

Lab 8 : Dipesh Singh - 190905520

Question 1 : Write a program to create a heap for the list of integers using top-down heap construction algorithm and analyze its time efficiency. Obtain the experimental results for order of growth and plot the result.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void heapify(int arr[], int n, int *op)
{
    if (n <= 1)
    {
        return;
    }
    if (arr[n] > arr[n / 2])
    {
        (*op)++;
        int temp = arr[n];
        arr[n] = arr[n / 2];
        arr[n / 2] = temp;
    }
    heapify(arr, n / 2, op);
}

int insert(int arr[], int n, int val, int *op)
{
    n = n + 1;
    arr[n] = val;
    heapify(arr, n, op);
    return n;
}

int main()
{
    int arr[100];
    int choice = 0, ele;
    int n = 0;
    int opcount = 0;
    while (choice < 4)
    {
        printf("Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Dis
play opcount 4)Exit\n : ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice)
        {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the element : ");
                scanf("%d", &ele);
```

```

        n = insert(arr, n, ele, &opcount);
        break;
    case 2:
        printf("The heap is : ");
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        {
            printf("%d ", arr[i]);
        }
        printf("\n");
        break;
    case 3:
        printf("The opcount for %d insertions is %d\n", n, opcount);
    case 4:
        continue;
        break;
    default:
        printf("Wrong choice entered, enter again\n");
    }
}
return 0;
}

```

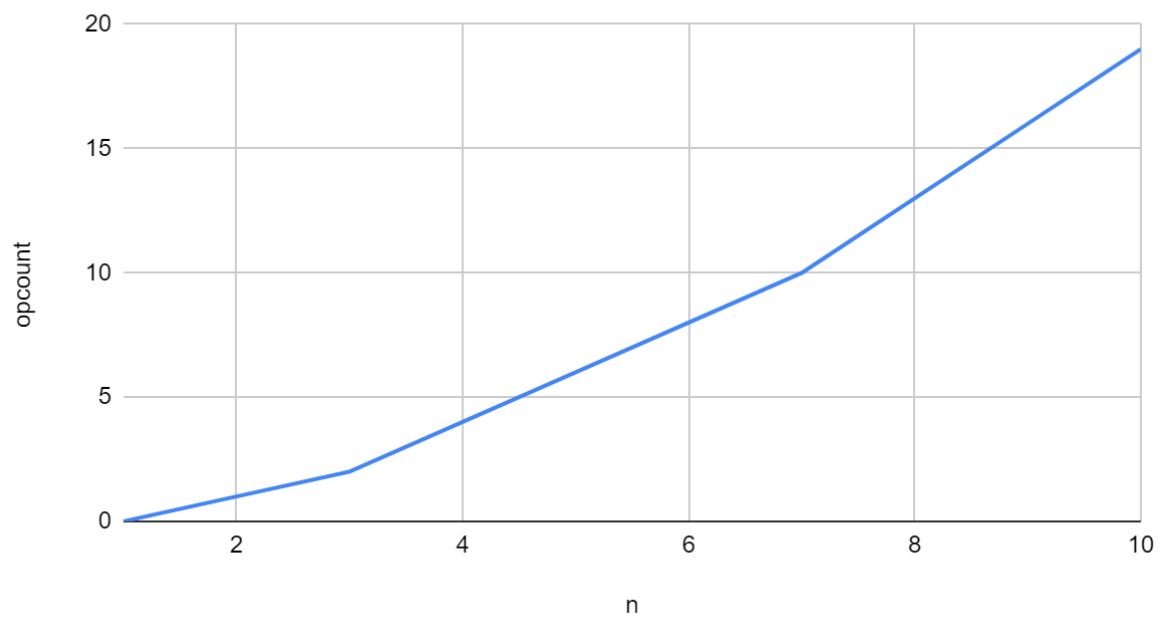
```

dops@LAPTOP-IDOMDFE4:/mnt/d/Google Drive/Work/Study Material/2nd Year/4th Semester/DAA/DAA/Lab/Lab 8$ ./topDownHeap
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 1
Enter the element : 1
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 2
The heap is : 1
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 1
Enter the element : 2
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 2
The heap is : 2 1
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 1
Enter the element : 3
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 2
The heap is : 3 1 2
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 1
Enter the element : 6
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 2
The heap is : 6 3 2 1
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 1
Enter the element : 7
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 2
The heap is : 7 6 2 1 3
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 3
The opcount for 5 insertions is 6
Enter your choice : 1)Insert Element 2)Display Heap 3)Display opcount 4)Exit
: 4

```

n	opcount
1	0
2	1
3	2
4	4
5	6
6	8
7	10
8	13
9	16
10	19

opcount vs. n



Question 2 : Write a program to sort the list of integers using heap sort with bottom up max heap construction and analyze its time efficiency. Prove experimentally that the worst case time complexity is  $O(n \log n)$

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void heapify(int arr[], int n, int *op)
{
    for (int i = n / 2; i >= 1; i--)
    {
        int v = arr[i];
        int k = i;
        int flag = 0;
        while (!flag && 2 * k <= n)
        {
            (*op)++;
            int j = 2 * k;
            if (j < n)
            {
                if (arr[j] < arr[j + 1])
                {
                    j++;
                }
            }
            if (v < arr[j])
            {
                arr[k] = arr[j];
                k = j;
            }
            else
            {
                flag = 1;
            }
        }
        arr[k] = v;
    }
    return;
}

int maxDel(int arr[], int n, int *op)
{
    int temp = arr[1];
    arr[1] = arr[n];
    arr[n] = temp;
    n = n - 1;
    heapify(arr, n, op);
    return n;
}
```

```

}

int main()
{
    int n;
    printf("Enter the number of elements to be entered : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n + 1];
    printf("Enter the array : ");
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }
    printf("The array entered is : ");
    for (int i = 1; i < n + 1; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    int opcount = 0;
    heapify(arr, n, &opcount);
    printf("\nThe heap is : ");
    for (int i = 1; i < n + 1; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\nThe sorted array is : ");
    int t = n;

    for (int i = 1; i <= t; i++)
    {
        n = maxDel(arr, n, &opcount);
    }
    for (int i = 1; i <= t; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\nThe opcount is : %d\n", opcount);
    return 0;
}

```

```

dops@LAPTOP-IDOMDPE4:/mnt/d/Google Drive/Work/Study Material/2nd Year/4th Semester/DAA/DAA/Lab/Lab 8$ ./heapsort
Enter the number of elements to be entered : 1
Enter the array : 1
The array entered is : 1
The heap is : 1
The sorted array is : 1
The opcount is : 0
dops@LAPTOP-IDOMDPE4:/mnt/d/Google Drive/Work/Study Material/2nd Year/4th Semester/DAA/DAA/Lab/Lab 8$ ./heapsort
Enter the number of elements to be entered : 5
Enter the array : 1 2 3 4 5
The array entered is : 1 2 3 4 5
The heap is : 5 4 3 1 2
The sorted array is : 1 2 3 4 5
The opcount is : 8
dops@LAPTOP-IDOMDPE4:/mnt/d/Google Drive/Work/Study Material/2nd Year/4th Semester/DAA/DAA/Lab/Lab 8$ ./heapsort
Enter the number of elements to be entered : 10
Enter the array : 5 4 2 6 7 9 1 3 10 8
The array entered is : 5 4 2 6 7 9 1 3 10 8
The heap is : 10 8 9 6 7 2 1 3 4 5
The sorted array is : 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
The opcount is : 33

```

n	opcount
1	0
2	1
3	2
4	5
5	8
6	12
7	16
8	22
9	28
10	35

opcount vs. n

