The Data Controls

Today you will learn

- The GridView
- Formatting the GridView
- Selecting a GridView Row
- Editing with the GridView

The Data Controls

Rich Data Controls designed for Data Binding are:

- o GridView: Shows large tables of information.
- O DetailsView: Shows a single record at a time.
- FormView: Shows a single record at a time and supports editing.
- ListView: show multiple records.

The GridView

- The GridView is an extremely flexible grid control that displays a multicolumn table.
- Ready-made Functionality includes features for automatic paging, sorting, selecting and editing

Automatically Generating Columns

- GridView support for DataSource property
- Does not provide DataTextField and DataValueField
 (Demo)

Defining Columns

• Set AutoGenerateColumns to False and define the columns in the <Columns> section of the GridView control tag.

Column Types

| Class | Description | |
|----------------|--|--|
| BoundField | This column displays text from a field in the data source. | |
| ButtonField | This column displays a button in this grid column. | |
| CheckBoxField | This column displays a check box in this grid column. It's used automatically for true/false fields (in SQL Server, these are fields that use the bit data type). | |
| CommandField | This column provides selection or editing buttons. | |
| HyperLinkField | This column displays its contents (a field from the data source or static text) as a hyperlink. | |
| ImageField | This column displays image data from a binary field (providing it can be successfully interpreted as a supported image format). | |
| TemplateField | This column allows you to specify multiple fields, custom controls, and arbitrary HTML using a custom template. It gives you the highest degree of control but requires the most work. | |

Defining Columns

- Set AutoGenerateColumns to False and define the columns in the <Columns> section of the GridView control tag. (Demo)
- Advantages of Explicitly Defining Columns:
- You can easily fine-tune your column order, column headings, and other details by tweaking the properties of your column object.
- You can hide columns you don't want to show by removing the column tag.
- You'll see your columns in the design environment.
- You can add extra columns to the mix for selecting, editing, and more.

Generating Columns with Visual Studio (Demo)

Formatting the GridView

- Add DataFormatString property
- Apply the perfect mix of colors, fonts, borders, and alignment options to each aspect of the grid, from headers to data items.

Formatting Fields

• Format strings generally consist of a placeholder and a format indicator, which are wrapped inside curly brackets. A typical format string looks something like this:

{0:C}

• In this case, the 0 represents the value that will be formatted, and the letter indicates a predetermined format style. (C = Currency Style)

<asp:BoundField DataField="UnitPrice" HeaderText="Price" DataFormatString=" $\{0:C\}$ " />

Numeric Format Strings

| Туре | Format String | Example |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--|
| Currency | {0:C} | \$1,234.50. Brackets indicate negative values: (\$1,234.50). The currency sign is locale-specific. |
| Scientific (Exponential) | {0:E} | 1.234500E+003 |
| Percentage | {0:P} | 45.6% |
| Fixed Decimal | {0:F?} | Depends on the number of decimal places you set. $\{0:F3\}$ would be $123.400. \{0:F0\}$ would be $123.$ |

Formatting Fields

| Туре | Format String | Syntax | Example |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Short Date | {0:d} | M/d/yyyy | 10/30/2010 |
| Long Date | {0:D} | dddd, MMMM dd, yyyy | Monday, January 30, 2010 |
| Long Date and Short Time | {0:f} | dddd, MMMM dd, yyyy HH:mm aa | Monday, January 30, 2010 10:00 AM |
| Long Date and Long Time | {0:F} | dddd, MMMM dd, yyyy HH:mm:ss aa | Monday, January 30 2010 10:00:23 AM |
| ISO Sortable Standard | {0:s} | yyyy-MM-ddTHH:mm:ss | 2010-01-30T10:00:23 |
| Month and Day | {0:M} | MMMM dd | January 30 |
| General | {0:G} | M/d/yyyy HH:mm:ss aa (depends on locale-specific settings) | 10/30/2010 10:00:23 AM |

Using Styles

• GridView supports basic eight styles.

| Style | Description | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| HeaderStyle | Configures the appearance of the header row that contains column titles, if you've chosen to show it (if ShowHeader is True). | |
| RowStyle | Configures the appearance of every data row. | |
| AlternatingRowStyle | If set, applies additional formatting to every other row. This formatting acts in addition to the RowStyle formatting. For example, if you set a font using RowStyle, it is also applied to alternating rows, unless you explicitly set a different font through AlternatingRowStyle. | |
| SelectedRowStyle | Configures the appearance of the row that's currently selected. This formatting acts in addition to the RowStyle formatting. | |
| EditRowStyle | Configures the appearance of the row that's in edit mode. This formatting acts in addition to the RowStyle formatting. | |
| EmptyDataRowStyle | Configures the style that's used for the single empty row in the special case where the bound data object contains no rows. | |
| FooterStyle | Configures the appearance of the footer row at the bottom of the GridView, if you've chosen to show it (if ShowFooter is True). | |
| PagerStyle | Configures the appearance of the row with the page links, if you've enabled paging (set AllowPaging to True). | |

Using Styles

```
<asp:GridView ID="GridView1" runat="server" DataSourceID="sourceProducts"
AutoGenerateColumns="False">
  <RowStyle BackColor="#E7E7FF" ForeColor="#4A3C8C" />
  <HeaderStyle BackColor="#4A3C8C" Font-Bold="True" ForeColor="#F7F7F7" />
  <Columns>
   <asp:BoundField DataField="ProductID" HeaderText="ID" />
   <asp:BoundField DataField="ProductName" HeaderText="Product Name" />
   <asp:BoundField DataField="UnitPrice" HeaderText="Price" />
  </Columns>
</asp:GridView>
   Column Specific Style
                                                 (Demo)
   Configuring Styles with Visual Studio
                                                 (Demo – Property (AutoFormat)
```

Formatting-Specific Values

• Write Code after GridView.RowDataBound event fire. (Demo)

Selecting a GridView Row

- SelectedRowStyle determines how the selected row or cell will appear.
- Default it uses GridView. SelectedIndex property which is -1(No item Selected).
- Use GrideView_SelectedIndexChaged() event.

Adding a Select Button

```
<asp:CommandField ShowSelectButton="True" ButtonType="Button"
SelectText="Select" /> (Demo 4)
```

Using a Data Field As a Select Button

```
<asp:ButtonField CommandName="Select" ButtonType="Button"

DataTextField="ProductID" /> (Demo 4)
```

END OF LECTURE