CMPT 165 Graphics – Part 2

June 17th, 2015

Key concepts (from last class)

Image resolution

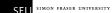
Pixel, bits, unit of bytes Intensity vs. coordinates

Color-depth

Color Dithering

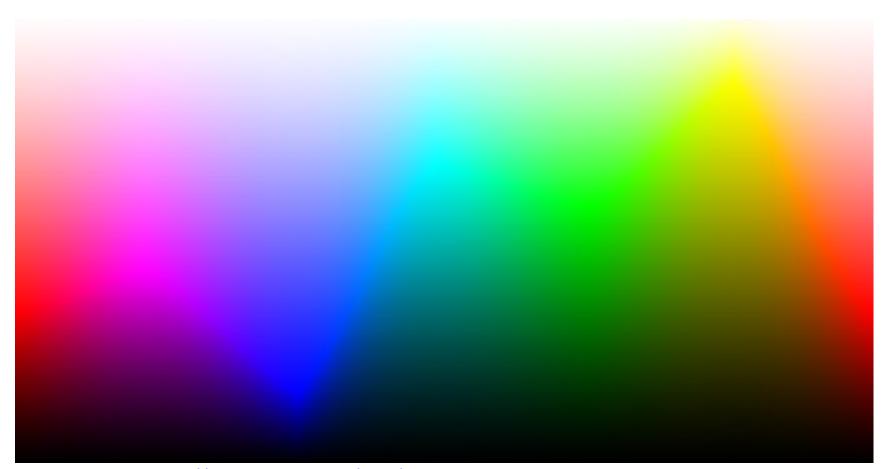
Compression

Transparency



Color-depth

24-bit "True color"

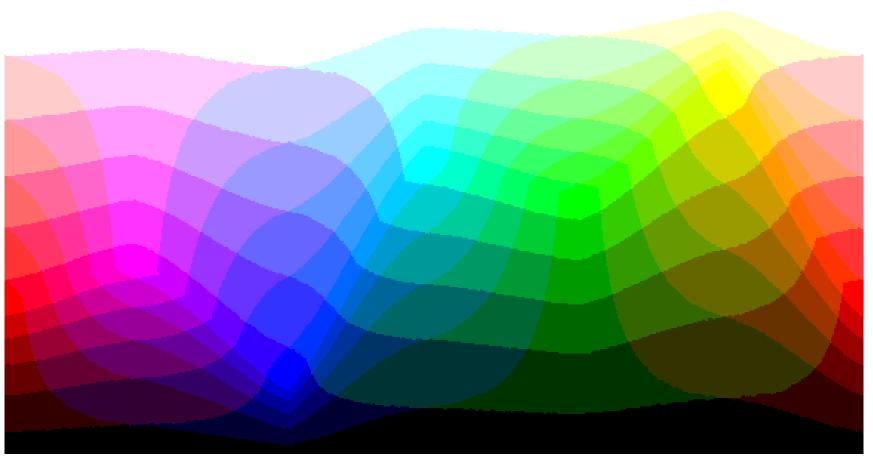


Example from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_monochrome_and_RGB_palettes



Color-depth

8-bit



Example from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_monochrome_and_RGB_palettes

Key concepts from last class

Image resolution

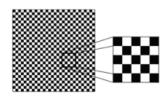
Pixel, bits, unit of bytes Intensity vs. coordinates

Color-depth

Monochrome, 8-, 16-, 24-bit, etc.

Dithering

How & Why

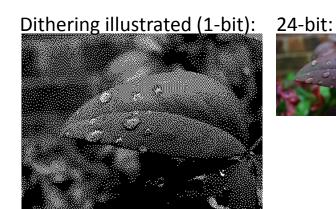


Compression

Lossy vs lossless

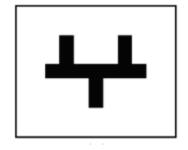
Transparency

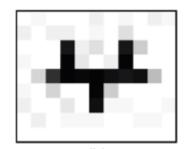
Opacity, transparency, alpha channel

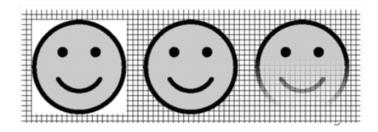












Comparison of file formats

	GIF	JPEG	PNG	TIFF
Color depth	8-bit	24-bit or 8-bit	24-bit	8-bit or 16-bit
Compression	Lossless compression	Lossy compression	Lossless compression	Both available
Support for transparency?	1-bit	N/A	8-bit	8-bit
Support for animation?	Yes	N/A	Yes	No
File extension	.gif	.jpg	.png	.tif or .tiff

More comparisons at:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Comparison_of_graphics_file_formats

<map>

<map> creates an image-map with clickable areas

1) Create the map:

```
< map >
```

Required attribute specification:

```
name="planetmap"
```

<area>

Possible attribute specifications:

```
shape="rect" coords="x1,y1,x2,y2"
shape="circle" coords="x,y,r"
```

2) Reference the map in :

```
usemap="name of map"
```

File formats covered so far...

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These are known as bitmap: \underline{map} ping from integers to \underline{bit} s

Grid of pixels \rightarrow arrangement of (x,y,color)

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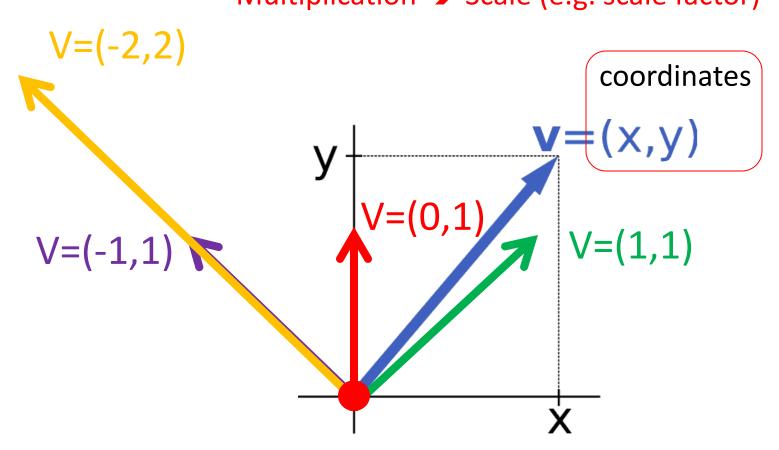
Today:

SVG

SVG = Scalable Vector Graphics

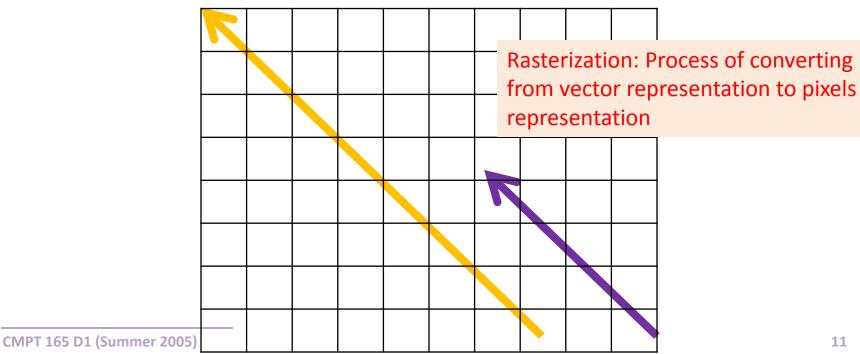
Vector

Q: V=(-1,1) x 2?
Multiplication → Scale (e.g. scale factor)



Scalable Vector Graphics

- Scalability of a system:
 - ability to handle a *growing* amount of work
 - ...in a well-behaved manner
- Scalable: remains compact despite of increased demands
 - Example:
 - 1. store line as bitmap?
 - draw line as vectors graphics: $V=(-1,1) \times 2$?



11

Scalable Vector Graphics

- Text-based
- Represent graphics with mathematical constructs
 - Shapes represented with lines
 - Colors within shape can be compactly described mathematically

Pro's:

- Highly compact file format
- Scalable: no concerns for image resolution
- © Transformations will create no artifacts (e.g. zooming-in or rotating images, etc.)

Con's:

not rendered same way in all browsers

Example SVG

Just like XHTML, SVG uses XML (similar syntax)

```
<svg xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg" version="1.1">
          <circle
          cx="125" cy="125" r="75" fill="orange"
          />
          <rect
          x="25" y="25" width="200" height="200" fill="lime" stroke-width="4" stroke="pink"
          />
          <polyline
          points="50,150 50,200 200,200 200,100" stroke="red" stroke-width="4" fill="none"
          />
          line
          x1="50" y1="50" x2="200" y2="200" stroke="blue" stroke-width="4"
          />
</svg>
```

SVG editors

Open-source software:

Inkscape (Mac, Windows, and Linux)

Proprietary software:

- Adobe Illustrator (Mac and Windows)
- OmniGraffle (Mac)

Online:

http://svg-edit.googlecode.com/svn-history/r1771/trunk/editor/svg-editor.html

Questions?