

Assignment 10 - Classes, Objects and Methods

- The problems of this assignment must be solved in C or C++ (instruction in each problem).
- Your programs should have the input and output formatting according to the testcases listed after the problems.
- Your programs should consider the grading rules:
https://grader.eecs.jacobs-university.de/courses/ch_230_a/2020_2/Grading-Criteria-C-C++.pdf

Problem 10.1 *Error messages produced by the compiler*

(1 point)

Presence assignment, due by 11:00 AM today

Graded manually

Language: C++

Download and use the files:

<https://grader.eecs.jacobs-university.de/courses/320142/cpp/Critter.h>

<https://grader.eecs.jacobs-university.de/courses/320142/cpp/Critter.cpp>

and

<https://grader.eecs.jacobs-university.de/courses/320142/cpp/testcritter.cpp>.

You will need to create a project to successfully compile all three files (or compile them from the command line as specified on the slides).

- a) Comment out the `using namespace std;` and then take your time, read and interpret the error messages.
- b) Also remove the `Critter::` prefix in one of the methods in `Critter.cpp`, read and interpret the error message.

Then create a file called `explanations.txt`. This file should be uploaded together with the other files and should contain your descriptions and interpretations of the errors as well as your comments on potential alternative solutions.

You can assume that the input will be valid.

Problem 10.2 *The Critter class*

(1 point)

Due by Monday, November 16th, 23:00

Graded manually

Language: C++

Use the previously given files: `Critter.h`, `Critter.cpp` and `testcritter.cpp`.

Expand `Critter.h` by two additional properties of your choice, and corresponding setter and getter methods, then adjust `Critter.cpp` and `testcritter.cpp` accordingly.

Also adapt the `print()` method such that the new properties are printed on the screen as well.

You can assume that the input will be valid.

Problem 10.3 *A City class*

(1 point)

Due by Monday, November 16th, 23:00

Graded manually

Language: C++

Create a class named `City`. Assume that a city has a name, a number of inhabitants, a mayor and an area (in km^2).

Then create three instances of this class: *Bremen*, *Paris* and *London*. Provide suitable setter and getter methods for each of these properties. The class declaration has to be placed into `City.h`, the class definition has to be placed into `City.cpp` and the test program where the instances are created has to be in `testcity.cpp`.

You can set the needed data from the `main()` function by initialization or read it from the keyboard.

Problem 10.4 Constructors for Critter

(1 point)

Due by Monday, November 16th, 23:00

Graded manually

Language: C++

Add three constructors to the class `Critter`. Each constructor should also print a simple informational message on the screen such that one can see when and which constructor has been called.

You should be able to create an instance of the `Critter` class

(1) without supplying any properties (which should set the name to `"default_critter"`, the height to 5 and the rest to 0),

(2) by only supplying a name as parameter (which should set the height to 5 and the rest to 0), and also

(3) by supplying *name*, *hunger*, *boredom* and *height* all as parameters. You should also be able to create an instance of the `Critter` class without specifying the *height*. If the *height* is not supplied, the critter has the default height of 10.

Write a test program which creates four instances of the `Critter` by using these three different constructors (the last one in two ways). Set their *hunger* levels to 2 by using appropriate method and/or constructor calls. The critters' properties should then be printed on the screen.

Name the files `Critter.h`, `Critter.cpp` and `testcritter.cpp`.

Problem 10.5 Information hiding I

(1 point)

Due by Monday, November 16th, 23:00

Graded manually

Language: C++

A game developer crew has decided to rather use a percentage scale (double value between 0.0 and 1.0) to represent the *hunger* level of a critter. Change the internal structure of the class to reflect this. However, your **existing test program should run without any modifications** (therefore the public class interface stays the same) and you will need to find a way to convert the current *hunger* levels from integer values (which are from 0 to 10) to doubles and then from doubles back to integers. Use separate methods for doing this.

Use a simple mapping scheme like 10 is 1.0, 9 is 0.9, 8 is 0.8 ... 1 is 0.1, and 0 is 0.0.

Name the files `Critter.h`, `Critter.cpp` and `testcritter.cpp` (**must remain unchanged**).

The implementation for the conversions needs to be put into `Critter.cpp` and should not be part of the public interface.

The client program `testcritter.cpp` from the previous problem **must remain unchanged**.

The *hunger* levels of the critters should be "internally" at 0.2 (meaning 20%).

You can assume that the setting values are always valid.

Problem 10.6 Information hiding II

(1 point)

Due by Monday, November 16th, 23:00

Graded manually

Language: C++

Next a *thirst* level (as double value) should be added to the properties of a critter. Add a new constructor that takes five parameters for setting all properties of a critter.

Make also sure that the existing constructors will still work. For the existing constructors, the *thirst* level should be set to the same level as the *hunger* level. Your existing `testcritter.cpp` must still be able to run **in its unchanged form**. So the already existing constructors need to support the change. Name the files `Critter.h`, `Critter.cpp` and `testcritter.cpp`.

Finally, you should adapt the print method for printing on the screen also the value of the *thirst* level as a double. The client program `testcritter.cpp` may contain one additional line, where the constructor taking five parameters is being called.

You can assume that the setting values are always valid.

Problem 10.7 Copy constructor

(1 point)

Due by Monday, November 16th, 23:00

Graded manually

Language: C++

Download the file:

<https://grader.eecs.jacobs-university.de/courses/320142/cpp/copyconstructor.cpp>

Based on the source code of `copyconstructor.cpp` implement the method `funcByref()`.

Change all constructors (including the copy constructor) such that **you can clearly see when and which of them is invoked** by adding a message which is printed on the screen.

Then in your `main()` function create at least two objects using the different constructors, call `funcByVal()`, `funcByRef()`, and print the results on the screen. Then make sure that the memory occupied by the objects will be released by the end of the program.

You can assume that the setting values are always valid.

Problem 10.8 A Complex class

(2 points)

Due by Monday, November 16th, 23:00

Graded manually

Language: C++

Create a class named `Complex` for storing and managing complex numbers. A complex number has an real part and an imaginary part. The class has to provide a default constructor initializing the properties by 0, another constructor for setting the properties with specific values, a copy constructor and an empty destructor. Provide suitable setter and getter methods for each property and a method for printing the complex number on the screen in its mathematical form (e.g., $1 + 2i$, $3 - 5i$). Also provide methods for the conjugation of a complex number, and for adding, subtracting and multiplying two complex numbers. The class declaration has to be placed into `Complex.h`, the class definition has to be placed into `Complex.cpp` and the test program where the instances are created has to be in `testcomplex.cpp`. The test program should create at least two instances of the `Complex` class, the data for the properties should be read from the keyboard. Then:

- the conjugate of the first instance should be determined and printed on the screen;
- the sum of the two instances should be determined and printed on the screen;
- the difference between the second and first instance should be determined and printed on the screen;
- the multiplication of the two instances should be determined and printed on the screen.

The prototypes of the methods for adding, subtracting and multiplying must have the following form:

```
Complex Complex::add(Complex);
```

Then the usage will be the following:

```
Complex c1, c2, c3;
```

```
...
```

```
c3 = c1.add(c2);
```

Note: If $z = a + bi$ then $\bar{z} = a - bi$. If $z_1 = a + bi$ and $z_2 = c + di$ then $z_1 + z_2 = (a + c) + (b + d)i$, $z_1 - z_2 = (a - c) + (b - d)i$ and $z_1 \cdot z_2 = (a \cdot c - b \cdot d) + (b \cdot c + a \cdot d)i$.

You can assume that the input will be valid.

How to submit your solutions

- Your source code should be properly indented and compile with `gcc` or `g++` depending on the problem without any errors or warnings (You can use `gcc -Wall -o program program.c` or `g++ -Wall -o program program.cpp`). Insert suitable comments (not on every line ...) to explain what your program does.
- Please name the programs according to the suggested filenames (they should match the description of the problem) in Grader. Otherwise you might have problems with the inclusion of header files. Each program **must** include a comment on the top like the following:

```
/*
    CH-230-A
    al0.pl.[c or cpp or h]
    Firstname Lastname
    myemail@jacobs-university.de
*/
```

- You have to submit your solutions via Grader at <https://cantaloupe.eecs.jacobs-university.de>.
If there are problems (but **only** then) you can submit the programs by sending mail to k.lipskoch@jacobs-university.de with a subject line that begins with CH-230-A.
It is important that you do begin your subject with the coursenummer, otherwise I might have problems to identify your submission.
- Please note, that after the deadline it will not be possible to submit any solutions. It is useless to send late solutions by mail, because they will not be accepted.

This assignment is due by Monday, November 16th, 23:00.