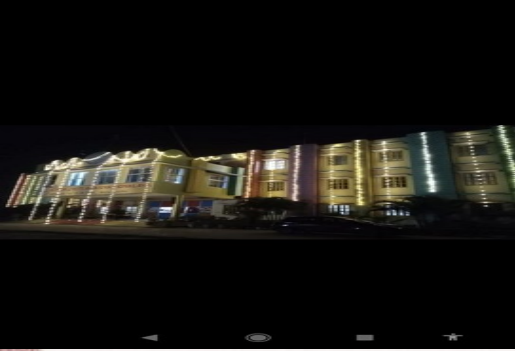


Diwali and CP Vacation's Homework



**School – Gyan Jyoti Awasiya
Vidyalaya**

Introduction

Name :- Brajesh kumar

Class :- Xth "A"

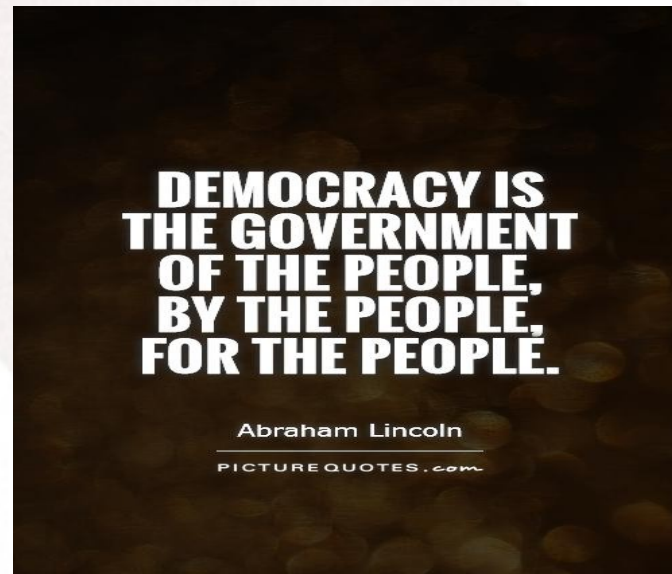
Reg no. :- 3203

Roll no. :- 47







TOPIC :- “Outcomes of Democracy”

Submitted to :- Mr. Dhirendra shrivastava

Outcomes of democracy



How to assess the outcomes of Democracy

-  Democracy is better because it :-
-  Promotes equality among citizens
-  Enhances the dignity of the individual
-  Improves the quality of decisions – making
-  Provides a method to resolve conflicts
-  Allows room to correct mistakes

Dilemma – Democracy is seen to be good in principle ,
But felt to be not so good in its practice.

DOUBT – We start doubting if we are living in a
democracy!

Democracy is just a form of government . It can only
create conditions for acheving
Something . The citizens have to take advantages of
those conditions and achieve those goals.

◆ IS the democratic government efficient ? Is it effective ?

Non – democratic rulers do not have to bother about deliberation in assemblies or worry about majorities and public opinion .

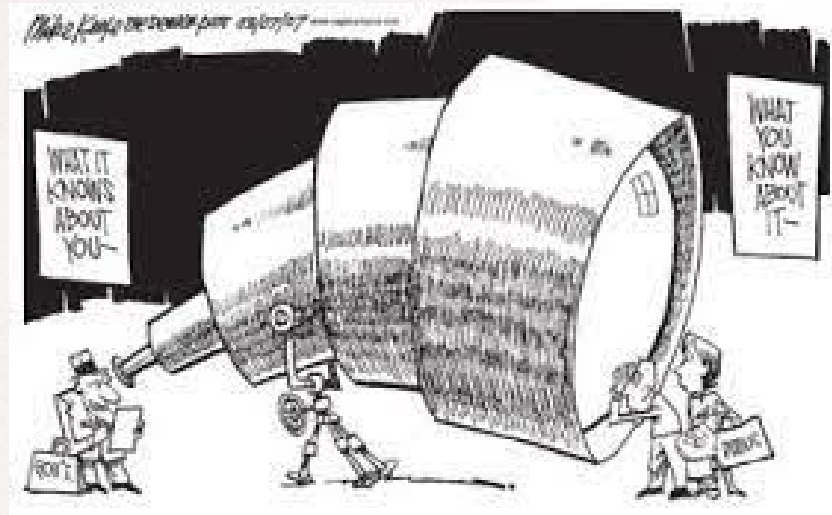
Democracy is based on the idea of deliberation and negotiation. SO , people delay is bound to take place. Does that make democratic government inefficient ?




ELECTION , DEBATE AND INFORMATON

1 . Democracies have had greater success in setting up regular and free elections and in setting up conditions for open public debate .

2. Democratic governments do not have a very good record when it comes to sharing ionformations with citizens .



- **PEOPLE'S NEED AND CORRUPTION**

IS DEMOCRACY attentive to the needs and demands of the people and is
Largely free of corruption 

Democracies often frustrate the needs of the people and often ignore the

Demands of a majority of its population . The routine tales of corruption

Are enough to convince us that democracy is not free of this evil .

At the same time , there is nothing to show that non-democracies are less

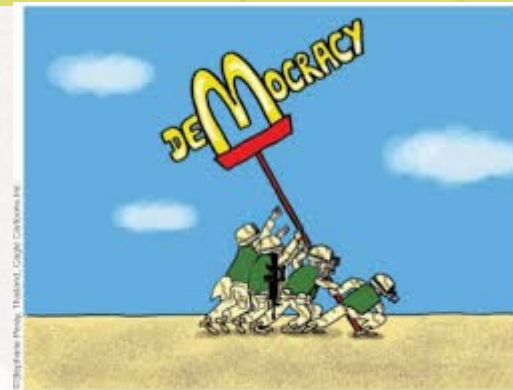
Corrupt or more sensitive to the people .

IS DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT LEGITIMATE GOVERNMENT

Democratic government is legitimate government . It may be slow , less efficient ,

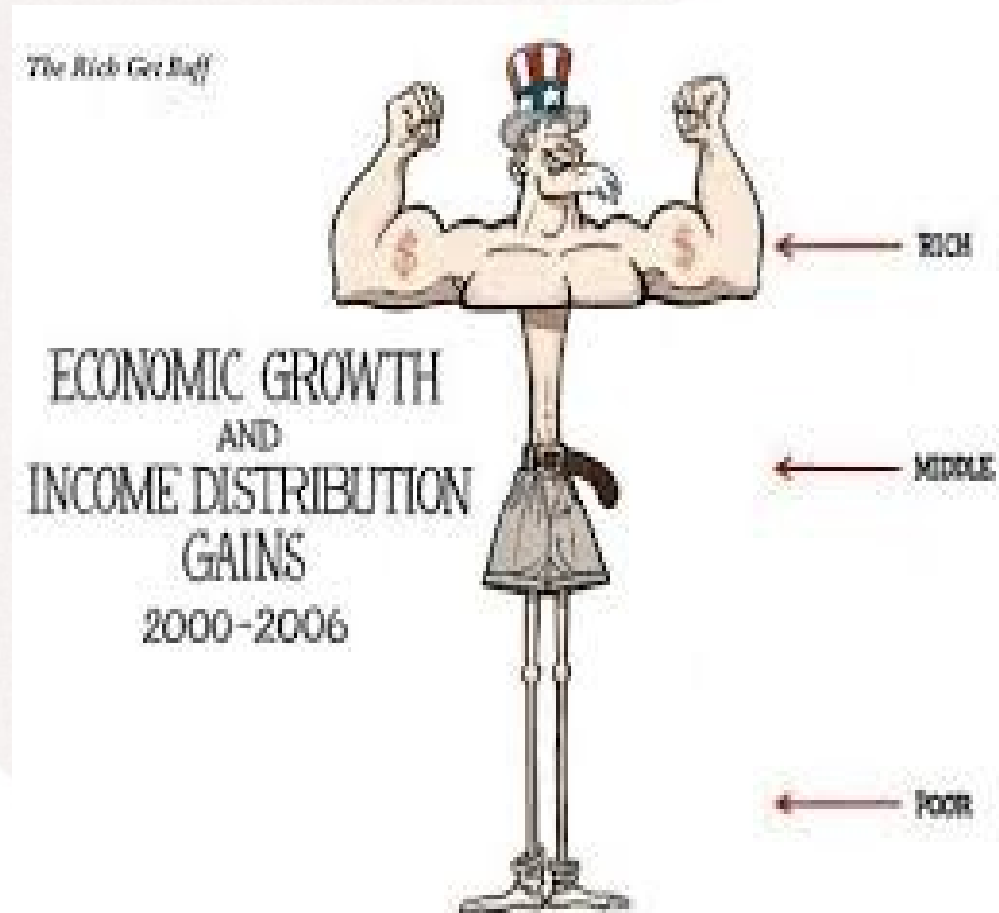
Not always very responsive or clean . But a democratic government is people's own government . That is why there is an overwhelming support for the idea of

Democracy all over the world



ECONOMIC GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

- Economic development depends on several factors
- Country's population size,
- Global situation,
- Cooperation from other countries , economic priorities adopted by the country.
- The difference in the rates of economic development between less developed Countries with dictatorships and democracies is negligible



REDUCTION OF INEQUALITY AND POVERTY

. Democracies are based on political equality . All individuals have equal weights in electing representatives.

. At the Parallel , we find growing economic inequalities A small number of ultra- rich

Enjoy a highly disproportionate share of wealth and incomes

. Those at the bottom of the society have very little to depend upon .

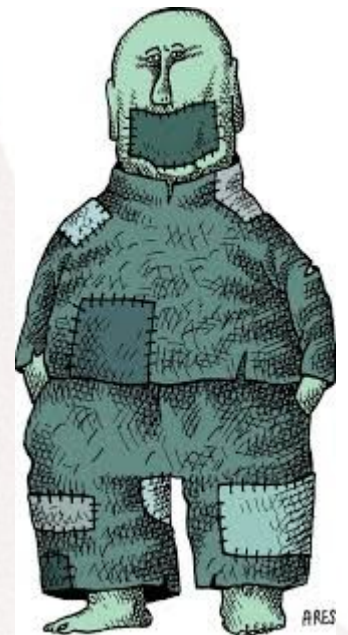
. Democracies do not appear to be very successful in reducing economic Inequalities .



REDUCTION OF INEQUALITY AND POVERTY

The poor constitute a large proportion of our voters and no party will like to lose their votes. Yet Democratically elected governments do not appear to be as keen to address the question of poverty as you would expect them.

In BANGLADESH more than half of its population lives in poverty



ACCOMMODATION OF SOCIAL DIVERSITY

. **BELGIUM** has successfully negotiated differences among ethnic populations .

. But the example of **SRI LANKA** reminds us that a democracy must fulfil two conditions to achieve this outcome -

a) It is necessary to understand that democracy is not simply rule by majority opinion .

The majority always needs to work with the minority so that governments function to represent the general view . Majority and minority opinions are not permanent .

b) It is also necessary that rule by **majority** does not become rule by majority community

In terms of religion or race or linguistic group etc. Democracy remains democracy only as long as every citizen has a chance of being majority at some point of time .



DIGNITY AND FREEDOM OF THE CITIZENS

. Democracy stands much superior to any other form of governments in promoting dignity and freedom of the individual .

The passion for respect and freedom are the basis of democracy .

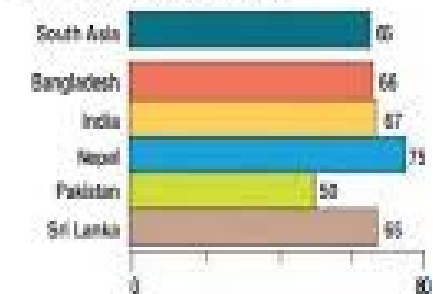
Dignity of Women – equal treatment of women are necessary ingredients of a democratic society .

Once the principle of giving women respect is recognised , it becomes easier for women to wage a struggle against what is now unacceptable legally and moral .



Belief in the efficacy of vote is placed above the calculus of utility

Those who say that their vote makes a difference.



Source: IDEA India, State of Democracy in South Asia, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007

THANK
you

