# MP968: Experimental Design Workshop

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## Table of contents

Preface		3
1	Introduction	4
ı	Early Section	5
2	Early Section Topic	7
II	Late Section	8
3	R Playground	10
	3.1 Introduction	10
	3.2 Playground	10
	3.3 Things you can do	10
Re	eferences	13

## **Preface**

This is a Quarto book, generated using the sipbs-compbiol-book-template GitHub template.

The Preface page is intended as a frontispiece with brief introductory information about the book and, maybe, its authors.

To learn more about Quarto books visit https://quarto.org/docs/books.

## 1 Introduction

The Introduction page is intended as a short introduction to the book.

Like most Quarto books, this is a book created from markdown and executable code.

This kind of book is an example of literate programming - the intertwining of nicely-formatted text and images, and executable code. For example, the R code cell below executes and produces output when the book is compiled:

1 + 1

[1] 2

But the R code cell below does not:

summary(cars)

See Knuth (1984) for additional discussion of literate programming.

# Part I Early Section

This .qmd file introduces a Part of the Quarto book. We use the {#sec-REFERENCE} option to make it cross-referenceable elsewhere in the text, and the {.unnumbered} option to avoid giving it a section number.

## 2 Early Section Topic

This .qmd file represents some topic-related text. We use the  $\{\#sec-REFERENCE\}$  option to make it cross-referenceable elsewhere in the text.

# Part II Late Section

This .qmd file introduces a Part of the Quarto book. We use the {#sec-REFERENCE} option to make it cross-referenceable elsewhere in the text, and the {.unnumbered} option to avoid giving it a section number.

## 3 R Playground

```
#| context: setup

# Download reporter data
download.file('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/sipbs-compbiol/BM214-Workshop-3/main/assets)
library(ggplot2)
library(palmerpenguins)
library(tidyverse)
```

#### 3.1 Introduction

This page provides a WebR cell for you to use as a playground to experiment with some example datasets. You can use this page to explore data management and visualisation in R.

## 3.2 Playground

```
# Use this WebR cell to experiment with some practice biological datasets
```

### 3.3 Things you can do

This WebR instance has three packages installed:

- ggplot2
- GGally
- tidyverse
- palmerpenguins

Open the callout boxes below to see some examples you can try in the code cell above.

Play with data from a GitHub repository

One of our BM214 workshops involves a WebR-supported interactive exercise involving simulated reporter curves. We preload this data in the setup cell (see source code), and you can interact with it below with the code:

```
data <- read.csv("reporter_curves.csv")
glimpse(data)</pre>
```

### ¶ Investigate Palmer's Penguins

The penguins dataset contains data about three different species of penguins. Take a look at the format of the dataset:

#### glimpse(penguins)

You'll see there are eight variables, including species, weight, sex, etc. - some of these variables are *categorical* (i.e. a category, like species), and others are *continuous* (i.e. numerical). You can see a visual overview of how the data is related using the plot() function:

#### plot(penguins)

We can visualise the number of penguins of each species in a bar chart:

And break this down in a facet plot, by sex:

We can make a box and whisker plot of penguin body mass by species:

```
And plot the body mass for each sex side-by-side
fig <- ggplot(penguins, aes(x=species, y=body_mass_g, fill=sex)) +</pre>
          geom_boxplot()
fig
We can investigate correlations, such as between body mass and flipper length:
fig <- ggplot(penguins, aes(x=body_mass_g, y=flipper_length_mm)) +</pre>
          geom_point()
fig
We can colour datapoints by species:
fig <- ggplot(penguins, aes(x=body mass_g, y=flipper_length_mm, colour=species)) +
          geom_point()
fig
And fit a linear regression to each species separately:
fig <- ggplot(penguins, aes(x=body_mass_g, y=flipper_length_mm, colour=species)) +</pre>
          geom_point() +
          geom_smooth(method="lm")
fig
```

#### Note

R comes with a number of example datasets you can practice with, including:

- mtcars: fuel consumption and other statistic for 32 automobiles
- Titanic: information on the fate of passengers on the fatal maiden voyage of the ocean liner *Titanic*

You can see a full list by running the command

```
library(help = "datasets")
```

## References

Knuth, Donald E. 1984. "Literate Programming." Comput.~J.~27~(2): 97–111. https://doi.org/10.1093/comjnl/27.2.97.