

# Project 2 - Regression

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## Weather History Data Analysis

Source: Kaggle.com

Link: <https://www.kaggle.com/budincsevit/szeged-weather>

Number of Observations: 98.5K # ## Data Cleaning

Factoring character variables, cleaning NA's, reading in data

Data cleaning for this data set included making the character variables, which was Summary and Daily Summary into factors, as well as not including 'preciptype', 'loud\_cover', 'date', as these did not directly affect the the Humidity which is the target.

```
weatherHistory <- read.csv("/Users/siri/Downloads/weatherHistory.csv", header=TRUE)
weatherHistory <- weatherHistory[,c(2,4,5,6,7, 8, 9, 11, 12)]
summary(weatherHistory) # data function # 1
```

Summary	Temperature	Apparent_Temperature
Length:96453	Min. :-21.822	Min. :-27.717
Class :character	1st Qu.: 4.689	1st Qu.: 2.311
Mode :character	Median : 12.000	Median : 12.000
	Mean : 11.933	Mean : 10.855
	3rd Qu.: 18.839	3rd Qu.: 18.839
	Max. : 39.906	Max. : 39.344

Humidity	Wind_Speed	Wind_Bearing	Visibility
Min. :0.0000	Min. : 0.000	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.00
1st Qu.:0.6000	1st Qu.: 5.828	1st Qu.:116.0	1st Qu.: 8.34
Median :0.7800	Median : 9.966	Median :180.0	Median :10.05
Mean :0.7349	Mean :10.811	Mean :187.5	Mean :10.35
3rd Qu.:0.8900	3rd Qu.:14.136	3rd Qu.:290.0	3rd Qu.:14.81
Max. :1.0000	Max. :63.853	Max. :359.0	Max. :16.10

Pressure	Daily_Summary
Min. : 0	Length:96453
1st Qu.:1012	Class :character
Median :1016	Mode :character

```

Mean      :1003
3rd Qu.:1021
Max.      :1046

weatherHistory$Summary <- as.factor(weatherHistory$Summary)
weatherHistory$Daily.Summary <- as.factor(weatherHistory$Daily_Summary)

```

## Divide into train and test

```

set.seed(1234)

i <- sample(1:nrow(weatherHistory), .75*nrow(weatherHistory), replace=FALSE)

train <- weatherHistory[i,]
test  <- weatherHistory[-i,]

```

The feature selection of the following algorithms include all columns except Summary and Daily summary, as they resulted in error prone results and more than 32 levels of results.

# Linear Regression - Algorithm 1

```

library(ISLR)

lm1 <- lm(Humidity~Temperature+Wind_Speed+Visibility+Apparent_Temperature+Wind_Bearing
+Pressure, data=train)

summary(lm1) # data exploration # 2

```

Call:

```

lm(formula = Humidity ~ Temperature + Wind_Speed + Visibility +
    Apparent_Temperature + Wind_Bearing + Pressure, data = train)

```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-1.25533	-0.09365	0.01189	0.10138	0.37051

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	1.014e+00	4.899e-03	206.922	<2e-16 ***
Temperature	-3.229e-02	5.438e-04	-59.390	<2e-16 ***
Wind_Speed	-4.086e-03	9.190e-05	-44.459	<2e-16 ***
Visibility	-5.522e-03	1.383e-04	-39.931	<2e-16 ***
Apparent_Temperature	1.825e-02	4.857e-04	37.574	<2e-16 ***

```

Wind_Bearing      7.284e-05  4.960e-06  14.684  <2e-16 ***
Pressure          -4.076e-06  4.519e-06  -0.902    0.367
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.1422 on 72332 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.4725,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.4725
F-statistic: 1.08e+04 on 6 and 72332 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

## Accuracy and Predictions for Linear Regression

```

pred <- predict(lm1, newdata=test)
acc <- cor(pred, test$Humidity)
mse <- mean((pred - test$Humidity) ^2)
print("Correlation:")
[1] "Correlation:"
print(acc)
[1] 0.6850601
print("MSE:")
[1] "MSE:"
print(mse)
[1] 0.02010298

```

## Commentary on Linear Regression

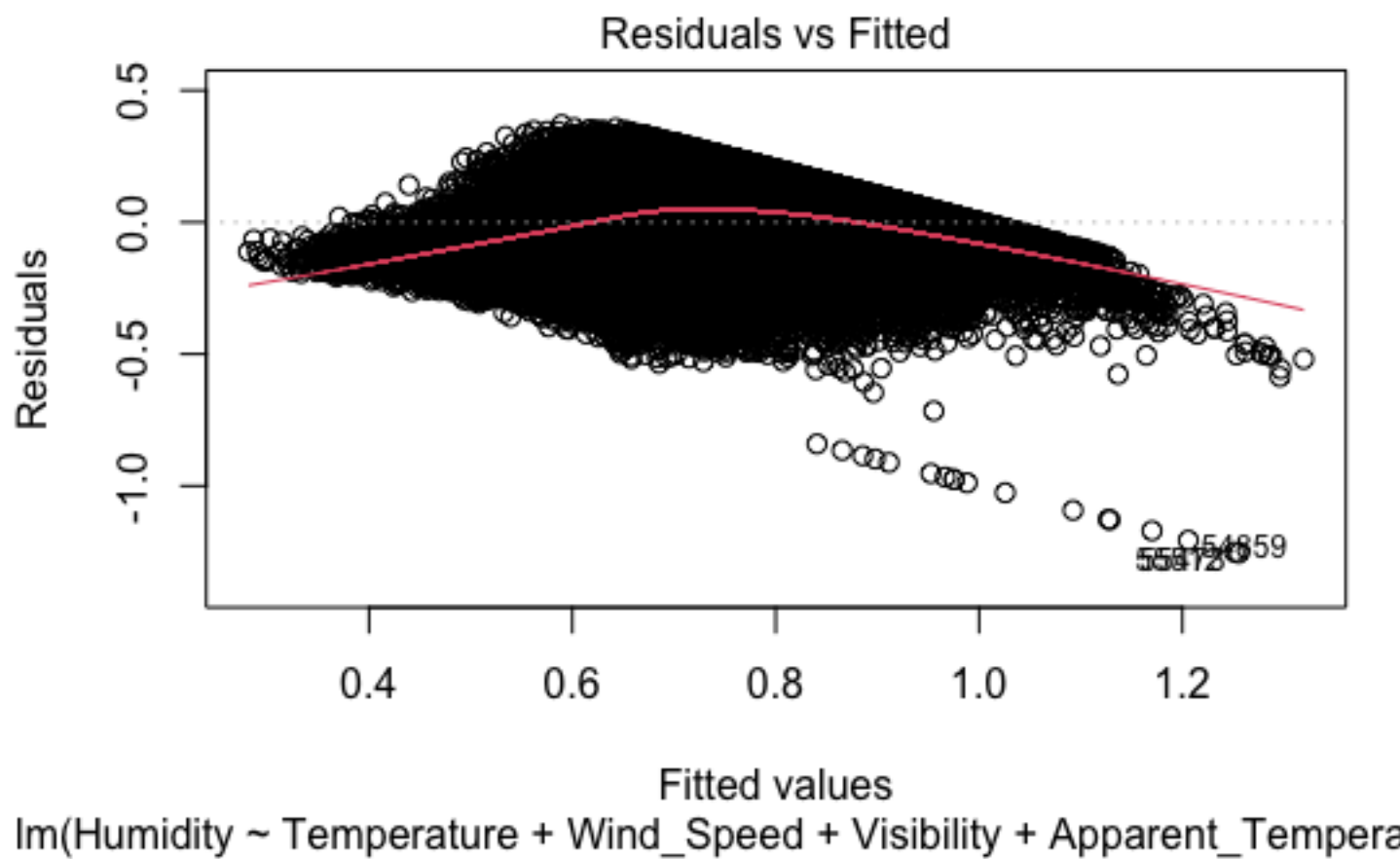
The linear model for this data set was a pretty average performance, with an accuracy percentage of 68%. This is lower than how efficient linear regression usually performs, and it seems like it predicted all but Pressure as an efficient predictor. Additionally, the p-value is relatively low which is a pro, whereas R-squared value is .4 which is average! Therefore, with it's good and bad aspects, it was a pretty average performance.

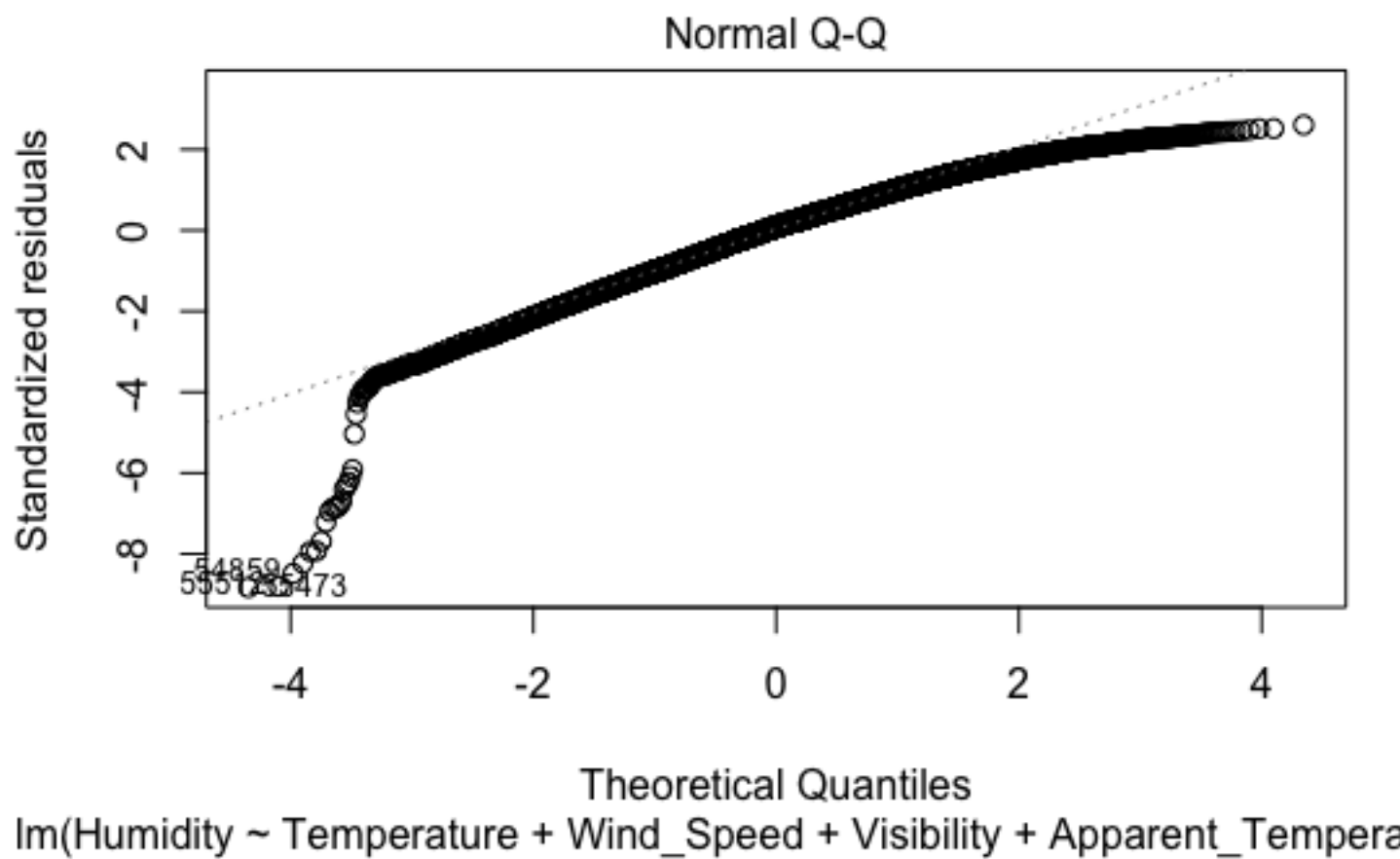
## Data Exploration Plots

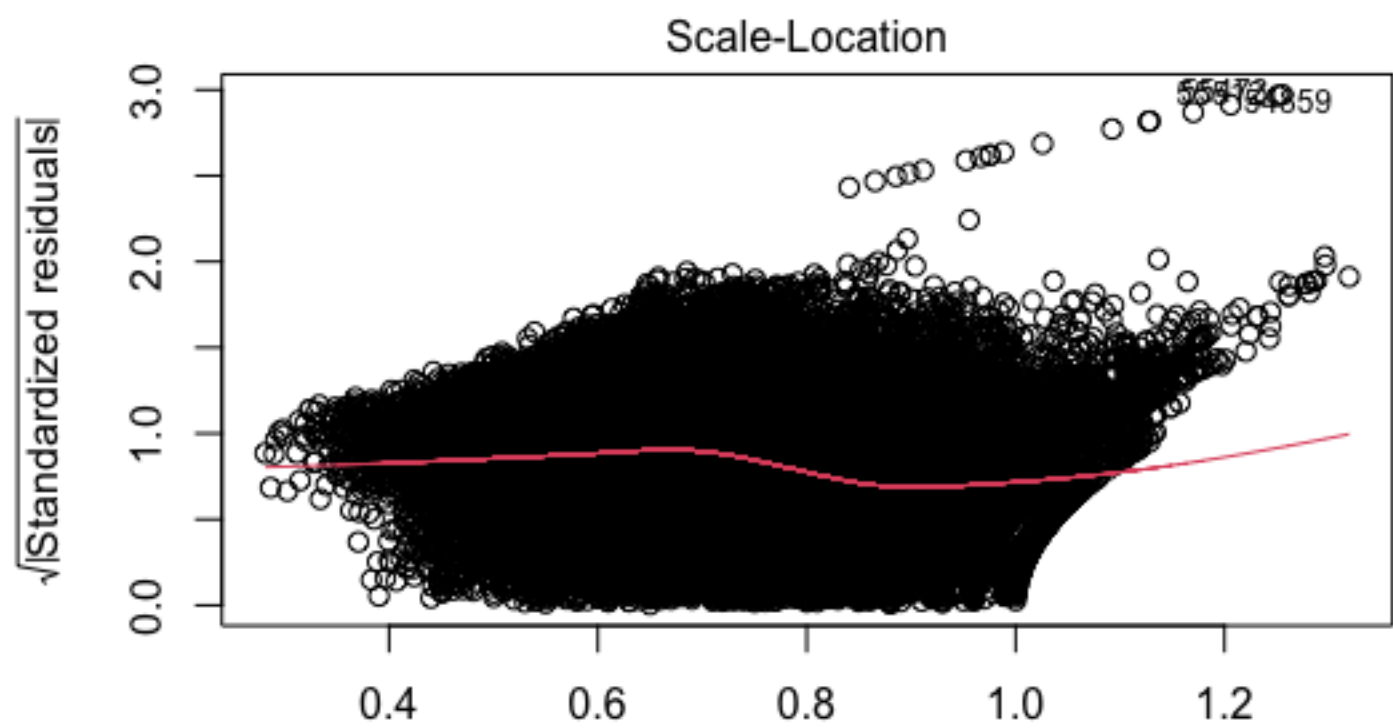
```

plot(lm1) # data exploration plot # 1

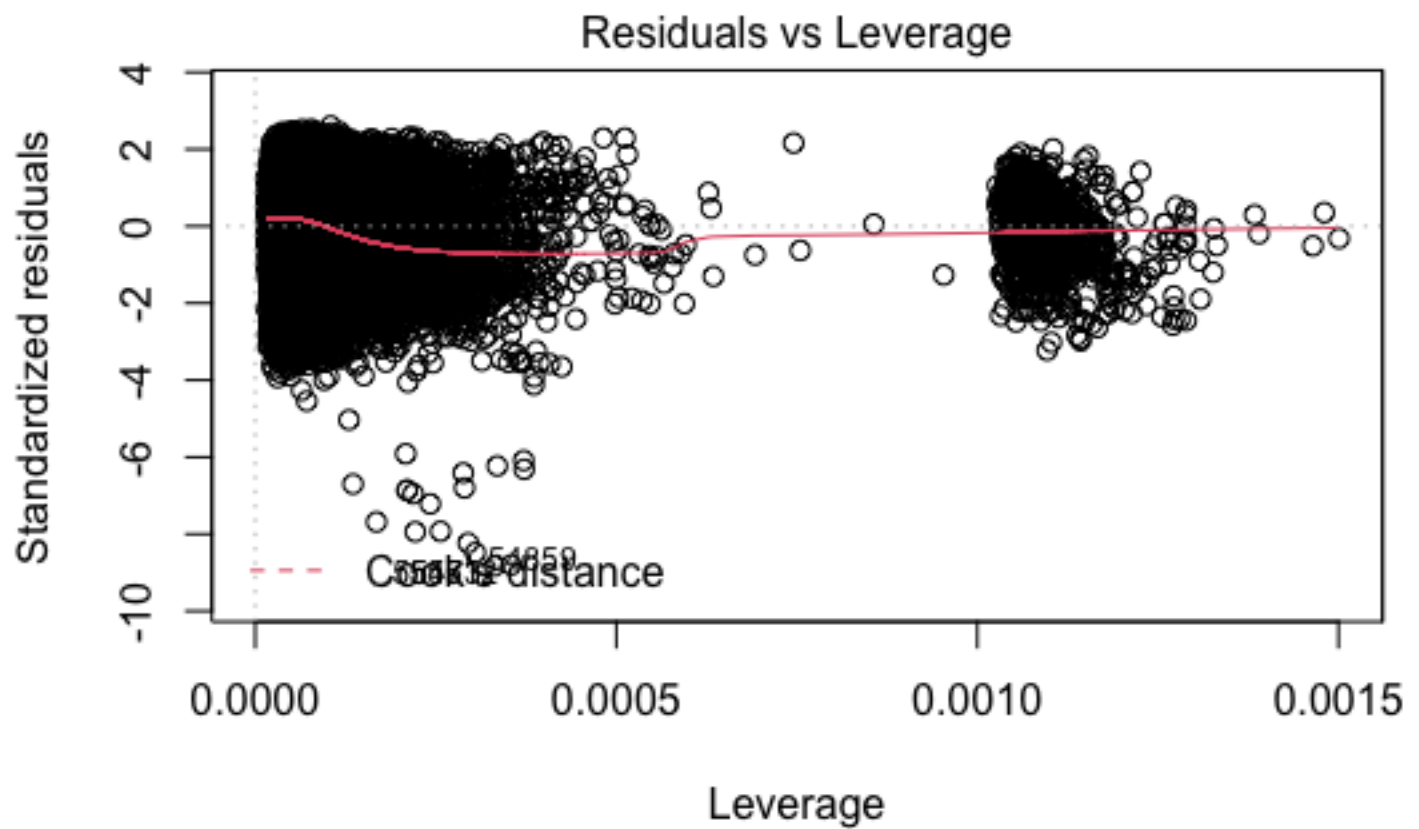
```





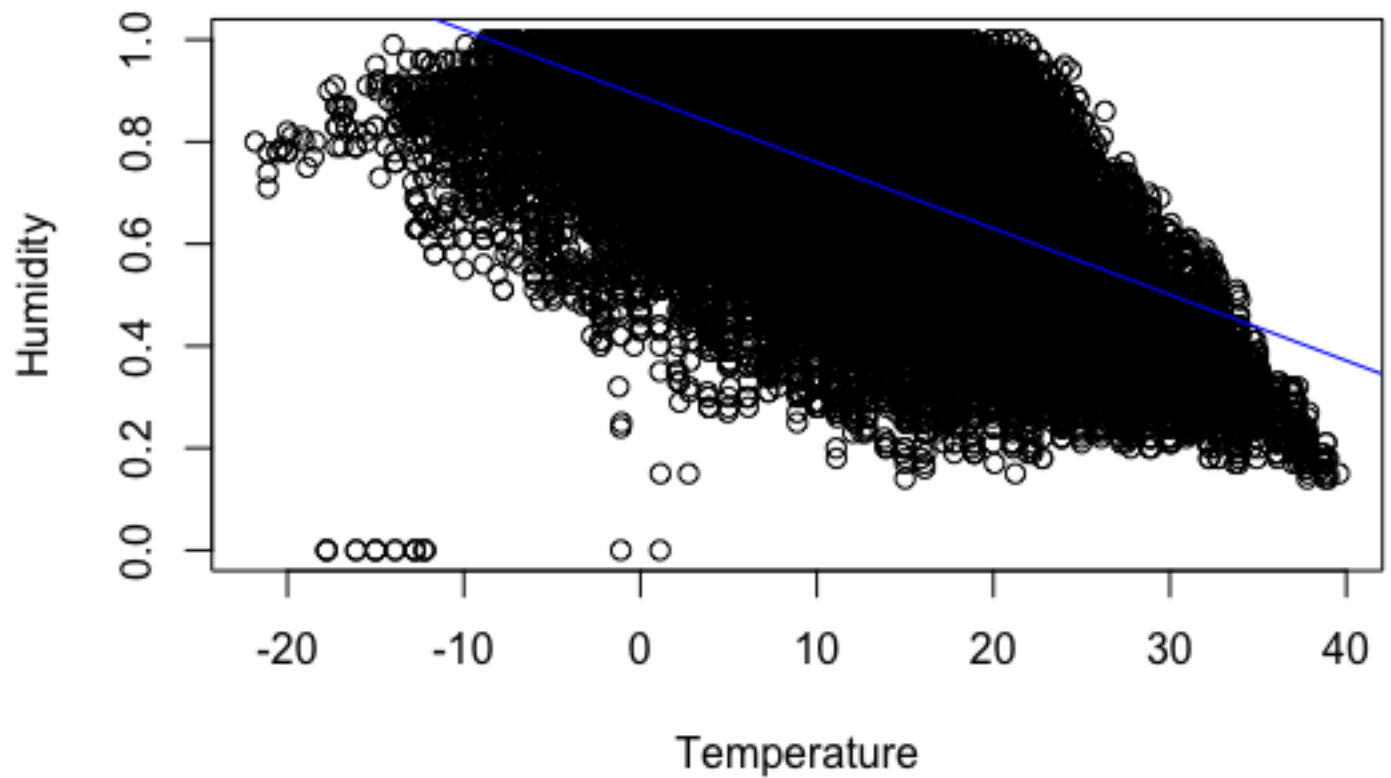


Im(Humidity ~ Temperature + Wind\_Speed + Visibility + Apparent\_Tempera



lm(Humidity ~ Temperature + Wind\_Speed + Visibility + Apparent\_Temperature)

```
plot(train$Humidity~train$Temperature, xlab="Temperature", ylab="Humidity")
abline(lm(train$Humidity~train$Temperature), col="blue")
```



## kNN - Algorithm # 2

```
library(caret)
fit <- knnreg(train[,c(2,3,5,6,7,8)],train[,4])
```

### Accuracy and Predictions for kNN

```
testpred <- predict(fit, test[,c(2,3,5,6,7,8)])
correlation_knn <- cor(testpred, test$Humidity)
mse_knn <- mean((testpred - test$Humidity) ^2)
print(paste("correlation: ", correlation_knn))
[1] "correlation: 0.783242531333751"
print(paste("mse: ", mse_knn))
[1] "mse: 0.0147434327039157"
```

### Commentary on kNN



The performance on kNN was optimal at a rate of 78% along with a low mse at .014. The use of nearest neighbors was efficient in this case as all the predictors do effectively impact the algorithm.

## Decision Trees - Algorithm # 3

```
library(rpart)

dtree <- rpart(Humidity~Temperature+Wind_Speed+Visibility+Apparent_Temperature+Wind_Bearing+Pressure, data=train)

dtree
n= 72339

node), split, n, deviance, yval
      * denotes terminal node

1) root 72339 2771.96600 0.7345190
  2) Apparent_Temperature>=20.89722 14172 348.26560 0.4930469
    4) Temperature>=25.86944 6264 71.83489 0.4061925 *
    5) Temperature< 25.86944 7908 191.74720 0.5618450 *
  3) Apparent_Temperature< 20.89722 58167 1396.01300 0.7933521
    6) Visibility>=9.89345 37341 882.23560 0.7345117
      12) Wind_Speed>=7.05985 25622 609.59430 0.7097752
        24) Apparent_Temperature>=10.93611 13330 371.17820 0.6715484 *
        25) Apparent_Temperature< 10.93611 12292 197.81320 0.7512301 *
      13) Wind_Speed< 7.05985 11719 222.68580 0.7885946 *
    7) Visibility< 9.89345 20826 152.69350 0.8988529 *
```

```
summary(dtree)

Call:
rpart(formula = Humidity ~ Temperature + Wind_Speed + Visibility +
      Apparent_Temperature + Wind_Bearing + Pressure, data = train)
n= 72339
```

	CP	nsplit	rel error	xerror	xstd
1	0.37074316	0	1.0000000	1.0000102	0.004610020
2	0.13026274	1	0.6292568	0.6298421	0.003725065
3	0.03055000	2	0.4989941	0.4994272	0.003141537
4	0.01802171	3	0.4684441	0.4690782	0.003012789
5	0.01464768	4	0.4504224	0.4511654	0.002931187

6 0.01000000      5 0.4357747 0.4372307 0.002853882

Variable importance

Temperature	Apparent_Temperature	Visibility
43	42	13
Wind_Speed	Pressure	
2	1	

Node number 1: 72339 observations,      complexity param=0.3707432

mean=0.734519, MSE=0.03831911

left son=2 (14172 obs) right son=3 (58167 obs)

Primary splits:

Apparent_Temperature	< 20.89722	to the right, improve=0.37074320, (0 missing)
Temperature	< 20.89722	to the right, improve=0.37074320, (0 missing)
Visibility	< 9.95785	to the right, improve=0.28530590, (0 missing)
Wind_Speed	< 6.89885	to the right, improve=0.05095032, (0 missing)
Pressure	< 1026.355	to the left, improve=0.01397541, (0 missing)

Surrogate splits:

Temperature	< 20.89722	to the right, agree=1, adj=1, (0 split)
-------------	------------	---

Node number 2: 14172 observations,      complexity param=0.03055

mean=0.4930469, MSE=0.02457421

left son=4 (6264 obs) right son=5 (7908 obs)

Primary splits:

Temperature	< 25.86944	to the right, improve=0.24315800, (0 missing)
Apparent_Temperature	< 25.86944	to the right, improve=0.24315800, (0 missing)
Visibility	< 10.58575	to the left, improve=0.05796188, (0 missing)
Wind_Speed	< 6.67345	to the right, improve=0.04019841, (0 missing)
Pressure	< 1018.135	to the right, improve=0.02504725, (0 missing)

Surrogate splits:

Apparent_Temperature	< 25.86944	to the right, agree=1.000, adj=1.000, (0 split)
Visibility	< 10.4489	to the left, agree=0.566, adj=0.019, (0 split)
Wind_Bearing	< 353.5	to the right, agree=0.558, adj=0.001, (0 split)

Node number 3: 58167 observations,      complexity param=0.1302627

mean=0.7933521, MSE=0.02400009

left son=6 (37341 obs) right son=7 (20826 obs)

Primary splits:

Visibility	< 9.89345	to the right, improve=0.258653700, (0 missing)
Apparent_Temperature	< 10.91389	to the right, improve=0.098566830, (0 missing)
Temperature	< 10.91389	to the right, improve=0.098566830, (0 missing)
Wind_Speed	< 11.26195	to the right, improve=0.065810690, (0 missing)
Pressure	< 1009.915	to the right, improve=0.005898743, (0 missing)

Surrogate splits:

Temperature	< 4.819444	to the right, agree=0.722, adj=0.222, (0 split)
Apparent_Temperature	< 2.975	to the right, agree=0.704, adj=0.174, (0 split)
Pressure	< 1028.015	to the left, agree=0.666, adj=0.067, (0 split)

Node number 4: 6264 observations

mean=0.4061925, MSE=0.01146789

Node number 5: 7908 observations

mean=0.561845, MSE=0.02424724

Node number 6: 37341 observations, complexity param=0.01802171

mean=0.7345117, MSE=0.02362646

left son=12 (25622 obs) right son=13 (11719 obs)

Primary splits:

Wind_Speed	< 7.05985	to the right, improve=0.05662383, (0 missing)
Visibility	< 10.58575	to the left, improve=0.04213674, (0 missing)
Temperature	< 16.86944	to the right, improve=0.03795920, (0 missing)
Apparent_Temperature	< 16.86944	to the right, improve=0.03795920, (0 missing)
Pressure	< 1019.655	to the right, improve=0.01827203, (0 missing)

Surrogate splits:

Wind_Bearing	< 0.5	to the right, agree=0.695, adj=0.027, (0 split)
Temperature	< -12.79167	to the right, agree=0.686, adj=0.000, (0 split)
Pressure	< 1040.46	to the left, agree=0.686, adj=0.000, (0 split)

Node number 7: 20826 observations

mean=0.8988529, MSE=0.007331869

Node number 12: 25622 observations, complexity param=0.01464768

mean=0.7097752, MSE=0.02379183

left son=24 (13330 obs) right son=25 (12292 obs)

Primary splits:

```
Apparent_Temperature < 10.93611  to the right, improve=0.06660637, (0 missing)
Temperature          < 10.93611  to the right, improve=0.06660637, (0 missing)
Visibility            < 10.58575  to the left,  improve=0.03076945, (0 missing)
Pressure              < 1015.085  to the right, improve=0.02505892, (0 missing)
Wind_Speed            < 20.21355  to the right, improve=0.02231901, (0 missing)
```

Surrogate splits:

```
Temperature < 10.93611  to the right, agree=1.000, adj=1.000, (0 split)
Pressure    < 1021.705  to the left,  agree=0.592, adj=0.149, (0 split)
Wind_Speed  < 16.80035  to the left,  agree=0.559, adj=0.080, (0 split)
Visibility   < 11.45515  to the left,  agree=0.530, adj=0.021, (0 split)
Wind_Bearing < 11.5      to the right, agree=0.523, adj=0.005, (0 split)
```

Node number 13: 11719 observations

mean=0.7885946, MSE=0.01900211

Node number 24: 13330 observations

mean=0.6715484, MSE=0.02784533

Node number 25: 12292 observations

mean=0.7512301, MSE=0.01609284

plot(dtree) # data exploration plot # 3

text(dtree, cex=0.4, pretty=0)



0.751230068337141	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	2	3	1	2
0.788594589982088	1	1	0	2	3	1	2	3	2	3	4
0.898852876212437	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
pred	0.34	0.35	0.36	0.37	0.38	0.39	0.4	0.41	0.42	0.43	0.44
0.406192528735634	76	74	73	82	54	81	80	69	66	61	72
0.561844967121901	34	30	32	31	65	45	30	56	50	21	35
0.671548387096781	23	23	32	39	33	35	40	26	28	41	59
0.751230068337141	9	3	4	3	5	7	8	19	8	9	9
0.788594589982088	2	7	5	7	1	10	11	7	6	11	10
0.898852876212437	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	2
pred	0.45	0.46	0.47	0.48	0.49	0.5	0.51	0.52	0.53	0.54	0.55
0.406192528735634	40	67	66	46	53	41	35	31	32	45	36
0.561844967121901	41	45	49	64	62	82	50	33	84	80	62
0.671548387096781	41	40	57	56	49	53	59	83	47	51	70
0.751230068337141	17	15	11	15	31	23	25	21	26	42	30
0.788594589982088	12	13	9	11	13	11	24	25	27	26	22
0.898852876212437	0	1	2	2	1	8	1	5	4	2	7
pred	0.56	0.57	0.58	0.59	0.6	0.61	0.62	0.63	0.64	0.65	0.66
0.406192528735634	18	20	25	28	23	7	10	11	11	9	5
0.561844967121901	43	71	56	81	36	47	69	41	57	44	63
0.671548387096781	96	59	58	71	84	99	84	86	80	79	93
0.751230068337141	21	45	49	40	40	40	44	58	54	64	75
0.788594589982088	33	21	32	24	37	40	31	32	40	37	37
0.898852876212437	2	13	6	8	6	10	10	11	10	20	16
pred	0.67	0.68	0.69	0.7	0.71	0.72	0.73	0.74	0.75	0.76	0.77
0.406192528735634	5	8	6	1	2	0	2	5	2	0	0
0.561844967121901	44	63	57	43	35	29	67	53	12	34	17
0.671548387096781	104	117	80	61	94	165	118	89	82	70	102
0.751230068337141	70	70	111	119	143	93	101	94	137	174	145
0.788594589982088	51	67	50	68	59	91	78	69	89	92	96
0.898852876212437	19	23	31	19	32	34	35	36	41	48	56
pred	0.78	0.79	0.8	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.86	0.87	0.88

```

0.406192528735634    3    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0
0.561844967121901   26   52  28   28   24   13   18    7    7   19    9
0.671548387096781  135   75 106  101   50  102  118   46   91   84   42
0.751230068337141  136  160 126  104  197  167  101  125  160   95   96
0.788594589982088  104   74  98  111  104  147  168  111  174  169   96
0.898852876212437   76   83  95  100  130  157  168  215  309  224  219

pred                0.89 0.9 0.91 0.92 0.93 0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99
0.406192528735634    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0
0.561844967121901    6  10    4    6    9    0    1    3    4    1    1
0.671548387096781   50 113   27   25  115    7    9   34  11    4   15
0.751230068337141  181  44   30   88   90   18   19   45    0    2    8
0.788594589982088  160 190   51  130  257   21   47  126   45    2   33
0.898852876212437  319 237  141  720  919  192  160  799   94   56  338

pred                1
0.406192528735634    0
0.561844967121901    0
0.671548387096781   12
0.751230068337141   12
0.788594589982088   31
0.898852876212437  663

acc <- cor(pred, test$Humidity)
print("Accuracy for Decision Trees")
[1] "Accuracy for Decision Trees"
print(acc)
[1] 0.747848

```

The results of the Decision Trees are slightly above average with the accuracy of 74%. With decision trees, it also creates levels up to 663 for the decision tree.

## Random Forest - Ensemble Method

I had to trim the amount of observations we use for Random Forest as it does not efficiently run with big sets, and additionally had the predictors just set at Temperature to test the strongest predictor out of them as a way of curiosity.

```
weatherHist <- weatherHistory[1:50000,]
```

```

i <- sample(1:nrow(weatherHist), .75*nrow(weatherHist), replace=FALSE)
train_em <- weatherHist[i,]
test_em <- weatherHist[-i,]
str(train_em)

'data.frame':  37500 obs. of  10 variables:
 $ Summary          : Factor w/ 27 levels "Breezy","Breezy and Dry",...: 18 7 18 18
19 18 20 20 13 20 ...
 $ Temperature      : num  11.14 6.04 7.78 20.99 -5.02 ...
 $ Apparent_Temperature: num  11.14 3.71 5.76 20.99 -5.02 ...
 $ Humidity         : num  0.8 0.86 0.58 0.63 0.99 0.89 0.81 0.72 0.99 0.45 ...
 $ Wind_Speed       : num  11.21 11.04 11.27 14.15 4.49 ...
 $ Wind_Bearing     : int   271 159 220 300 92 273 319 42 280 37 ...
 $ Visibility       : num  15.83 6.99 16.1 9.98 3.98 ...
 $ Pressure         : num  1023 1015 1011 1014 1030 ...
 $ Daily_Summary    : chr   "Mostly cloudy throughout the day." "Mostly cloudy start
ing overnight continuing until night." "Partly cloudy starting in the afternoon." "Mos
tly cloudy throughout the day." ...
 $ Daily.Summary    : Factor w/ 214 levels "Breezy and foggy starting in the evenin
g.",...: 112 95 157 112 36 179 170 149 58 170 ...
library(randomForest)
rf <- randomForest(Humidity~Temperature, data=train_em, importance=TRUE)
rf

Call:
randomForest(formula = Humidity ~ Temperature, data = train_em, importance = TRU
E)

Type of random forest: regression
Number of trees: 500
No. of variables tried at each split: 1

Mean of squared residuals: 0.02032372
% Var explained: 45.09

pred2 <- predict(rf, newdata=test_em, type="response")
acc_rf <- cor(pred2, test_em$Humidity)
print("Accuracy for Random Forest")
[1] "Accuracy for Random Forest"
print(acc_rf)
[1] 0.6699508

```



The performance of Random Forest was average, similar to linear regression. With a variance of 45.09 and an accuracy of 64%, it had higher than normal variance levels, all which result it to be an average performance.

## Results Analysis

kNN Accuracy: 78.324 | Decision Trees Accuracy: 74.01 | Linear Regression Accuracy: 68.50601 |

In this data set, kNN performed the best with an accuracy of 78%, Decision Trees were close after and the lowest quality of performance happened to be linear regression. These results surprised me as according to the plots, target to predictors, the pattern was obviously linear. Therefore, linear regression should have been able to outperform more than it actually did. According to the model, most attributes were strong predictors for the data. However, kNN did outperform all the other algorithms because it uses an efficient similarity measure when comparing algorithms. A good pattern recognition technique that resulted in good performance because all the predictors were related to the target and therefore resulted in obvious patterns in data. Decision Trees were averagely performing with an accuracy of 74% and an MSE of 3.831911, which is incredibly low. The MSE should have resulted in a higher accuracy rate but didn't as decision trees tend to be unstable and highly bias.