

Robotics & Controls

Lec-3

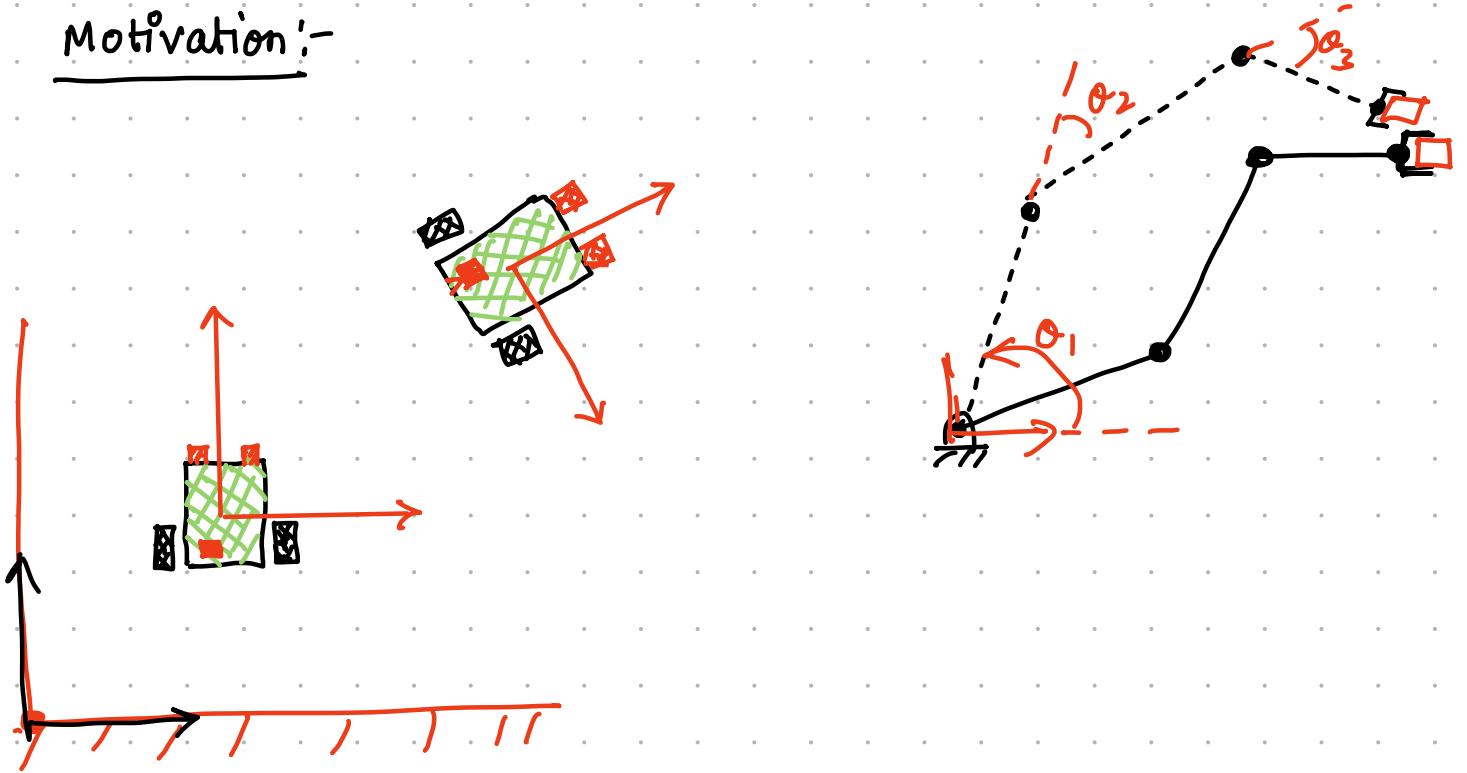
Co-ordinate frames and Homogeneous Transformation

Recall: * Python basics → if-else, loops, Matrices

* Python plots and Animation:

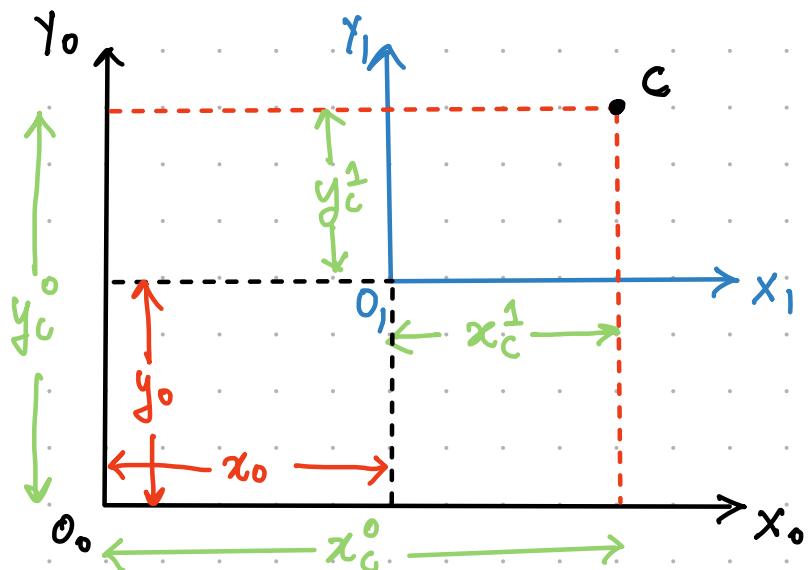
- (i) Matplotlib, ↗
- (ii) Animation → using the idea of flip book.
- (iii) Animation of SHM.

Motivation:-



1.1

Translations :-



Frames

$$\mathbf{c}^0 = \begin{bmatrix} x_c^0 \\ y_c^0 \end{bmatrix} = ? , \quad \mathbf{c}^1 = \begin{bmatrix} x_c^1 \\ y_c^1 \end{bmatrix} , \quad \underline{\mathbf{o}_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{bmatrix}}$$

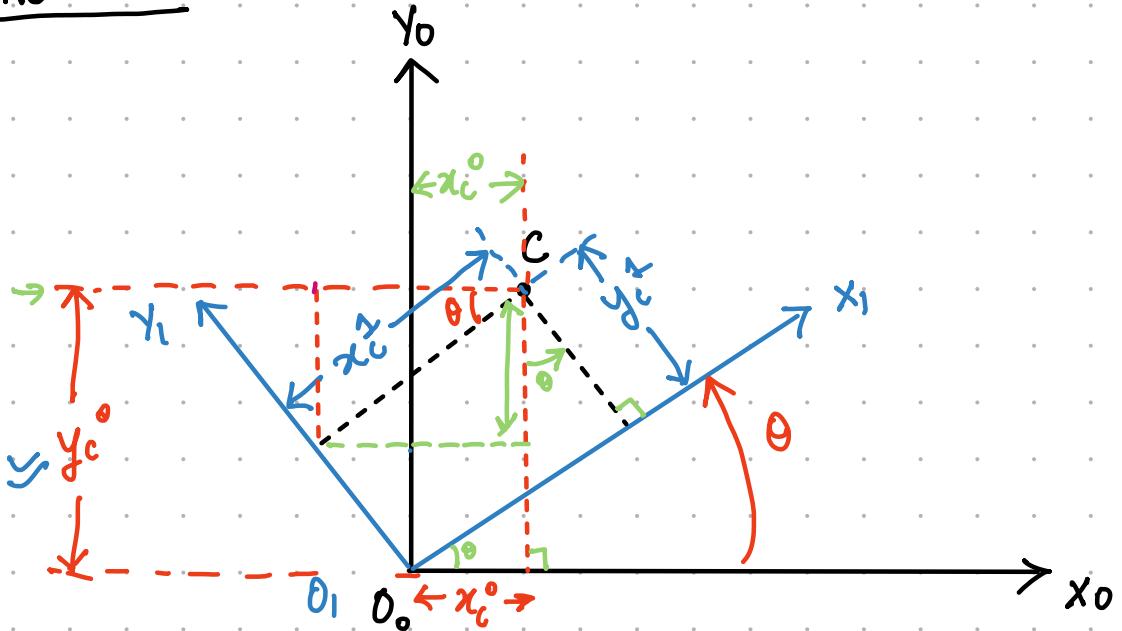
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_c^0 \\ y_c^0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} x_c^1 \\ y_c^1 \end{bmatrix}$$

* * *

$$\boxed{\mathbf{c}^0 = \mathbf{o}_1^0 + \mathbf{c}^1}$$

$$\boxed{\mathbf{o}_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} -x_0 \\ -y_0 \end{bmatrix}}$$

1.2

Rotation :-

$$x_c^1 = x_c^0 \cos(\theta) - y_c^0 \sin(\theta)$$

$$y_c^1 = x_c^0 \sin(\theta) + y_c^0 \cos(\theta)$$

Matrix Format :-

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_c^0 \\ y_c^0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_c^1 \\ y_c^1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C^0 = R_1^0 C^1$$

$$\Rightarrow C^1 = [R_1^0]^{-1} C^0$$

$$C^1 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} C^0 = [R_1^0]^T C^0$$

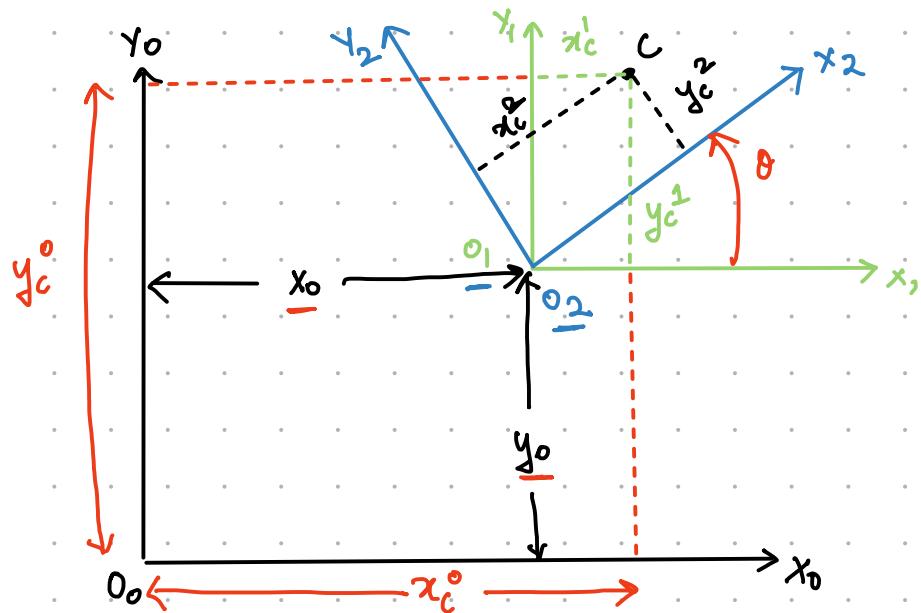
$$[R_1^0]^{-1} = [R_1^0]^T$$

$$C^0 = R_1^0 C^1$$

$$C^1 = [R_1^0]^T C^0$$

1.3

Combined Rotation and Translation :-



$$O_0 x_0 y_0 \xrightarrow{\text{trans.}} O_1 x_1 y_1 \xrightarrow{\text{Rot.}} O_2 x_2 y_2$$

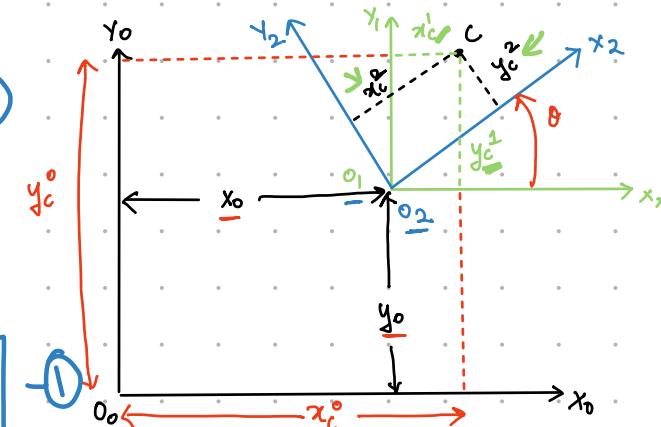
$$* O_0 x_0 y_0 \xrightarrow{\text{trans.}} O_1 x_1 y_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_c^0 \\ y_c^0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} x_c^1 \\ y_c^1 \end{bmatrix}$$

①

$$* O_1 x_1 y_1 \xrightarrow{\text{Rot.}} O_2 x_2 y_2$$

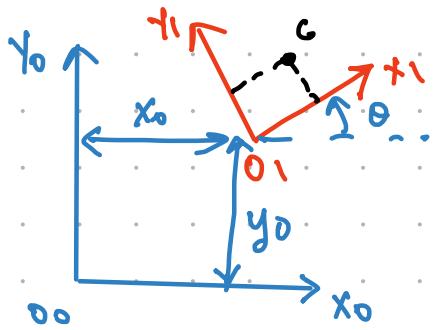
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_c^1 \\ y_c^1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_c^2 \\ y_c^2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} x_c^0 \\ y_c^0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_c^2 \\ y_c^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Translation Rotation
Translation & Rotation.

$$C^0 = O_1^0 + R_2^1 C^2$$



$$C^0 = O_1^0 + R_2^1 C^2$$

**

1.4 Multiple successive translation & rotations :-

$$O_0 X_0 Y_0 \rightarrow O_1 X_1 Y_1$$

$$\rightarrow C^0 = O_1^0 + R_1^0 C^1 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$O_1 X_1 Y_1 \rightarrow O_2 X_2 Y_2$$

$$C^1 = O_2^1 + R_2^1 C^2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Substitute (2) in (1) to get :-

$$C^0 = O_1^0 + R_1^0 (O_2^1 + R_2^1 C^2)$$

$$C^0 = (\underline{O_1^0} + \underline{R_1^0 O_2^1}) + (\underline{R_1^0 R_2^1 C^2})$$

$$C^0 = \underbrace{(O_1^0 + R_1^0 O_2^1)}_{\text{translation.}} + \underbrace{(R_1^0 R_2^1 C^2)}_{\text{Rotation}}$$

Continue doing this :-

$$O_0 X_0 Y_0 \rightarrow O_1 X_1 Y_1 \rightarrow O_2 X_2 Y_2 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow O_n X_n Y_n$$

$$C^o = (O_1^o + R_1^o O_2^1 + R_1^o R_2^1 O_3^2 + \dots + R_1^o R_2^1 R_3^2 \dots R_{n-1}^{n-2} O_n^{n-1}) \rightarrow \text{Trans.}$$

$$+ (R_1^o R_2^1 R_3^2 \dots R_n^{n-1} C^n) \rightarrow \text{Rotation.}$$

↑
goes out
of control.

1.5 Homogeneous Transformation.

$$C^o = \underbrace{O_1^o}_{\text{1x1}} + \underbrace{R_1^o C^1}_{\text{2x2}} \rightarrow {}^o C^o = \underbrace{H_1^o C^1}_{\text{3x1}}$$

$$H_1^o = \begin{bmatrix} R_1^o & O_1^o \\ O_1^o & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{2x2} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta & x_0 \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & y_0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} R_1^o = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix} \\ O_1^o = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

$$\underline{{}^o C^o} = \begin{bmatrix} C^o \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{3x1} ; \quad \underline{{}^o C^1} = \begin{bmatrix} C^1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{3x1}$$

$$\underline{{}^o C^o} = \begin{bmatrix} x_c^o \\ y_c^o \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{{}^o C^1} = \begin{bmatrix} x_c^1 \\ y_c^1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} C^o = \begin{bmatrix} x_c^o \\ y_c^o \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ C^1 = \begin{bmatrix} x_c^1 \\ y_c^1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow H_1^o C^1 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta & x_0 \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & y_0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_c^1 \\ y_c^1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} [x_c^1 \cos\theta - y_c^1 \sin\theta] + [x_0] \\ [x_c^1 \sin\theta + y_c^1 \cos\theta] + [y_0] \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} R_1^0 C^1 + O_1^0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 'C^0$$

$$'C^0 = H_1^0 'C^1$$

$$C^0 = (O^0 + R_1^0 O_2^1 + R_1^0 R_2^1 O_3^2 + \dots + R_1^0 R_2^1 R_3^2 \dots R_{n-1}^{n-2} R_n^{n-1}) \rightarrow \text{Trans.}$$

$$+ (R_1^0 R_2^1 R_3^2 \dots R_n^{n-1} C^n) \rightarrow \text{Rotation.}$$

$$'C^0 = H_1^0 H_2^1 \dots H_n^{n-1} C^n$$

$$C^0 = O^0 + R_1^0 C^1$$

simpler way
of writing.

$$H_i^{i-1} = \begin{bmatrix} R_i^{i-1} & O_i^{i-1} \\ 0_{2 \times 2} & 1_{1 \times 1} \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 3}.$$

$$'C^i = \begin{bmatrix} C^i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 1}$$

$$'C^{i-1} = H_i^i 'C^i$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} C^{i-1} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_i^{i-1} & O_i^{i-1} \\ 0_{2 \times 1} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C^i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} C^{i-1} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_i^{i-1} C^i + O_i^{i-1} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$