**Course Name:** Data Structures and Algorithms Lab

Course code: MCSE501P

Faculty Name: SARAVANAN R - SCOPE

#### Lab Assessment – 3

## List of programs:

- 1. Write a program in C using arrays to implement the following: Create two lists A and B to store data (receive the input from key board, A to store int and B to store char). Perform the following operations:
  - a. Deletion of 1<sup>st</sup>, last, intermediate elements (get the input from the key board)
  - b. Insertion at the beginning, end, intermediate locations (get the input from the key board)
  - c. Splitting of list into two equal parts
- 2. Write a program in C to implement queue and operations on it (enqueue, dequeue, location of front and back pointers, display elements). Get the input from the key board for creating queue.
- 3. Write a program in C to implement circular queue and operations on it (enqueue, dequeue, location of front and back pointers, display elements). Get the input from the key board for creating queue.
- 4. Write a program in C to implement stack and operations on the it (push, pop, top element, display elements).
- 5. Write a program in C to evaluate the postfix form of an algebraic expression using stack. Get the input from the keyboard.
- 6. Write a program in C to convert infix form of an algebraic expression into postfix form using stack. Get the input from the keyboard.
- 7. Write a program in C to implement the following data structures: Singly linked list, doubly linked list, singly linked circular list, doubly linked circular list. Perform insertion and deletion on these data structures.
- 8. Write a program in C to perform radix sort
- 9. Write a program in C to perform insertion sort
- 10. Write a program in C to perform merge sort
- 11. Write a program in C to perform selection sort

1. Write a program in C using arrays to implement the following: Create two lists A and B to store data (receive the input from key board, A - to store int and B - to store char). Perform the following operations:

a.Deletion of 1<sup>st</sup>, last, intermediate elements (get the input from the key board) b. Insertion at the beginning, end, intermediate locations (get the input from the key board)

c. Splitting of list into two equal parts

#### Program code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int actualIndexInt=0:
int actualIndexChar=0;
void menu(){
  printf("\nPress 1. Delete 1st element");
  printf("\nPress 2. Delete last element");
  printf("\nPress 3. Delete element of a given index");
  printf("\nPress 4. Insert element in the begining");
  printf("\nPress 5. Insert element in the end");
  printf("\nPress 6. Insert element at a given index");
  printf("\nPress 7. Split the list");
  printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
}
void printIntArray(int arr[],int n){
  for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)
    if(i!=n)
       printf("%d, ",arr[i]);
    else
       printf("%d",arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
void printCharArray(char arr[],int n){
  for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)
    if(i!=n)
       printf("%c, ",arr[i]);
    else
       printf("%c ",arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
}
int main(){
  int n1;
  int n2;
  int temp;
  char tempc;
  printf("Enter size of integer array:");
  scanf("%d",&n1);
  actualIndexInt=n1-1;
```

```
int intArr[(n1+5)];
int i;
printf("Enter elements of integer array : ");
for(i=0;i<n1;i++)
  scanf("%d",&intArr[i]);
printf("Enter the size of the character array : ");
scanf("%d",&n2);
actualIndexChar=n2-1;
char charArr[(n2+5)];
printf("Enter elements of character array : ");
for(i=0;i<n2;i++){
  fflush(stdin):
  scanf("%c",&charArr[i]);
}
int loop=1;
while(loop){
  printf("\nPress 1. Operate on integer array");
  printf("\nPress 2. Operate on character list");
  printf("\nPress 3. Exit");
  printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
  int ch1;
  scanf("%d",&ch1);
  switch(ch1){
    case 1:;
       menu();
       int ch1;
       scanf("%d",&ch1);
       switch(ch1){
         case 1:;
           temp=intArr[0];
           for(i=1;i<=actualIndexInt;i++)</pre>
              intArr[i-1]=intArr[i];
           printf("\n%d removed successfully from the list ",temp);
           actualIndexInt--;
           printIntArray(intArr,actualIndexInt);
         break;
         case 2:;
           temp=intArr[actualIndexInt--];
           printf("\n%d removed successfully from the list ",temp);
           printIntArray(intArr,actualIndexInt);
         break;
           printf("\nEnter index of the element you want to delete");
           int ind;
           scanf("%d",&ind);
           if(ind<=actualIndexInt){</pre>
              temp=intArr[ind];
              for(i=ind+1;i<=actualIndexInt;i++)
```

```
intArr[i-1]=intArr[i];
     printf("\n%d removed successfully from the list ",temp);
    actualIndexInt--:
    printIntArray(intArr,actualIndexInt);
  }
  else
     printf("\nInvalid index");
break;
case 4:;
  printf("\nEnter element to be inserted ");
  for(i=actualIndexInt;i>=0;i--)
      intArr[i+1]=intArr[i];
  scanf("%d",&intArr[0]);
  actualIndexInt++;
  printf("\nElement addition successful ");
  printIntArray(intArr,actualIndexInt);
break;
case 5:;
  printf("\nEnter element to be inserted");
  scanf("%d",&intArr[++actualIndexInt]);
  printf("\nElement addition succsful ");
  printIntArray(intArr,actualIndexInt);
break;
case 6:;
  printf("\nEnter index in which element to be inserted");
  scanf("%d",&temp);
    if(temp<=actualIndexInt){
    for(i=actualIndexInt;i>=temp;i--)
         intArr[i+1]=intArr[i];
    printf("\nEnter element to be inserted");
    scanf("%d",&intArr[temp]);
    actualIndexInt++;
    printf("\nElement added successfully\n");
    printIntArray(intArr,actualIndexInt);
  }
  else
    printf("\nInvalid index");
break;
case 7:;
  int l1[actualIndexInt/2];
  int l1Len=0;
  int l2[actualIndexInt-(actualIndexInt/2)];
  int I2Len=0;
  for(int i=0;i<=actualIndexInt;i++){
    if(i<=actualIndexInt/2)
      l1[l1Len++]=intArr[i];
    else
```

```
l2[l2Len++]=intArr[i];
      }
      printf("\nThe splitted arrays are : \n");
      printIntArray(l1,l1Len-1);
      printIntArray(l2,l2Len-1);
  }
    break;
    /*default:;
      printf("Wrong Input"); */
  }
  break;
case 2:;
  menu();
  char ch2;
  fflush(stdin);
  scanf("%c",&ch2);
  {
  switch(ch2){
    case '1':;
      tempc=charArr[0];
      for(i=1;i<=actualIndexChar;i++)</pre>
         charArr[i-1]=charArr[i];
      printf("\n%c removed successfully from the list ",tempc);
      actualIndexChar--;
      printCharArray(charArr,actualIndexChar);
    break;
    case '2':;
      tempc=charArr[actualIndexChar--];
      printf("\n%c removed successfully from the list ",tempc);
      printCharArray(charArr,actualIndexChar);
    break;
    case '3':;
      printf("\nEnter index of the element you want to delete ");
      int ind;
      scanf("%d",&ind);
      if(ind<=actualIndexChar){
         tempc=charArr[ind];
         for(i=ind+1;i<=actualIndexChar;i++)
           charArr[i-1]=charArr[i];
         printf("\n%c removed successfully from the list ",tempc);
         actualIndexChar--;
         printCharArray(charArr,actualIndexChar);
      }
      else
         printf("\nInvalid index");
    break;
```

```
case '4':;
  printf("\nEnter element to be inserted ");
  for(i=actualIndexChar:i>=0:i--)
      charArr[i+1]=charArr[i];
  fflush(stdin);
  scanf("%c",&charArr[0]);
  actualIndexChar++;
  printf("\nElement addition successful ");
  printCharArray(charArr,actualIndexChar);
break;
case '5'::
  printf("\nEnter element to be inserted ");
  fflush(stdin);
  scanf("%c",&charArr[++actualIndexChar]);
  printf("\nElement addition succsful ");
  printCharArray(charArr,actualIndexChar);
break;
case '6':;
  printf("\nEnter index in which element to be inserted ");
  scanf("%d",&temp);
  if(temp<=actualIndexInt){</pre>
    for(i=actualIndexInt;i>=temp;i--)
         charArr[i+1]=charArr[i];
    printf("\nEnter element to be inserted ");
    fflush(stdin);
    scanf("%c",&charArr[temp]);
    actualIndexChar++;
    printf("\nElement added successfully ");
    printCharArray(charArr,actualIndexChar);
  else
    printf("\nInvalid index");
break;
case '7':;
  char lc1[(actualIndexChar/2)];
  int lc1Len=0;
  char lc2[(actualIndexChar-(actualIndexChar/2))];
  int lc2Len=0;
  for(int i=0;i<=actualIndexChar;i++){</pre>
    if(i<=actualIndexChar/2)
      lc1[lc1Len++]=charArr[i];
    else
      lc2[lc2Len++]=charArr[i];
  printf("\nThe splitted arrays are : \n");
  printCharArray(lc1,lc1Len-1);
  printCharArray(lc2,lc2Len-1);
```

Output:- Two lists IntArr and CharArr to store the input from key board, A - to store integer data and B - to store character data.

```
C rw semaphore.c 1 X C dining monitor.c
                                                       C linked_list.c 1
                                                                              C dining.c
c program > OS_LAB > C rw_semaphore.c > O reader(void *)
        int numreader = 0;
         void *writer(void *wno)
              sem_wait(&wrt);
 DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT
                                                                                                     PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB> gcc linked_list.c -o linked_list.exe PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB> .\linked_list  
Enter size of integer array : 5
Enter elements of integer array : 1
Enter the size of the character array : 6
Enter elements of character array : q
 Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
 Enter your choice :
                                                                          Ln 24, Col 44 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF C W
```

## **Operation on Integer list:**

#### 1. Deletion of First element:

```
▷ ∨ ⇔ □ …
c program > DS_LAB > C linked_list.c > 🕅 main()
                                   scanf("%d",&intArr[++actualIndexInt]);
                                   printf("\nElement addition succeful");
                                   printIntArray(intArr,actualIndexInt);
                                                                                       D linked list + ✓ □ 🛍
                PROBLEMS 2
                                         TERMINAL
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice: 1
1 removed successfully from the list 2, 3, 4, 5
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
```

#### 2. Deletion of last element:

```
▷ ∨ ∰ Ⅲ …
c program > DS_LAB > C linked_list.c > \bigcirc main()
                                      scanf("%d",&intArr[++actualIndexInt]);
                                      printf("\nElement addition succsful
                                      printIntArray(intArr,actualIndexInt);
DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT
                                                                                              D linked_list + ∨ □ 🛍 ^ ×
1 removed successfully from the list 2, 3, 4, 5
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice : 1
Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice: 2
5 removed successfully from the list 2, 3, 4
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice :
```

#### 3. Delete element of a given index :

```
DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT
                                      TERMINAL
                                                                                ☑ linked_list + ✓ Ⅲ Ⅲ
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice: 3
Enter index of the element you want to delete2
4 removed successfully from the list 2, 3
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice :
```

## 4. Insert at beginning

```
C linked list.c 1 X C dining.c
                                                                                               ▷ ∨ ⇔ □ …
c program > DS_LAB > C linked_list.c > 🕅 main()
                                     printf("\nInvalid index");
                            break;
              PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT TERMINAL

    □ powershell + ∨ □ 
    □ ^ ×

Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice: 4
Enter element to be inserted 8
Element addition successful 8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
```

#### 5.Insert at end

```
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice : 5
Enter element to be inserted9
Element addition succsful 8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
```

#### 6. Insert at given index

```
Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice : 6

Enter index in which element to be inserted5

Enter element to be inserted1

Element added successfully
8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 5, 9

Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
```

#### 7. Split the list

```
PROBLEMS 1

    powershell + ∨ □

                                       TERMINAL
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice: 7
The splitted arrays are :
4, 1, 5, 9
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
```

#### **Operation on character list:**

#### 1. Deletion of First element:

```
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice : 2

Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice : 1

q removed successfully from the list w, e, r, t

Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
```

#### 2. Deletion of last element:

```
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice : 2

Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice : 2

t removed successfully from the list w, e, r
```

## 3. Delete element of a given index :

```
t removed successfully from the list w, e, r

Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice : 2

Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice : 3

Enter index of the element you want to delete 2

r removed successfully from the list w, e

Press 1. Operate on integer array

Attach (c program)

Ln 112, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF C Win32 RP Q
```

#### 4. Insert at beginning

```
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice : 2

Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element at a given index
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice : 4

Enter element to be inserted a

Element addition successful a, w, e
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice :
```

#### 5. Insert at end

```
Element addition successful a, w, e

Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice : 2

Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice : 5

Enter element to be inserted f

Element addition succesful a, w, e, f
Press 1. Operate on integer array
```

#### 6. Insert at given index

```
Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice : 2

Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice : 6

Enter index in which element to be inserted 3

Enter element to be inserted j

Element added successfully a, w, e, j, f
```

## 7. Split the list

```
Element added successfully a, w, e, j, f

Press 1. Operate on integer array
Press 2. Operate on character list
Press 3. Exit
Enter your choice : 2

Press 1. Delete 1st element
Press 2. Delete last element
Press 3. Delete element of a given index
Press 4. Insert element in the begining
Press 5. Insert element in the end
Press 6. Insert element at a given index
Press 7. Split the list
Enter your choice : 7

The splitted arrays are :
a, w, e
j, f
```

2. Write a program in C to implement queue and operations on it (enqueue, dequeue, location of front and back pointers, display elements). Get the input from the key board for creating queue.

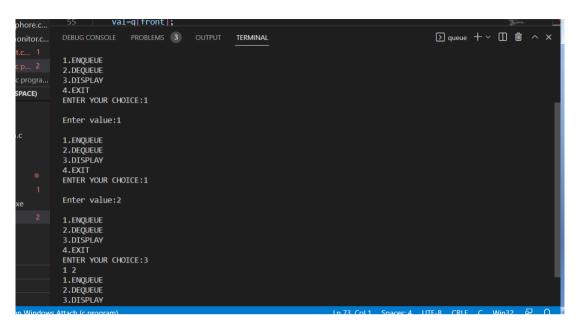
#### Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void enqueue(int[],int);
int dequeue(int[]);
void display(int[]);
#define SIZE 5
int q[SIZE],front=-1,rear=-1;
void main(){
  int val,ch;
  do{
    printf("\n1.ENQUEUE\n2.DEQUEUE\n3.DISPLAY\n4.EXIT\nENTER YOUR CHOICE:");
    scanf("%d",&ch);
    switch(ch){
      case 1:
        printf("\nEnter value:");
        scanf("%d",&val);
        enqueue(q,val);
      break;
      case 2:
        val=dequeue(q);
        printf("\nDELETED VALUE: %d",val);
      break;
      case 3:
        display(q);
      break;
      default:
```

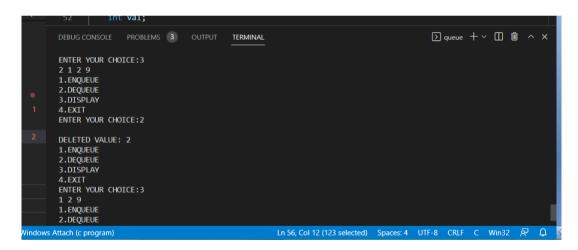
```
printf("\nInvalid input");
  }while(ch!=4);
void enqueue(int q[], int val){
  if(rear==SIZE-1)
    printf("\nQUEUE IS FULL");
  else if(front==-1){
    front++;
    rear++;
  }
  else
    rear++;
  q[rear]=val;
int dequeue(int q[]){
  int val;
  if(front==-1 | | front>rear)
    printf("\nQUEUE IS EMPTY");
  val=q[front];
  front++;
  if(front>rear){
    front=-1;
    rear=-1;
  }
  return val;
void display(int q[]){
  int i;
  if(front==-1 | | front>rear)
    printf("\nQUEUE IS EMPTY");
  else{
    for(i=front;i<=rear;i++)</pre>
      printf("%d ",q[i]);
  }
}
```

## **Output:**

## 1. enqueue



## 2. de que ue



## 3. display elements

```
DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS 3 OUTPUT TERMINAL

Enter value:5

QUEUE IS FULL

1. ENQUEUE

2. DEQUEUE

3. DISPLAY

4. EXIT

ENTER YOUR CHOICE:3

1 2 5

1. ENQUEUE

3. DISPLAY

4. EXIT

ENTER YOUR CHOICE:3

1 2 TERMINAL

DISPLAY

4. EXIT

ENTER YOUR CHOICE:
```

3. Write a program in C to implement circular queue and operations on it (enqueue, dequeue, location of front and back pointers, display elements). Get the input from the key board for creating queue.

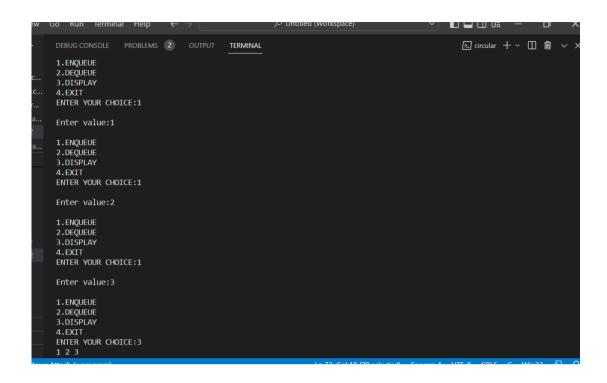
#### Code:-

```
#include<stdio.h>
void enqueue(int[],int);
int dequeue(int[]);
void display(int[]);
#define SIZE 5
int q[SIZE],front=-1,rear=-1;
void main(){
  int val,ch;
  do{
    printf("\n1.ENQUEUE\n2.DEQUEUE\n3.DISPLAY\n4.EXIT\nENTER YOUR CHOICE:");
    scanf("%d",&ch);
    switch(ch){
      case 1:
        printf("\nEnter value:");
        scanf("%d",&val);
        enqueue(q,val);
      break;
      case 2:
      val=dequeue(q);
        printf("\nDELETED VALUE: %d",val);
      break;
      case 3:
        display(q);
      break;
      case 4:
      break;
      default:
        printf("Wrong input");
  }while(ch!=4);
void enqueue(int q[], int val){
  if(front==-1 && rear==-1){
      front=rear=0;
      q[rear]=val;
  }
    else if ((rear+1)%SIZE==front ){
```

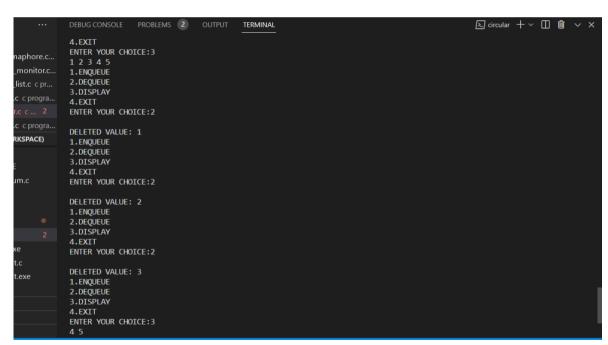
```
printf("Queue overflown");
    }
    else{
      rear=(rear+1)%SIZE;
      q[rear]=val;
    }
  }
int dequeue(int q[]){
  int val;
  if(front==-1 | | (front==-1 && rear==-1))
    printf("\nQUEUE IS EMPTY");
  else{
    val=q[front];
    if(front==rear)
      front=rear=-1;
    else
      front=(front+1)%SIZE;
    return val;
  }
void display(int q[]){
  int i;
  if(front==-1 | | (front==-1 && rear==-1))
    printf("\nQUEUE IS EMPTY");
  else{
    for(i=front;i<=rear;i++)</pre>
      printf("%d ",q[i]);
  }
}
```

#### **Output:-**

1. enque ue



## 2. dequeue



#### 3. Display

```
ENTER YOUR CHOICE:1

Enter value:1

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
ENTER YOUR CHOICE:3
2 1
1.ENQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
ENTER YOUR CHOICE:1

Enter value:3

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
ENTER YOUR CHOICE:1

Enter value:3

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
ENTER YOUR CHOICE:3
2 1 3
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
ENTER YOUR CHOICE:3
2 1 3
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
ENTER YOUR CHOICE:3
4.EXIT
ENTER YOUR CHOICE:
ENTER YOUR CHOICE:
```

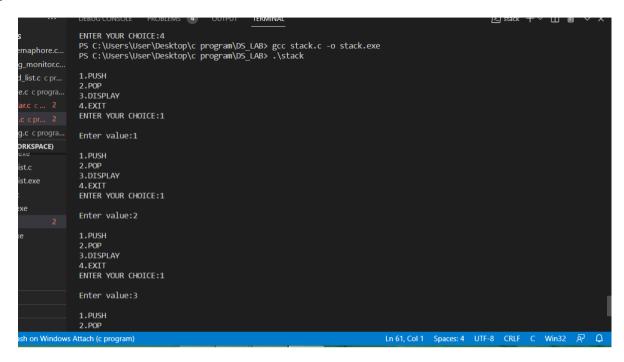
# 4. Write a program in C to implement stack and operations on the it (push, pop, top element, display elements).

```
#include<stdio.h>
void push(int[],int);
int pop(int[]);
void display(int[]);
#define MAX 5
int s[MAX],top=-1;
void main(){
  int val,ch;
  do{
    printf("\n1.PUSH\n2.POP\n3.DISPLAY\n4.EXIT\nENTER YOUR CHOICE:");
    scanf("%d",&ch);
    switch(ch){
      case 1:
        printf("\nEnter value:");
        scanf("%d",&val);
        push(s,val);
      break;
      case 2:
        val=pop(s);
        printf("\nDELETED VALUE: %d",val);
      break;
      case 3:
```

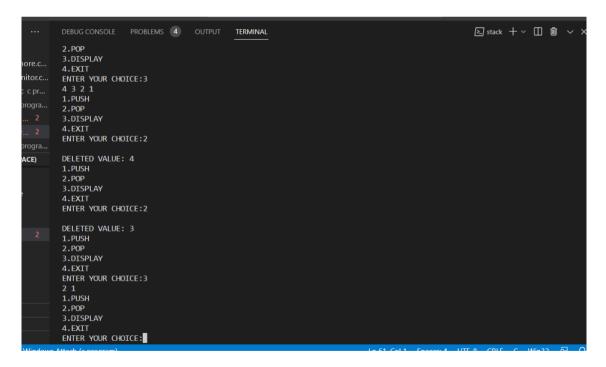
```
display(s);
      break;
 }while(ch!=4);
void push(int s[], int val){
  if(top==MAX-1)
    printf("\nOVERFLOW");
  else{
    top++;
    s[top]=val;
  }
}
int pop(int s[]){
  int val;
  if(top==-1)
    printf("\nUNDERFLOW");
  else{
    val=s[top];
    top--;
  }
  return val;
void display(int s[]){
  int i;
  if(top==-1)
    printf("\nUNDERFLOW");
  else{
    for(i=top;i>=0;i--)
      printf("%d ",s[i]);
  }
}
```

#### **Output:-**

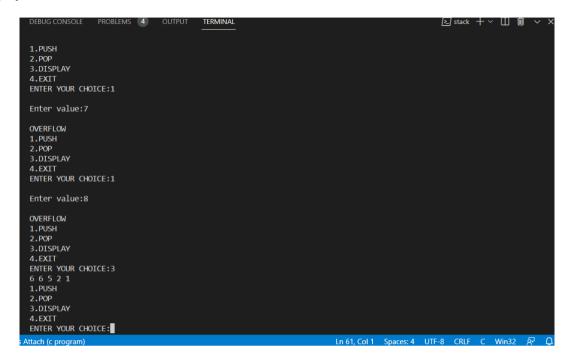
#### 1. push operation



#### 2. Pop Operations



## 3. Display



5. Write a program in C to evaluate the postfix form of an algebraic expression using stack. Get the input from the keyboard.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
int stack[20];
int top = -1;

void push(int x)
{
    stack[++top] = x;
}

int pop()
{
    return stack[top--];
}

int main()
{
    char exp[20];
    char *e;
    int n1,n2,n3,num;
    printf("Enter the expression :: ");
```

```
scanf("%s",exp);
  e = exp;
  while(*e != '\0')
    if(isdigit(*e))
      num = *e - 48;
      push(num);
    }
    else
      n1 = pop();
      n2 = pop();
      switch(*e)
      case '+':
        n3 = n1 + n2;
        break;
      }
      case '-':
        n3 = n2 - n1;
        break;
      }
      case '*':
        n3 = n1 * n2;
        break;
      }
      case '/':
         n3 = n2 / n1;
         break;
      }
      push(n3);
    }
    e++;
  printf("\nThe result of expression %s = %d\n\n",exp,pop());
  return 0;
}
```

#### **Output:-**

```
+ FullyQualifiedErrorId: ExpectedValueExpression

OTE.C...

DESC:\Users\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB> ./postfix
Enter the expression :: 34*25*+

The result of expression 34*25*+ = 22

PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB> ./postfix
Enter the expression :: 234*+

The result of expression 234*+ = 14

OGGA...

PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB> ./postfix
Enter the expression :: 523**

The result of expression 523** = 30

PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB> ./postfix
Enter the expression :: 342+*5*

The result of expression 342+*5* = 90

PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB> .

In 57, Col 22 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF C Win32 R CALF C Win32 R
```

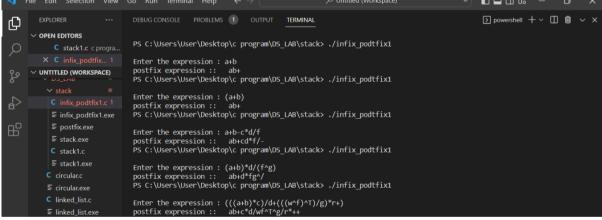
6. Write a program in C to convert infix form of an algebraic expression into postfix form using stack. Get the input from the keyboard.

## Program:-

```
#include <limits.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX 20
char stk[20];
int to p = -1;
int isEmpty()
  return top == -1;
int is Full()
  return top == MAX - 1;
}
char peek()
  return stk[top];
char pop()
{
  if(isEmpty())
    return -1;
```

```
char ch = stk[top];
  top--;
  return(ch);
void push(char oper)
  if(isFull())
    printf("Stack Full!!!!");
  else{
    top++;
    stk[top] = oper;
  }
}
int checkIfOperand(char ch)
  return (ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z') || (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z');
int precedence(char ch)
  switch (ch)
  case '+':
  case '-':
    return 1;
  case '*':
  case '/':
    return 2;
  case '^':
    return 3;
  }
  return -1;
int covertInfixToPostfix(char* expression)
  int i, j;
  for (i = 0, j = -1; expression[i]; ++i)
     if (checkIfOperand(expression[i]))
       expression[++j] = expression[i];
     else if (expression[i] == '(')
       push(expression[i]);
     else if (expression[i] == ')')
       while (!isEmpty() && peek() != '(')
         expression[++j] = pop();
       if (!isEmpty() && peek() != '(')
         return -1;
       else
         pop();
    }
    else
```

```
while (!isEmpty() && precedence(expression[i]) <= precedence(peek()))
        expression[++i] = pop();
      push(expression[i]);
    }
  }
  printf("postfix expression :: \t");
while (!isEmpty())
    expression[++j] = pop();
  expression[++j] = '\0';
  printf( "%s\n", expression);
int main()
  char exp[100];
  char *e, x;
  printf("\nEnter the expression : ");
  scanf("%s",exp);
  e = exp;
  covertInfixToPostfix(exp);
  return 0;
}
Output:-
                                                                                □□□□□ -
                               PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT
```



7. Write a program in C to implement the following data structures: Singly linked list, doubly linked list, singly linked circular list, doubly linked circular list. Perform insertion and deletion on these data structures.

#### 7.1. Singly linked list

#### Program:-

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
{
   int data;
   struct node *next;
};
struct node *head;
```

```
void beginsert ();
void lastinsert ();
void randominsert();
void begin_delete();
void last_delete();
void random_delete();
void display();
void search();
void main ()
  int choice =0;
  while(choice != 9)
    printf("\nChoose one option from the following list ...\n");
     printf("\n1.Insert in begining\n2.Insert at last\n3.Insert at any random location\n4.Delete from
Beginning\n5.Delete from last\n6.Delete node after specified location\n7.Show\n8.Exit\n");
    printf("\nEnter your choice?\n");
    scanf("\n%d",&choice);
    switch(choice)
      case 1:
      beginsert();
      break;
      case 2:
      lastinsert();
      break;
      case 3:
      randominsert();
      break;
      case 4:
      begin_delete();
      break:
      case 5:
      last_delete();
      break;
      case 6:
      random_delete();
      break;
      case 7:
      display();
      break;
      case 8:
      exit(0);
      break;
      default:
      printf("Please enter valid choice..");
    }
  }
void beginsert()
```

```
struct node *ptr;
  int item;
  ptr = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node *));
  if(ptr == NULL)
    printf("\nOVERFLOW");
  }
  else
    printf("\nEnter value\n");
    scanf("%d",&item);
    ptr->data = item;
    ptr->next = head;
    head = ptr;
    printf("\nNode inserted");
 }
void lastinsert()
  struct node *ptr,*temp;
  int item;
  ptr = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  if(ptr == NULL)
    printf("\nOVERFLOW");
  }
  else
    printf("\nEnter value?\n");
    scanf("%d",&item);
    ptr->data = item;
    if(head == NULL)
      ptr -> next = NULL;
      head = ptr;
      printf("\nNode inserted");
    }
    else
      temp = head;
      while (temp -> next != NULL)
      {
        temp = temp -> next;
      temp->next = ptr;
      ptr->next = NULL;
      printf("\nNode inserted");
```

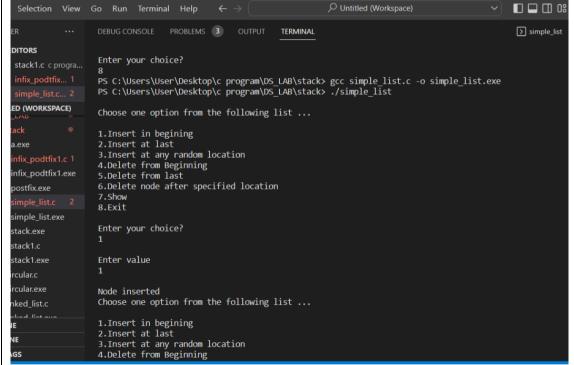
```
void randominsert()
  int i,loc,item;
  struct node *ptr, *temp;
  ptr = (struct node *) malloc (sizeof(struct node));
  if(ptr == NULL)
  {
    printf("\nOVERFLOW");
  }
  else
  {
    printf("\nEnter element value");
    scanf("%d",&item);
    ptr->data = item;
    printf("\nEnter the location after which you want to insert ");
    scanf("\n%d",&loc);
    temp=head;
    for(i=0;i<loc;i++)
      temp = temp->next;
      if(temp == NULL)
         printf("\ncan't insert\n");
         return;
      }
    }
    ptr ->next = temp ->next;
    temp ->next = ptr;
    printf("\nNode inserted");
}
void begin_delete()
  struct node *ptr;
  if(head == NULL)
    printf("\nList is empty\n");
  }
  else
    ptr = head;
    head = ptr->next;
    free(ptr);
    printf("\nNode deleted from the begining ...\n");
}
void last_delete()
```

```
struct node *ptr,*ptr1;
  if(head == NULL)
  {
    printf("\nlist is empty");
  else if(head -> next == NULL)
    head = NULL;
    free(head);
    printf("\nOnly no de of the list deleted ...\n");
 }
  else
  {
    ptr = head;
    while(ptr->next != NULL)
      ptr1 = ptr;
      ptr = ptr ->next;
    ptr1->next = NULL;
    free(ptr);
    printf("\nDeleted Node from the last ...\n");
 }
void random_delete()
  struct node *ptr,*ptr1;
  int loc,i;
  printf("\n Enter the location of the node after which you want to perform deletion \n");
  scanf("%d",&loc);
  ptr=head;
  for(i=0;i<loc;i++)
    ptr1 = ptr;
    ptr = ptr->next;
    if(ptr == NULL)
      printf("\nCan't delete");
      return;
    }
  ptr1 ->next = ptr ->next;
  free(ptr);
  printf("\nDeleted node %d ",loc+1);
void display()
  struct node *ptr;
```

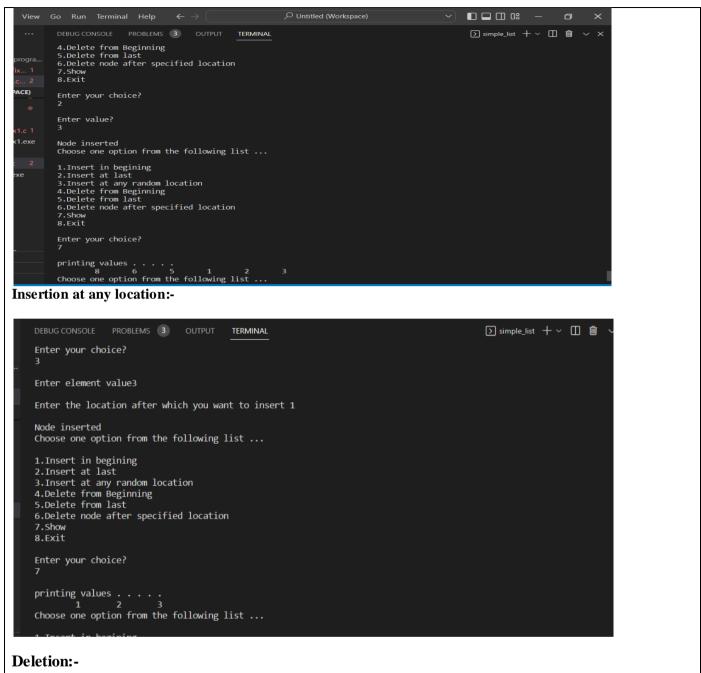
```
ptr = head;
if(ptr == NULL)
{
    printf("Nothing to print");
}
else
{
    printf("\nprinting values . . . . \n");
    while (ptr!=NULL)
    {
        printf("\t%d",ptr->data);
        ptr = ptr -> next;
    }
}
```

#### **Output:-**

#### Insertion at beginning:-



**Insertion at last:** 



#### List before deletion:-

```
Enter your choice?
7

printing values . . . .

4  8  6  5  3  1  2  3

Choose one option from the following list ...

Deletion at beginning:
```

```
6.Delete node after specified location
7.Show
8.Exit
Enter your choice?
4
Node deleted from the begining ...
Choose one option from the following list ...
1.Insert in begining
2.Insert at last
3.Insert at any random location
4.Delete from Beginning
5.Delete from last
6.Delete node after specified location
7.Show
8.Exit
Enter your choice?
7
printing values . . . .
8 6 5 3 1 2 3
Choose one option from the following list ...
1.Insert in begining
2.Insert at last
```

#### **Deletion at last**

```
4.Delete from Beginning
5.Delete from last
6.Delete node after specified location
7.Show
8.Exit

Enter your choice?
5

Deleted Node from the last ...
Choose one option from the following list ...

1.Insert in begining
2.Insert at last
3.Insert at any random location
4.Delete from Beginning
5.Delete from last
6.Delete from last
6.Delete node after specified location
7.Show
8.Exit

Enter your choice?
7

printing values . . . .

8 6 5 3 1 2
Choose one option from the following list ...
1.Insert in begining
```

#### **Deletion at given location:-**

```
DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS 3 OUTPUT TERMINAL

7. Show
8. Exit
Enter your choice?
6
Enter the location of the node after which you want to perform deletion
3
Deleted node 4
Choose one option from the following list ...

1. Insert in begining
2. Insert at last
3. Insert at any random location
4. Delete from Beginning
5. Delete from Beginning
6. Delete from Beginning
7. Show
8. Exit
Enter your choice?
7
printing values . . . .
8
Choose one option from the following list ...

1. Insert in begining
7. Insert in begin be
```

## 7.2. doubly linked list

Code:-

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
struct node* prev;
int data;
struct node* next;
};
struct node* head = NULL;
void insert at beginning(int);
void insert at end(int);
void insert_at_position(int, int);
void delete_from_beginning();
void delete from position(int);
void delete from end();
void print from beginning();
void print from end(struct node*);
void search data(int);
void update node data(int, int);
void list_sort();
struct node* create node(int);
int size_of_list();
int getData();
int getPosition();
void empty_list_message();
void memory_error_message();
void invalid position message();
int main()
{
// char user active = 'Y';
int user_choice;
int data, position;
while (1)
printf("-----");
printf("\n\n----- Doubly Linked List -----\n");
printf("\n1. Insert a node at the beginning");
printf("\n2. Insert a node at the end");
printf("\n3. Insert a node at the given position");
printf("\n\n4. Delete a node from the beginning");
printf("\n5. Delete a node from the end");
printf("\n6. Delete a node from the given position");
printf("\n\n7. Print list from the beginning");
printf("\n8. Search a node data");
printf("\n9. Exit");
```

```
printf("\n\n----\n");
printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &user_choice);
printf("\n----\n");
switch(user_choice)
case 1:
printf("\nInserting a no de at beginning");
data = getData();
insert_at_beginning(data);
break;
case 2:
printf("\nInserting a node at end");
data = getData();
insert at end(data);
break:
case 3:
printf("\nInserting a node at the given position");
data = getData();
position = getPosition();
insert at position(data, position);
break:
case 4:
printf("\nDeleting a node from beginning\n");
delete from beginning();
break;
case 5:
printf("\nDeleting a node from end\n");
delete_from_end();
break;
case 6:
printf("\nDelete a node from given position\n");
position = getPosition();
delete_from_position(position);
break;
case 7:
printf("\nPrinting the list from beginning\n\n");
print from beginning();
break;
case 8:
printf("\nSearching the node data");
data = getData();
search data(data);
break;
printf("\nProgram was terminated\n\n");
return 0;
default:
printf("\n\tInvalid Choice\n");
printf("\n....\n");
```

```
// printf("\nDo you want to continue? (Y/N) : ");
// fflush(stdin);
// scanf(" %c", &user_active);
return 0;
void memory_error_message()
printf("\nMemory was not allocated!\n");
void invalid position message()
printf("\nInvalid position!\n");
void empty list message()
printf("\nList is Empty!\n");
struct node* create_node(int data)
struct node* new_node = (struct node*) malloc(sizeof(struct
node));
if (new_node == NULL)
return NULL;
else
new_node->prev = NULL;
new node->data = data;
new_node->next = NULL;
}
void insert_at_beginning(int data)
struct node* new_node = create_node(data);
if (new node == NULL)
memory_error_message();
return;
else if(head == NULL)
head = new_node;
}
else
new_node->next = head;
head->prev = new_node;
head = new node;
```

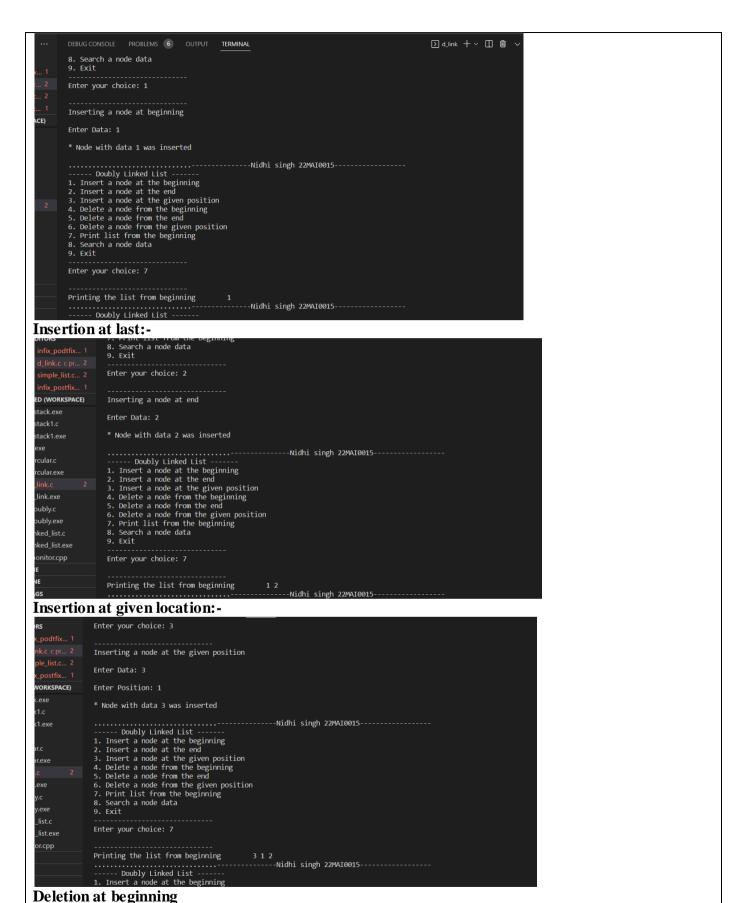
```
printf("\n* Node with data %d was inserted \n", data);
void insert_at_end(int data)
struct node* new_node = create_node(data);
if (new_node == NULL)
memory error message();
return;
else if (head == NULL)
head = new node;
}
else
struct node* temp = head;
while (temp->next != NULL)
temp = temp = temp->next;
temp->next = new_node;
new_node->prev = temp;
printf("\n* Node with data %d was inserted \n", data);
void insert_at_position(int data, int pos)
struct node* new_node = create_node(data);
int size = size of list();
if (new_node == NULL)
memory_error_message();
return;
else if (head != NULL && (pos < 1 | | pos > size))
invalid position message();
return;
else if (head == NULL && pos == 1)
head = new_node;
else if (head != NULL && pos == 1)
new node->next = head;
head->prev = new_node;
head = new_node;
}
else
```

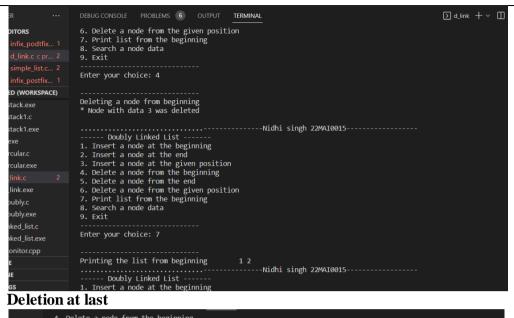
```
struct node* temp = head;
int count = 1;
while (++count < pos)
temp = temp->next;
temp->next->prev = new node;
new node->next = temp->next;
temp->next = new_node;
new node->prev = temp;
printf("\n* Node with data %d was inserted \n", data);
void delete from beginning()
if (head == NULL)
empty_list_message();
return;
struct node* temp = head;
head = head->next;
int data = temp->data;
free(temp);
printf("\n* Node with data %d was deleted \n", data);
void delete from end()
if (head == NULL)
empty_list_message();
return;
}
struct node* temp = head;
int data = 0;
while (temp->next != NULL)
temp = temp->next;
if (temp->prev == NULL)
head = NULL;
else
temp->prev->next = temp->next;
data = temp->data;
free(temp);
printf("\n* Node with data %d was deleted \n", data);
```

```
void delete from position(int pos)
if (head == NULL)
empty_list_message();
return;
int size = size_of_list();
struct node* temp = head;
int data = 0;
if (pos < 1 | | pos > size)
invalid_position_message();
return;
else if (pos == 1)
head = head->next;
data = head->data;
free(temp);
printf("\n* Node with data %d was deleted \n", data);
else
int count = 0;
while (++count < pos)
temp = temp->next;
temp->prev->next = temp->next;
if (pos!= size)
temp->next->prev = temp->prev;
data = temp->data;
free(temp);
printf("\n* Node with data %d was deleted \n", data);
void print_from_beginning()
struct node* temp = head;
while (temp != NULL)
printf("%d ", temp->data);
temp = temp->next;
}
void search_data(int data)
```

```
struct node* temp = head;
int position = 0;
int flag = 0;
while (temp != NULL)
position += 1;
if (temp->data == data)
flag = 1;
break;
temp = temp->next;
if (flag == 0)
printf("\nNode with data %d was not found\n", data);
else
printf("\nNode found at %d position\n", position);
int getData()
int data;
printf("\n\nEnter Data: ");
scanf("%d", &data);
return data;
}
int getPosition()
int position;
printf("\nEnter Position: ");
scanf("%d", &position);
return position;
int size_of_list()
struct node* temp = head;
int count = 0;
while (temp != NULL)
{
count += 1;
temp = temp->next;
return count;
}
```

Insertion at beginning:-





#### **Deletion at given location**

```
1. Insert a node at the beginning
2. Insert a node at the end
3. Insert a node at the given position
4. Delete a node from the beginning
5. Delete a node from the beginning
6. Delete a node from the given position
7. Print list from the beginning
8. Search a node data
9. Exit

Enter your choice: 6

Delete a node from given position
Enter Position: 2

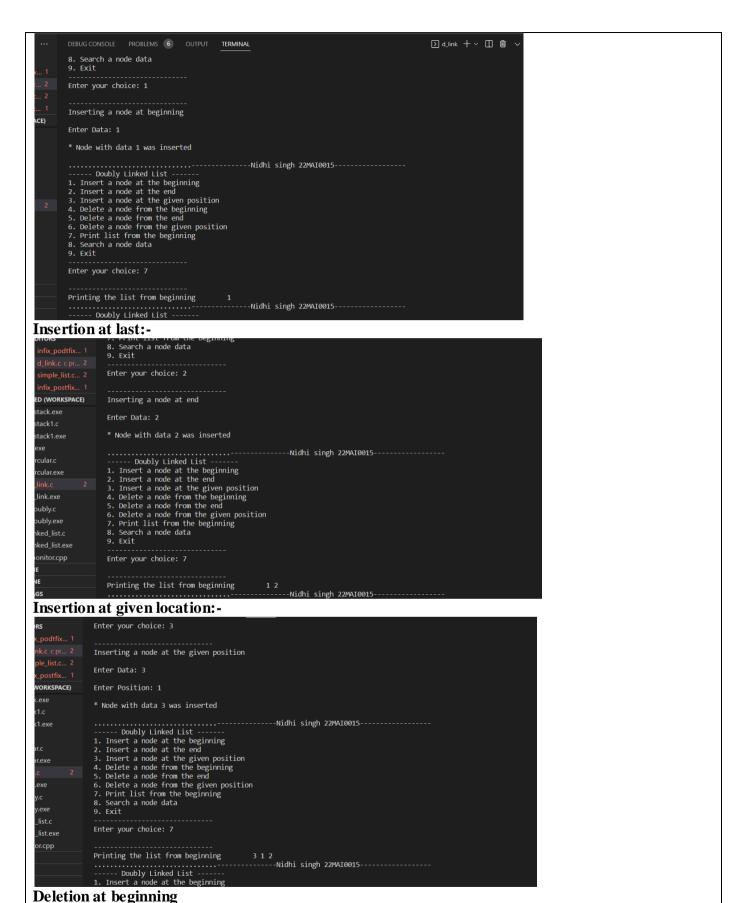
Invalid position!

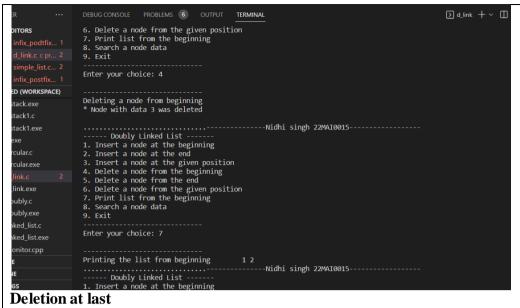
----- Doubly Linked List ----
1. Insert a node at the beginning
2. Insert a node at the beginning
3. Insert a node at the end
3. Insert a node at the given position
4. Delete a node from the given position
4. Delete a node from the beginning
5. Delete a node from the beginning
6. Delete a node from the beginning
7. Print list from the beginning
8. Search a node data
9. Exit

Enter your choice: ■
```

# Output:-

**Insertion at beginning:-**





#### **Deletion at given location**

## 7.3. singly linked circular list

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
int data;
struct node *next;
};
struct node *head;
void beginsert ():
void lastinsert ();
void randominsert();
void begin_delete();
void last_delete();
void random delete();
void display();
void search();
void main ()
int choice =0;
while(choice != 7)
printf("\n*******Main Menu*******\n");
printf("\nChoose one option from the following list ...\n");
printf("\n=======\n");
printf("\n1.Insert in begining\n2.Insert at last\n3.Delete from Beginning\n");
printf("4.Delete from last\n5.Search for an element\n6.Show\n7.Exit\n");
printf("\nEnter your choice?\n");
scanf("\n%d",&choice);
switch(choice)
case 1:
beginsert();
break;
case 2:
lastinsert();
break;
case 3:
begin_delete();
break;
case 4:
last_delete();
break;
case 5:
search();
break;
```

```
case 6:
display();
break;
case 7:
exit(0);
break;
default:
printf("Please enter valid choice..");
}
}
void beginsert()
struct node *ptr, *temp;
int item;
ptr = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
if(ptr == NULL)
printf("\nOVERFLOW");
else
printf("\nEnter the node data?");
scanf("%d",&item);
ptr -> data = item;
if(head == NULL)
head = ptr;
ptr -> next = head;
else
temp = head;
while(temp->next != head)
temp = temp->next;
ptr->next = head;
temp -> next = ptr;
head = ptr;
printf("\nnode inserted\n");
}
void lastinsert()
struct node *ptr,*temp;
int item;
ptr = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
if(ptr == NULL)
printf("\nOVERFLOW\n");
```

```
else
printf("\nEnter Data?");
scanf("%d",&item);
ptr->data = item;
if(head == NULL)
head = ptr;
ptr -> next = head;
else
temp = head;
while(temp -> next != head)
temp = temp -> next;
temp -> next = ptr;
ptr -> next = head;
printf("\nnode inserted\n");
void begin delete()
struct node *ptr;
if(head == NULL)
printf("\nUNDERFLOW");
else if(head->next == head)
head = NULL;
free(head);
printf("\nnode deleted\n");
else
{ ptr = head;
while(ptr -> next != head)
ptr = ptr -> next;
ptr->next = head->next;
free(head);
head = ptr->next;
printf("\nnode deleted\n");
void last_delete()
struct node *ptr, *preptr;
if(head==NULL)
```

```
printf("\nUNDERFLOW");
else if (head ->next == head)
head = NULL;
free(head);
printf("\nnode deleted\n");
else
ptr = head;
while(ptr ->next != head)
preptr=ptr;
ptr = ptr->next;
preptr->next = ptr -> next;
free(ptr);
printf("\nnode deleted\n");
void search()
struct node *ptr;
int item,i=0,flag=1;
ptr = head;
if(ptr == NULL)
printf("\nEmpty List\n");
else
printf("\nEnter item which you want to search?\n");
scanf("%d",&item);
if(head ->data == item)
printf("item found at location %d",i+1);
flag=0;
}
else
while (ptr->next != head)
if(ptr->data == item)
printf("item found at location %d ",i+1);
flag=0;
break;
}
else
```

```
flag=1;
}
i++;
ptr = ptr -> next;
if(flag != 0)
printf("Item not found\n");
void display()
struct node *ptr;
ptr=head;
if(head == NULL)
printf("\nnothing to print");
else
printf("\n printing values ... \n");
while(ptr -> next != head)
printf("%d\n", ptr -> data);
ptr = ptr -> next;
printf("%d\n", ptr -> data);
}
```

Insertion at beginning:-



**Deletion at last** 

```
infix_podtfix... 1
d_link.c cpr... 2
list_circ c pr... 2
list_circ cpr... 2
link.postfix... 1

ED (WORKSPACE)
link.exe

bubly.c

bubly.c

bubly.exe
liked_list.c

chked_list.ce
t_circ.exe
conitor.cpp
bostfix.c

control.cpp
bostfix.c

control.cpp
control.cp

control.cpp
control.cp

control.cpp
control.cp

control.cpp
c
```

#### Search

# 7.4.doubly linked circular list Insertion at beginning:-

```
4.Delete from last
5.Search
6.Show
7.Exit

Enter your choice?
1

Enter Item value1

Node inserted

**************************

Choose one option from the following list ...

1.Insert in Beginning
2.Insert at last
3.Delete fromBeginning
4.Delete from last
5.Search
6.Show
7.Exit

Enter your choice?
6

printing values ...
```

## Insertion at last:-

# **Deletion at beginning**

#### **Deletion at last**

# 8. Write a program in C to perform radix sort Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int getMax(int array[], int n) {
int max = array[0];
for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
 if (array[i] > max)
   max = array[i];
return max;
void countingSort(int array[], int size, int place) {
int output[size + 1];
int max = (array[0] / place) \% 10;
for (int i = 1; i < size; i++) {
  if (((array[i] / place) \% 10) > max)
   max = array[i];
int count[max + 1];
for (int i = 0; i < max; ++i)
  count[i] = 0;
 for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
  count[(array[i] / place) % 10]++;
  for (int i = 1; i < 10; i++)
  count[i] += count[i - 1];
 for (int i = size - 1; i >= 0; i--)
  output[count[(array[i] / place) % 10] - 1] = array[i];
  count[(array[i] / place) % 10]--;
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
  array[i] = output[i];
void radixsort(int array[], int size) {
 int max = getMax(array, size);
 for (int place = 1; max / place > 0; place *= 10)
  countingSort(array, size, place);
void printArray(int array[], int size) {
for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
  printf("\t%d\n ", array[i]);
printf("\n");
int main() {
int array[] = \{121, 432, 564, 23, 1, 45, 788\};
int n = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);
radixsort(array, n);
printArray(array, n);
```

### 9. Write a program in C to perform insertion sort

```
#include <stdio.h>
void printArray(int array[], int size) {
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
 printf("\n\t%d", array[i]);
printf("\n");
void insertionSort(int array[], int size) {
for (int step = 1; step < size; step++) {
 int key = array[step];
 int j = step - 1;
while (key < array[j] \&\& j >= 0) {
   array[j + 1] = array[j];
   --j;
 array[j + 1] = key;
}
int main() {
int data[] = \{9, 5, 1, 4, 3, 6, 45, 13, 98, 8, 4, 2\};
int size = sizeof(data) / sizeof(data[0]);
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
 printf("\n\t%d", data[i]);
}
insertionSort(data, size);
printf("Sorted array in ascending order:\n");
printArray(data, size);
```

```
}
```

```
PS C:\User\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB\stack> gcc insertion.c -o insertion.exe
PS C:\User\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB\stack> ./insertion

9
5
1
4
3
6
45
13
98
8
4
2 Sorted array in ascending order:

1
2
3
4
4
5
6
8
9
13
4
9
PS C:\User\Desktop\c program\DS_LAB\stack> ./
```

## 10. Write a program in C to perform merge sort

### Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
void printArray(int *A, int n)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("\n%d", A[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void merge(int A[], int mid, int low, int high)
{
    int i, j, k, B[100];
    i = low;
    j = mid + 1;
    k = low;

    while (i <= mid && j <= high)
    {
        if (A[i] < A[j])
```

```
B[k] = A[i];
       i++;
       k++;
     }
     else
       B[k] = A[j];
       j++;
       k++;
  while (i <= mid)
     B[k] = A[i];
     k++;
     i++;
  while (j \le high)
     B[k] = A[j];
     k++;
    j++;
  for (int i = low; i \le high; i++)
     A[i] = B[i];
void mergeSort(int A[], int low, int high){
  int mid;
  if(low<high){</pre>
     mid = (low + high) / 2;
     mergeSort(A, low, mid);
     mergeSort(A, mid+1, high);
     merge(A, mid, low, high);
}
int main()
  // int A[] = \{9, 14, 4, 8, 7, 5, 6\};
  int A[] = \{9, 1, 4, 14, 4, 15, 6\};
  int n = sizeof(A) / sizeof(A[0]);
 printf("unsorted element list : \n");
  printArray(A, n);
  mergeSort(A, 0, n-1);
  printf("sorted list : \n");
```

```
printArray(A, n);
return 0;
}
```

# 11. Write a program in C to perform selection sort program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
void swap(int *xp, int *yp)
{
    int temp = *xp;
    *xp = *yp;
    *yp = temp;
}
void selectionSort(int arr[], int n)
{
    int i, j, min_idx;
    for (i = 0; i < n-1; i++)
    {
        min_idx = i;
        for (j = i+1; j < n; j++)
        if (arr[j] < arr[min_idx])
        min_idx = j;
        if(min_idx != i)
            swap(&arr[min_idx], &arr[i]);
    }
}
void printArray(int arr[], int size)</pre>
```

```
{
  int i;
  for (i=0; i < size; i++)
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
}
  int main()
{
  int arr[] = {64,25,1,4,2,8,2,6,4,12,22,11};
  int n = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
  selectionSort(arr, n);
  printf("Sorted array: \n");
  printArray(arr, n);
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

