## **Training Day 8 Report**

## **CSS Positions: -**

CSS positioning allows you to control the layout of HTML elements using properties such as top, right, bottom, and left.

Possible CSS position properties: -

- Fixed
- Static
- Relative
- Absolute
- Sticky

Understanding the different types of position properties in CSS can enhance the design and functionality of web pages.

<b>Position Property</b>	Description
Fixed	An element with position: fixed property remains in the same position relative to the viewport even when the page is scrolled
Static	Default positioning method. Elements with position: static are positioned according to the normal flow of the document.
Relative	Elements with position: relative are positioned relative to their normal position in the document flow. Other elements will not fill the gap left by this element when adjusted.
Absolute	Positioned concerning its nearest non-static ancestor. Elements with the position: absolute are taken out of the normal document flow.
Sticky	Combines features of position: relative and position: fixed. The element is treated as position: relative until it reaches a specified threshold, then it becomes position: fixed