

MongoDB vs OrientDB

Stefano Campese

April 23, 2015

Overview

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Choose the right Database
- 3 MongoDB VS OrientDB
- 4 Example

Born in 2009, it is one of the best known and document databases used in the world of its main features are:

- C++ implementation language
- Database model *Document Store*
- NO-SQL and Non-relational database
- ACID transaction less
- Ad hoc query language
- Aggregation
- Unique Index

Born in 2010, it is a hybrid between a database of documents to a database graphs.

Its main features are:

- Java implementation language
- Database model *Document Store - Graph DBMS*
- NO-SQL Database
- Query language similar to SQL
- ACID transaction
- Multithread indexing
- Trigger

When use MongoDB

Why use MongoDB?

- 1 Large amounts of data
- 2 No transactions needs
- 3 No relations need
- 4 Agile development method
- 5 Scalability
- 6 Performance



Why use OrientDB?

- 1 Large amounts of data
- 2 Transactions needs
- 3 Telations need
- 4 Agile development method
- 5 Scalability
- 6 Performance (JOIN included)
- 7 Query language
- 8 Object class mapping



MongoDB VS OrientDB

Relazioni

- OrientDB: Relation whit *pointer* between JSON
- MongoDB: *Index* write on file

Query Language

- OrientDB: simil-SQL language
- MongoDB: new dedicated language

Memory Management

- OrientDB: PLOCAL technique
- MongoDB: LOCAL technique

Indexing

- OrientDB: three algorithms (SB-tree, Hash index ,Lucene)
- MongoDB: one algorithm (B-tree)

Figure

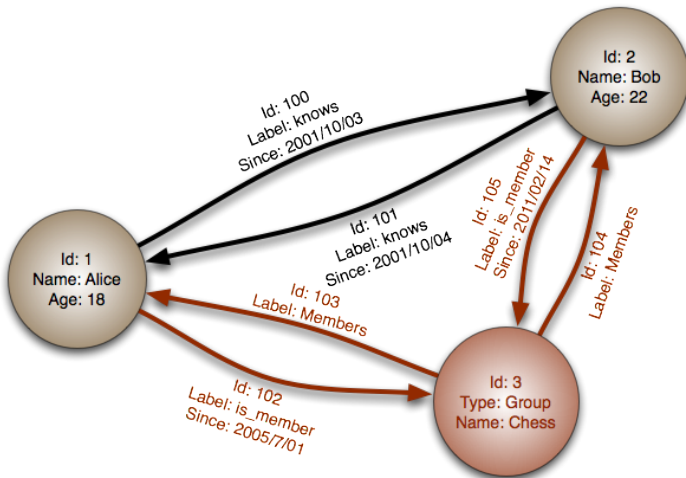


Figure : OrientDB vertex example

Figure

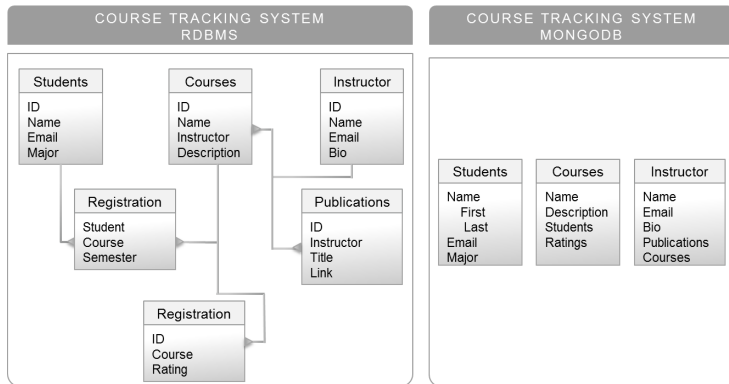


Figure : SQL to MongoDB schema

End