# Coding exercises for Lecture 3: Mean Squared Error

## CMSE 381 - Spring 2024

This notebook has some code to go along with Lecture 2 on Mean Squared Error.

```
In [1]: # As always, we start with our favorite standard imports.

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
```

### Info about the data set

From https://rdrr.io/cran/ISLR/man/Auto.html

#### **Auto: Auto Data Set**

#### **Description**

Gas mileage, horsepower, and other information for 392 vehicles. Usage

#### **Format**

A data frame with 392 observations on the following 9 variables.

- mpg: miles per gallon
- cylinders: Number of cylinders between 4 and 8
- displacement : Engine displacement (cu. inches)
- horsepower : Engine horsepower
- weight: Vehicle weight (lbs.)
- acceleration: Time to accelerate from 0 to 60 mph (sec.)
- year : Model year (modulo 100)
- origin: Origin of car (1. American, 2. European, 3. Japanese)
- name : Vehicle name

The original data contained 408 observations but 16 observations with missing values were removed.

#### **Source**

This dataset was taken from the StatLib library which is maintained at Carnegie Mellon University. The dataset was used in the 1983 American Statistical Association Exposition.

```
In [2]: # First, we're going to do all the data loading and cleanup we figured out last time
auto = pd.read_csv('../../DataSets/Auto.csv')
```

```
auto = auto.replace('?', np.nan)
auto = auto.dropna()
auto.horsepower = auto.horsepower.astype('int')
auto.shape

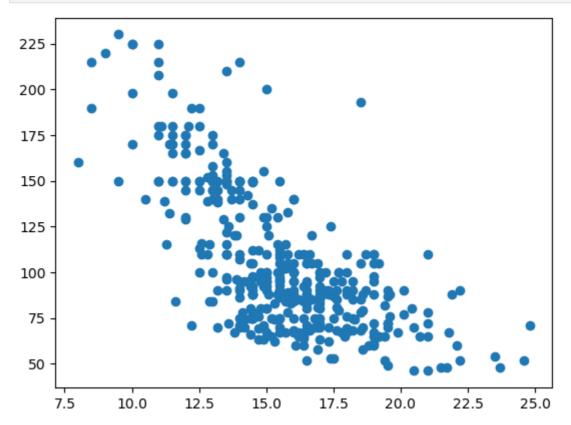
Out[2]:
(392, 9)
```

I want to just predict acceleration using horsepower.

**Do this:** Make a scatter plot of acceleration (the output variable) vs horsepower (the input variable). Does it look like there's a relationship between the two variables?

```
In [3]: # Your code here.

plt.scatter(auto['acceleration'], auto['horsepower'])
plt.show()
```



I've decided to use the model

$$\hat{f}\left( extsf{horsepower}
ight)=23-0.05\cdot extsf{horsepower}$$

**Do this:** Make a panda Series with entries  $\hat{f}$  (horsepower) for each entry in auto.horsepower.

```
In [5]: horsepower_data = auto.horsepower

def f(horsepower):
    return 23 - 0.05 * horsepower

f_horsepower_series = pd.Series([f(hp) for hp in horsepower_data])
f_horsepower_series
```

```
16.50
Out[5]:
                14.75
         2
                15.50
                15.50
                16.00
         387
                18.70
         388
                20.40
         389
                18.80
         390
                19.05
         391
                18.90
         Length: 392, dtype: float64
```

Do this: Using the series you just built, calculated the mean squared error,

$$MSE = rac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2.$$

```
In [6]: # Your code here

mse = ((auto['mpg'] - f_horsepower_series) ** 2).mean()
mse
```

Out[6]: 77.31824289405684

Have some spare time? Can you mess around with the coefficients in your model to decrease the MSE?

```
In [ ]: # Your code here
```

## Congratulations, we're done!

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In [ ]: