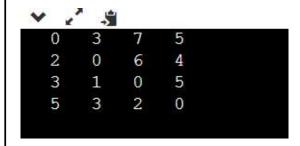
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Write a program to implement Warshall's Algorithm.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void printMatrix(int matrix[][nV]);
// Implementing floyd warshall algorithm
void floydWarshall(int graph[][nV]) {
 int matrix[nV][nV], i, j, k;
 for (i = 0; i < nV; i++)
  for (j = 0; j < nV; j++)
    matrix[i][j] = graph[i][j];
 // Adding vertices individually
 for (k = 0; k < nV; k++) {
  for (i = 0; i < nV; i++) {
    for (j = 0; j < nV; j++) {
     if (matrix[i][k] + matrix[k][j] < matrix[i][j])
       matrix[i][j] = matrix[i][k] + matrix[k][j];
 printMatrix(matrix);
void printMatrix(int matrix[][nV]) {
 for (int i = 0; i < nV; i++) {
  for (int j = 0; j < nV; j++) {
    if (matrix[i][j] == INF)
    printf("%4s", "INF");
     printf("%4d", matrix[i][j]);
  printf("\n");
int main() {
 int graph[nV][nV] = \{\{0, 3, INF, 5\},
         {2, 0, INF, 4},
         {INF, 1, 0, INF},
         {INF, INF, 2, 0}};
 floydWarshall(graph);
```

OUTPUT:



Write a program to sort the array using Heap Sort.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void heapify(int a[], int n, int i)
  int largest = i; // Initialize largest as root
  int left = 2 * i + 1; // left child
  int right = 2 * i + 2; // right child
  // If left child is larger than root
  if (left < n && a[left] > a[largest])
     largest = left;
  // If right child is larger than root
  if (right < n && a[right] > a[largest])
     largest = right;
  // If root is not largest
  if (largest != i) {
     // swap a[i] with a[largest]
     int temp = a[i];
     a[i] = a[largest];
     a[largest] = temp;
     heapify(a, n, largest);
  }
void heapSort(int a∏, int n)
  for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i \ge 0; i = 0)
     heapify(a, n, i);
  // One by one extract an element from heap
  for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
     /* Move current root element to end*/
     // swap a[0] with a[i]
     int temp = a[0];
     a[0] = a[i];
     a[i] = temp;
     heapify(a, i, 0);
/* function to print the array elements */
void printArr(int arr∏, int n)
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
     printf("%d", arr[i]);
     printf(" ");
```

```
}
int main()
{
  int a[] = {38, 32, 54, 15, 55, 20, 3};
  int n = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
  printf("Before sorting array elements are - \n");
  printArr(a, n);
  heapSort(a, n);
  printf("\nAfter sorting array elements are - \n");
  printArr(a, n);
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Before sorting array elements are -
38 32 54 15 55 20 3
After sorting array elements are -
3 15 20 32 38 54 55
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 0.147 s
Press any key to continue.
```