ldots, \hat{p}_{C27}, \ \hat{p}_{G11}, \ldots, \hat{p}_{G17}, \ \hat{p}_{G21}, \ldots, \hat{p}_{G27}, \ \hat{p}_{T11}, \ldots, \hat{p}_{T17}, \ \hat{p}_{T21}, \ldots, \hat{p}_{T27}$ using the data points you assigned to the training set. (20 points)

```
pAcd, pCcd, pGcd, pTcd = estimate_nucleotide_probabilities(X_train, y_train)
print(pAcd)
print(pCcd)
print(pTcd)

[[0.32345133  0.64424779  0.09424779  0.56681416  0.68938053  0.0800885  0.16371681]
[0.25450356  0.2728739  0.30117302  0.19522413  0.25473398  0.23990364  0.26292417]]
[[0.37433628  0.12123894  0.02964602  0.03230088  0.08053097  0.05221239  0.16725664]
[0.21979472  0.2340176   0.06514453  0.20605362  0.21214914  0.24767491  0.21723921]]
[[0.18716814  0.1199115   0.81814159  0.37477876  0.11371681  0.79513274  0.19690265]
[0.24805195  0.24434437  0.2676791  0.33636364  0.22869711  0.23104315  0.23016339]]
[[0.11504425  0.11460177  0.0579646  0.02610619  0.11637168  0.07256637  0.47212389]
[0.27764977  0.24876414  0.36600335  0.26235861  0.30441977  0.2813783  0.28967323]]
```

Hint: You can use the following equations to calculate the model parameter estimates.

$$\hat{p}_{Acd} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} 1(x_{id} = A)1(y_i = c)}{N_c} \qquad \hat{p}_{Ccd} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} 1(x_{id} = C)1(y_i = c)}{N_c}$$

$$\hat{p}_{Gcd} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} 1(x_{id} = G)1(y_i = c)}{N_c} \qquad \hat{p}_{Tcd} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} 1(x_{id} = C)1(y_i = c)}{N_c}$$

6. Calculate the score values for the data points in your training and test sets using the estimated parameters. (40 points)

scores_train = calculate_score_values(X_train, pAcd, pCcd, pGcd, pTcd, class_priors
print(scores_train)

scores_test = calculate_score_values(X_test, pAcd, pCcd, pGcd, pTcd, class_priors)
print(scores_test)

[[-15.84302871 -9.3433522] [-16.73815388 -8.90270491]

```
[-17.12201508 -8.87059123]
...
[-12.64747986 -9.3077559]
[-18.14584244 -9.54820083]
[-14.67706629 -9.45002167]]
[[-17.02244643 -9.95385128]
[-13.10176993 -9.42908242]
[-12.61507938 -9.54180473]
...
[-12.86990369 -9.21875465]
[-12.90250138 -9.38540918]
[-16.43266951 -9.37467256]]
```

Hint: You can use the following equation to calculate the score values.

$$g_c(\boldsymbol{x}) = \log \left[\prod_{d=1}^D \hat{p}(x_d | y = c) \right] + \log \widehat{\Pr}(y = c)$$

$$= \log \left[\prod_{d=1}^D \left(\hat{p}_{Acd}^{1(x_d = A)} \hat{p}_{Ccd}^{1(x_d = C)} \hat{p}_{Gcd}^{1(x_d = G)} \hat{p}_{Tcd}^{1(x_d = T)} \right) \right] + \log \widehat{\Pr}(y = c)$$

7. Calculate the confusion matrices for the data points in your training and test sets using the calculated score values. (20 points)

```
confusion_train = calculate_confusion_matrix(y_train, scores_train)
print(confusion_train)

confusion_test = calculate_confusion_matrix(y_test, scores_test)
```

```
[[ 1066 484]
 [ 1194 47256]]
 [[ 891 416]
 [ 1057 41561]]
```

print(confusion_test)

What to submit: You need to submit your source code in a single file (.py file). You are provided with a template file named as 0099999.py, where 99999 should be replaced with your 5-digit student number. You are allowed to change the template file between the following lines.

- # your implementation starts below
- # your implementation ends above

How to submit: Submit the file you edited to Blackboard by following the exact style mentioned. Submissions that do not follow these guidelines will not be graded.

Late submission policy: Late submissions will not be graded.

Cheating policy: Very similar submissions will not be graded.