Applications instead of Libraries

Micro Frontends with Module Federation

Mario Fernandez Wayfair

Themes

Themes Distributing front end applications

Themes Distributing front end applications Adopting module federation

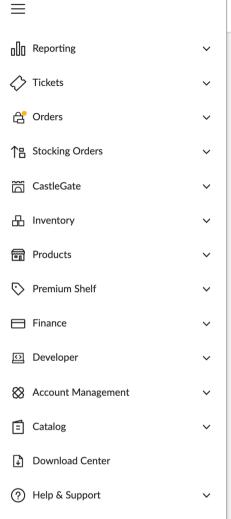
Themes

Distributing front end applications
Adopting module federation
Making it production-ready

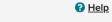
A Humble Beginning

What Are We Building?

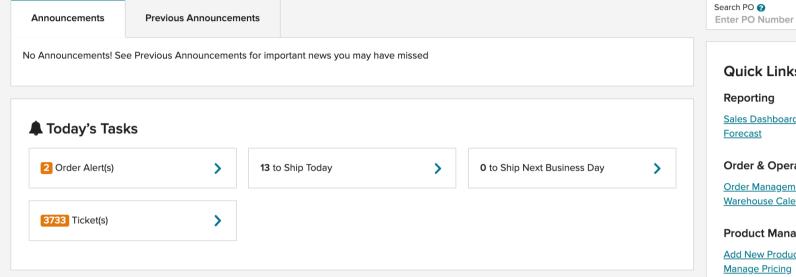
Partner Home @ Wayfair



Your Wayfair Dashboard



Search



Quick Links

Reporting

Sales Dashboard <u>Forecast</u>

Order & Operations

Order Management Warehouse Calendar

Product Management

Add New Products

Manage Pricing

Manage Product Details

Manage Product Images

Manage Shipping Dimensions

Manage Tried & True

Accelerant Hub

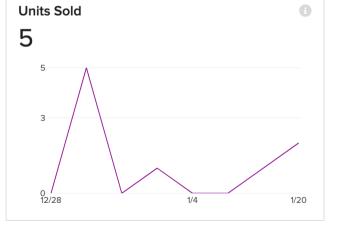
Accelerant Hub Home

Sponsored Products

Brand Page Management

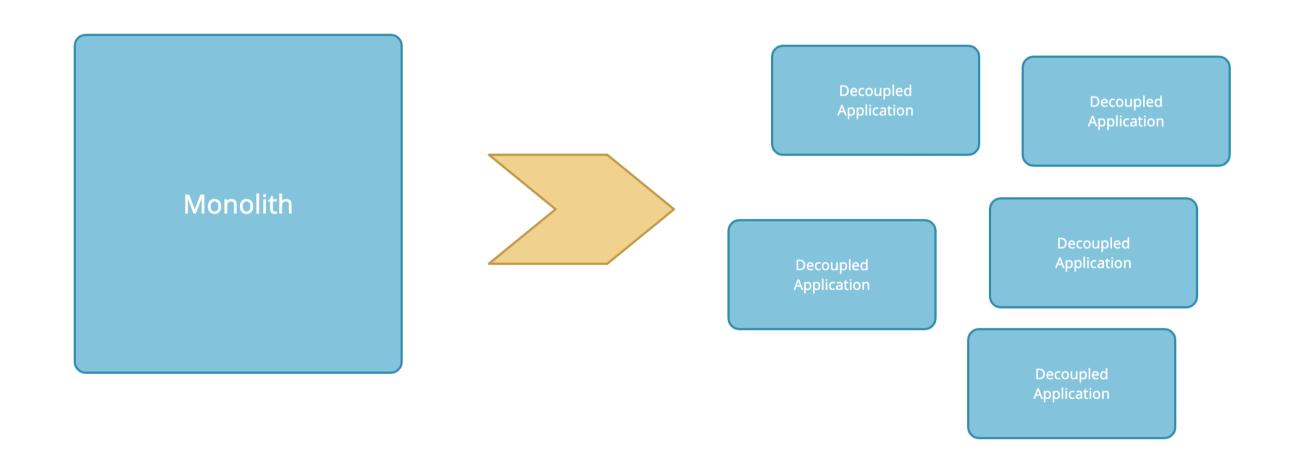
| III | Performance(Last 30 Days)





View Sales Dashboard

Rough numbers ~100 flows ~30 experience teams

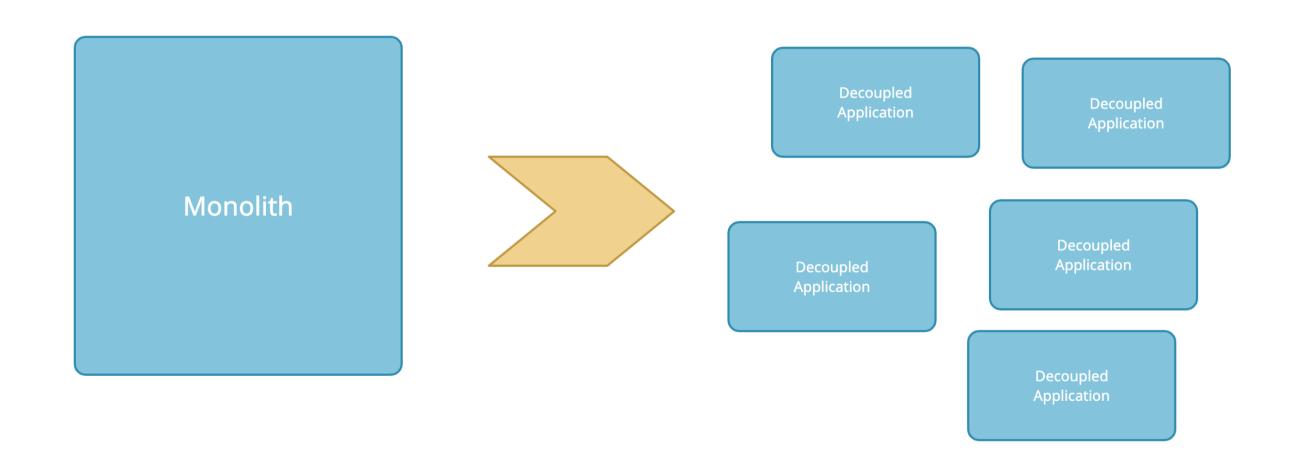




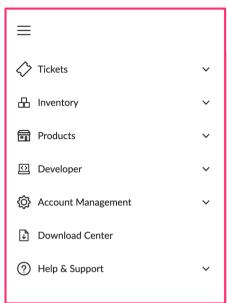
Facing a Challenge

Let's start with a question

How to distribute front end applications?

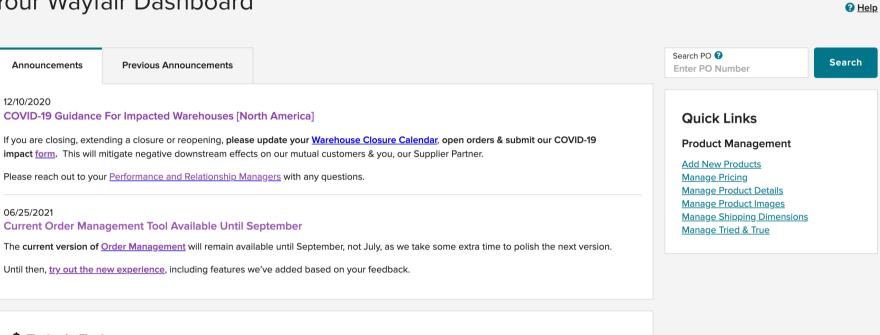


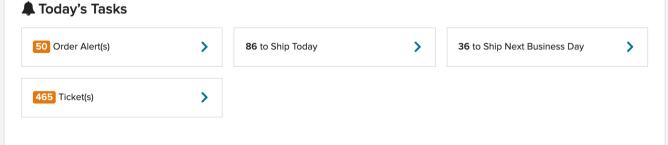
What about shared concerns?



***Wayfair** PARTNER HOME Powell ~

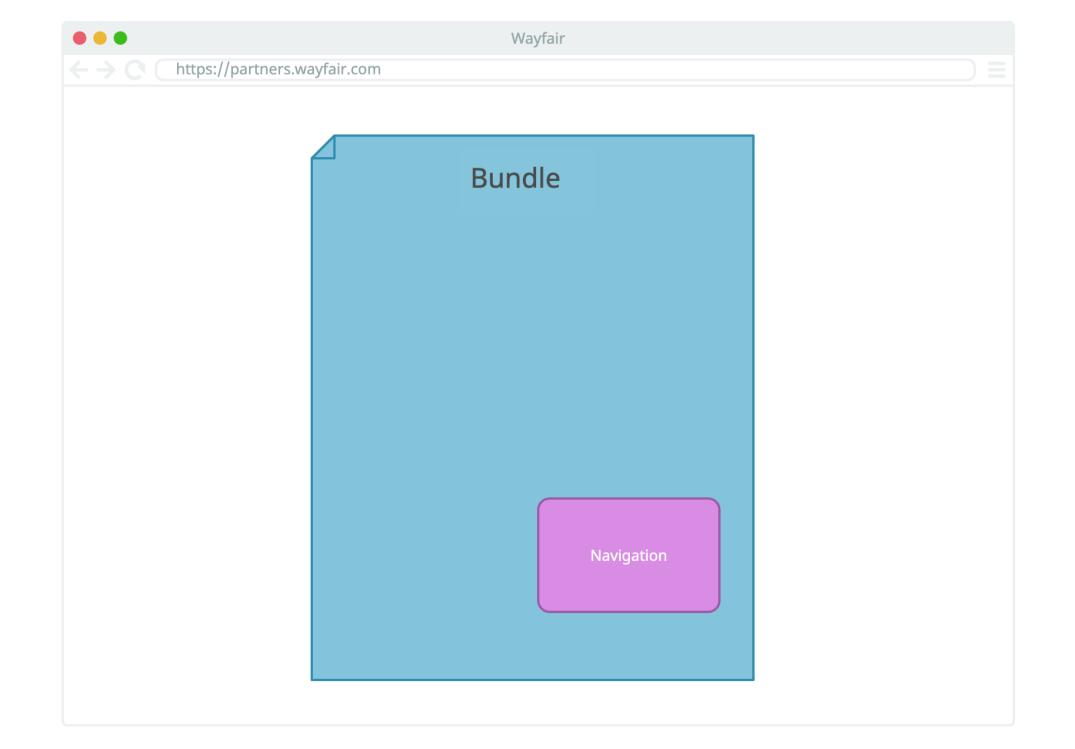
Your Wayfair Dashboard







Attempt 1 Using an npm package



You can guess it didn't work for us

Challenges

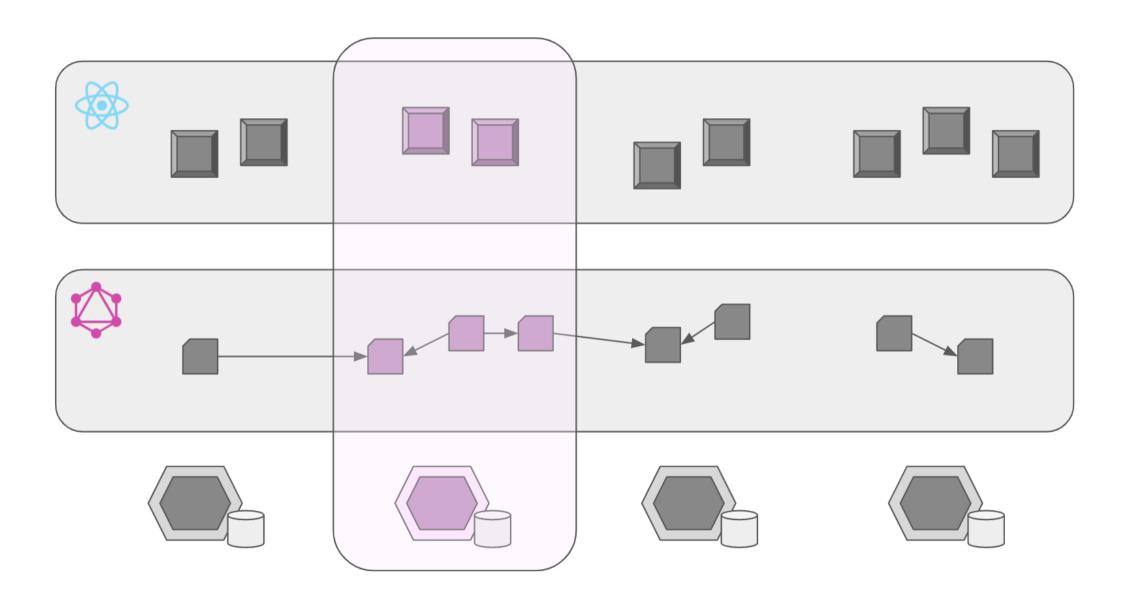
Challenges Propagating updates

Challenges Propagating updates Consistency

Challenges Propagating updates Consistency Operability

Attempt 2 Applications instead of libraries

A different paradigm Independently deployed applications Integrated as a cohesive whole



Plenty of ways to implement micro frontends

The one right way to do microfrontends - two opinions youtube.com/watch?v=Wly6KseqABE

Let's talk about our implementation

What is module federation?

Load modules remotely at runtime

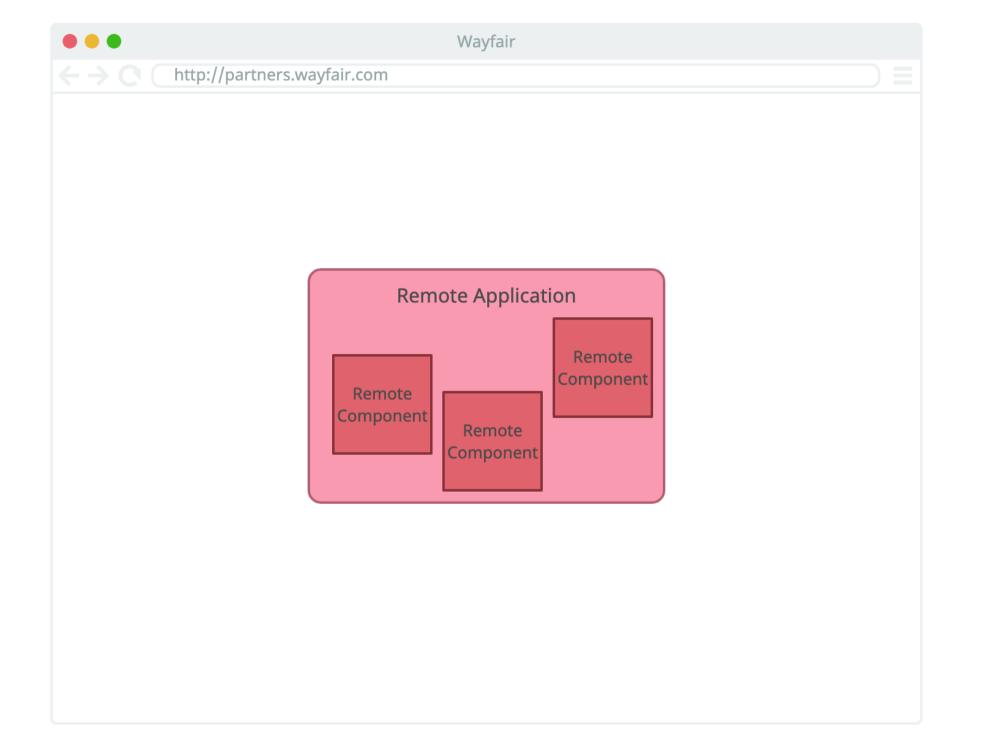
New in Webpack 5

webpack.js.org/concepts/module-federation/

Why is that relevant?

Low friction integration between independent applications

Making an Application Remote



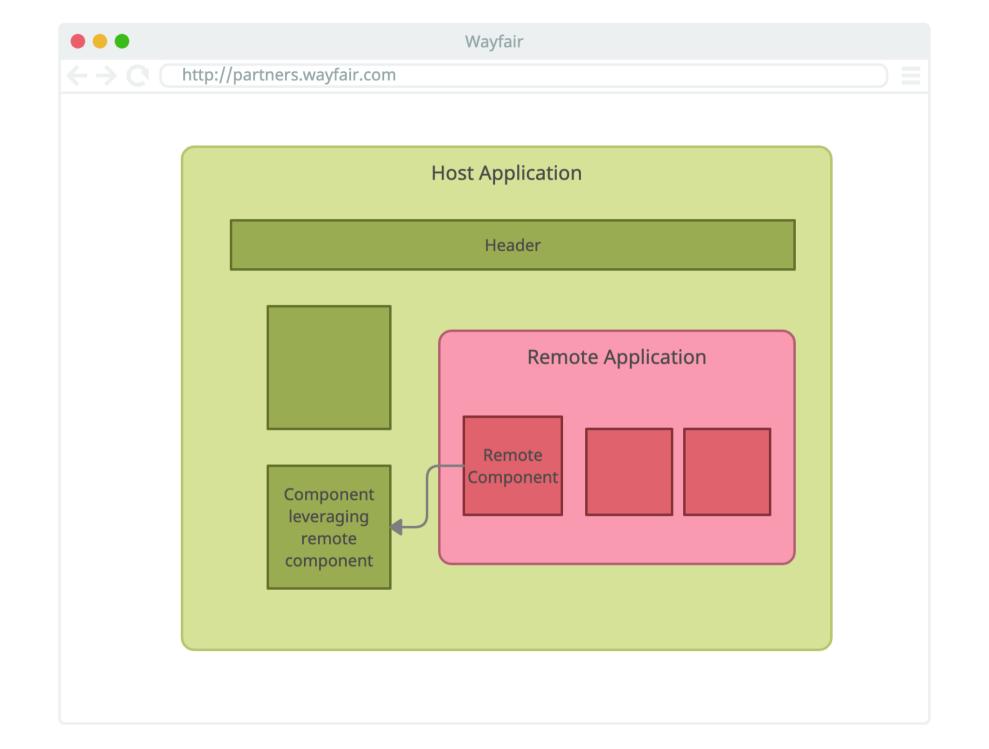
```
new ModuleFederationPlugin({
     name: 'remote',
     filename: 'remoteEntry.js',
 4
     exposes: {
 5
        ./Welcome': './src/Welcome',
 6
     shared: [
 8
         react: { requiredVersion: deps.react, singleton: true },
          'react-dom': { requiredVersion: deps['react-dom'], singleton: true },
10
          '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library': {
11
12
            import: '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library',
13
           requiredVersion: require('../shared-library/package.json').version,
14
15
          '@material-ui/core': {
           requiredVersion: deps['@material-ui/core'],
16
           singleton: true,
17
18
         },
19
20
```

```
new ModuleFederationPlugin({
  name: 'remote',
  exposes: {
     './Welcome': './src/Welcome',
  shared: [
      react: { requiredVersion: deps.react, singleton: true },
       'react-dom': { requiredVersion: deps['react-dom'], singleton: true },
       '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library': {
         import: '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library',
        requiredVersion: require('../shared-library/package.json').version,
         requiredVersion: deps['@material-ui/core'],
         singleton: true,
```

```
new ModuleFederationPlugin({
    name: 'remote',
4
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5
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6
    shared: [
        react: { requiredVersion: deps.react, singleton: true },
        'react-dom': { requiredVersion: deps['react-dom'], singleton: true },
        '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library': {
          import: '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library',
          requiredVersion: require('../shared-library/package.json').version,
          requiredVersion: deps['@material-ui/core'],
          singleton: true,
```

That's it?

Consuming a Remote Application



```
new ModuleFederationPlugin({
     name: 'host',
     remotes: {
       remote: 'remote@http://localhost:3002/remoteEntry.js',
 5
     },
     shared: [
 6
         react: { requiredVersion: deps.react, singleton: true },
 8
          'react-dom': { requiredVersion: deps['react-dom'], singleton: true },
          '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library': {
10
11
            import: '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library',
12
           requiredVersion: require('../shared-library/package.json').version,
13
14
          '@material-ui/core': {
           requiredVersion: deps['@material-ui/core'],
15
16
           singleton: true,
17
          },
18
20 })
```

```
new ModuleFederationPlugin({
    remotes: {
      remote: 'remote@http://localhost:3002/remoteEntry.js',
5
    },
    shared: [
        react: { requiredVersion: deps.react, singleton: true },
        'react-dom': { requiredVersion: deps['react-dom'], singleton: true },
        '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library': {
          import: '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library',
          requiredVersion: require('../shared-library/package.json').version,
        '@material-ui/core': {
          requiredVersion: deps['@material-ui/core'],
          singleton: true,
```

```
export default class LazyModule extends React.Component {
     constructor(props) {
       super(props)
       this.state = { error: null }
 5
 6
     render() {
 8
       return (
         <React.Suspense fallback={this.props.delayed ?? null}>
 9
            {this.props.children}
10
11
         </React.Suspense>
12
13
```

```
export default class LazyModule extends React.Component {
     constructor(props) {
       super(props)
       this.state = { error: null }
     render() {
         <React.Suspense fallback={this.props.delayed ?? null}>
 9
           {this.props.children}
10
11
         </React.Suspense>
12
```

A problem Dynamic loading

```
{
   remotes: {
    remote: 'remote@http://localhost:3002/remoteEntry.js',
   }
}
```

More flexible loading

```
const RemoteComponent = ({component, error, delayed, environment, ...props}) => {
  const RemoteComponentLoader = useMemo(
    () => loadRemoteComponent({ component, environment }),
    [component, environment]
  const RemoteObject = useMemo(
    () => React.lazy(RemoteComponentLoader),
    [RemoteComponentLoader]
  return (
    <LazyModule error={error} delayed={delayed}>
      <RemoteObject {...props} />
    </LazyModule>
export default RemoteComponent
```

Shared Dependencies

```
shared: [
         react: { requiredVersion: deps.react, singleton: true },
          'react-dom': { requiredVersion: deps['react-dom'], singleton: true },
 5
          '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library': {
 6
            import: '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library',
           requiredVersion: require('../shared-library/package.json').version,
 8
 9
          '@material-ui/core': {
10
11
           requiredVersion: deps['@material-ui/core'],
12
           singleton: true,
13
          },
14
15
      1,
16 }
```

```
shared: [
   react: { requiredVersion: deps.react, singleton: true },
    'react-dom': { requiredVersion: deps['react-dom'], singleton: true },
    '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library': {
      import: '@applications-instead-of-libraries/shared-library',
      requiredVersion: require('../shared-library/package.json').version,
    '@material-ui/core': {
      requiredVersion: deps['@material-ui/core'],
      singleton: true,
```

You don't want to download React multiple times

You don't want strong coupling, either

Beyond Single Components

Keeping internal state private

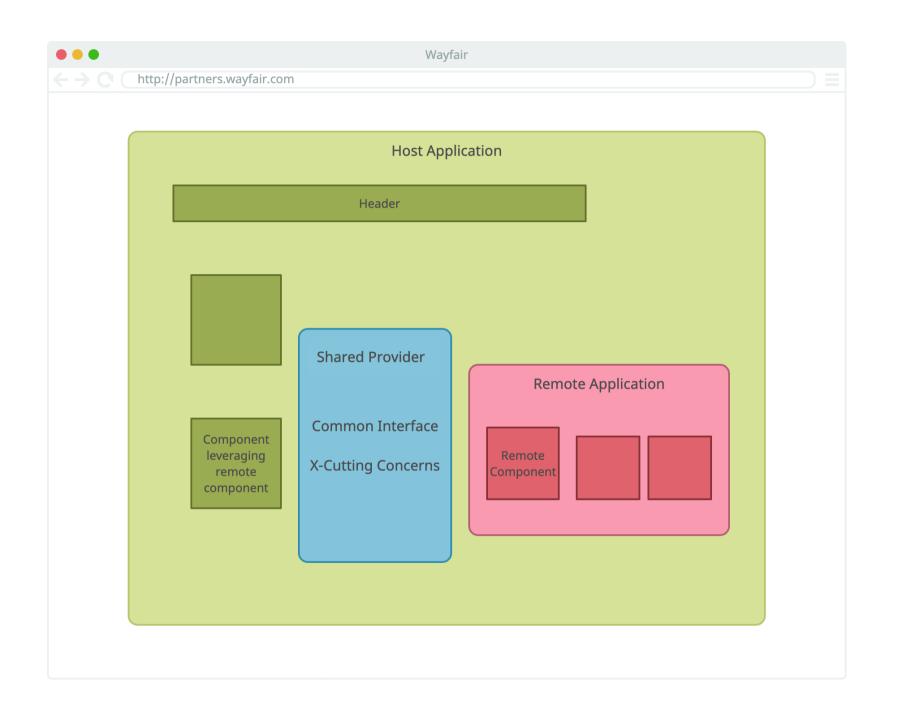
```
const Context = createContext('')
   export const useContext = () => React.useContext(Context)
   const WelcomeFrame = () => {
     return (
       <Context.Provider value="[private]">
 6
         <Card variant="outlined">
           <CardHeader title="WelcomeFrame"></CardHeader>
 8
           <CardContent>
10
             <Welcome />
           </CardContent>
11
12
         </Card>
       </Context.Provider>
13
14
15 }
```

```
const Context = createContext('')
   export const useContext = () => React.useContext(Context)
   const WelcomeFrame = () => {
         <Card variant="outlined">
           <CardHeader title="WelcomeFrame"></CardHeader>
12
```

```
1 const Context = createContext('')
 2 export const useContext = () => React.useContext(Context)
   const WelcomeFrame = () => {
       <Context.Provider value="[private]">
 6
         <Card variant="outlined">
           <CardHeader title="WelcomeFrame"></CardHeader>
12
```

Interactions between host and remote applications

```
const HostApplication = () => {
      return (
        <LanguageProvider value="de-DE">
          < Box p={1}>
            <RemoteComponent</pre>
              component="WelcomeFrame"
 6
              delayed={<>Loading...</>}
            />
 8
          </Box>
 9
        </LanguageProvider>
10
11
12 }
```



X-Cutting concerns Logging Monitoring i18n

Production Ready



• • •

To make error is human. To propagate error to all server in automatic way is #devops.

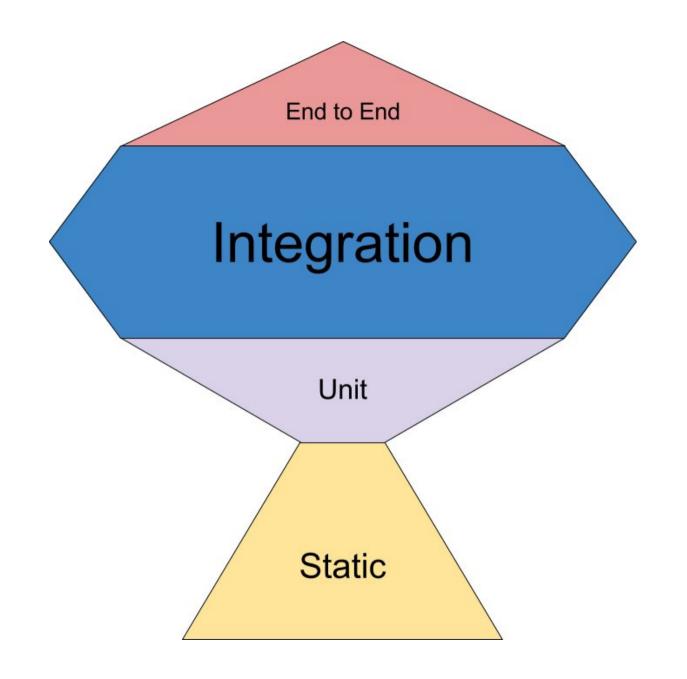
8:55 PM · Feb 26, 2011 · Mobile Web

Error Handling

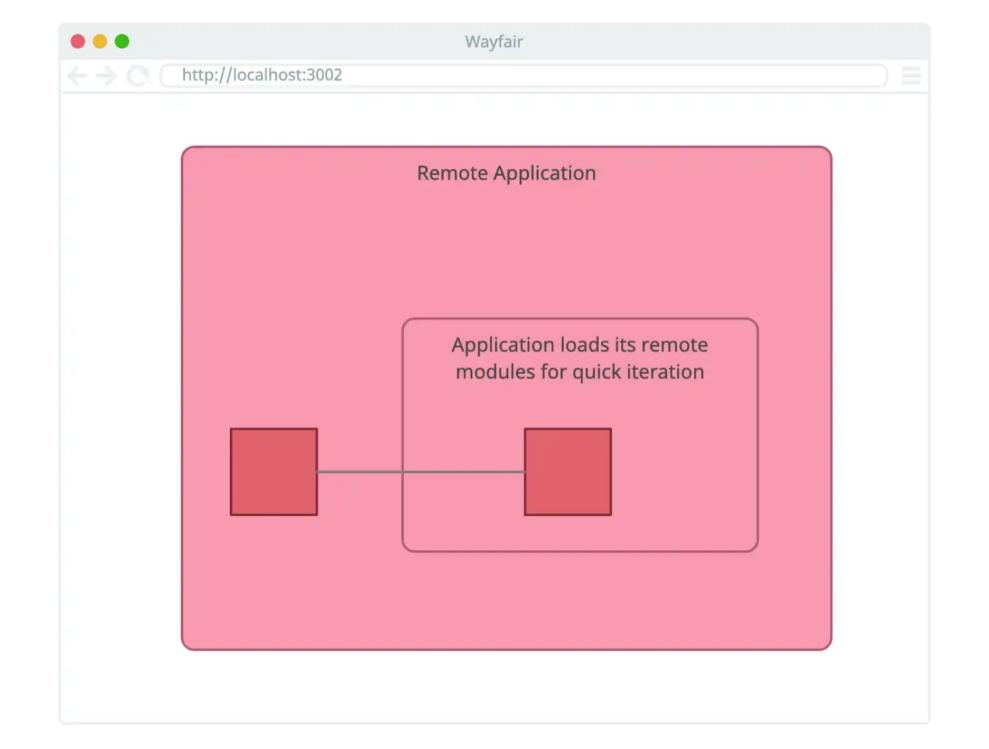
```
export default class LazyModule extends React.Component {
  static getDerivedStateFromError(error) {
    return { error }
  constructor(props) {
    super(props)
    this.state = { error: null }
  componentDidCatch(_error, errorInfo) {
    // eslint-disable-next-line no-console
    console.error('LazyModule failed while loading remote module', errorInfo)
    if (this.props.logger) {
      this.props.logger.error({
        message: 'LazyModule failed while loading remote module',
        data: errorInfo,
```

```
export default class LazyModule extends React.Component {
  render() {
    if (this.state.error !== null) {
      const errorFallback = this.props.error
      if (React.isValidElement(errorFallback)) {
        return errorFallback
      } else if (typeof errorFallback === 'function') {
        return errorFallback({ error: this.state.error })
      } else {
        return null
    return (
      <React.Suspense fallback={this.props.delayed ?? null}>
        {this.props.children}
      </React.Suspense>
```

Testing



Testing remote components



```
context('Integrated Application', () => {
  beforeEach(() => {})

it('shows the integrated remote component', () => {
    cy.visit('http://localhost:3001')

    cy.contains('Host Application').should('exist')
    cy.contains('The selected locale is de-DE').should('exist')
  })
})
```

Contract Testing

matthias-kainer.de/blog/posts/contract-testing-in-the-frontend/

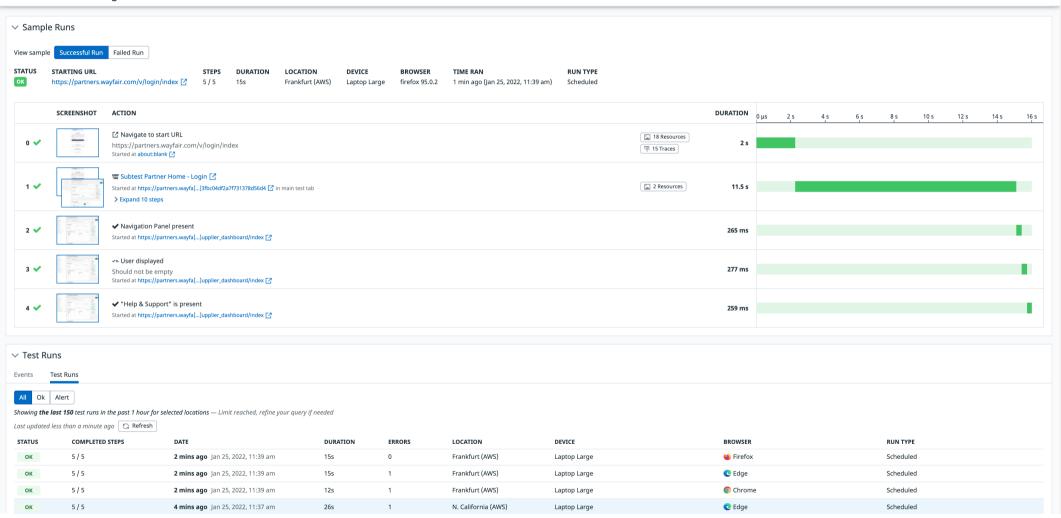
Monitoring

A micro frontend is a live application

A micro frontend is a live application A MICRO FRONTEND IS A LIVE APPLICATION



Partner Home - Navigation Available



Scaling Usage

Remote Component

LazyModule

Webpack Configuration Shared Provider

What if you have multiple remote applications?

```
const RemoteContainerProvider = ({
  environment,
  origins,
  children,
}: RemoteContainerProviderProps) => {
  const remoteContainerRegistry = useRemoteContainerRegistry({
    environment,
    origins,
  });
  return (
    <RemoteContainerContext.Provider value={remoteContainerRegistry}>
      {children}
    </RemoteContainerContext.Provider>
  );
```

Encouraging Adoption

Should we build our new application as a micro frontend?

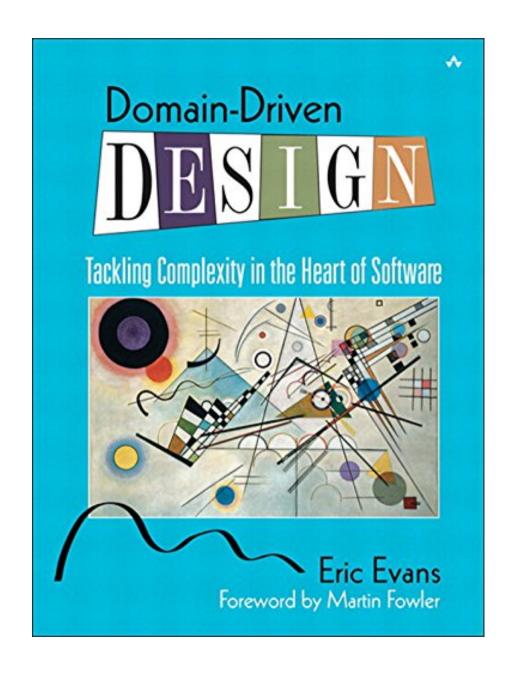
It depends!

YOU WERE SO BUSY WONDERING IF YOU COULD DO IT

YOU NEVER STOPPED TO ASK IF YOU SHOULD.

75 nemegenerator

Micro frontends are not about technology, they are about organizational structure



Finding meaningful boundaries is hard!

Lessons Learned

Clear advantages Isolation Quick path to production

There are challenges as well!



дэн @dan_abramov

I don't understand micro-frontends.

5:48 AM · May 26, 2019 · Twitter Web App

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medium.com/swlh/webpack-5-module-federation-a-game-changer-to-javascript-architecture-bcdd30e02669

aboutwayfair.com/careers/tech-blog/applications-instead-of-libraries-part-2

github.com/sirech/example-applications-instead-of-libraries