

Best Programming Practice

1. All values as variables including Fixed, User Inputs, and Results
2. Avoid Hard Coding of variables wherever possible
3. Proper naming conventions for all variables

```
String name = "Eric";  
double height = input.nextDouble();  
double totalDistance = distanceFromToVia + distanceViaToFinalCity;
```

4. Proper Program Name and Class Name
5. Follow proper indentation

1. **Sample Program 1** - Write a program to display Sam with Roll Number 1, Percent Marks 99.99, and the result 'P' indicates Pass('P') or Fail ('F').

IMP => Follow Good Programming Practice demonstrated below in all Practice Programs

□ *// Creating Class with name DisplayResult indicating the purpose is to display
// result. Notice the class name is a Noun.*

```
class DisplayResult {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        // Create a string variable name and assign value Sam  
        String name = "Sam";  
  
        // Create a int variable rollNumber and assign value 1  
        int rollNumber = 1;  
  
        // Create a double variable percentMarks and assign value 99.99  
        double percentMarks = 99.99;  
  
        // Create a char variable result and assign value 'P' for pass  
        char result = 'P';  
  
        // Display the result  
        System.out.println("Displaying Result:\n" + name+ " with Roll Number " +  
                           rollNumber+ " has Scored " +percentMarks+  
                           "% Marks and Result is " +result);  
    }  
}
```

2. □ **Sample Program 2** - Eric Travels from Chennai to Bangalore via Vellore. From Chennai to Vellore distance is 156.6 km and the time taken is 4 Hours 4 Mins and from Vellore to Bangalore is 211.8 km and will take 4 Hours 25 Mins. Compute the total distance and total time from Chennai to Bangalore

```
// Create TravelComputation Class to compute the Distance and Travel Time
class TravelComputation {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // Create a variable name to indicate the person traveling
        String name = "Eric";

        // Create a variable fromCity, viaCity and toCity to indicate the city
        // from city, via city and to city the person is travelling
        String fromCity = "Chennai", viaCity = "Vellore", toCity = "Bangalore";

        // Create a variable distanceFromToVia to indicate the distance
        // between the fromCity to viaCity
        double distanceFromToVia = 156.6;

        // Create a variable timeFromToVia to indicate the time taken to
        // travel from fromCity to viaCity in minutes
        int timeFromToVia = 4 * 60 + 4;

        // Create a variable distanceViaToFinalCity to indicate the distance
        // between the viaCity to toCity
        double distanceViaToFinalCity = 211.8;

        // Create a variable timeViaToFinalCity to indicate the time taken to
        // travel from viaCity to toCity in minutes
        int timeViaToFinalCity = 4 * 60 + 25;

        // Create a variable totalDistance to indicate the total distance
        // between the fromCity to toCity
        double totalDistance = distanceFromToVia + distanceViaToFinalCity;

        // Create a variable totalTime to indicate the total time taken to
        // travel from fromCity to toCity in minutes
        int totalTime = timeFromToVia + timeViaToFinalCity;

        // Print the travel details
        System.out.println("The Total Distance travelled by " + name + " from " +
            fromCity + " to " + toCity + " via " + viaCity +
            " is " + totalDistance + " km and " +
            "the Total Time taken is " + totalTime + " minutes");
    }
}
```

Level 2 Practice Programs

1. Write a program to create a basic calculator that can perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division. The program should ask for two numbers (floating point) and perform all the operations

Hint =>

- a. Create a variable number1 and number 2 and take user inputs.
- b. Perform Arithmetic Operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and assign the result to a variable and finally print the result

I/P => number1, number2

O/P => The addition, subtraction, multiplication and division value of 2 numbers ____ and ____ is ____, ____, ____, and ____

```
1 import java.util.*;
2
3 public class Calculator{
4     public static void main(String[] args){
5         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7         System.out.print("Enter the first number :");
8         float num1 = sc.nextFloat();
9
10        System.out.print("Enter the second number :");
11        float num2 = sc.nextFloat();
12
13        float sum = num1 + num2;
14        float difference = num1 - num2;
15        float product = num1 * num2;
16        float quotient = num1 / num2;
17
18        System.out.printf("The addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division value of 2 numbers is %.2f, %.2f, %.2f, %.2f\n",sum,difference,product,quotient);
19    }
20 }
```

```
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> javac Calculator.java
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> java Calculator
Enter the first number :2
Enter the second number :2
The addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division value of 2 numbers is 4.00, 0.00, 4.00, 1.00
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2>
```

2. Write a program that takes the base and height to find area of a triangle in square inches and square centimeters

Hint => Area of a Triangle is $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height}$

I/P => base, height

O/P => Your Height in cm is ____ while in feet is ____ and inches is ____

```

1  import java.util.*;
2
3  public class AreaOfTriangle {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5          Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7          // Conversion constants
8          double inchToCm = 2.54;
9          double cmToFeet = 0.032;
10         double cmToInches = 0.393;
11
12         // Taking inputs
13         System.out.print("Enter the base in cm: ");
14         double baseCm = sc.nextDouble();
15
16         System.out.print("Enter the height in cm: ");
17         double heightCm = sc.nextDouble();
18
19         // Calculating area
20         double areaCm = 0.5 * baseCm * heightCm;
21         double areaIn = 0.5 * (baseCm / inchToCm) * (heightCm / inchToCm);
22
23         // Converting height to feet and inches
24         double heightFeet = heightCm * cmToFeet;
25         double heightInches = heightCm * cmToInches;
26
27         // Printing results
28         System.out.printf("The area of the triangle is %.2f sq cm and %.2f sq in.\n", areaCm, areaIn);
29         System.out.printf("Your height in cm is %.2f, in feet is %.2f, and in inches is %.2f.\n", heightCm, heightFeet, heightInches);
30     }
31 }
32
33

```

PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\Lab1\level2> javac AreaOfTriangle.java
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\Lab1\level2> java AreaOfTriangle
Enter the base in cm: 10
Enter the height in cm: 5
The area of the triangle is 25.00 sq cm and 3.88 sq in.
Your height in cm is 5.00, in feet is 0.16, and in inches is 1.97.
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\Lab1\level2>

3. Write a program to find the side of the square whose parameter you read from user

Hint => Perimeter of Square is 4 times side

I/P => perimeter

O/P => The length of the side is ____ whose perimeter is ____

```

1  import java.util.*;
2
3  public class PerimeterOfSquare{
4      public static void main(String[] args){
5
6          // Using Scanner to take the input
7          Scanner sc = new Scanner ( System.in);
8
9          // Taking the Input
10         System.out.print("Enter the side length :");
11         int side = sc.nextInt();
12
13         int perimeter = 4 * side; //calculating the Perimeter
14
15         // Displaying the output
16         System.out.printf("The length of the side is %d whose perimeter is %d",side,perimeter);
17     }
18 }

```

PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\Lab1\level2> javac PerimeterOfSquare.java
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\Lab1\level2> java PerimeterOfSquare
Enter the side length :45
The length of the side is 45 whose perimeter is 180
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\Lab1\level2>

4. Write a program the find the distance in yards and miles for the distance provided by user in feet

Hint => 1 mile = 1760 yards and 1 yard is 3 feet

I/P => distanceInFeet

O/P => Your Height in cm is ____ while in feet is ____ and inches is ____

```

1 import java.util.*;
2
3 public class Converter{
4     public static void main(String[] args){
5
6         // Using the Scanner to take the input under the alias sc
7         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
8
9         // Initialised variables for conversion
10        double yardFeet = 1.0/3;
11        double yardMiles = 1.0/1760;
12
13        // Prompting the user to give the input
14        System.out.print("Enter the Distance in feet :");
15        double distanceInFeet = sc.nextDouble();
16
17        // Conversion in yard and miles
18        double distanceInYard = yardFeet * distanceInFeet;
19        double distanceInMiles = yardMiles * distanceInYard;
20
21        // Displaying the output
22        System.out.print("Distance in yard is "+distanceInYard);
23        System.out.print("Distance in Miles is "+distanceInMiles);
24
25    }
26 }

```

PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> javac PerimeterOfSquare.java
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> java PerimeterOfSquare
Enter the side length :45
The length of the side is 45 whose perimeter is 180
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2>

- Write a program to input the unit price of an item and the quantity to be bought. Then, calculate the total price.

Hint => NA

I/P => unitPrice, quantity

O/P => The total purchase price is INR ____ if the quantity ____ and unit price is INR ____

```

1 import java.util.*;
2
3 public class BillCalculator{
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7         System.out.print("Enter the price for 1 unit :");
8         int unitPrice = sc.nextInt();
9
10        System.out.print("Enter the Quantity :");
11        int quantity = sc.nextInt();
12
13        int totalBill = unitPrice * quantity;
14        System.out.printf("The total purchase price is INR %d if the quantity %d and unit price is INR %d",totalBill,quantity,unitPrice);
15    }
16 }
17

```

PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> javac BillCalculator.java
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> java BillCalculator
Enter the price for 1 unit :45
Enter the Quantity :10
The total purchase price is INR 450 if the quantity 10 and unit price is INR 45
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2>

- Write a program to take 2 numbers and print their quotient and remainder

Hint => Use division operator (/) for quotient and moduli operator (%) for remainder

I/P => number1, number2

O/P => The Quotient is ____ and Reminder is ____ of two number ____ and ____

```

1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  public class DivisionOperations {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5          Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7          // Taking input
8          System.out.print("Enter the first number: ");
9          int number1 = sc.nextInt();
10
11          System.out.print("Enter the second number: ");
12          int number2 = sc.nextInt();
13
14          // Calculating quotient and remainder
15          int quotient = number1 / number2;
16          int remainder = number1 % number2;
17
18          // Printing the result
19          System.out.println("The Quotient is " + quotient + " and Remainder is " + remainder +
20                          " of two numbers " + number1 + " and " + number2);
21
22      }
23  }
24

```

```

PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> javac DivisionOperations.java
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> java DivisionOperations
Enter the first number: 74
Enter the second number: 25
The Quotient is 2 and Remainder is 24 of two numbers 74 and 25
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2>

```

- Write an **IntOperation** program by taking a, b, and c as input values and print the following integer operations $a + b * c$, $a * b + c$, $c + a / b$, and $a \% b + c$. Please also understand the precedence of the operators.

Hint =>

- Create variables a, b, c of int data type.
- Take user input for a, b, and c.
- Compute 3 integer operations and assign the result to a variable
- Finally, print the result and try to understand operator precedence.

I/P => fee, discountPercent

O/P => The results of Int Operations are —, —, and —

```

1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  public class IntOperation {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5          // Using Scanner for taking input under the alias sc
6          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7
8          // Taking input
9          System.out.print("Enter value for a: ");
10         int a = scanner.nextInt();
11
12         // Taking input
13         System.out.print("Enter value for b: ");
14         int b = scanner.nextInt();
15
16         // Taking input
17         System.out.print("Enter value for c: ");
18         int c = scanner.nextInt();
19
20         // Performing operations
21         int result1 = a + b * c; // Multiplication (*) has higher precedence than addition (+)
22         int result2 = a * b + c; // Multiplication (*) first, then addition (+)
23         int result3 = c + a / b; // Division (/) first, then addition (+)
24         int result4 = a % b + c; // Modulus (%) first, then addition (+)
25
26         // Printing results
27         System.out.println("Result of a + b * c: " + result1);
28         System.out.println("Result of a * b + c: " + result2);
29         System.out.println("Result of c + a / b: " + result3);
30         System.out.println("Result of a % b + c: " + result4);
31
32         scanner.close();
33     }
34 }
35

```

```

PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> javac IntOperation.java
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> java IntOperation
Enter value for a: 14
Enter value for b: 4
Enter value for c: 5
Result of a + b * c: 34
Result of a * b + c: 61
Result of c + a / b: 8
Result of a % b + c: 7
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2>

```

8. Similarly, write the **DoubleOpt** program by taking double values and doing the same operations.

```
1 import java.util.*;
2
3 public class DoubleOpt {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7         // Taking input
8         System.out.print("Enter value for a (double): ");
9         double a = sc.nextDouble();
10
11         System.out.print("Enter value for b (double): ");
12         double b = sc.nextDouble();
13
14         System.out.print("Enter value for c (double): ");
15         double c = sc.nextDouble();
16
17         // Performing operations
18         double result1 = a + b * c; // Multiplication (*) has higher precedence than addition (+)
19         double result2 = a * b + c; // Multiplication (*) first, then addition (+)
20         double result3 = c + a / b; // Division (/) first, then addition (+)
21         double result4 = a % b + c; // Modulus (%) first, then addition (+)
22
23         // Printing results
24         System.out.println("Result of a + b * c: " + result1);
25         System.out.println("Result of a * b + c: " + result2);
26         System.out.println("Result of c + a / b: " + result3);
27         System.out.println("Result of a % b + c: " + result4);
28     }
29 }
30
31
```

```
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> javac DoubleOpt
.java
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2> java DoubleOpt
Enter value for a (double): 45
Enter value for b (double): 25
Enter value for c (double): 5
Result of a + b * c: 170.0
Result of a * b + c: 1130.0
Result of c + a / b: 6.8
Result of a % b + c: 25.0
PS E:\JAVA PROGRAMS\STEP\lab1\level2>
```