Logistic Regression Kaggle Data Set Processing

```
In [ ]:
          import numpy as np
 In [1]:
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import pandas as pd
          from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
          # Used for Confusion Matrix
          from sklearn import metrics
          import seaborn as sns
          np.set printoptions(precision=2, suppress=True)
          from sklearn.datasets import fetch openml
          #dataset = fetch openml("mnist 784")
          # Used for Splitting Training and Test Sets
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          %matplotlib inline
          from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
          from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
In [15]:
          s list = []
          intercept list = []
          weights_list = []
          df = pd.read csv("HR.csv")
          from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
          from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
          labelencoder = LabelEncoder()
          df['n Gender'] = labelencoder.fit transform(df['Gender'])
          df['n JobRole']=labelencoder.fit transform(df['JobRole'])
          df['n Attrition'] = labelencoder.fit transform(df['Attrition'])
          df['n BusinessTravel'] = labelencoder.fit transform(df['BusinessTravel'])
          df['n Department'] = labelencoder.fit transform(df['Department'])
          df['n EducationField'] = labelencoder.fit transform(df['EducationField'])
          df.head()
```

```
df.drop(['Attrition','MaritalStatus','OverTime','Over18','BusinessTravel','JobRole','Gender','Department','Educ
        axis=1, inplace=True)
df.head()
p = df['n Attrition']
#df.drop(['n Attrition'],axis=1, inplace=True)
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
kf = KFold(n_splits=5, random state=None, shuffle=True)
train = df.to_numpy()
test = p.to numpy()
#.values.ravel()
dftemp = df
#p = df.from dict(p,orient='index',columns=['n Attrition'])
#p.shape()
for train index, test index in kf.split(df):
    #print("TRAIN:", train index, "TEST:", test index, "\n\n")
    #print("start TRAIN:", train_index, "TEST:", test_index,"end\n\n")
    X train, X test = df.iloc[train index], df.iloc[test index]
    y train, y test = X train.loc[:,['n Attrition']], X test.loc[:,['n Attrition']]
    #X train, X test = train index, test index
    #y train, y test = , p.values.ravel()
    X train.drop(['n Attrition'],axis=1, inplace=True)
    train_img = X_train
    #train img.drop(['n Attrition'],axis=1, inplace=True)
    X test.drop(['n Attrition'],axis=1, inplace=True)
    test img = X test
    #test img.drop(['n Attrition'],axis=1, inplace=True)
    train lbl = y train
    test lbl = y test
    # test size: what proportion of original data is used for test set
   train img, test img, train lbl, test lbl = train test split(df, p, test size=1/7.0, random state=0)
    #train lbl.head()
```

```
#train_img.columns
#df.drop(['n Attrition'],axis=1, inplace=True)
X_train = train_img
X_test = test_img
Y_train = train_lbl
Y_test = test_lbl
logisticRegr = LinearRegression()
logisticRegr
np.set_printoptions(precision=2, suppress=True)
logisticRegr.fit(train_img, train_lbl.values.ravel())
#p = logisticRegr.intercept_
\#p = np.array2string(p)
\#p = str(round(p, 2))
print(f'intercept: {p}')
np.set_printoptions(precision=2, suppress=True)
p = logisticRegr.coef_[0]
p = logisticRegr.coef [0]
\#p = np.array2string(p)
\#p = round(p, 4)
\#p = np.array2string(p)
print(f" Weights {p}")
#logisticRegr.predict(test_img)
#logisticRegr.predict(test_img[0:10])
np.set printoptions(precision=2, suppress=True)
#score = logisticRegr.score(test img, test lbl)
```

```
#p = str(round(score, 2))
#print(p)
predictions = logisticRegr.predict(test_img)
print(f'\n Predict {predictions[:10]} \n Actual {test lbl[:10]}')
\#std\_dev = [s, s]
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
p = np.round(predictions).astype(int)
acc = accuracy_score(test_lbl,p)
#s = mean_squared_error(test_lbl, predictions)
p = round(acc, 2)
print(f'mean squared error {p}')
s_list.append(p)
```

```
intercept: 0
                   1
1
        0
2
        1
3
        0
1465
        0
1466
        0
1467
        0
1468
1469
Name: n Attrition, Length: 1470, dtype: int64
Weights -0.003922572756349346
```

```
Predict [0.15 0.37 0.16 0.21 0.01 0.32 0.34 0.13 0.07 0.43]
 Actual
            n Attrition
8
              0
              0
12
19
30
31
36
38
              0
41
44
              0
47
mean squared error 0.85
intercept: 0.85
Weights -0.0037047644726774655
 Predict [0.29 0.12 0.06 0.18 0.1 0.2 0.34 0.17 0.18 0.06]
 Actual
            n Attrition
0
              1
3
              0
5
13
16
23
24
29
              0
37
              0
39
mean squared error 0.83
intercept: 0.83
Weights -0.004673571955363548
 Predict [ 0.04 0.01 0.13 0.16 0.06 0.1 -0.19 0.09 0.13 0.25]
 Actual
            n Attrition
1
              0
6
              0
15
18
20
22
25
43
45
              1
51
mean squared error 0.84
intercept: 0.84
 Weights -0.003037182499893588
 Predict [ 0.4 0.14 0.42 0.19 -0.03 0.25 -0.03 0.28 0.33 0.33]
```

```
Actual
            n Attrition
14
              1
17
              0
26
              1
27
28
              0
32
33
              1
34
46
              0
54
mean squared error 0.85
intercept: 0.85
Weights -0.0033438458684491566
 Predict [ 0.27  0.48  0.27  0.2  0.17  0.13  0.36 -0.07  0.19  0.1 ]
 Actual
            n Attrition
2
              1
              0
4
7
              0
9
10
11
21
35
40
              0
49
mean squared error 0.85
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4163: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#ret
urning-a-view-versus-a-copy
 return super().drop(
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4163: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#ret
urning-a-view-versus-a-copy
 return super().drop(
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4163: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#ret
urning-a-view-versus-a-copy
 return super().drop(
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4163: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

```
See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#ret
         urning-a-view-versus-a-copy
           return super().drop(
         /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4163: SettingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#ret
         urning-a-view-versus-a-copy
           return super().drop(
         print(f'Mean Square Error ---> {s list}')
In [16]:
          std dev = s list
          p = round(np.std(std dev, dtype=np.float64),4)
          print(f' Standard Error ---> {p}')
         Mean Square Error ---> [0.85, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.85]
          Standard Error ---> 0.008
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
```

Splitting Data into Training and Test Sets

```
In [3]: | train_img.columns
Out[3]: Index(['Age', 'DailyRate', 'DistanceFromHome', 'Education', 'EmployeeCount',
                'EmployeeNumber', 'EnvironmentSatisfaction', 'HourlyRate',
                'JobInvolvement', 'JobLevel', 'JobSatisfaction', 'MonthlyIncome',
                'MonthlyRate', 'NumCompaniesWorked', 'PercentSalaryHike',
                'PerformanceRating', 'RelationshipSatisfaction', 'StandardHours',
                'StockOptionLevel', 'TotalWorkingYears', 'TrainingTimesLastYear',
                'WorkLifeBalance', 'YearsAtCompany', 'YearsInCurrentRole',
                'YearsSinceLastPromotion', 'YearsWithCurrManager', 'n Gender',
                'n JobRole', 'n BusinessTravel', 'n Department', 'n EducationField'],
              dtype='object')
         X train = train img
In [4]:
         X test = test img
         Y train = train lbl
         Y test = test lbl
```

```
#print(f'Xtrain {X train} X test {X test}')
        print(f'x_train {X_train[0:1]}')
In [5]:
        print(f'y train {Y train[0:1]}')
        print(f'x_train {X_test[0:1]}')
                  Age DailyRate DistanceFromHome Education EmployeeCount EmployeeNumber \
        x train
        1 49
                                                   1
          EnvironmentSatisfaction HourlyRate JobInvolvement JobLevel ... \
        1
                                          61
          WorkLifeBalance YearsAtCompany YearsInCurrentRole \
                                      10
          YearsSinceLastPromotion YearsWithCurrManager n Gender n JobRole \
        1
          n_BusinessTravel n_Department n_EducationField
        [1 rows x 31 columns]
       y_train
                  n Attrition
                  Age DailyRate DistanceFromHome Education EmployeeCount EmployeeNumber \
        x train
        0 41
                  1102
                                        1
                                                   2
          EnvironmentSatisfaction HourlyRate JobInvolvement JobLevel ... \
        0
                                          94
                                                          3
          WorkLifeBalance YearsAtCompany YearsInCurrentRole \
                       1
          YearsSinceLastPromotion YearsWithCurrManager n Gender n JobRole \
                                                            0
          n_BusinessTravel n_Department n_EducationField
                                      2
        [1 rows x 31 columns]
In [ ]:
In [6]: | print(train img.shape)
```

Using Logistic Regression on Entire Dataset

```
In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
          logisticRegr
In [10]:
Out[10]: LinearRegression()
          np.set_printoptions(precision=2, suppress=True)
In [11]:
          logisticRegr.fit(train img, train lbl)
          #logisticReqr = LogisticReqression(solver = 'lbfqs', max iter=1200)
Out[11]: LinearRegression()
          print('intercept:', logisticRegr.intercept_)
 In [ ]:
          np.set_printoptions(precision=2, suppress=True)
 In [ ]:
          p = logisticRegr.coef [0]
          \#p = np.array2string(p)
          print(f"{p}")
         Uses the information the model learned during the model training process
```

Measuring Model Performance

accuracy (fraction of correct predictions): correct predictions / total number of data points

Basically, how the model performs on new data (test set)