

WETHINKCODE_

WEB II

PROJECT II

Darkly:

There is something wrong...

Developer

Sibonelo NKOSI

Username: SINKOSI

Assessor

Mufaro SIMBISAYI

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1 INTRODUCTION

The aim of this project is to introduce you to computer security in the web domain. You will be able to discover OWASP, which is, no more and no less, the biggest web security project to date. You will also understand what a lot of frameworks do in an automatic and completely transparent way for you.

You will need to use a virtual machine (i386) to validate this project. Once your machine is started with the ISO supplied with the subject. Requirements:

- Virtual Box
- darkly.iso ([download here](#))
- Patience
- The Ability to keep your wits about you
- Other stuff (probably)

2 GETTING STARTED

2.1 Windows

Windows Installation*: Ensure that you have the latest version[1] of VirtualBox for Windows or download it from the [VirtualBox Website](#) or Windows Store.

2.1.1 Create Virtual Machine

Begin by Creating a new Virtual Machine. To do this click on the blue icon labelled new as shown in Figure [1 on the following page](#).

2.1.2 Name & Operating System

You have to give your Virtual Machine a new name, I have chosen 'Darkly'. Make sure to pick a folder for storage of the Virtual Machine or leave it to the default provided by Virtual Box.

You will have to choose the 'type' of machine you are creating. At this point you must select 'Linux' as this is what the Darkly.iso is based from. You will be given options or 'flavours' to choose from. Pick 'Other 64-bit'. This is best shown in Figure [2 on the next page](#).

Please do take note that the Darkly VM will not work if it is not 64-bit.

* Information provided is correct for current users configuration i.e Windows Home 10:2004, results may differ for other configurations

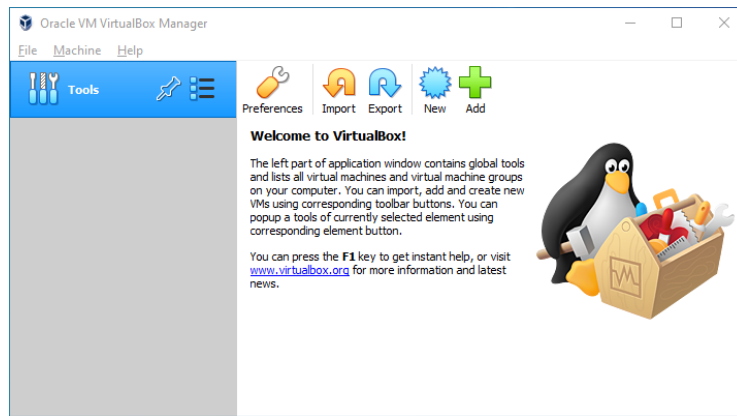


Figure 1: New Virtual Machine Setup

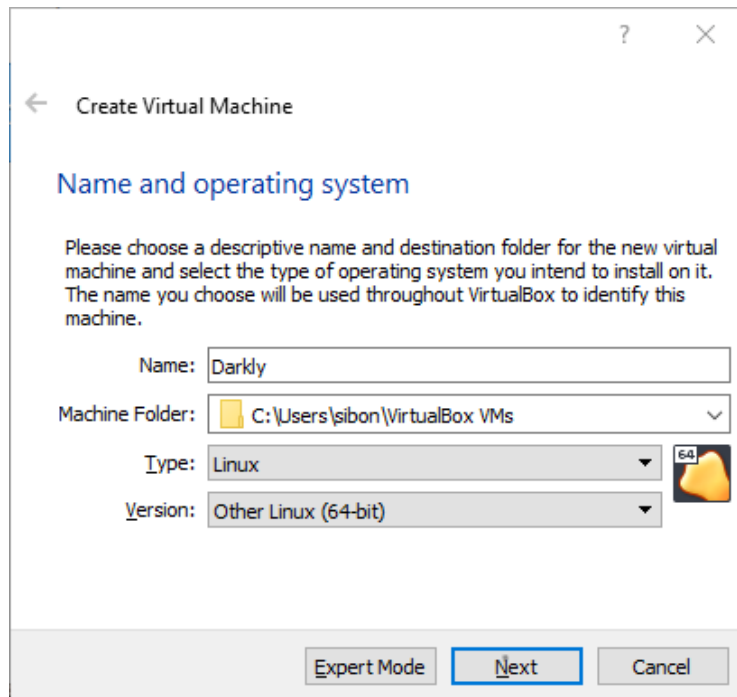


Figure 2: Setup Of Operating System Type and Name

2.1.3 Memory Size

Selecting a memory size is the next step. Darkly will not be actively running as another Virtual Machine would. Therefore only a limited amount of RAM is required. The recommended size is 512MB.

To set the memory size, a slide is used, as shown in Figure 3 on the following page.

You can also set it using manually by typing in the value.

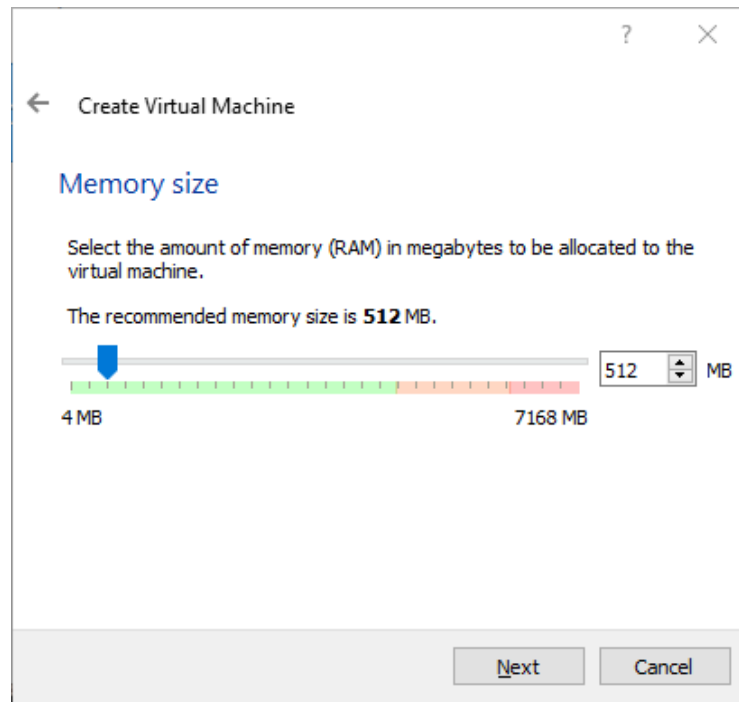


Figure 3: Virtual Box Memory Size Settings

2.1.4 Storage Type

Ensure that you have the size Dynamically allocated as shown in Figure 4 on the next page. If you would like a fixed size, it is okay, but this entails your Hard Disk being allocated upfront.

Please note, you have not selected your Hard Disk size so it is key to ensure you are aware of how much space you have free before allocating a fixed space size.

2.1.5 Hard Disk File Type

Select VirtualBox Disk Image as shown in Figure 5 on page 6. This is the best decision because the Machine will not be migrated to other Virtual Machine Players like VMWare etc. The use is short-term.

2.1.6 File Location & Size

This is where you can set up the location for your Virtual Box Machine to store its data. Remember that the machine can be stored in one location but the simulation of its Hard Disk can be stored on a Flash Drive or External Drive if you wish.

I have decided to retain the local drive as the storage location. This is the default VirtualBox directory. You can select any size you wish, I have selected 1,99GB to keep my box small as shown in Figure 6 on page 6. I can ammend this later if I need to.

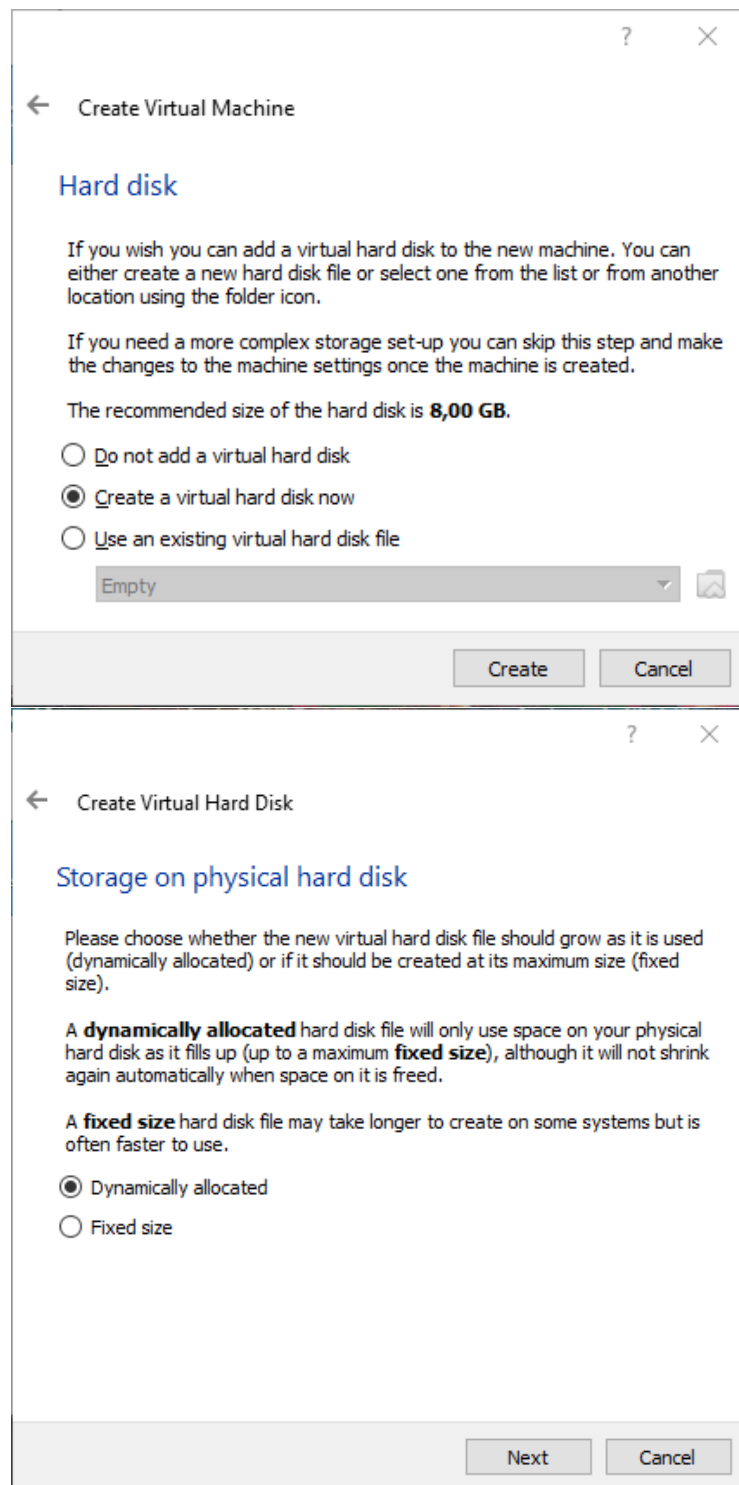


Figure 4: Virtual Box Storage Type

2.1.7 Mount Disk Image

The next step is to mount the Darkly.iso disk as a form of storage. Click on your image 'Darkly' or whatever you may have named it, on the lefthand navigation panel as shown in Figure 7 on page 7.

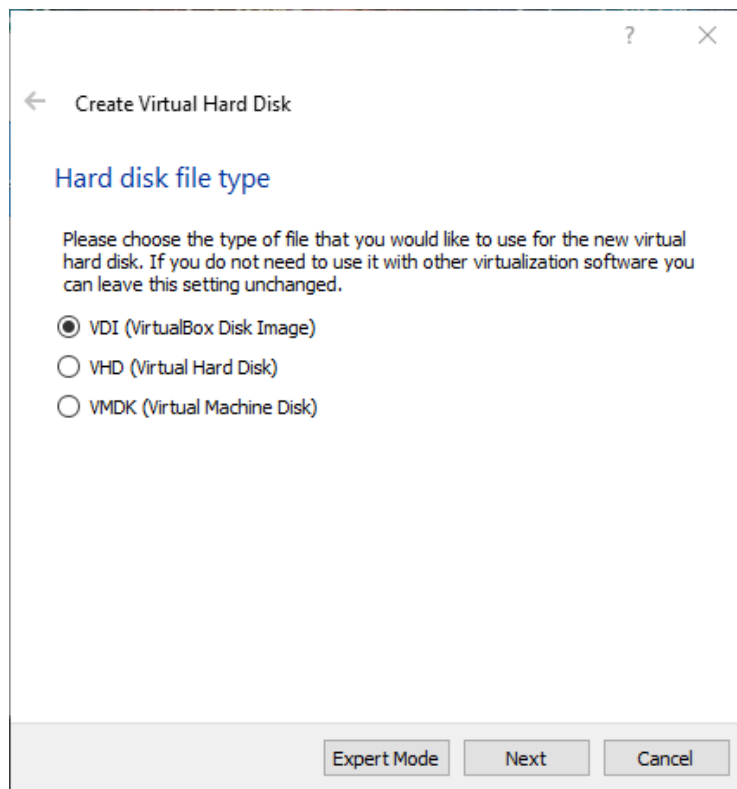


Figure 5: Virtual Box Disk Type

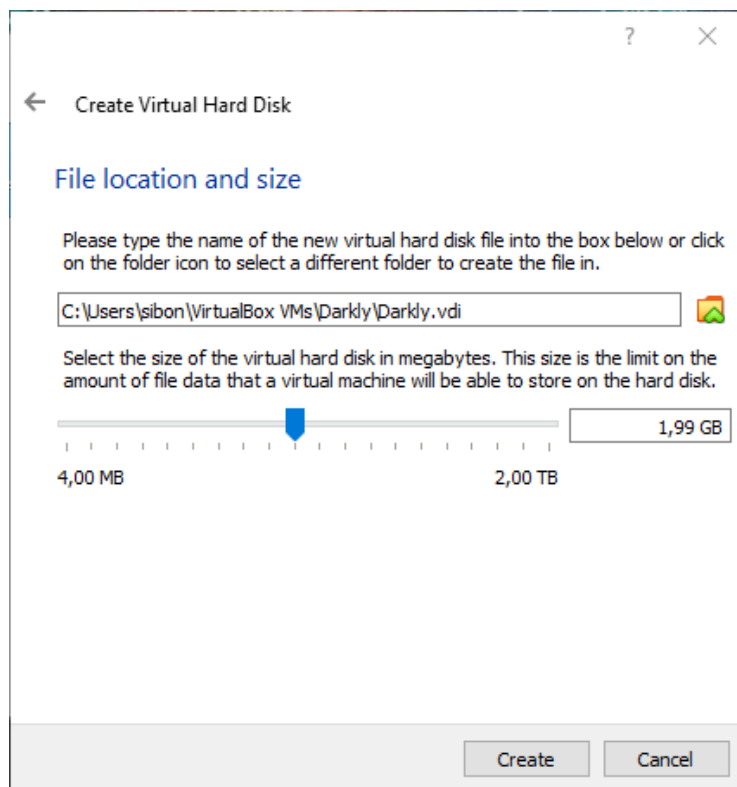


Figure 6: Virtual Box Hard Disk Location and Size

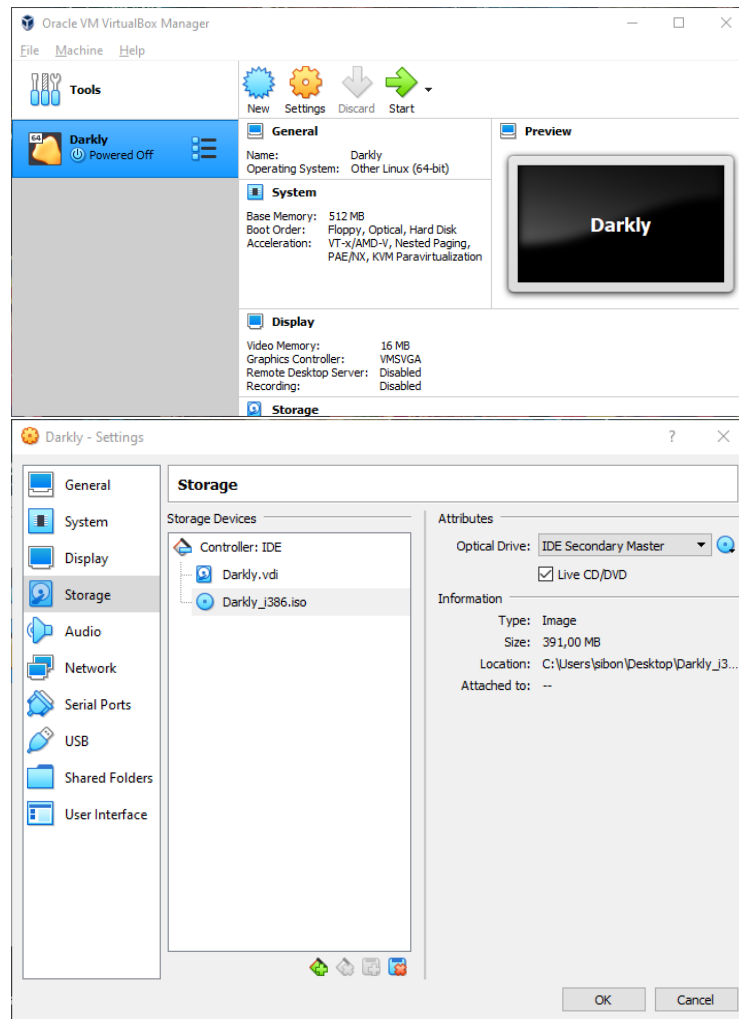


Figure 7: Virtual Box Setup of Disk Drive Mount Darkly.iso Image

Next click on Settings -> Storage -> IDE Secondary Master. After this, navigate to the folder where the ISO is located. Mount it and you will see it listed as shown in Figure 7.

Click Start (Green arrow pointing right) to commence running the image.

2.1.8 Set Network Bridge

On the lefthand navigation-bar, Select Network -> Adaptor 1. Change the settings from a NAT Adaptor as would be the default, and set it to a 'Bridge' connection. as shown in Figure 8 on the following page.

2.1.9 Run Disk Image

As shown in Figure 9 on the next page, you are expected to select 'Darkly_i386.iso' as the start-up disk. This will then complete the Installation process.

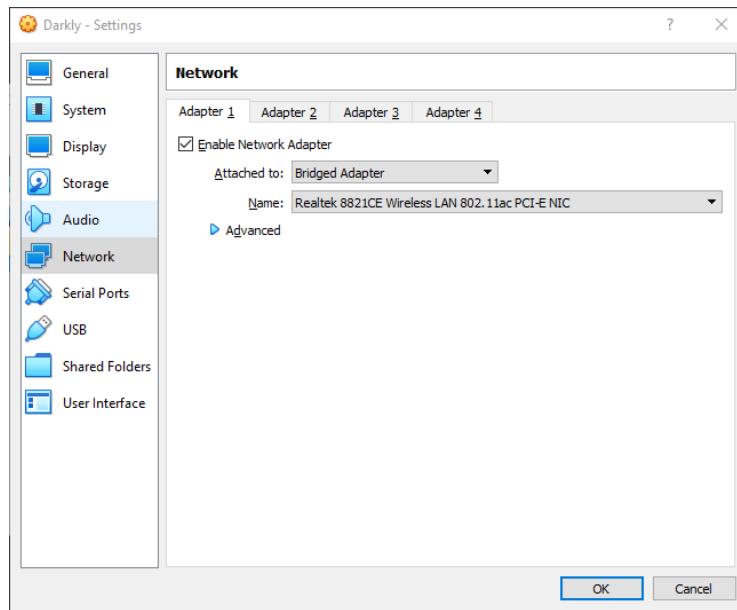


Figure 8: *Virtual Box Landing, on Ubuntu*

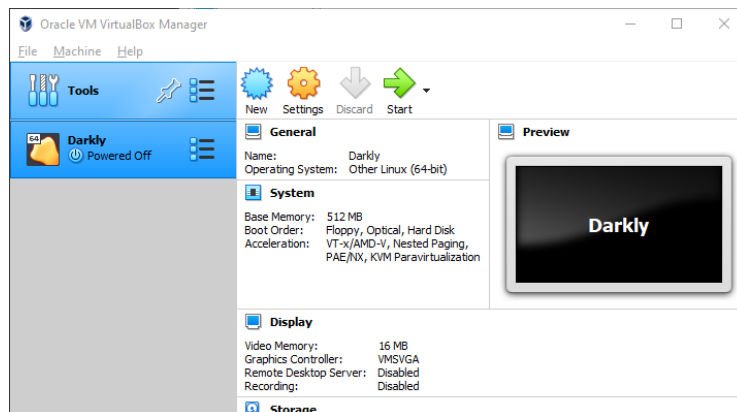


Figure 9: Virtual Box Start-up Disk Selector

2.1.10 *Don't Panic! Loading Screen*

Don't Panic, it's just a loading screen

2.1.11 *More Loading Screens*

If you are seeing the figure shown in Figure 11 on the following page you are making good progress and must hang in there.

2.1.12 *Up & Running*

The new IP Address should look different to the first one and should be similar to your own IP address after running 'ifconfig'. You should see a similar figure to that shown in Figure 12 on page 10.

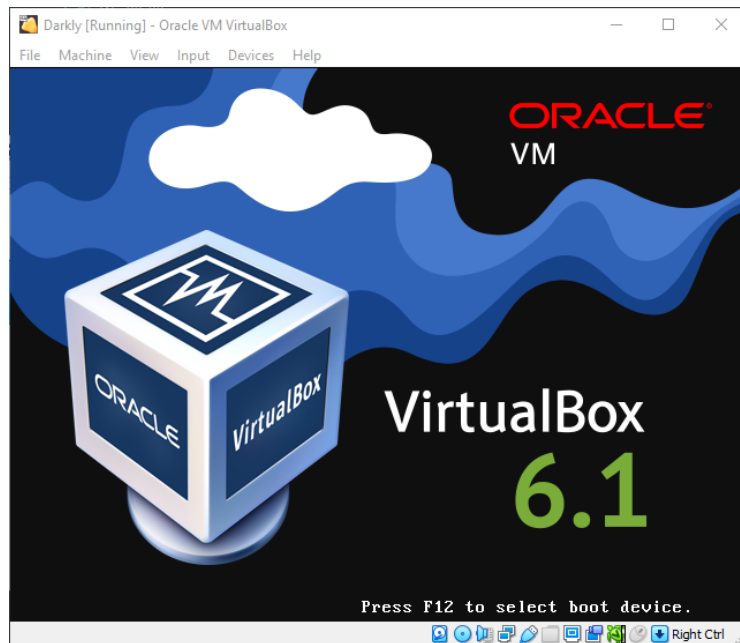


Figure 10: Virtual Box Loading Screen Splash Purple

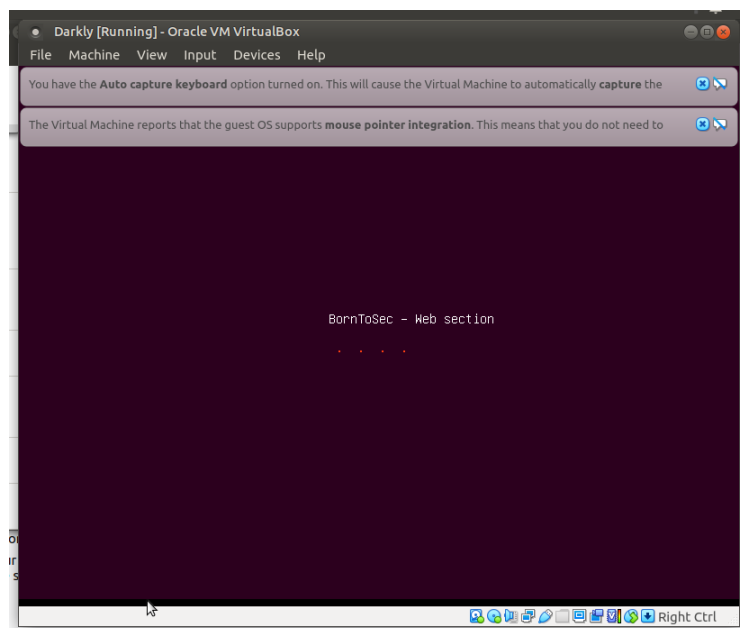


Figure 11: More Virtual Box Loading Screens

2.1.13 *BornToSec*

If you see the same figure on your screen as the one shown on Figure 13 on the following page, then you have successfully setup your Virtual Machine.

TIME TO DO THE FUN STUFF!

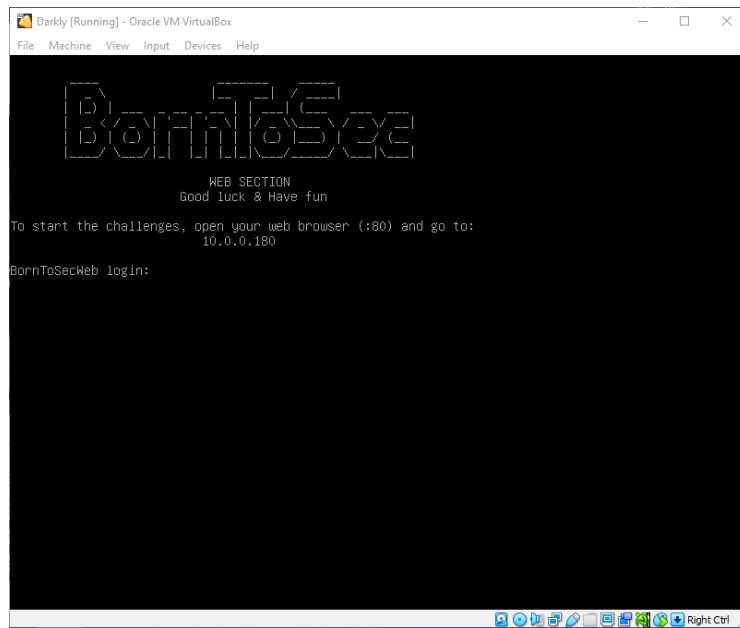


Figure 12: Virtual Box Fully Loaded Screen with IP Address & Prompt

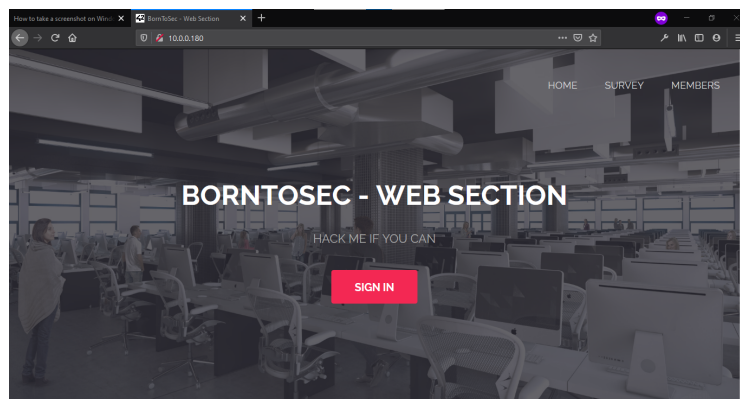


Figure 13: BornToSec Homepage

FUN NOTES: If you look at one of the tabs on Figure 13 you will notice that there is one for "How to take a screenshot on Windows". I will be honest, for as long as I have used windows, I have never needed to take a screenshot. It has always seemed cumbersome because it wasn't just a hotkey like Linux.

I highly recommend the Snipping Tool

2.2 Linux

Linux Installation^{**}: Begin by ensuring that you have Virtual Box installed on your system[2], if not type:

```
$ sudo apt-get install virtualbox
```

2.2.1 Create Virtual Machine

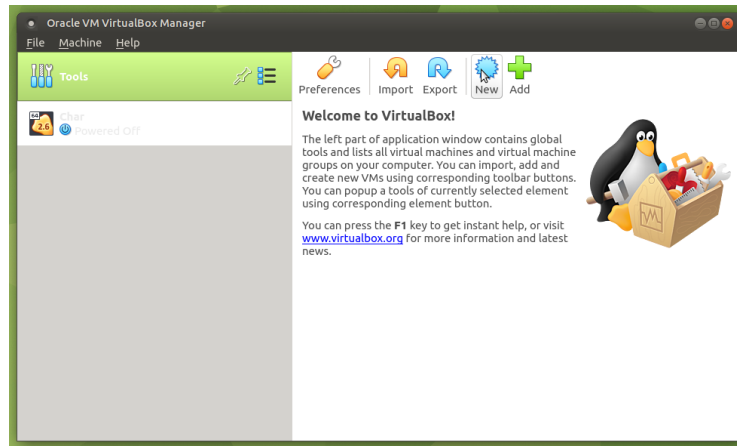


Figure 14: New Virtual Machine Setup

Begin by Creating a new Virtual Machine. To do this click on the blue icon labelled new as shown in Figure 14.

2.2.2 Name & Operating System

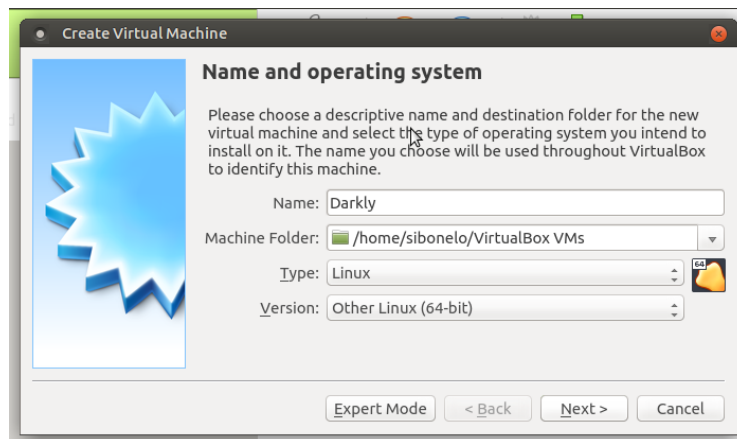


Figure 15: Setup Of Operating System Type and Name

You have to give your Virtual Machine a new name, I have chosen 'Darkly'. Make sure to pick a folder for storage of the Virtual Machine or leave it to the default provided by Virtual Box.

^{**} Snap install is not available for all Linux Distros, this is expected to work on Ubuntu and Debian flavours

You will have to choose the 'type' of machine you are creating. At this point you must select 'Linux' as this is what the Darkly.iso is based from. You will be given options or 'flavours' to choose from. Pick 'Other 64-bit'. This is best shown in [Figure 15 on the previous page](#).

Please do take note that the Darkly VM will not work if it is not 64-bit.

2.2.3 Memory Size

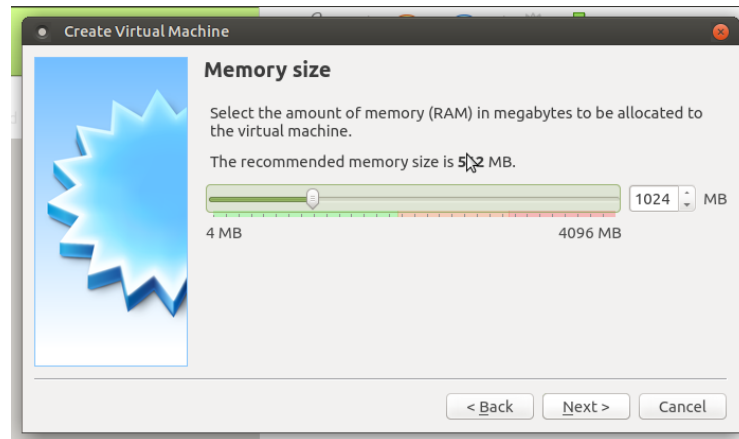


Figure 16: Virtual Box Memory Size Settings

Selecting a memory size is the next step. Darkly will not be actively running as another Virtual Machine would. Therefore only a limited amount of RAM is required. The recommended size is 512MB but in my opinion I believe 1024MB is the best.

To set the memory size, a slide is used, as shown in [Figure 16](#).

You can also set it using manually by typing in the value.

2.2.4 Hard Disk File Type

Select VirtualBox Disk Image as shown in [Figure 17 on the next page](#). This is the best decision because the Machine will not be migrated to other Virtual Machine Players like VMWare etc. The use is short-term.

2.2.5 Storage Type

Ensure that you have the size Dynamically allocated as shown in [Figure 18 on the following page](#). If you would like a fixed size, it is okay, but this entails your Hard Disk being allocated upfront.

Please note, you have not selected your Hard Disk size so it is key to ensure you are aware of how much space you have free before allocating a fixed space size.

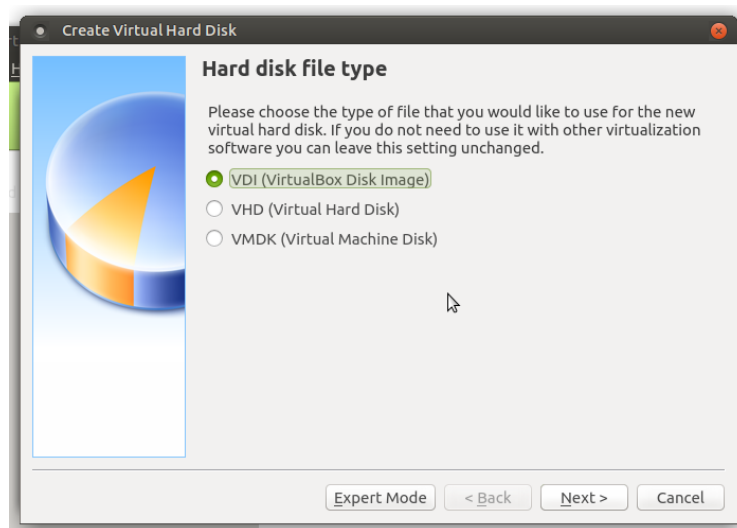


Figure 17: Virtual Box Disk Type



Figure 18: Virtual Box Storage Type

2.2.6 File Location & Size

This is where you can set up the location for your Virtual Box Machine to store its data. Remember that the machine can be stored in one location but the simulation of its Hard Disk can be stored on a Flash Drive or External Drive if you wish.

I have decided to retain the local drive as the storage location. This is the default VirtualBox directory. You can select any size you wish, I have selected 1,99GB to keep my box small as shown in [Figure 19 on the next page](#). I can ammend this later if I need to.

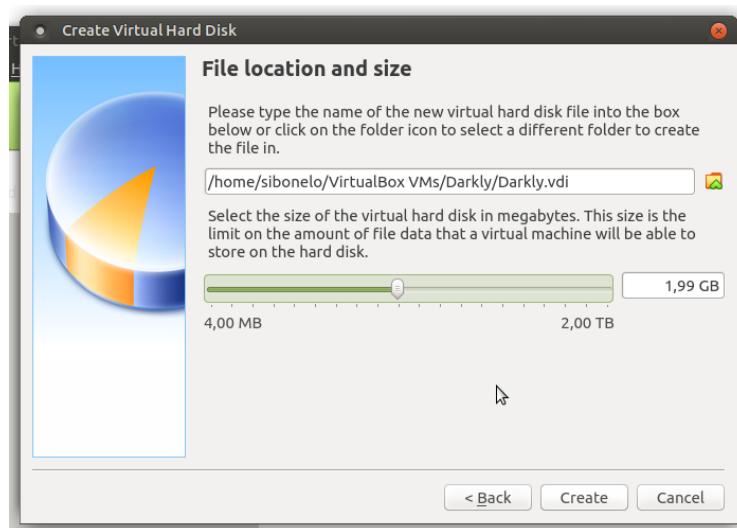


Figure 19: Virtual Box Hard Disk Location and Size

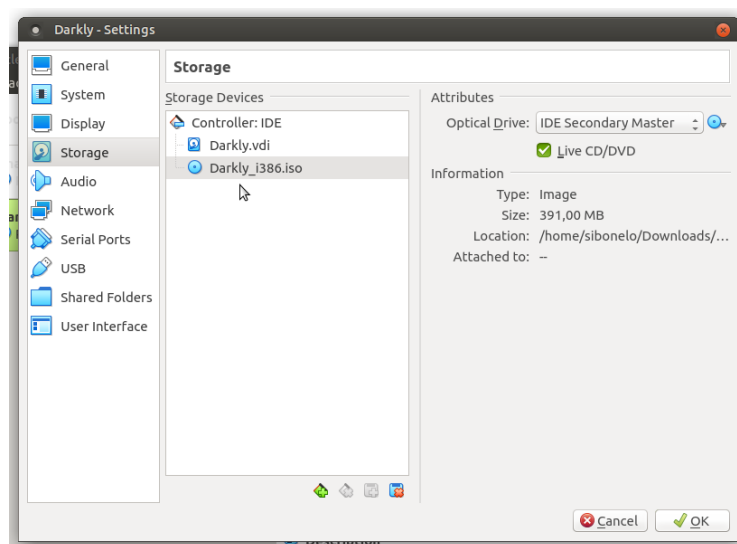


Figure 20: Virtual Box Settings Navigation

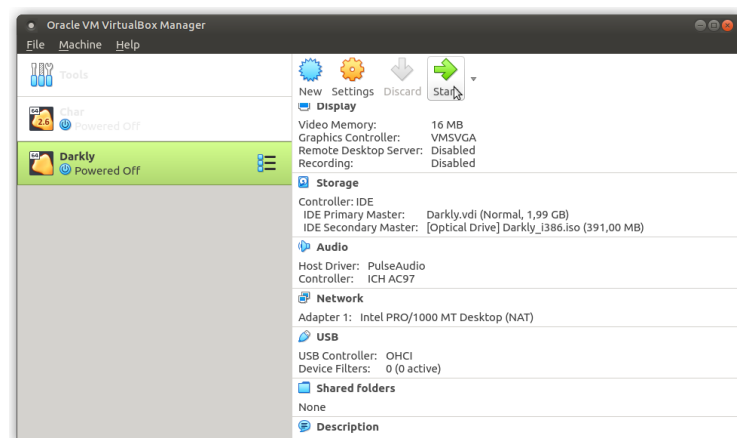


Figure 21: Virtual Box Setup of Disk Drive Mount Darkly.iso Image

2.2.7 Mount Disk Image

The next step is to mount the Darkly.iso disk as a form of storage. Click on your image 'Darkly' or whatever you may have named it, on the lefthand navigation panel as shown in Figure 20 on the preceding page.

Next click on Settings -> Storage -> IDE Secondary Master. After this, navigate to the folder where the ISO is located. Mount it and you will see it listed as shown in Figure 21 on the previous page.

Click Start (Green arrow pointing right) to commence running the image.

2.2.8 Run Disk Image

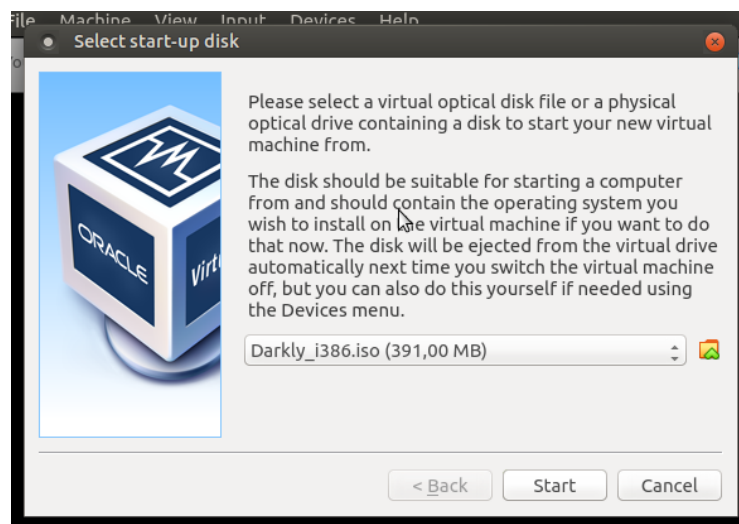


Figure 22: Virtual Box Start-up Disk Selector

As shown in Figure 22, you are expected to select 'Darkly_i386.iso' as the start-up disk. This will then complete the Installation process.

2.2.9 Running but Incomplete

You have successfully installed the VM and it is running. The IP address is printed on the screen. ...I bet that the IP address does not really work...

This needs you to go to settings as shown in Figure 24 on the next page

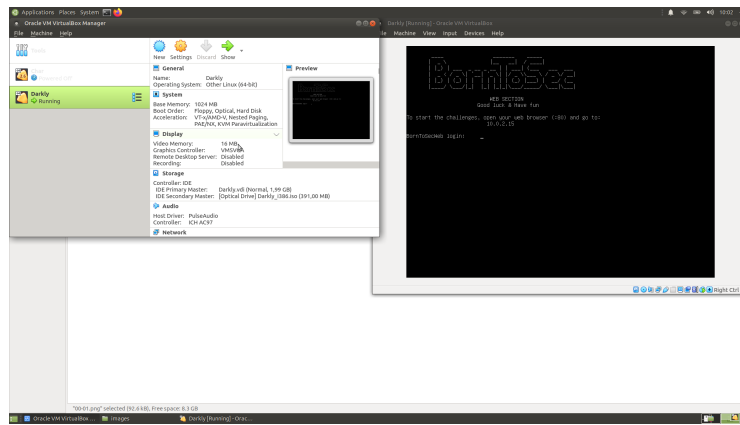


Figure 23: Darkly ISO running on Ubuntu

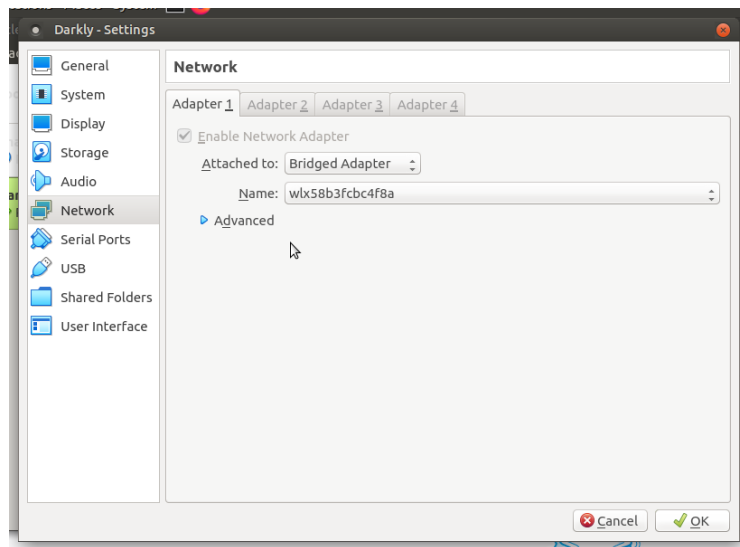


Figure 24: Set the Network to Bridge not NAT

2.2.10 Set Network Bridge

On the lefthand navigation-bar, Select Network -> Adaptor 1. Change the settings from a NAT Adaptor as would be the default, and set it to a 'Bridge' connection. as shown in Figure 24.

2.2.11 Don't Panic! Loading Screen

Don't Panic, it's just a loading screen

2.2.12 More Loading Screens

If you are seeing the figure shown in Figure 26 on the next page you are making good progress and must hang in there.



Figure 25: Virtual Box Loading Screen Splash with Hitchhiker's Guide Robot

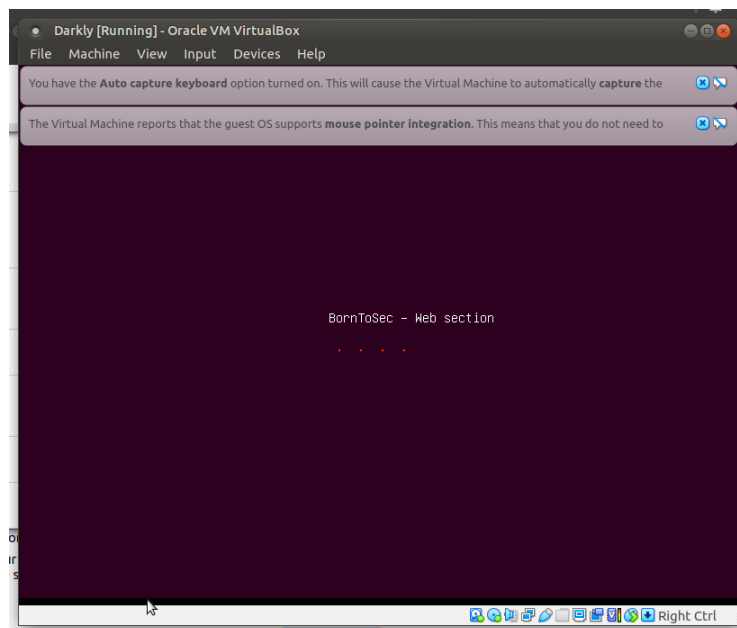


Figure 26: More Virtual Box Loading Screens

2.2.13 Up & Running

The new IP Address should look different to the first one and should be similar to your own IP address after running 'ifconfig'. You should see a similar figure to that shown in Figure 27 on the following page.

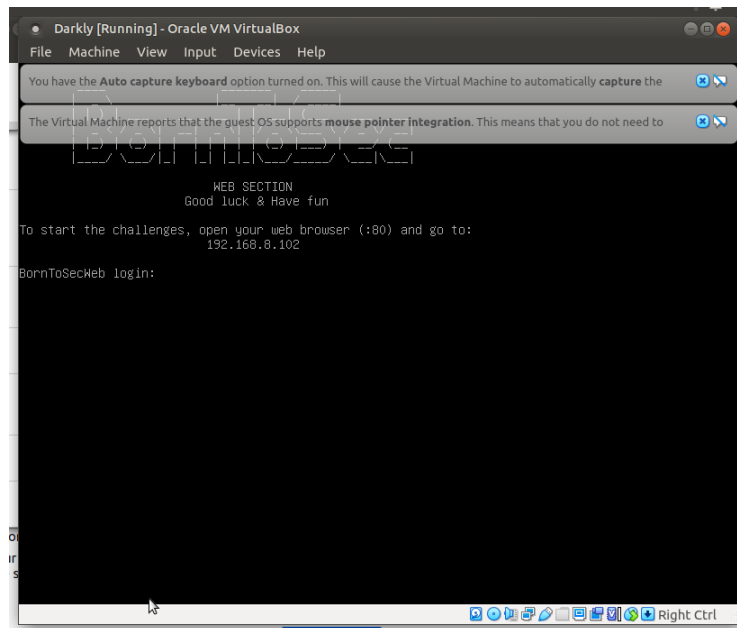


Figure 27: Virtual Box Fully Loaded Screen with IP Address & Prompt

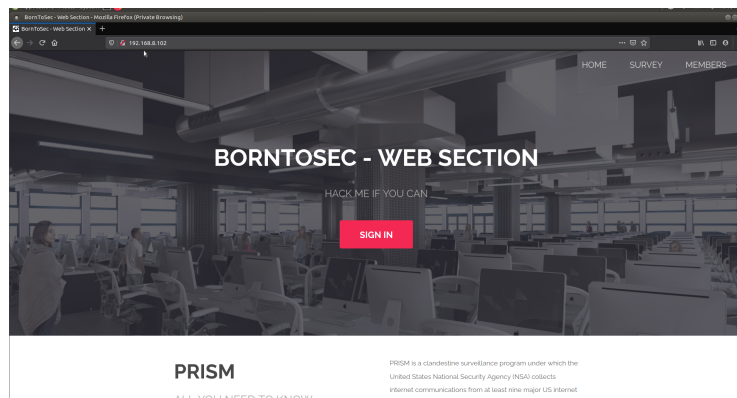


Figure 28: BornToSec Homepage

2.2.14 *BornToSec*

If you see the same figure on your screen as the one shown on Figure 28, then you have successfully setup your Virtual Machine.

TIME TO DO THE FUN STUFF!

2.3 MacOS

At the time of typing this document a Mac was not available to conduct testing but the documentation[3] does have instructions.

3 COOKIES

Where you store data is vitally important. Whether it be cookies, credentials or other sensitive information.

3.1 Flag #01

We on this

4 DIRECTORIES

Directories

5 JAVASCRIPT

JS

6 DATABASES & SQL

SQL

7 BIBLIOGRAPHY

REFERENCES

- [1] Oracle: VirtualBox. Virtualbox manual: Installation on windows host. <https://www.virtualbox.org/manual/ch02.html#installation-windows>, 2020.
- [2] Oracle: VirtualBox. Virtualbox manual: Installation on linux host. <https://www.virtualbox.org/manual/ch02.html#install-linux-host>, 2020.
- [3] Oracle: VirtualBox. Virtualbox manual: Installation on mac hosts. <https://www.virtualbox.org/manual/ch02.html#installation-mac>, 2020.

8 STUDENT HONESTY DECLARATION

Engaging in any cheating or dishonesty in any form of assessment, assignment, test or examination or other WeThinkCode_ prescribed work is considered cheating and is grounds for disciplinary action. Plagiarism, which is to present work (or a portion of work) as your own when it is not, is considered cheating and is not accepted at WeThinkCode_.

An evaluator can flag one for plagiarism on one of the following grounds :

- The evaluator (marker) identifies that the student does not understand all or part of the work they have submitted.
- If all or part of the work presented is plagiarised ,i.e. copied from another source without reference.

Cheating in group projects

The main purpose for a group project is to give students the experience of working in a team, by coming up with a solution to a problem together.

- Each member must be able to show which portion of the project they worked on.
- Failure to do so will result in the student being flagged for cheating which will be grounds for disciplinary action.
- This is to avoid single members doing the majority of the group project at the benefit of a member who is not contributing.

- In this way we are able to ensure fair assessment of each WTC_student's competence.

Group projects can be approached in two ways.

1. Divide and conquer: This is usually preferred and advised when working on big projects. The project is divided into segments, in which each member of the group can accomplish. Once completed, the group will then integrate the segments to complete the project
2. One for all: This method is usually preferred and advised when a group is working on a small project. The group will work on the solution together from the start of the project until the end. This will require the members to move at a pace in which everyone in the team can keep up with.

NOTE: At the end of each group project, each member should have a general and basic understanding of the project and the solution found. This will include running, testing and explaining the solutions of the project.

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the work submitted by me and/or my group members is:

- Original (not plagiarised)
- References listed
- Honest & in Good Faith
- Subject to WeThinkCode_policies

Sibonelo NKOSI
Username: SINKOSI
Developer