

### Day 77 coding Statement :

You are given an array  $A$  of  $N$  elements. For any ordered triplet  $(i, j, k)$  such that  $i, j$ , and  $k$  are pairwise distinct and  $1 \leq i, j, k \leq N$ , the value of this triplet is  $(A_i - A_j) \cdot A_k$ . You need to find the **maximum** value among all possible ordered triplets.

**Note:** Two ordered triplets  $(a, b, c)$  and  $(d, e, f)$  are only equal when  $a=d$  **and**  $b=e$  **and**  $c=f$ . As an example,  $(1, 2, 3)$  and  $(2, 3, 1)$  are two different ordered triplets.

### Input Format

- The first line of the input contains a single integer  $T$  - the number of test cases. The test cases then follow.
- The first line of each test case contains an integer  $N$ .
- The second line of each test case contains  $N$  space-separated integers  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_N$ .

### Output Format

For each test case, output the maximum value among all different ordered triplets.

### Sample Input

```
3
3
1 1 3
5
3 4 4 1 2
5
23 17 21 18 19
```

### Sample Output

```
2
12
```

```

import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;

public class Program {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception {
        BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(System.in));
        int t = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
        while (t-- > 0) {
            int n = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
            String s = br.readLine();
            String sr[] = s.split(" ");
            int ar[] = new int[n];
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                ar[i] = Integer.parseInt(sr[i]);
            Arrays.sort(ar);
            long cout = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
            cout = (long) (ar[n - 1] - ar[0]) * ar[n - 2];
            System.out.println(cout);
        }
    }
}

```