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''' Read and analyse graphic files that resulted from converting ramses
output
$HOME/WIP/generate_IC/amr2graphic -inp output_00001 \
                                -out graphics \
                                -lma 8 \
                                -siz $boxlen
'''
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import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.axes_grid1 import make_axes_locatable

from constants_lineRT import *
import graphic
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```
''' Load simulation data
PARAMS:
    sim = simulation tag ('box' or 'elena' or 'large_box')
    res = level max
    statistics = flag to plot statistics of data
RETURNS:
    nx, ny, nz = number of cells in each direction
    dx = cell size (m)
    rho = density (kg/m3) '''
def load_sim_data(sim, res, statistics=False):

    # density
    rho, nx, ny, nz, dx = load_density(sim, res)
    if statistics:
        print 'nx =', nx, ', ny =', ny, ', nz =', nz, 'dx = ', dx
        print 'number of cells:', len(rho.flatten())
        print 'total size: [{}, {}, {}] pc'.format(nx*dx/PC, ny*dx/PC,
            nz*dx/PC)
        print 'total mass = {} Msun'.format(np.sum(rho)*(dx**3)/MSUN)
        plot_density(rho, 'rho_map_'+str(res)+'.png')
        #calc_PDF(rho, 'rho_pdf_'+str(res)+'.png', units='kg/m3')
        calc_PDF(rho, 'rho_pdf_hcc_'+str(res)+'.png', units='H/cc')

    # velocity
    vx = load_velocity(sim, res, 'vx')
    vy = load_velocity(sim, res, 'vy')
    vz = load_velocity(sim, res, 'vz')
    if statistics:
        calc_PDF(vx, 'vx_pdf_'+str(res)+'.png', units='km/s', density=rho)
        calc_PDF(vy, 'vy_pdf_'+str(res)+'.png', units='km/s', density=rho)
        calc_PDF(vz, 'vz_pdf_'+str(res)+'.png', units='km/s', density=rho)
        #calc_PDF(np.sqrt(vx**2+vy**2+vz**2), 'vtot_pdf_'+str(res)+'.png',
            units='km/s', density=rho)

    # velocity gradient
    grad_v = get_grad_vel(vx, vy, vz, nx, ny, nz, dx)
    if statistics:
        calc_PDF(grad_v, 'grad_v_pdf_'+str(res)+'.png', units='1/s',
            density=rho)
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    return nx, ny, nz, dx, rho, vx, vy, vz, grad_v

#-----
'''
PARAMS:
    sim = simulation tag ('box', 'large_box' or 'elena') '''
def code_units(sim):
    if sim == 'box':
        unit_l = 0.30857e19
        unit_d = 0.150492957435e-19
        unit_t = 0.31556926e14
        boxlen = 0.25 * unit_l * 1.e-2 #m
    elif sim=='large_box':
        unit_l = 0.30857e19
        unit_d = 0.150492957435e-19
        unit_t = 0.31556926e14
        boxlen = 100. * unit_l * 1.e-2 #m
    else: # sim == 'elena':
        unit_l = 0.617200e20
        unit_d = 0.438844e-20
        unit_t = 0.584383e14
        boxlen = 1.0 * unit_l * 1.e-2 #m

    return unit_l, unit_d, unit_t, boxlen

''' Load density graphic file
PARAMS:
    sim = simulation tag ('box', 'large_box' or 'elena')
    res = level max '''
def load_density(sim, res):
    unit_l, unit_d, unit_t, boxlen = code_units(sim)

    graphics_dir = 'graphics' + str(int(res))
    density = grafic.Grafic()
    density.read(graphics_dir+'ic_d')
    print density.header

    rho = density.data * unit_d * 1.e3 #kg/m3
    nx = density.header[0]
    ny = density.header[1]
    nz = density.header[2]
    dx = density.header[3] * unit_l * 1e-2 #m
    if dx == 0.: #amr2cube doesn't output dx
        dx = boxlen/2**res

    return rho, nx, ny, nz, dx

''' Load velocity graphic file
PARAMS:
    sim = simulation tag ('box', 'large_box' or 'elena')
    res = level max
    comp = component x, y or z'''
def load_velocity(sim, res, comp):
    unit_l, unit_d, unit_t, boxlen = code_units(sim)

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graphics_dir = 'graphics' + str(int(res))
vel = grafic.Grafic()
if comp=='vx':
    vel.read(graphics_dir+'/ic_u')
elif comp=='vy':
    vel.read(graphics_dir+'/ic_v')
else:
    vel.read(graphics_dir+'/ic_w')

return vel.data * unit_l/unit_t * 1e-2 #m/s

''' helper function to get the indices of neighbouring cells (left and right
from current cell)
PARAMS:
    i = index of the current cell
    n_max = maximal index, number of cells in current direction
    periodic = flag to indicate if the boundaries are periodic in current
    direction
RETURNS:
    l = index of the left cell or i if the cell has no left neighbour
    r = index of the right cell or i if the cell has no right neighbour
    neigh = number of neighbours'''
def check_indices(i, n_max, periodic):
    if i==(n_max-1): # cell at the right boundary
        l = i-1
        if periodic:
            r = 0
            neigh = 2
        else:
            r = i # -> this will give a 0 contribution
            neigh = 1
    elif i==0: # cell at the left boundary
        r = i+1
        if periodic:
            l = n_max-1
            neigh = 2
        else:
            l = i
            neigh = 1
    else: # general case
        r = i+1
        l = i-1
        neigh = 2

    return l, r, neigh

''' Calculate the velocity gradient
PARAMS:
    vx, vy, vz = datacubes with velocity field (m/s)
    nx, ny, nz = number of cells in each direction
    dx = cell size (m)
    periodic = flag to indicate if there are periodic boundaries or not
RETURNS:
    grad = velocity gradient (1/s) '''

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def get_grad_vel(vx, vy, vz, nx, ny, nz, dx, periodic=False):

    diff_v = np.zeros((nx,ny,nz))
    grad = np.zeros((nx,ny,nz))
    num_neighbours = np.zeros((nx,ny,nz))

    # vx
    for i in range(nx):
        l, r, neigh = check_indices(i, nx, periodic)
        diff_v[i,:,:] = np.abs(vx[r,:,:] - vx[i,:,:]) + np.abs(vx[l,:,:] -
            vx[i,:,:]) #right+left
        num_neighbours[i,:,:] = num_neighbours[i,:,:] +
            np.full((ny,nz),neigh)
    #print 'diff x', np.amin(diff_v), np.amax(diff_v)
    grad = grad + diff_v

    # vy
    for i in range(ny):
        l, r, neigh = check_indices(i, ny, periodic)
        diff_v[:,i,:] = np.abs(vy[:,r,:] - vy[:,i,:]) + np.abs(vy[:,l,:] -
            vy[:,i,:]) #upper+lower
        num_neighbours[:,i,:] = num_neighbours[:,i,:] +
            np.full((nx,nz),neigh)
    grad = grad + diff_v

    # vz
    for i in range(nz):
        l, r, neigh = check_indices(i, nz, periodic)
        diff_v[:, :, i] = np.abs(vz[:, :, r] - vz[:, :, i]) + np.abs(vz[:, :, l] -
            vz[:, :, i]) #back+front
        num_neighbours[:, :, i] = num_neighbours[:, :, i] +
            np.full((nx,ny),neigh)
    grad = grad + diff_v

    grad = grad/num_neighbours/dx
    #print num_neighbours
    return grad

#----
diagnostics-----
''' Plot the column density '''
def plot_density(rho, outname):
    rho_col = np.sum(rho, axis=0)
    data = np.log10(rho_col)
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=1, figsize=(8, 8))
    imag = axes.imshow(data, interpolation='none',
        #vmin=-18, vmax=-14,
        #cmap='Greys_r',
        cmap='inferno',
        aspect='equal', origin='lower')
    divider = make_axes_locatable(axes)
    cax = divider.append_axes('right', size='5%', pad=0.05)
    cbar = fig.colorbar(imag, cax=cax)
    cbar.solids.set_rasterized(True)

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cbar.set_label('log(column density)')
plt.savefig(outname)
plt.close()

''' plot the PDF of field
Assumes uni-grid
If mass-weighted, density field as to be given '''
def calc_PDF(field, outname, units='kg/m3', density=None):

    # presets
    log = False
    if units=='H/cc':
        field = field/MH/1e6
        x_label = 'density [H/cc]'
        log = True
        density = field
        #bins = np.logspace(-5,10,35)
    elif units=='kg/m3':
        x_label = 'density [kg/m3]'
        log = True
        density = field
        #bins = np.logspace(-25,-10,35)
    elif units=='km/s':
        field = field * 1e-3 #km/s
        log = False
        x_label = 'velocity [km/s]'
        #bins = np.linspace(-10,10,35)
    elif units=='1/s':
        x_label = 'velocity gradient [1/s]'
    elif units=='/': #beta
        x_label='beta'
        log = False
    else:
        print 'invalid units option'
        return

    amin = np.amin(field)
    amax = np.amax(field)
    if log:
        bins = np.logspace(np.log10(amin), np.log10(amax), 35)
    else:
        bins = np.linspace(amin, amax, 35)

    field_flat = field.flatten()

    weights = np.full(len(field_flat), 1./len(field_flat))
    plt.hist(field_flat,
             weights=weights,
             bins=bins,
             label='volume weighted',
             histtype='step')

    if density is not None:
        total_density = np.sum(density)
        weights_mass = density.flatten() / total_density

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        plt.hist(field_flat,
                  weights=weights_mass,
                  bins=bins,
                  label='mass weighted',
                  histtype='step')

plt.xlabel(x_label)
plt.ylabel('PDF')
if log:
    plt.xscale('log')
    plt.yscale('log')
plt.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.savefig(outname)
plt.close()

#-----test
functions-----
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def example():
    res = 9
    sim = 'large_box'
    load_sim_data(sim, res, statistics=True)

if __name__=='__main__':
    example()

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