

WEEKLY TEST – 01

Subject : Theory of Computation


Maximum Marks 15
Q.1 to 5 Carry ONE Mark Each
[MCQ]

1. How many states are required in minimal DFA for regular expression $(a^*b^* + b^*(a^*b^*)^* + ab)$ on alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$?
- (a) 3 (b) 4
(c) 5 (d) 1

[MCQ]

2. Let, $L_1 = a^*b^*$
 $L_2 = b^*a^*$
 $L_1 - L_2$
- (a) ϕ (b) \in
(c) a^+b^+ (d) $a^* + b^*$

[NAT]

3. For regular expression $(ab^*b + a)(bba)(a^*b^*)(a + b)$, the length of the shortest string will be_____.

[MSQ]

4. Consider a regular expression:
 Regular expression: $(10^* + 1)^* \cup (11 + 0)^*$
 Which of the following string is/are generated by above regular expression?
- (a) 1011011 (b) 0110110
(c) 0001110 (d) 1111111

[MCQ]

5. For language $L = \{w_1 a w_2 \mid w_1, w_2 \in \{a + b\}^*, |w_1| < 3, |w_2| \leq 1\}$
 Which of the following will be correct regular expression?
- (a) $(\epsilon + a + b)^3 aa(a + b)$
 (b) $(a + b)^3 aa(a + b)$
 (c) $(\epsilon + a + b)^2 aa(\epsilon + a + b)$
 (d) $(a + b)^2 aa(a + b)$

Q.6 to 10 Carry TWO Mark Each
[MCQ]

6. Consider the following statements:
S₁: Complement of finite language always infinite.
S₂: Complement of infinite language can be finite.
S₃: Complement of infinite language can be infinite.
S₄: Complement of infinite language always finite.
 Which of the following is correct?
- (a) S_1 and S_2 are correct.
 (b) S_1, S_2 and S_4 are correct.
 (c) S_1, S_2 and S_3 are correct.
 (d) S_1 and S_4 are correct.

[MCQ]

7. Let a language $(L) = \{ab, ba, aa, b\}$. Then what is the highest power of language to generate the string aaabbabb?
- (a) L^5 (b) L^4
(c) L^6 (d) None of these

[MCQ]

8. For language $L = \{a^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ on alphabet $\Sigma = \{a\}$. What will be the correct regular expression for L^3 ?
- (a) $L^3 = \{a^{3n} \mid n \geq 0\}$
 (b) $L^3 = \{a^n \mid n \geq 0\}$
 (c) $L^3 = \{a^{3^n} \mid n \geq 0\}$
 (d) None of these



[NAT]

9. How many states are required for language $L = \{a^m b^n c^q \mid m, n, q \geq 0\}$ on alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$? _____

[NAT]

10. Consider a language L on $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$, $L = \{w \mid \text{number of } a\text{'s} = 2 \text{ and number of } b\text{'s} = \text{even}\}$ how many states are required in DFA to accept \bar{L} ? _____.

Answer Key

- | | |
|--------------|---------|
| 1. (d) | 6. (c) |
| 2. (c) | 7. (a) |
| 3. (5) | 8. (b) |
| 4. (a, b, d) | 9. (4) |
| 5. (c) | 10. (7) |

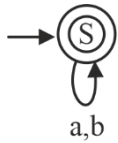
Hints and solutions

1. (d)

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Regular expression} &= a^*b^* + b^*(a^*b^*)^* + ab \\ &= a^*b^* + b^*(a+b)^* + ab \\ &= (a+b)^*\end{aligned}$$

$(a+b)^*$ will cover each and every string.

Minimal DFA:



Number of states = 1

2. (c)

$$L_1 - L_2 = a^+b^+$$

3. (5)

$$\frac{(ab^*b+a)}{a} \quad \frac{(bba)}{bba} \quad \frac{(a^*b^*)}{\in} \quad \frac{(a+b)}{a/b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Shortest string} &= abba \in a \\ &= abbaa \\ &= 5\end{aligned}$$

4. (a, b, d)

$$\text{Regular expression} = (10^* + 1)^* + (11 + 0)^*$$

- (a) 10 11 00 11 Possible
 (b) 0 11 0 11 0 Possible
 (c) 0 0 0 11 1 0 Not Possible
 (d) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Possible

Note: Take either first regular expression or second regular expression but don't take both.

5. (c)

- $|w_1| < 3$: length of the string can be 0 length or 1 length or 2 length
 $|w_1| < 3: (\epsilon + a + b)^2$
- $|w_2| \leq 1$: length of the string can be either 0 length or 1 length
 $|w_2| \leq 1: (\epsilon + a + b)^1$

$$\text{Regular expression} = (\epsilon + a + b)^2 aa (\epsilon + a + b)$$

Hence, option (c) is correct.

6. (c)

$$S_1 \text{ True: } \overline{a.b} = (ab)^+$$

$$S_2 \text{ True: } \overline{(a.b)^*} = \phi$$

$$S_3 \text{ True: } \overline{a(a+b)^*} = b(a+b)^* + \epsilon$$

$$S_4 \text{ True: } \overline{(a+b)^*} = \phi$$

$$\overline{a(a+b)^*} = b(a+b)^* + \epsilon$$

- Complement of finite language always infinite.
- Complement of infinite language can be finite or infinite.

Hence, option (c) is correct.

7. (a)

String = aabbabb

$$L = \{ab, ba, aa, b\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{L} \frac{a}{L} \frac{b}{L} \frac{b}{L} \frac{a}{L} \frac{b}{L} \frac{b}{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow L^5$$

Hence, option (a) is correct.

8. (b)

$$L = \{a^n \mid n \geq 0\}$$

$$= \{\epsilon, a, aa, aaa, \dots\}$$

$$= a^*$$

$$L^2 = L * L$$

$$= a^* \times a^*$$

$$= a^*$$

$$L^3 = L^2 * L$$

$$= a^* \times a^*$$

$$= a^*$$

$$L = \{a^n \mid n \geq 0\}$$

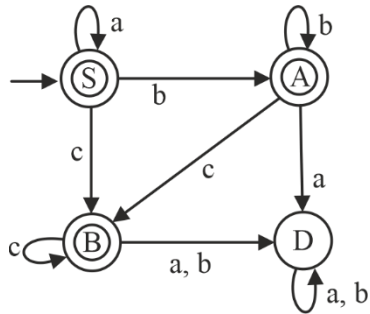
Hence, option (b) is correct.

9. (4)

$$L = \{a^m b^n c^q \mid m, n, q \geq 0\}$$

$$L = \{a^*, b^*, c^*, aa \dots bb \dots cc \dots\}$$

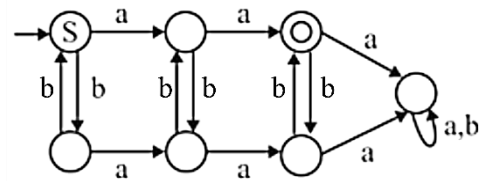
MDFA:



10. (7)

Range 7 to 7

- This type of language can be design by grid(mod) machine.



- Number of states in DFA is same as number of states in complement of DFA.
- So, number of states in $\bar{L} = 7$.



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