

Coursera ML Project

Data files were downloaded in the same directory where the R script was executed:

```
> wget https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-training.csv
> wget https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-testing.csv
```

Each point below correspond to one part of the R script:

1) Get samples and first cleansing

Training and testing file are loaded with **read.csv** function.

By inspecting the raw data for some variables are missing, empty and unphysical, all those fields ("#DIV/0!", "") will be replaced with NA using the **na.strings** function

2) More cleansing

Remove the irrelevant columns (first 7) and NA fields using **colSums** and **is.na** functions

```
less pml-training.csv | tail -1      less pml-testing.csv | tail -14 | tail -1
12/2011 13:35","yes",864,143,-36,132,18, 011 14:14","no",255,1.4,3.2,-88.7,3,"","",""
0.00",5.6268,151.1481,4.7532,22.5926,-33 7,-425,90.6,11.5,117,30,NA,NA,NA,NA,NA,NA
.41,54.2564,-91.6481,9.1687,84.0649,-37. NA,36.91667833,96.86772811,45.17826318,"",""
i0959","-0.62736","-0.51721","-1.26872", 1,98,272,403,340,173,19.2,-83.2,"","",""
0955","0.1057","#DIV/0!",-19.7,-92,"-1.1 "-703,74,20
```

3) Split cleaned training Data

In two parts (70% and 30%) for cross validation with **createDataPartition**

4) Training random forest model

Using cross validation (k-fold = 4)

Execute training, prediction for "classe" and random-forest method and 250 trees

5) Check performance on validation data

Execute the prediction on validation data with predict function from training and generate the confusion matrix, check out-of-sample errors

Accuracy estimation with **postResample** function

```
> confusionMatrix(validate.data$classe, rf.predict)
Confusion Matrix and Statistics
```

	Reference				
Prediction	A	B	C	D	E
A	1674	0	0	0	0
B	1	1137	0	1	0
C	0	0	1026	0	0
D	0	0	0	964	0
E	0	2	0	2	1078

Overall Statistics

```

          Accuracy : 0.999
          95% CI   : (0.9978, 0.9996)
    No Information Rate : 0.2846
    P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
```

The accuracy is of 99.9%, few out-of-samples

6) Classification of test data

The model is finally applied to the cleaned test data and the result is shown below

```
> #6# Execute the rf model on cleaned test data #####
> fin.res <- predict(rf.model, tedata.clean[, -length(names(tedata.clean))])
> # Print results
> fin.res
[1] B A B A A E D B A A B C B A E E A B B B
Levels: A B C D E
> |
```