Talent Battle 100 Days Coding Series

You are given a binary string S of length N. You can perform the following operation on S:

- Pick any set of indices such that no two picked indices are adjacent.
- Flip the values at the picked indices (i.e. change 0 to 1 and 1 to 0).

For example, consider the string *S*=1101101.

If we pick the indices $\{1,3,6\}$, then after flipping the values at picked indices, we will get $\underline{1}1\underline{0}11\underline{0}$ $1\rightarrow 0111111$.

Note that we cannot pick the set {2,3,5} since 2 and 3 are adjacent indices.

Find the **minimum** number of operations required to convert **all** the characters of S to 0.

Input Format

- The first line contains a single integer *T* the number of test cases. Then the test cases follow.
- The first line of each test case contains an integer N the length of the binary string S.
- The second line of each test case contains a binary string S of length N.

Output Format

For each test case, output the **minimum** number of operations required to convert all the characters of *S* to 0.

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Sample Input

3

6

101001

5

00000

3

111

Sample Output

1

0

2

```
C
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void) {
       intt;
       scanf("%d",&t);
       while(t--){
         int n,i,j,p=0,q=0;
         scanf("%d",&n);
         char s[n];
         scanf("\n");
         gets(s);
         for(i=0;i<n;i++){
           if(s[i]=='1') q+=1;
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         if(q==0) printf("0\n");
         else if(q==1) printf("1\n");
         else{
           for(i=0;i<n-1;i++){
             if(s[i]=='1'\&\&s[i+1]=='1'){
               p=1;
               break;
             }
           }
           if(p==0) printf("1\n");
           else printf("2\n");
         }
       }
       return 0;
```

```
}
C++
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
intt,N,i;
strings;
cin>>t;
while(t--){
  cin>>N;
  cin>>s;
 for(i=0;i<N;++i)if(s[i]=='1')break;
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 if(i==N){
   cout<<0<<endl;
    continue;
 }
 else{
    for(i=1;i<N;++i)if(s[i]=='1'\&\&s[i-1]=='1')break;
    if(i==N)cout<<1<<endl;</pre>
    else cout<<2<<endl;
 }
}
return 0;
}
```

Java

```
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;
class Main
{
       public static void main (String[] args) throws java.lang. Exception
       {
        Scannerin=new Scanner(System.in);
        int T=in.nextInt();
        for(inti=0;i<T;i++)
        {int count=0,t=0;
          int n=in.nextInt();
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          String s=in.next();
          for(int j=0;j<s.length()-1;j++)</pre>
             if(s.charAt(j)=='1')
             {
               count++;
               if(s.charAt(j)==s.charAt(j+1))
               t++;
             }
          }
          if(s.charAt(s.length()-1)=='1'&&count==0)
          {
          System.out.println('1');
```

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```
continue;
        }
       if(count==0)
        System.out.println('0');
       }
       else
       {
       if(t==0)
         System.out.println('1');
        else
         System.out.println('2');
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}
```

Python

```
T = int(input())
for i in range(T):
    N = int(input())
    S = list(input())
    count = 0
    while(S.count('1')!=0):
    cnt = 0
    t = 0
    for i in range(N):
```

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```
if(t==1):
    t = 0
    continue
elif(S[i]=='1'):
    cnt += 1
    S[i]='0'
    t = 1
if(cnt!=0):
    count += 1
print(count)
```



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