Siqi PEI

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EDUCATION

CUHK Business School, Chinese University of Hong Kong
Ph.D. in Information System

Hong Kong
Jan 2022 (expected)

Adviser: Zhang, Michael Xiaoquan (https://mikezhang.com/)

Jilin UniversityChangchun, ChinaB.S. in Actuarial Science2015B.A. in Applied Finance2015

RESEARCH INTERESTS

Electronic Commerce, Recommender System, Luxury Consumption, Social Media, FinTech *Methods*: Applied Econometrics, Field Experiments, Lab Experiments, Natural Experiment, Machine Learning

PAPERS UNDER REVIEW (See abstracts in Appendix)

Siqi Pei, Jialu Liu, and Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang, "Environmental Regulation and Political Corruption", *Revise and Resubmit at Management Science*

Siqi Pei, Jialu Liu, and Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang, "Online Food Delivery Platforms and Female Labor Force Participation", *Revise and Resubmit at Information Systems Research*

Siqi Pei and Keehyung Kim, "Rewarding Experts in Revenue-sharing Crowdfunding: An Experimental Study", *Under review at Management Science*

WORKING PAPERS (See abstracts in Appendix)

Siqi Pei, Yiying Zhang, Juan Feng, and Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang, "Does Personal Data Always Help to Increase Revenue of Online Shopping Platform?", *In preparation for submission*

Tao Lu, Hao Ying, **Siqi Pei**, and Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang, "A model of Influencer Marketing Pricing", *In preparation for submission*

SELECT RESEARCH IN PROGRESS

Siqi Pei, Miaozhe Han, Jie Song, and Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang, "The Impact of High-Priced Recommendations on Consumer Consumption: A Field Experiment with Online Shopping Platform" (Working title)

Siqi Pei, Jialu Liu, and Keehyung Kim, "An Experimental Investigation of Risk Disclosure Policy in Crowdfunding" (Working title)

HONORS & AWARDS

| Hong Kong Research Grants Council, General Research Fund (264,876 HKD) | 2020-2022 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Workshop on Information Systems and Economics (WISE), Best Paper Award | 2020 |
| Hong Kong Information and Communication Technologies (HKICT), Innovation Award | 2019 |

2014

CONFERENCE PRESENTATIONS

"An Experimental Investigation of Risk Disclosure Policy in Crowdfunding," Statistical Challenges in Electronic Commerce Research (SCECR), 2021.

"Online Food Delivery Platforms and Female Labor Force Participation," Workshop on Information Systems and Economics (WISE), 2020.

"Rewarding Experts in Revenue-sharing Crowdfunding: An Experimental Study," Statistical Challenges in Electronic Commerce Research (SCECR), 2020.

"Social News Sentiment and Equity Trading Indicators," China Meeting of the Econometric Society (CMES), 2018.

TEACHING INTERESTS

Management Information Systems, Information System Research, Technology Innovation and Entrepreneurship, Business Analytics, Decision Models and Applications, Entrepreneurship in Finance, Microeconomics, Behavioral Economics, Applied Econometrics

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

| Teaching Assistant, CUHK Business School | Instructor |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Strategic Information Systems, EMBA, 2021 | Zhang, Michael Xiaoquan |
| Entrepreneurship in Finance, MBA in Finance, 2020 | Zhang, Michael Xiaoquan |
| Applied Econometrics for Business Decisions, Fall 2019 | Li Hongyi |
| Business Forecasting, Spring 2019 | Li Hongyi |
| Basic Economics for the Hospitality and Tourism Industry, 2018 | Lien Jaimie |
| Economics for Business Studies, 2017 | Wu Qinggong |
| Decision Models and Applications, 2016 | Lau, William Ka |

DOCTORAL COURSEWORK

| Course | Instructor |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Information Systems | |
| Advanced Management Information System Research Seminar | Zhang, Michael Xiaoquan |
| Thesis Research | Zhang, Michael Xiaoquan |
| Web Analytics and Intelligence | Bang Youngsok |
| Econometrics | |
| Econometric Theory and Application | Shi Zhentao |
| Applied Econometrics | Wang Xiaohu |
| Economics | |
| Microeconomic Theory | Wong Kam Chau |

Advanced Business Economics Research Seminar Xiao Junji
Research Methods in Microeconomics Xia Xiaoyu
Industrial Organization Ng Travis
Business Forecasting Li Hongyi

COMPUTER SKILLS

Proficient in statistical analysis and software (Mathematica, Python, R and Stata)

Basic use of Geographic Information Systems and related software (ArcGIS)

REFERENCES

Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang (Committee Chair)

Chair Professor of Decision Sciences and Managerial Economics CUHK Business School, Chinese University of Hong Kong zhang@cuhk.edu.hk

Juan Feng

Chair Professor of Management Science and Engineering Tsinghua SEM Shenzhen Campus, Tsinghua University fengjuan@sem.tsinghua.edu.cn

Chu Dang

Assistant Professor of Marketing HKU Business School, The University of Hong Kong ivydang@hku.hk

APPENDIX – SELECTED ABSTRACTS

Siqi Pei, Jialu Liu, and Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang, "Environmental Regulation and Political Corruption", Major revision at *Management Science*

Exploiting the spatial discontinuity in monitoring water pollutants, we examine whether technology can reduce the political agency problem in the context of combating water pollution by examining the corruptive activities between firms and local officials. We find that technology alone is not effective in reducing the corruption between firms and local officials. However, corruption is significantly reduced when technology is complemented by organizational changes. Further analyses show that the reduction in corruption is significantly larger in locations where local officials have stronger political promotion incentives. Our findings demonstrate that to mitigate the political agency problem in combating pollution, policymakers should introduce accompany new technologies with organizational changes.

Siqi Pei, Jialu Liu, and Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang, "Online Food Delivery Platforms and Female Labor Force Participation", Major revision at *Information Systems Research*

Female labor force participation is often explained by factors such as schooling, wage gap, fertility, etc. We identify how technology-induced time savings from household chores led to increased female labor force

participation in South Korea. Using a leads-and-lags difference-in-differences model, we find that the entry of an online food delivery platform significantly increased the female employment rate in the next three years. We estimate the positive externality generated by the online food delivery platform: this new technology-induced female employment accounts for 0.27% of South Korea's GDP, or 17 times the revenue of the online food delivery platform.

Siqi Pei and Keehyung Kim, "Rewarding Experts in Revenue-sharing Crowdfunding: An Experimental Study", Under review at *Management Science*

Crowdfunding platforms often utilize expert investors to provide professional advice to help crowd investors make more informed investment decisions. In return, an incentive mechanism implemented in the platforms allows experts to collect a small fee (carry) from crowd investors or startup companies. This study experimentally examines (1) how the carry structure (the existence and the source of the carry) affects the objectivity of the expert's report and (2) whether the startup and the crowd investor can strategically respond by anticipating the expert's bias. We introduce an abstract model that captures key features of revenue-sharing crowdfunding with three parties (a startup, an expert, and a crowd investor) where the expert's report plays an influential role. Experimental results show that the expert tends to overreport to favor the startup when the startup pays the carry. However, the expert exhibits aversion to lying when the carry is from the crowd investor. This suggests that the expert reciprocates to the party who covers the payment. Furthermore, both the startup and the crowd investor anticipate the expert's reporting behavior and strategically respond by adjusting project quality and investment amount. For example, both project quality and investment amount are the highest in the least biased treatment (when the carry is from the crowd investor). To explain the empirical regularities, we develop and estimate a behavioral model that captures the expert's psychological tradeoff between being self-interested and remaining objective. Our findings provide insights to crowdfunding platform designers and policymakers in designing an effective incentive mechanism.

Siqi Pei, Yiying Zhang, Juan Feng, Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang, "Does Personal Data Always Help to Increase Revenue of Online Shopping Platform?", *In preparation for submission*

More personal data on customers' demographics and behavior history is usually thought to be helpful to boost revenue of online shopping platform by effectively recommending the products consumers are most likely to be interested in. We suggest a countervailing market force: the personal data may not work in terms of purchase, because consumers consider not only interests but also uncertainty when making the purchase decisions, and using the personal data cannot help to alleviate consumers' uncertainty concerns. We examine this hypothesis by conducting a field experiment on an established online shopping platform. Before our experiment, all users are recommended by the globally-popular recommendation, which does not use personal data. In our experiment, we test it by adding personal data on the original recommendation method to generate personalized recommendations to half of its random consumers. The other half of consumers are still recommended by globally-popular recommendation. The experiment results show that there is no difference in the order conversion between the globally popular recommendations and the personalized recommendations in the aggregate level, which is contradictory to the most previous studies that favor personalized recommendations. When considering subgroups of consumers, the personalized recommendations works better for some group. We then explore how and through which mechanisms the personal data help to influence which consumers in which shopping stages. We provide insights for practitioners that to follow the most popular algorithms without thoughtful analysis on how the recommendation systems interact with their consumer decisions and behaviors on the platform is not optimal. The platform should serve the consumers better by utilizing various algorithms to various stages of consumers.

Tao Lu, Hao Ying, **Siqi Pei**, and Xiaoquan (Michael) Zhang, "A model of Influencer Marketing Pricing", *In preparation for submission*

The influencer marketing is one of the most widely used approaches to showcase brand's products and services on social media platforms nowadays. Different from the celebrity endorsement, the wide range of social media influencers' impact and the emerging influencer market system makes it difficult for brands to set a reasonable and consistent price strategy for social media influencers' advertising services. In practice, the most common way is to pay the influencers according to their follower numbers. However, the simple pricing method suffers problems, the most severe one is that the aggregate value various influencers created together for the advertiser is not linear with their follower numbers. To the advertiser, the advertising cost should be proportional to the market value (effectiveness of advertisement) each influencer generates, rather than their follower numbers. The transparency of social media enables us to quantify the effectiveness of each influencer's advertisement, we thus propose a model which takes advantage of the superiorities of influencer marketing and set one influencer's price according to the share of the total commercial value (relative market value) he/she captured. We measure the influencer's relative market value based on his/her follower proportion and attractive capability. Our model has several important implications for the industry.