

PROJECT NAME:

Heart Disease Analysis: Identifying Risk Factors Using Tableau.

1. INTRODUCTION:

1.1 OVERVIEW:

This project titled “Heart Disease Analysis: Identifying Risk Factors Using Tableau.” was undertaken to identify key patterns and risk factors associated with heart disease using visual analytics.

The project focuses on analysing how factors such as **age, gender, diabetes, stroke history, smoking, alcohol consumption, race, BMI, physical activity, and general health condition** influence heart disease prevalence.

The analysis helps healthcare analysts, researchers, and public health officials make informed decisions for early diagnosis, preventive strategies, and awareness planning through interactive data visualization.

1.2 PROPOSE:

The purpose of this project is to:

- Visualize and interpret heart disease data using Tableau.
- Identify patterns and trends in heart disease occurrence.
- Analyze relationships between lifestyle factors and heart disease.
- Detect high-risk population groups.
- Support data-driven healthcare decision making.

2. IDEATION PHASE:

2.1 PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Healthcare analysts often face difficulty understanding complex medical datasets due to raw and unstructured data formats. There is a lack of clear visualization showing how risk factors such as age, diabetes, smoking, stroke history, and BMI contribute to heart disease.

This project aims to solve this problem by analysing the provided heart disease dataset and visualizing trends through interactive dashboards and story points. The solution provides a clear, data-driven approach to understanding heart disease risk factors.

2.2 EMPATHY MAP:

The empathy map helps understand the perspective of healthcare stakeholders and analysts.

- **Says:** We need to identify high-risk groups for heart disease.
- **Thinks:** Which factors are most responsible for increasing heart disease cases?
- **Does:** Reviews medical reports and statistical data.
- **Feels:** Concerned about rising cases and wants accurate insights.

2.3 BRAINSTORM IDEA:

The team brainstormed potential influencing factors for heart disease.

- Age plays a major role in heart disease prevalence.
- Diabetes and stroke history significantly increase risk.
- Smoking and alcohol contribute to cardiovascular problems.
- BMI and lack of physical activity influence heart health.
- Race and general health condition show varying patterns.

3. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS:

3.1 CUSTOMER JOURNEY MAP:

The customer journey map tracks how users interact with the housing market data visualization platform — from entry to decision-making.

Stage	Experience Steps	Interactions	Goals	Positive Moments	Areas of Opportunity
Enter	Open Dashboard	Apply filters (Age, Gender, Race)	Understand heart disease distribution	Clear KPIs & charts	Improve tooltip explanations
Engage	Explore charts	Hover & compare visuals	Identify risk factors	Interactive visuals	Add drill-down options
Exit	Interpret Story	Review 6 story points	Draw conclusions	Clear storytelling	Export insights

3.2 SOLUTION REQUIREMENT:

Functional Requirements:

- Visualize heart disease count and distribution.
- Create comparative charts for risk factors.
- Enable filter interactivity.
- Provide dashboard with KPIs and clear legends.
- Display bar/pie/grouped charts for feature comparison.
- Create a 6-point analytical story.

Non-functional Requirements:

- Dashboard responsiveness.
- Fast rendering in Tableau.
- User-friendly layout and navigation.
- Clear labeling and consistent color coding.

3.3 DATA FLOW DIAGRAM:

The DFD shows how data moves through the system — from loading the dataset to rendering outputs via Tableau dashboards and stories.

Load dataset → Analyze data → Remove unnecessary data → Connect dataset to tableau → Create visualizations → Dashboard & story.

3.4 TECHNOLOGY STACK:

The following tools and platforms were used:

- **Tableau Public:** For creating visualizations, dashboard, and story.
- **Microsoft Excel:** For converting and pre-processing the CSV dataset.
- **GitHub:** For storing project files, screenshots, and documentation.
- **YouTube:** For hosting the final video demonstration.

4. PROJECT DESIGN:

4.1 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT:

The main challenge was understanding complex relationships between various health risk factors and heart disease.

The proposed solution transforms raw medical data into interactive visual dashboards. This makes it easier for healthcare stakeholders to interpret patterns and make data-driven decisions.

4.2 PROPOSED SOLUTION:

Parameter	Description
Problem Statement	Lack of clear visualization of heart disease risk factors
Idea / Solution	Interactive Tableau dashboard with 10 analytical sheets
Novelty / Uniqueness	Combined multi-factor comparison in a single dashboard
Social Impact	Supports preventive healthcare and awareness
Scalability	Can integrate more medical datasets in the future

4.3 SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE:

The architecture for this project follows a simple flow:

- **Data Source:** Provided Heart Disease CSV Dataset.
- **Data Cleaning:** Excel & Tableau preprocessing.
- **Visualization Layer:** Tableau Public.
- **Output:** Dashboard, Story, and shareable Tableau Public or YouTube link.

5. PROJECT PLANNING:

5.3 Project Planning

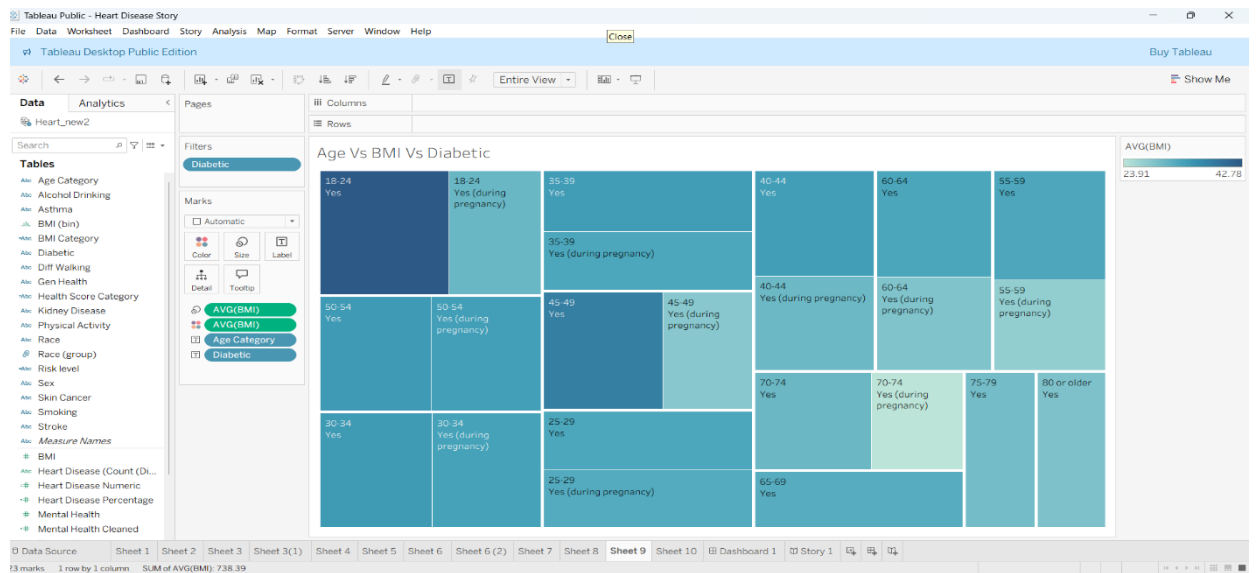
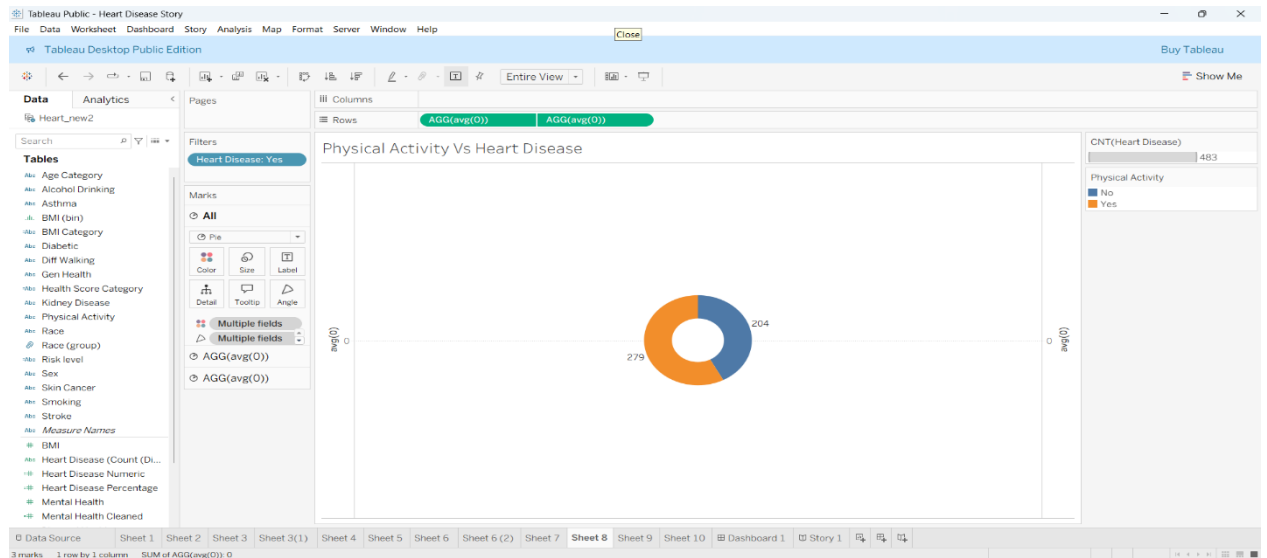
The project was planned using agile-inspired methods, broken into sprints with clear deliverables for each phase. Tasks included data collection, pre-processing, visualization design, dashboard assembly, story creation, and testing.

Sprint	Duration	Tasks covered
1	17/2 – 18/2	Data cleaning, structuring, creation of initial visual sheets.
2	19/2– 20/2	Dashboard creation, story development, testing, documentation.

6. FUNCTIONAL AND PERFORMANCE TESTING:

Parameter	Screenshot / Values
Data Rendered	Displayed fields include Age, Gender, Diabetes, Stroke, Smoking, Alcohol Consumption, BMI, Physical Activity, Race, General Health, and heart disease status. Include a screenshot of the complete Heart Disease Dashboard.
Data Preprocessing	Removed blank/null values, verified categorical fields (Yes/No), validated numerical fields (Age, BMI), ensured correct data types, and structured the dataset for accurate visualization.
Utilization of Filters	Applied interactive filters such as Age Category, Gender, and Race in Tableau. Demonstrated filter interactivity within the Dashboard and Story for dynamic comparison of risk factors.
Calculation Fields Used	Count of Records, Count of Heart Disease cases, Percentage distribution, Grouped comparisons, Age category bins, BMI-based comparisons.
Dashboard Design	Created 10 analytical sheets and integrated them into 1 interactive dashboard. Used bar charts, grouped bar charts, comparative visuals, legends, and filters with consistent color coding.
Story Design	Developed 6 story points explaining key insights: Age impact, Gender comparison, Diabetes & Stroke relation, Smoking & Alcohol impact, Race-wise distribution, and Overall health influence on Heart Disease.

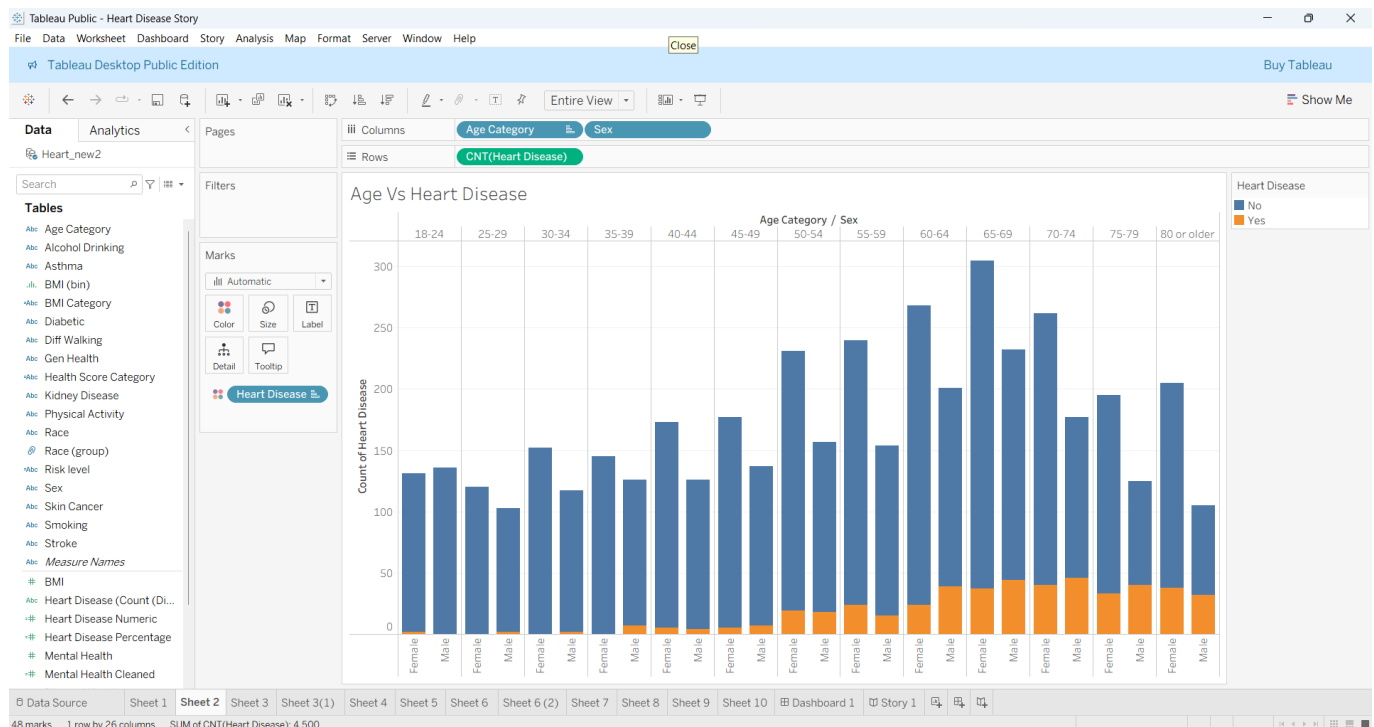
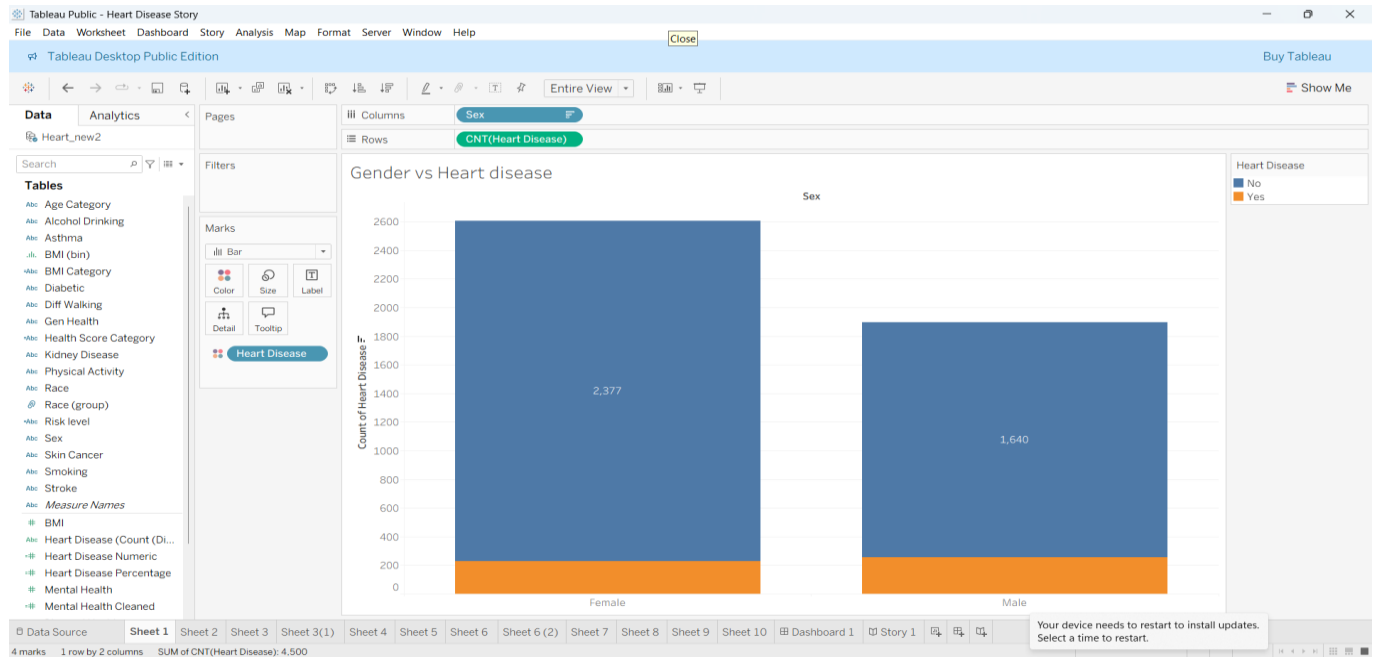
7. Utilization of Filters:

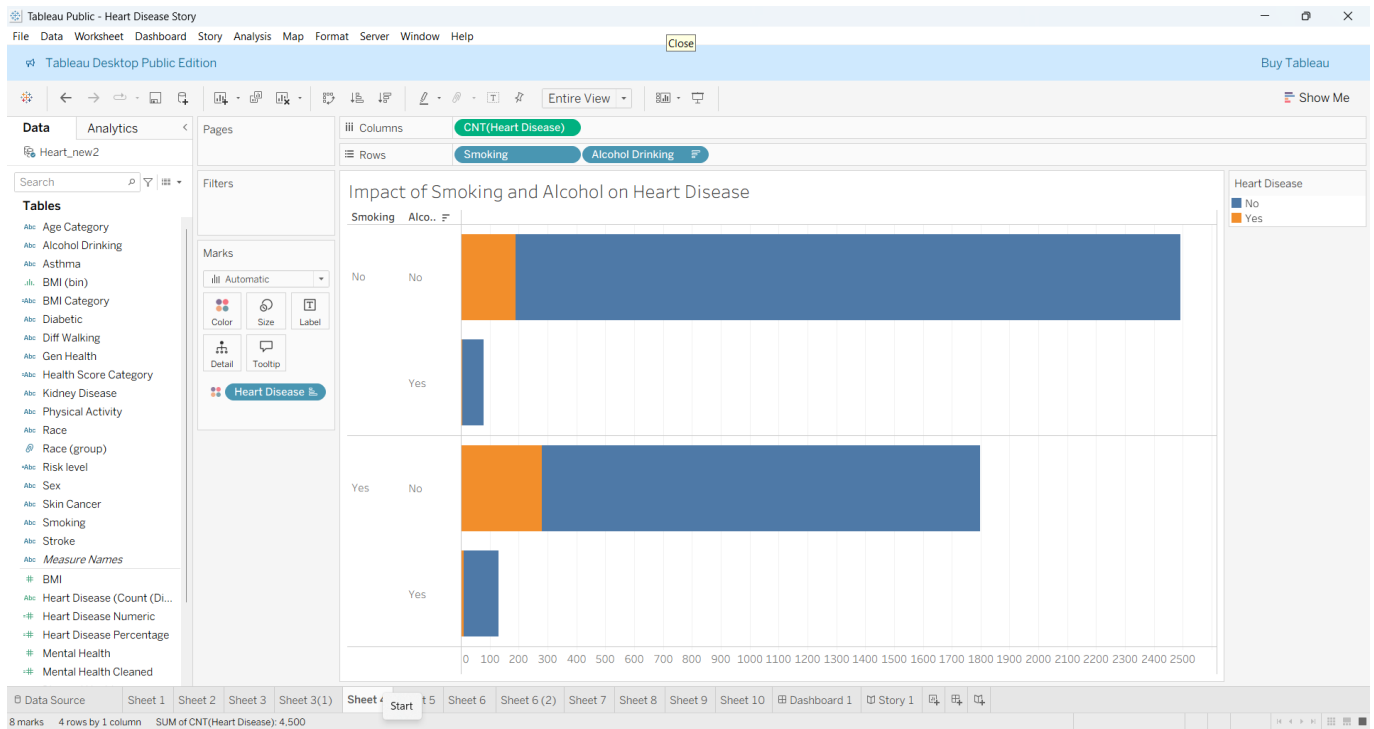
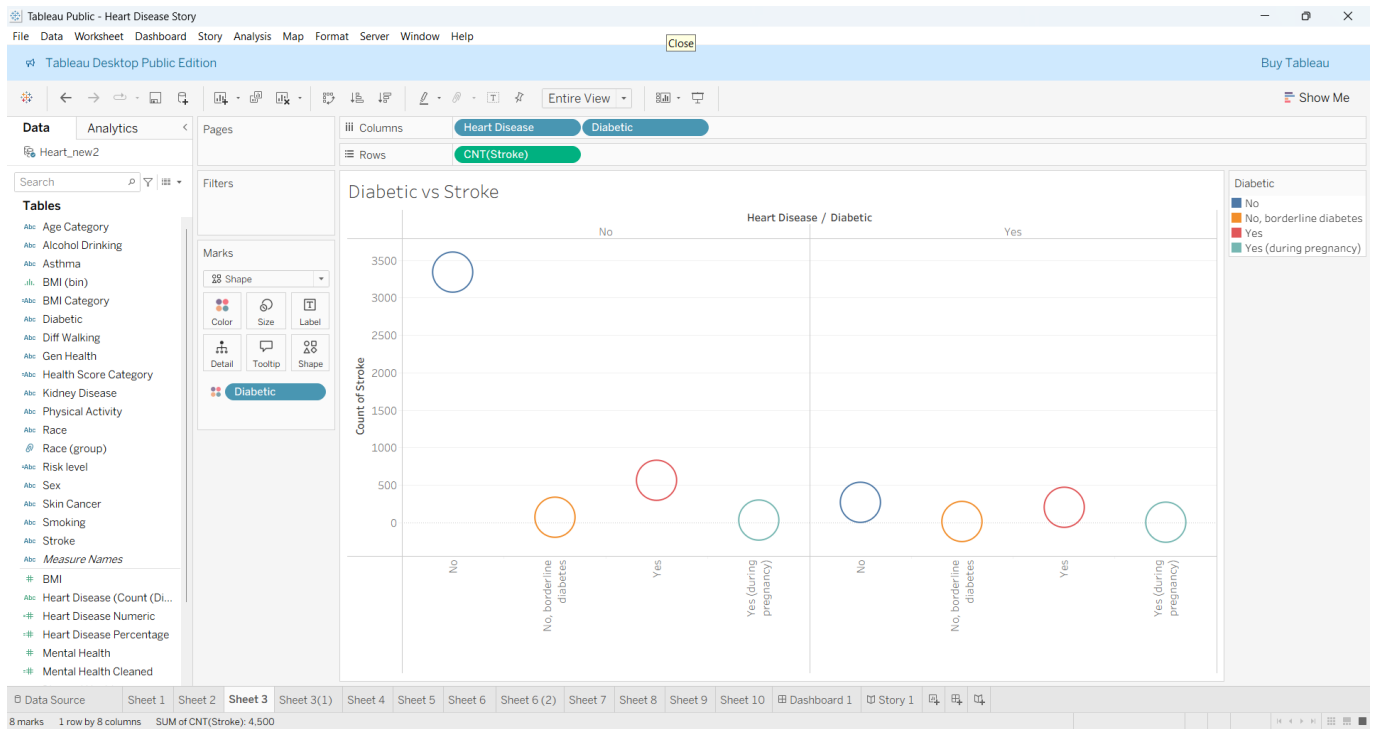


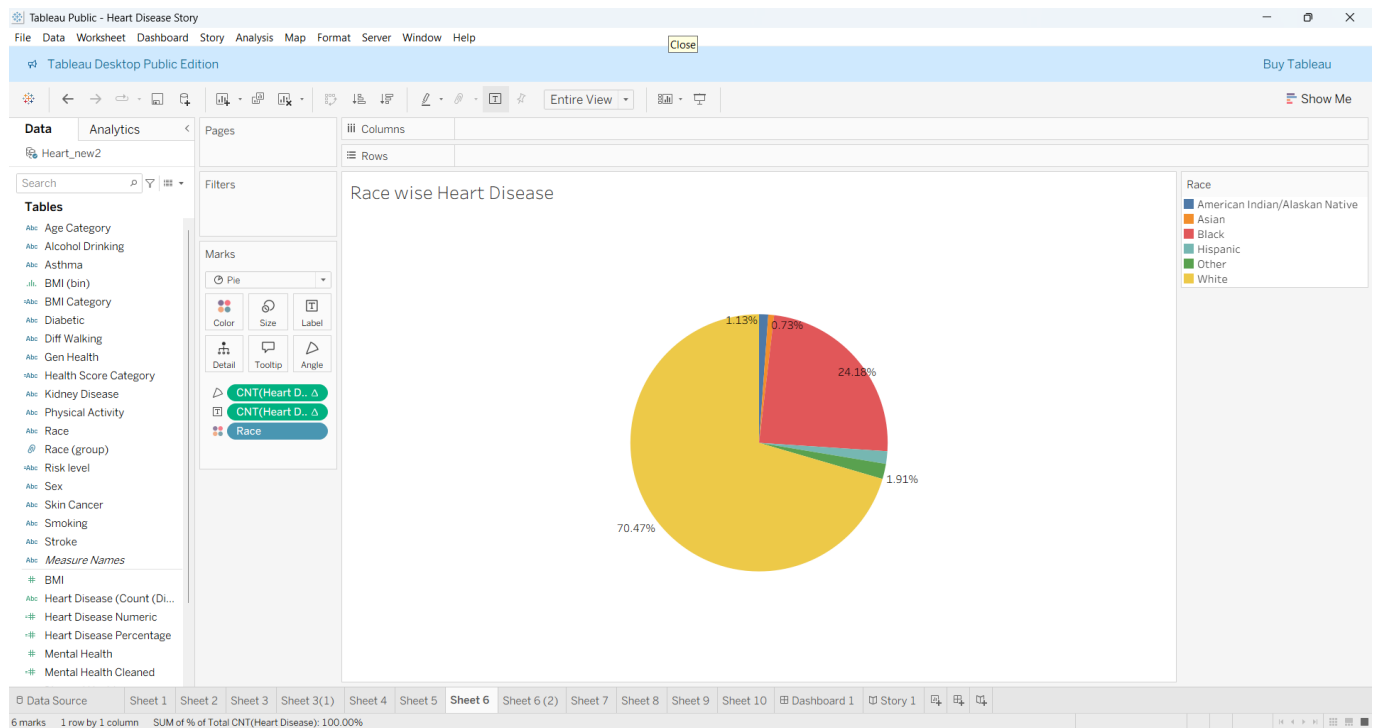
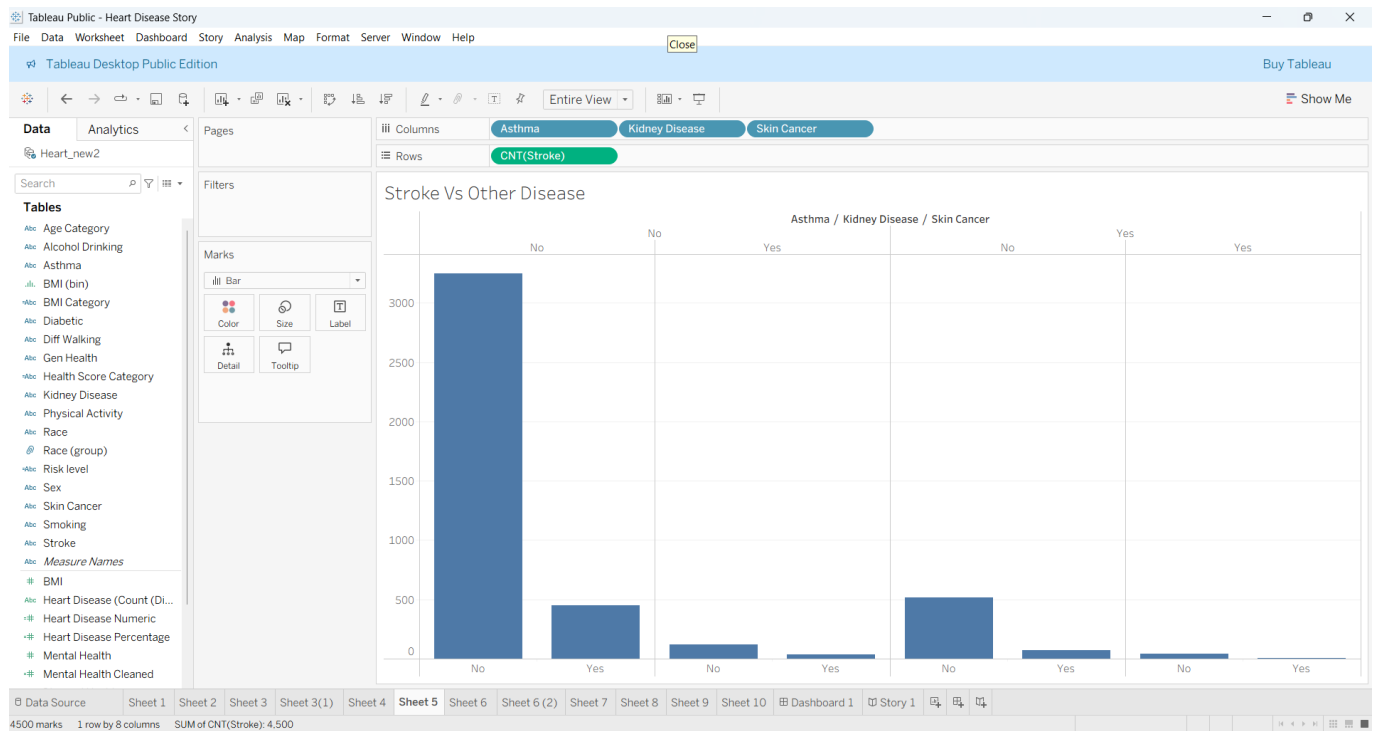
8. RESULTS:

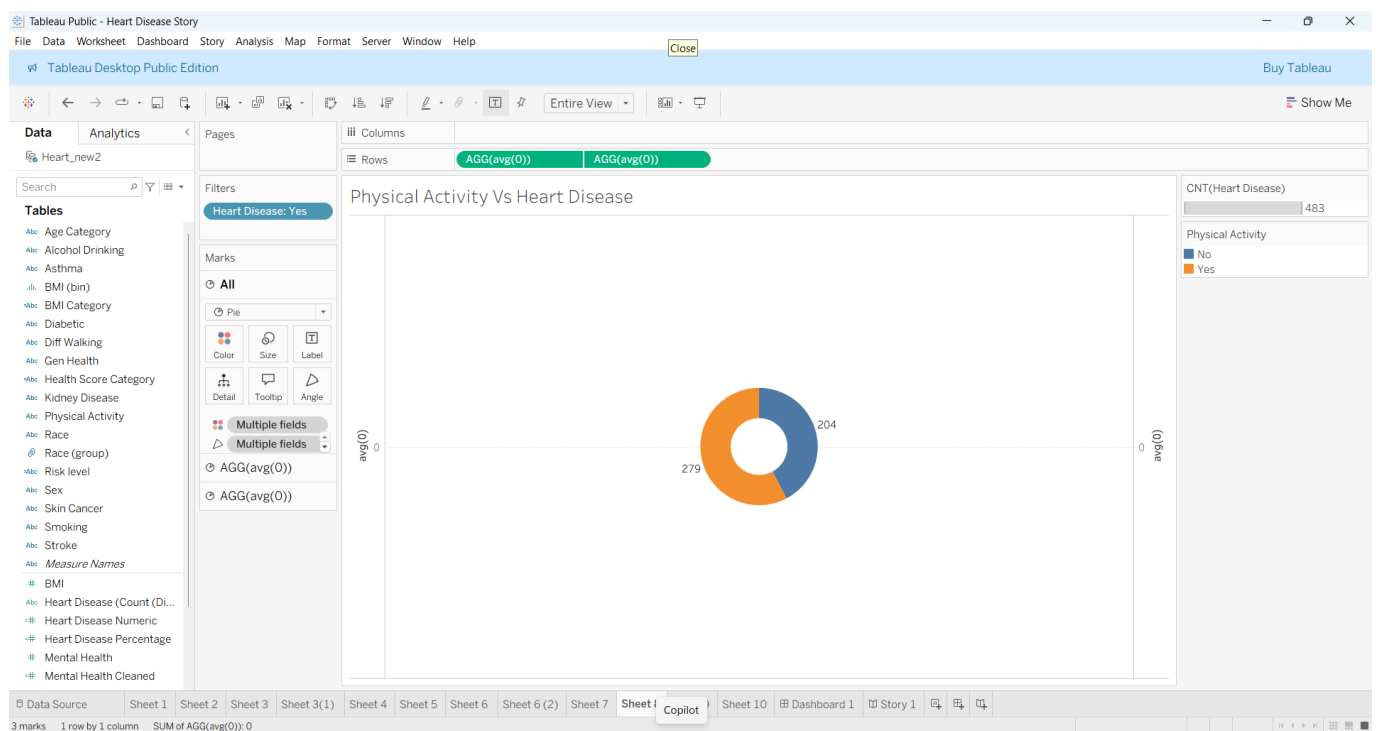
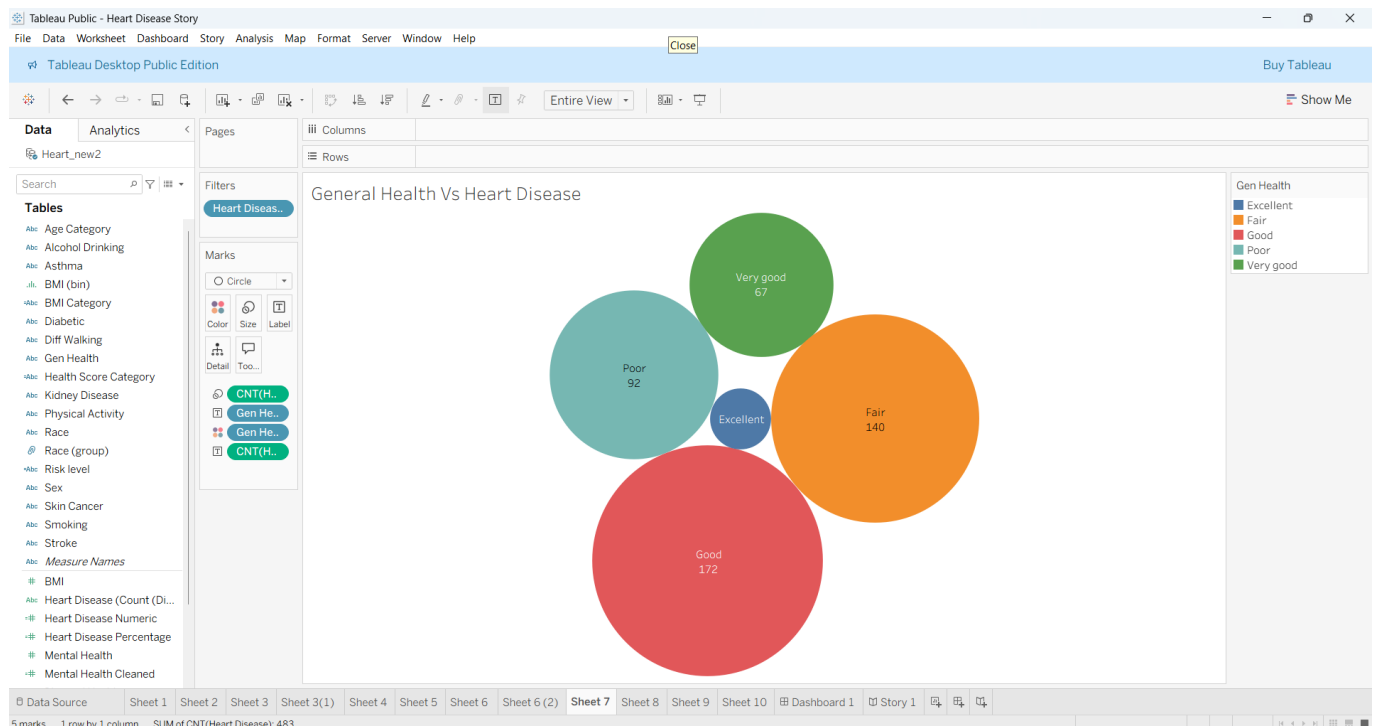
The project successfully transformed raw medical data into meaningful visual insights. The interactive dashboard and story provide clear identification of major heart disease risk factors and help in understanding demographic and lifestyle-based patterns. This analysis supports data-driven healthcare planning and preventive strategies.

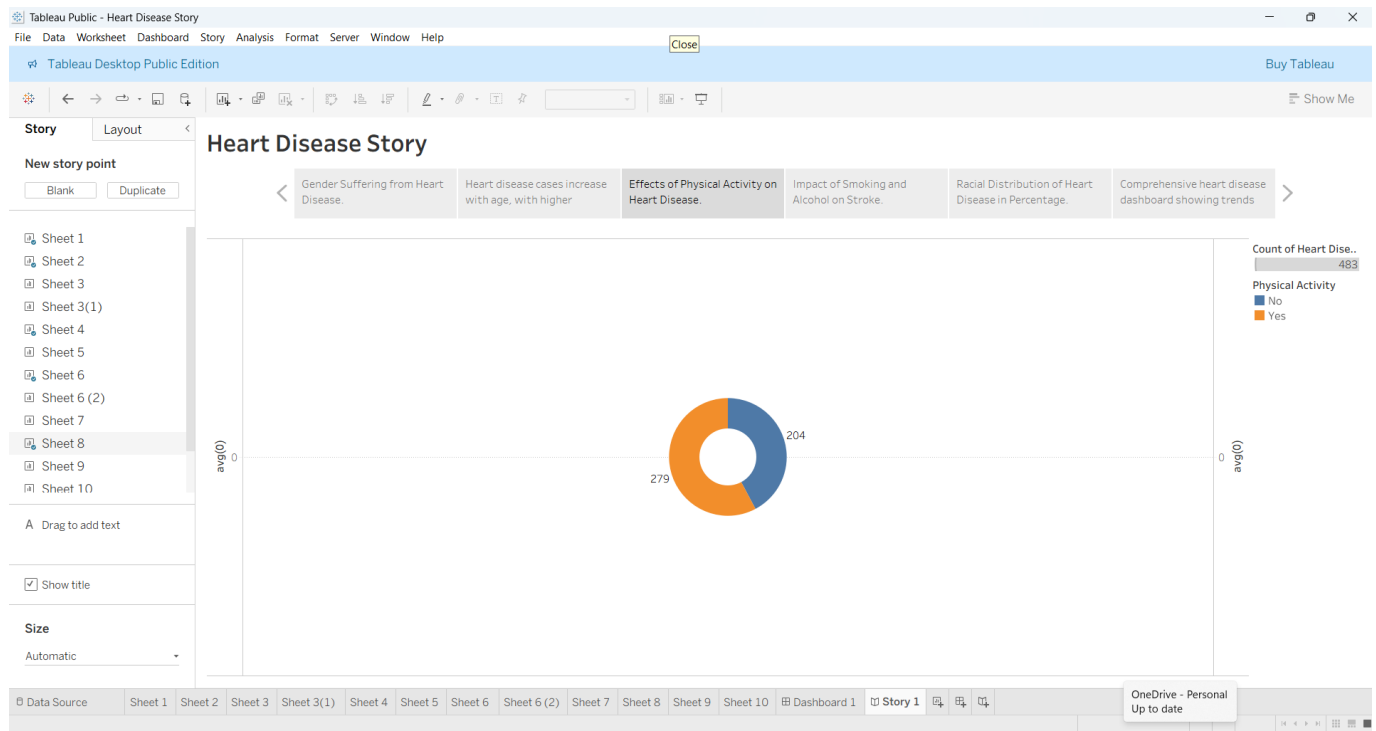
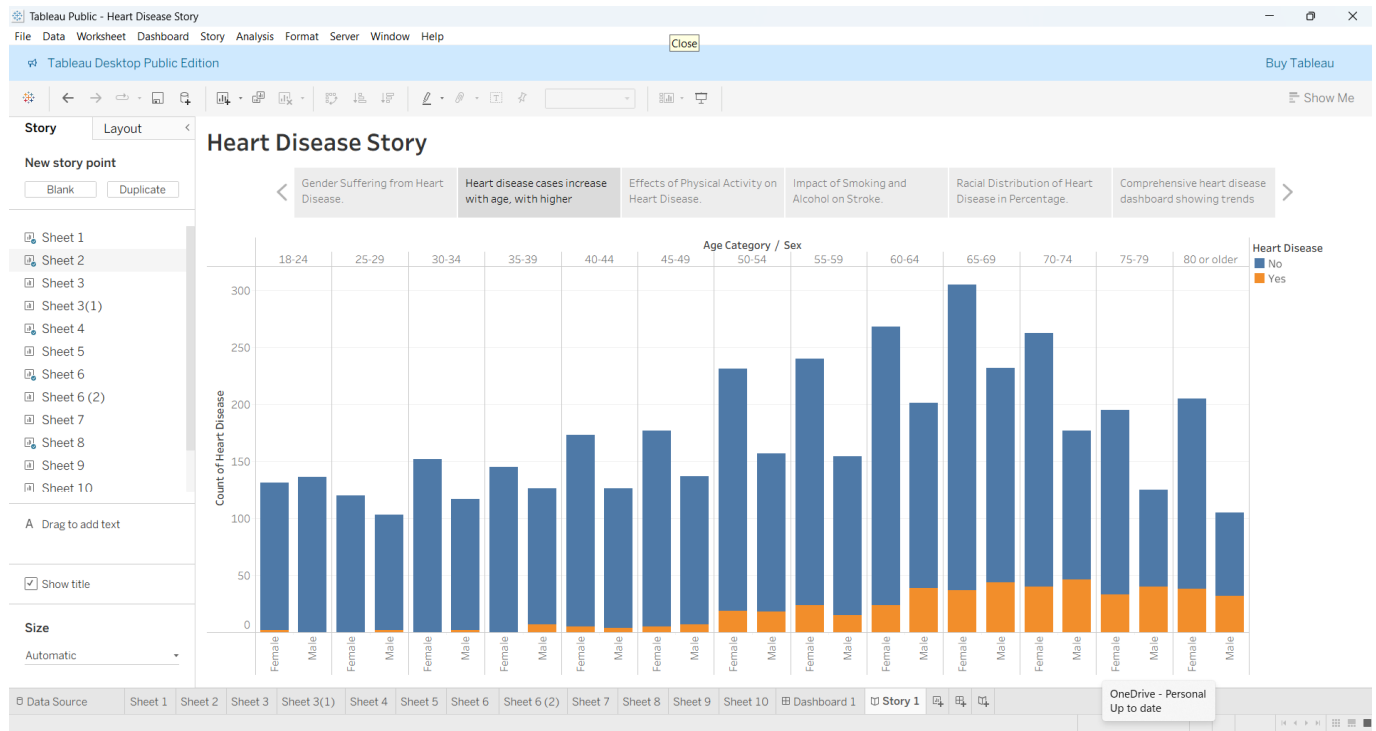
SCREENSHOTS OF OUTPUT:

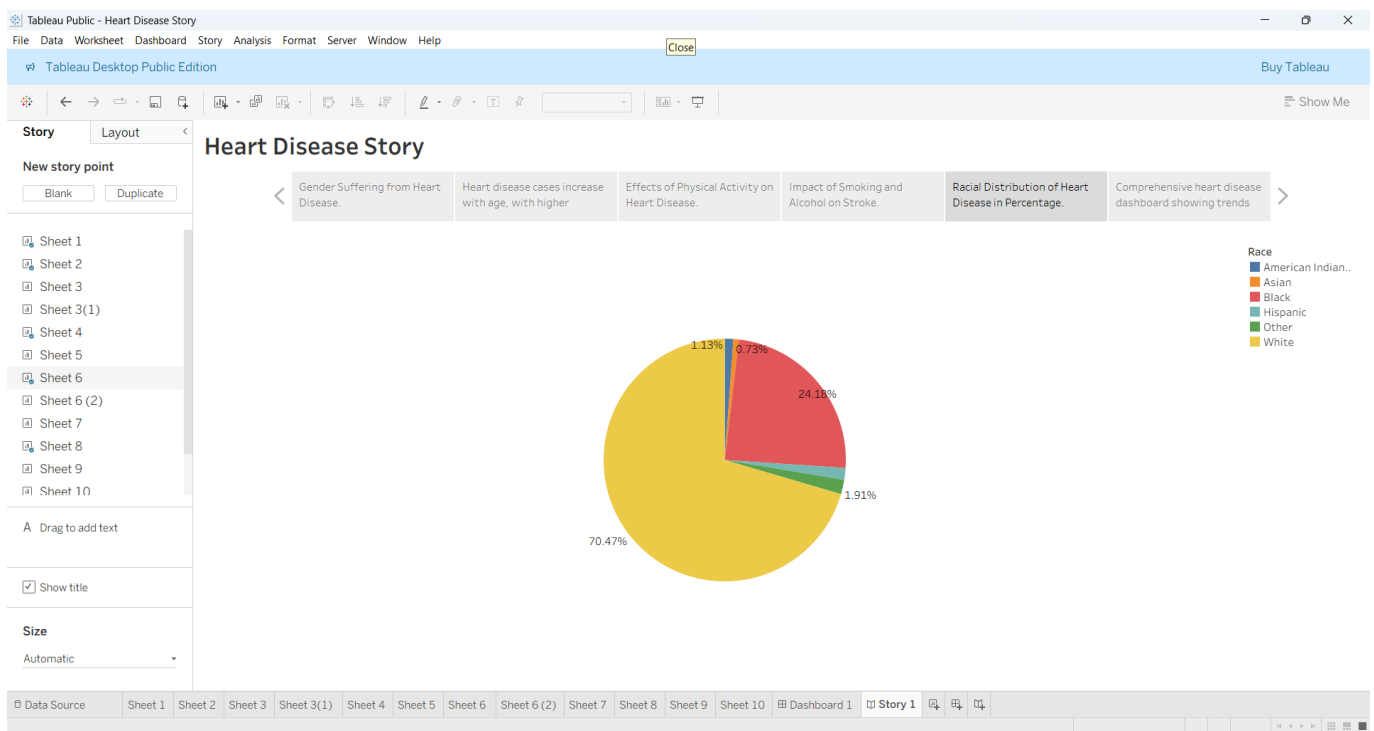
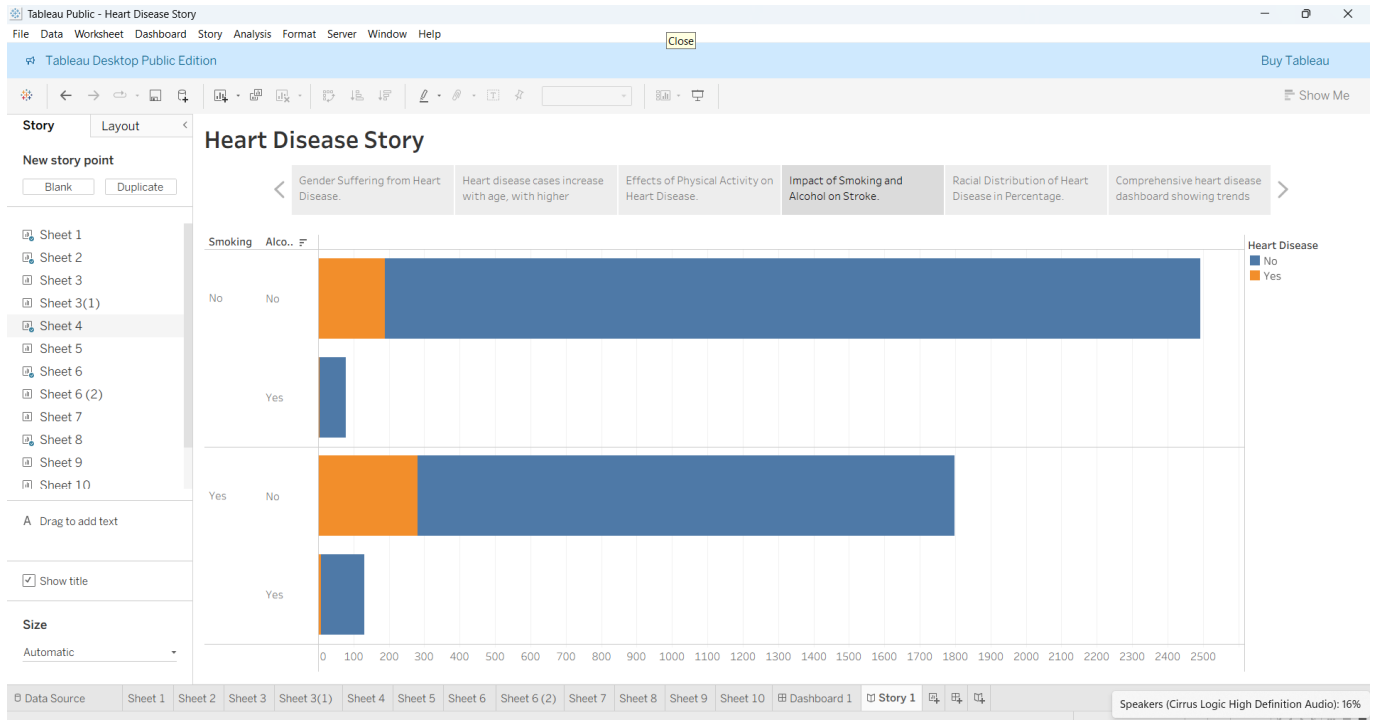


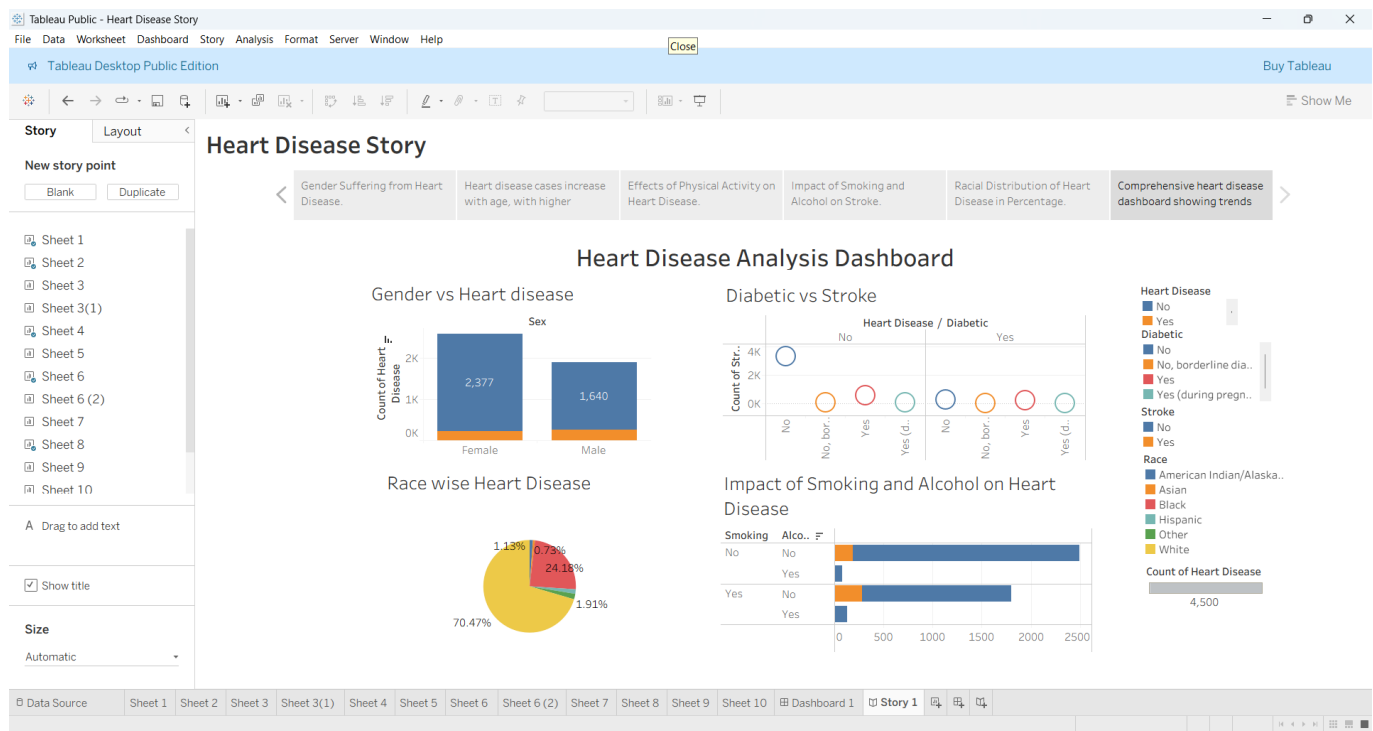












9. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES:

Advantages:

- Tableau dashboards are highly interactive and easy to use for analyzing medical data.
- Filters and comparison features allow customized exploration of heart disease risk factors such as age, gender, diabetes, stroke, smoking, and BMI.
- Visualizations help healthcare analysts quickly identify high-risk groups and health patterns.
- Interactive dashboard and story improve clarity in presenting complex medical data.
- The solution is scalable and can easily incorporate additional health-related datasets in the future.
- Easy sharing through Tableau Public enables wider accessibility for academic and research purposes.

Disadvantages:

- Tableau Public requires an internet connection for publishing and sharing dashboards.
- Large healthcare datasets may affect performance and rendering speed.
- The dashboard accuracy depends on proper data cleaning and preprocessing.
- Limited customization features compared to Tableau Desktop Professional version.
- The analysis is limited to the provided dataset and does not include real-time medical data.

10. CONCLUSION:

This project successfully achieved its objective of analysing heart disease risk factors using Tableau. Through interactive dashboards and a structured story, the project highlighted how demographic factors (age, gender, race) and lifestyle factors (smoking, alcohol, physical activity), along with medical conditions (diabetes, stroke, BMI, general health), influence heart disease prevalence. The visual insights help identify high-risk populations and support data-driven healthcare decisions. Overall, this project demonstrates how visual analytics can transform raw medical data into meaningful, actionable health intelligence for preventive planning and awareness.

11. FUTURE SCOPE:

In the future, this project can be expanded with additional features and datasets to further enhance its value:

- Integrate real-time healthcare datasets for continuous monitoring of heart disease trends.
- Apply machine learning models to predict heart disease risk probability.
- Incorporate advanced statistical analysis for deeper correlation studies.
- Develop a web-based healthcare analytics platform for broader accessibility.
- Expand the dataset to include additional medical parameters such as blood pressure, cholesterol levels, and ECG results.
- Enable automated periodic data refresh for continuous updates.

These improvements would strengthen predictive analysis capabilities and increase the project's impact in healthcare decision-making and preventive strategies.

12. APPENDIX:

- ➔ Dataset link: https://drive.google.com/file/d/190Qmq27LeZZ_nWricP3Obl7ys_5otEsp/view
- ➔ GitHub link: <https://github.com/singamgithub/Heart-Disease-Analysis>