ECON03SEC1

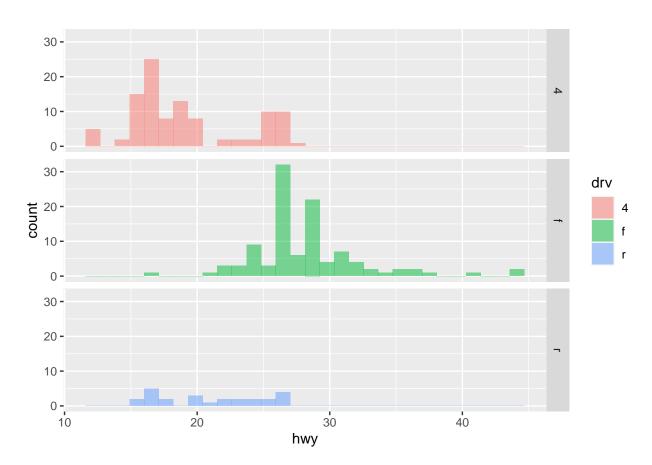
Internal Assessment 2

Full Marks: 50

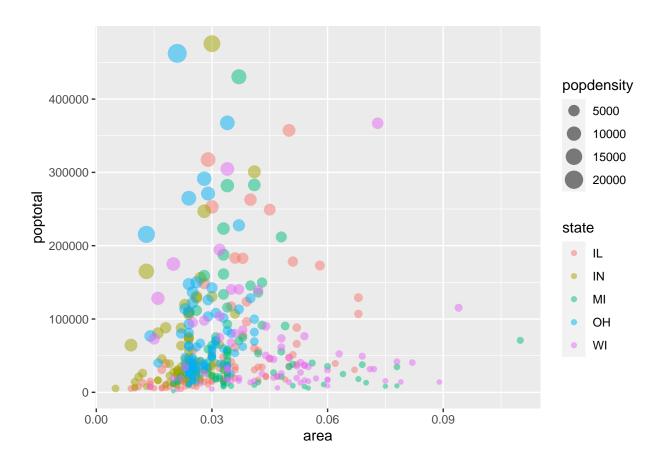
08/11/2023

ggplot

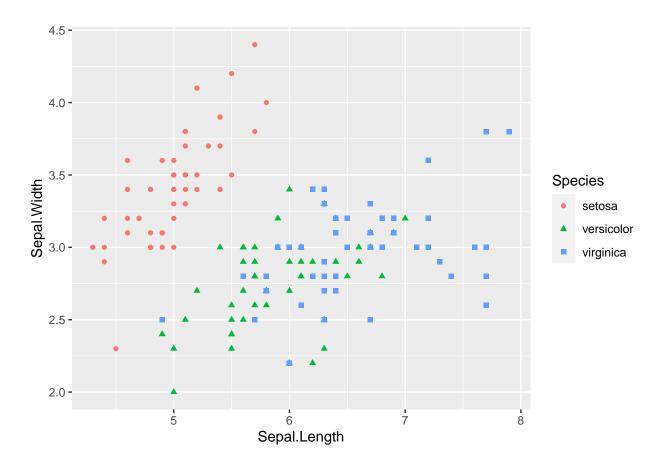
1. Using the mpgdataset in the ggplot2 package, replicate the following plot.



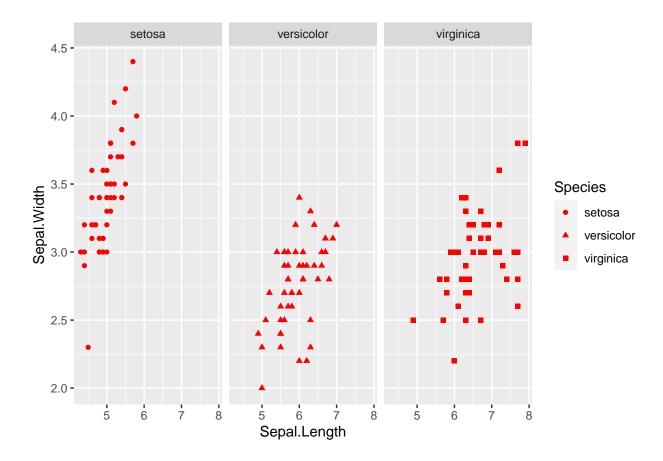
2. Using the ${\tt midwest}$ dataset in the ${\tt ggplot2}$ package, replicate the following plot.



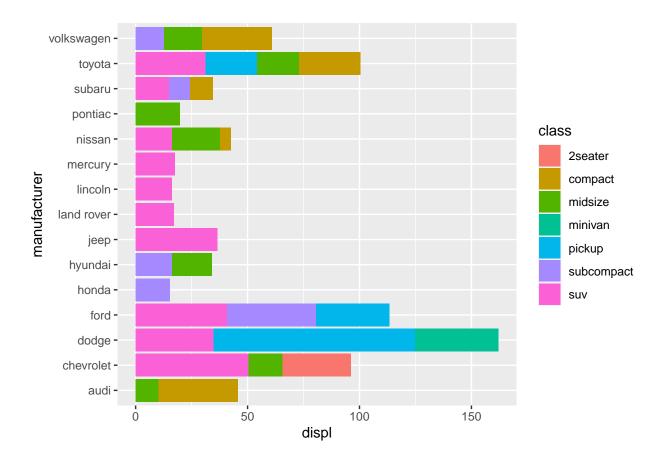
3. Using the iris dataset in the base R datasets package, replicate the following plot.



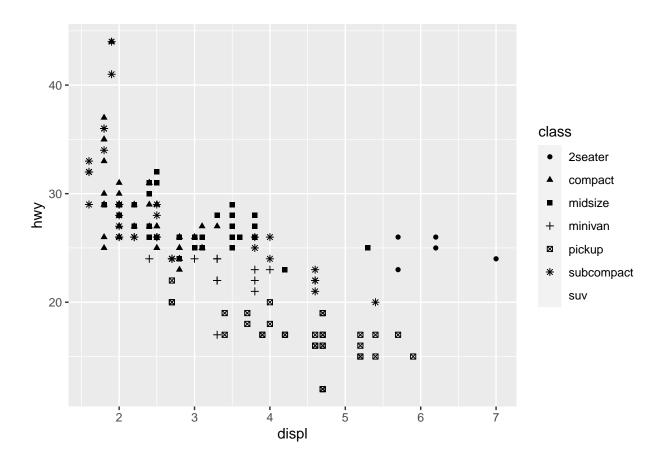
4. Using the <code>iris</code> dataset in the base R datasets package, replicate the following plot.



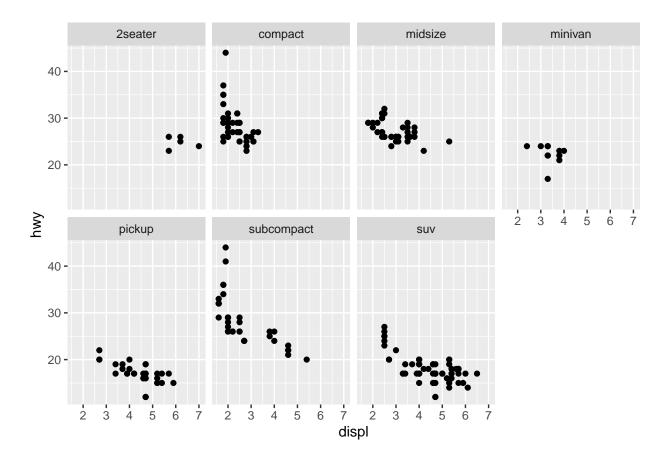
5. Using the mpg dataset in the ggplot2 package, replicate the following plot.



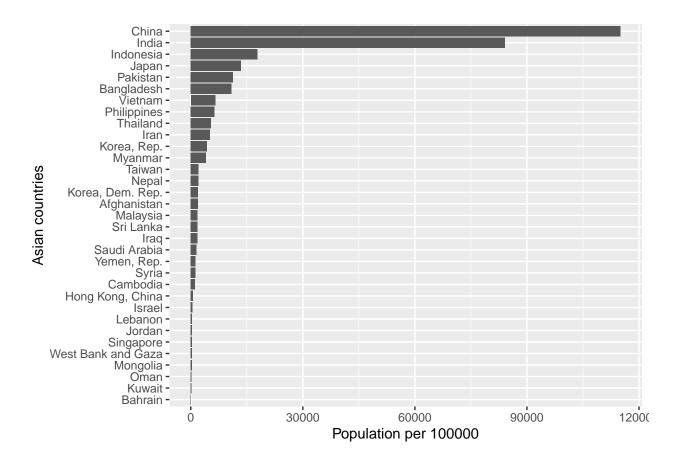
6. Using the mpg dataset in the ggplot2 package, replicate the following plot.



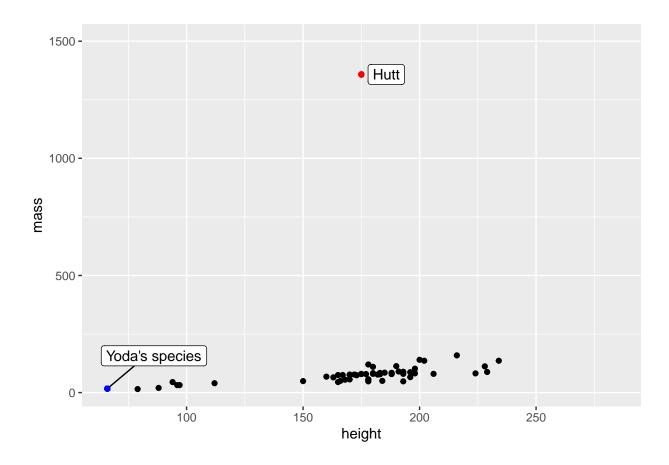
7. Using the mpg dataset in the ggplot2 package, replicate the following plot.



8. Using the gapminder data in the gapminder package, replicate the following plot.



9. Using the starwars data in the dplyr package, replicate the following plot.



dplyr

- 1. Which species have blue eyes in the starwars dataset in the dplyr package?
- 2. How many female humans are there in the starwars dataset in the dplyr package?
- 3. In the starwars dataset in the dplyr package, which species has the most number of blue eye colour?
- 4. In the starwars dataset in the dplyr package, what is the average mass of female Human species?
- 5. In the starwars dataset in the dplyr package, how many species have a fair skin colour?
- 6. Calculate the mean mpg (miles per gallon) of the cars with 6 and 4 cylinders in mtcars dataset in the base R datasets package.
- 7. Which type of transmission (manual or automatic) has a higher variation (standard deviation) of mpg in the mtcars dataset in the base R datasets package?
- 8. What is the average displacement of a manual car with 4 cylinders in the mtcars dataset in the base R datasets package?
- 9. Which specie has the longest and widest petal in the iris dataset in the base R datasets packages?

tidyr

1. Tidy and replicate the construction dataset in the tidyr package as given below.

```
## # A tibble: 108 x 6
##
       Year Month
                              Completed_Units_Region Size
                                                                Completed_Units_Size
                    Region
      <dbl> <chr>
                                                <dbl> <chr>
##
                    <chr>
                                                                                <dbl>
                                                  114 1 unit
                                                                                  859
##
   1 2018 January Northeast
##
       2018 January Northeast
                                                  114 2 to 4 u~
                                                                                   NA
   3 2018 January Northeast
                                                                                  348
##
                                                  114 5 units ~
   4 2018 January Midwest
                                                  169 1 unit
                                                                                  859
   5 2018 January Midwest
                                                  169 2 to 4 u~
##
                                                                                  NA
##
   6 2018 January Midwest
                                                  169 5 units ~
                                                                                  348
   7 2018 January South
                                                  596 1 unit
                                                                                  859
##
   8 2018 January South
                                                  596 2 to 4 u~
                                                                                  NA
                                                  596 5 units ~
  9 2018 January South
                                                                                  348
##
                                                  339 1 unit
## 10 2018 January West
                                                                                  859
## # i 98 more rows
```

2. Tidy and replicate the fish_encounters dataset in the tidyr package as given below.

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 12
##
     fish Release I80_1 Lisbon Rstr Base_TD
                                                                                   MAE
                                                                                          MAW
                                                       BCE
                                                              BCW
                                                                   BCE2 BCW2
               <int> <int>
                              <int> <int>
                                              <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int>
## 1 4842
                                                          1
                   1
                                  1
                                         1
                                                   1
                                                                 1
                                                                        1
                                                                               1
                                                                                      1
                          1
## 2 4843
                   1
                          1
                                         1
                                                   1
                                                          1
                                                                 1
                                  1
## 3 4844
                   1
                          1
                                  1
                                         1
                                                   1
                                                          1
                                                                 1
                                                                        1
                                                                              1
                                                                                     1
                                                                                             1
## 4 4858
                   1
                          1
                                  1
                                         1
                                                   1
                                                          1
                                                                 1
                                                                        1
                                                                              1
                                                                                     1
                                                                                            1
## 5 4861
                   1
                                  1
                                         1
                                                   1
                                                          1
                                                                 1
                                                                        1
                                                                               1
                                                                                      1
                                                                                             1
```

3. Tidy and replicate the who dataset in the tidyr package as given below.

```
## # A tibble: 56 x 6
##
      country iso2 iso3
                           year Diagnosis
                                              Value
##
              <chr> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                              <dbl>
      <chr>
##
   1 India
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_m3544 55829
##
   2 India
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_m2534 54719
##
  3 India
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_m4554 44532
            IN
   4 India
##
              IN
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_m1524 39923
## 5 India
              IN
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_f2534 31946
##
  6 India
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_f1524 28573
##
  7 India
              IN
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_m5564 28199
##
   8 India
              IN
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_f3544 21378
## 9 India
              IN
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_m65
                                             14960
## 10 India
                    IND
                           2002 new_sp_f4554 13233
## # i 46 more rows
```

4. Tidy and replicate the world_bank_pop dataset in the tidyr package as given below.

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
##
     country indicator
                          Year
                                    Population
##
     <chr>>
             <chr>
                          <chr>
                                         <dbl>
## 1 IND
             SP.POP.GROW 2000
                                          1.82
## 2 IND
             SP.URB.GROW 2000
                                          2.60
## 3 IND
             SP.URB.TOTL 2000
                                 293168849
## 4 IND
             SP.POP.TOTL 2000 1059633675
```

5. Tidy and replicate the population dataset in the tidyr package as given below.

6. Tidy and replicate the us_rent_income dataset in the tidyr package as given below.

##	# 1	A tibb	le: 14 x 5			
##		GEOID	NAME	moe	${\tt income}$	rent
##		<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
##	1	01	Alabama	3	NA	747
##	2	39	Ohio	2	NA	764
##	3	40	Oklahoma	3	NA	766
##	4	18	Indiana	3	NA	782
##	5	55	Wisconsin	3	NA	813
##	6	26	Michigan	3	NA	824
##	7	37	North Carolina	3	NA	844
##	8	42	Pennsylvania	3	NA	885
##	9	13	Georgia	3	NA	927
##	10	17	Illinois	3	NA	952
##	11	48	Texas	2	NA	952
##	12	12	Florida	3	NA	1077
##	13	36	New York	3	NA	1194
##	14	06	California	3	NA	1358

7. Tidy and replicate the relig_income dataset in the tidyr package as given below.

```
## # A tibble: 18 x 3
                              Income Count
##
      religion
##
      <chr>
                              <chr> <dbl>
   1 Hindu
##
                              <$10k
  2 Other World Religions
                              <$10k
                                          5
  3 Muslim
                              <$10k
                                          6
##
                              <$10k
   4 Other Christian
##
                                         9
## 5 Atheist
                              <$10k
                                        12
  6 Orthodox
                              <$10k
                                        13
## 7 Don't know/refused
                              <$10k
                                         15
## 8 Jewish
                              <$10k
                                         19
## 9 Jehovah's Witness
                              <$10k
                                         20
## 10 Other Faiths
                              <$10k
                                         20
## 11 Agnostic
                              <$10k
                                         27
## 12 Buddhist
                                         27
                              <$10k
## 13 Mormon
                              <$10k
                                         29
## 14 Unaffiliated
                              <$10k
                                       217
## 15 Historically Black Prot <$10k
                                        228
## 16 Mainline Prot
                              <$10k
                                       289
## 17 Catholic
                              <$10k
                                        418
## 18 Evangelical Prot
                                        575
                              <$10k
```

8. Tidy and replicate the billboard dataset in the tidyr package as given below.

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 81
     artist track year month
                                               wk2
                                                     wk3
                                                           wk4
                                                                  wk5
                                                                        wk6
                                                                               wk7
                                                                                     wk8
                                  day
                                        wk1
            <chr> <int> <int> <int>
##
                                             <dbl>
                                                                      <dbl>
                                                                             <dbl>
                                                                                   <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                   <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
## 1 Backs~ Show~
                    2000
                                         74
                                                                                12
                                    1
                                                62
                                                      55
                                                            25
                                                                         14
                                                                                      10
## 2 Brock~ A Co~
                                                75
                    2000
                              1
                                    1
                                         93
                                                      92
                                                            NA
                                                                   NA
                                                                         NA
                                                                                NA
                                                                                      NA
## 3 Diffi~ The ~
                    2000
                                         98
                                               100
                                                     100
                                                            90
                                                                   93
                                                                         94
                                                                               NA
                              1
                                    1
                                                                                      NA
## 4 Joe
            I Wa~
                    2000
                              1
                                         94
                                                86
                                                      69
                                                            50
                                                                   41
                                                                         33
                                                                                32
                                                                                      28
                                    1
## # i 68 more variables: wk9 <dbl>, wk10 <dbl>, wk11 <dbl>, wk12 <dbl>,
       wk13 <dbl>, wk14 <dbl>, wk15 <dbl>, wk16 <dbl>, wk17 <dbl>, wk18 <dbl>,
## #
       wk19 <dbl>, wk20 <dbl>, wk21 <dbl>, wk22 <dbl>, wk23 <dbl>, wk24 <dbl>,
## #
       wk25 <dbl>, wk26 <dbl>, wk27 <dbl>, wk28 <dbl>, wk29 <dbl>, wk30 <dbl>,
       wk31 <dbl>, wk32 <dbl>, wk33 <dbl>, wk34 <dbl>, wk35 <dbl>, wk36 <dbl>,
       wk37 <dbl>, wk38 <dbl>, wk39 <dbl>, wk40 <dbl>, wk41 <dbl>, wk42 <dbl>,
## #
## #
       wk43 <dbl>, wk44 <dbl>, wk45 <dbl>, wk46 <dbl>, wk47 <dbl>, wk48 <dbl>, ...
```

9. Tidy and replicate the airlines dataset in the nycflights13 package as given below.

```
## # A tibble: 16 x 2
##
      carrier airline
##
      <chr>
               <chr>>
##
    1 9E
               Endeavor
##
    2 AA
               American
##
    3 AS
               Alaska
##
    4 B6
               JetBlue
##
    5 DL
               Delta
##
    6 EV
               ExpressJet
    7 F9
##
               Frontier
##
    8 FL
               AirTran
##
    9 HA
               Hawaiian
## 10 MQ
               Envoy
## 11 00
               SkyWest
## 12 UA
               United
## 13 US
               US
## 14 VX
               Virgin
## 15 WN
               Southwest
## 16 YV
               Mesa
```

base R

1. Run the following codes and explain why the value of address1 is shown as NA while the class(address1) is numeric?

```
x1 <- "Presidency"
x2 <- "University"
x3 <- "Kolkata"
address <- c(x1, x2, x3)
address1 <- as.numeric(address)
address1
class(address1)</pre>
```

2. Explain the following codes and their outputs.

```
a1 <- 12; class(a1); length(a1)
names(a1) <- 'Number'; names(a1)
```

3. Explain the following codes and their outputs.

```
a2 <- matrix(1:9, nrow = 3)
colnames(a2) <- c("A", "B", "C")

a2[c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE), c("B", "A")]
```

4. Explain the following codes and their outputs.

```
month_levels <- c(
    "Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr", "May", "Jun",
    "Jul", "Aug", "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"
)
a4 <- factor(c("Dec", "Apr", "Jan", "Mar"), levels = month_levels)
a4</pre>
```

5. Explain the following codes and their outputs.

```
a5 <- factor(c("high", "low", "medium", "high"), levels = c("low", "medium", "high"), ordered a5
```

6. Explain the following codes and their outputs.

```
library(gapminder)
filter(gapminder, continent %in% c("Asia", "Africa"))
```

- 7. In the geom_bar() function explain the difference between the use of stat = "identity" and stat = "count".
- 8. Explain the following codes and their outputs.

9. Write a code to print the following output.

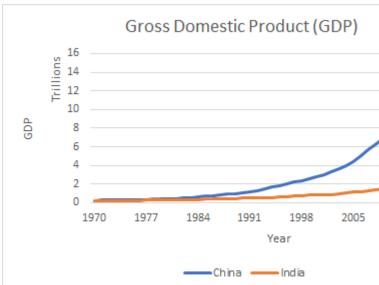
https://bookdown.org/sunboklee/ewha_r_2021_1/base-r-quiz.html#quiz-problem-1

Excel

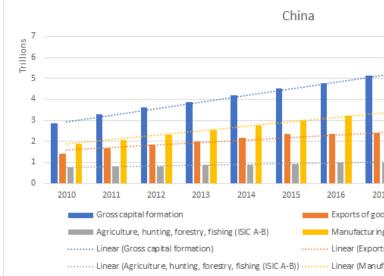
- 1. Which specie has the longest and the widest petal in the iris.xlsx data?
- 2. What is the average displacement of a manual car with 4 cylinders in the mtcars.xlsx dataset?
- 3. Calculate the mean mpg (miles per gallon) of the cars with 6 and 4 cylinders in mtcars.xlsx dataset?
- 4. How many years of data are available for each country in the GDP.xlsx dataset? How many countries do not have data for all the years?
- 5. In the file GDP.xlsx how many countries do not have data on GDP?
- 6. Rank (without ties) the countries according to the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in the GDP.xlsx dataset.
- 7. How does the number of cylinders cyl affect the mileage mpg for a given horsepower hp? Calculate the partial correlation in the mtcars.xlsx dataset.
- 8. How many missing values are there in total in the GDP.xlsx dataset? Find how many countries are listed in the data without using the filter option?

plots

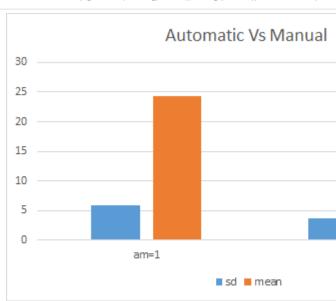
9. Using the data GDP.xlsx, for any two countries plot separate line charts for the components of GDP (Household Consumption Expenditure, Government final consumption expenditure, Net exports and Gross Capital formation).



10. Using the GDP.xlsx data replicate the following plot.



11. Using the GDP.xlsx data replicate the following plot.



- 12. Using the mtcars.xlsx dataset replicate the following plot.
- 13. Suppose that the firm's production function is $Q = F(K, L) = 50K^{0.5}L^{0.5}$. Suppose, too, that the price of labour w=5 and the price of capital r=20. What is the cost minimising input bundle if the firm wants to produce 1,000 units per year?