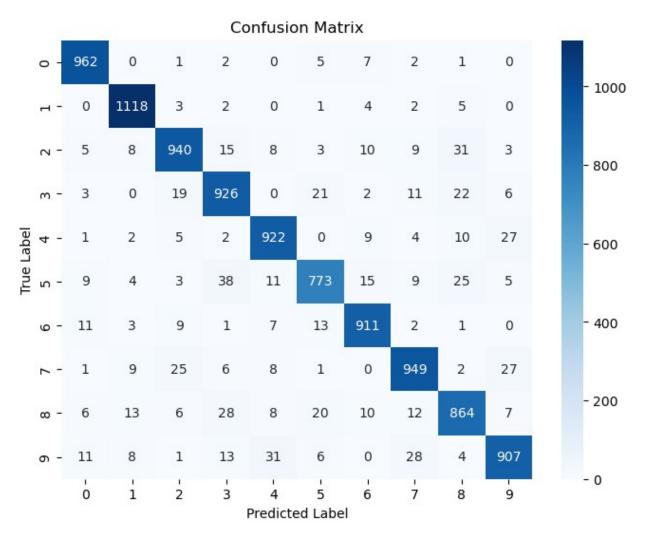
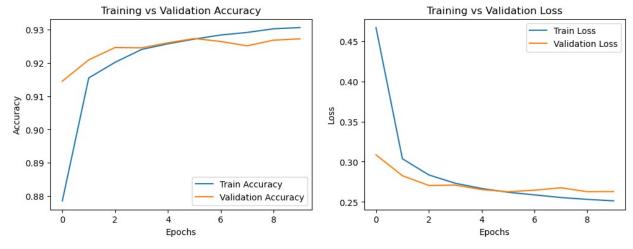
```
#ANN Without regularisation
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
# Load MNIST dataset
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) =
keras.datasets.mnist.load data()
# Normalize the pixel values
x train, x test = x train / 255.0, x test / 255.0
# Flatten the images (Since no hidden layers, direct input to output)
x train = x train.reshape(-1, 28*28)
# Build the basic Perceptron model
model = keras.Sequential([
   layers.Dense(\frac{10}{10}, activation='softmax', input shape=(\frac{28*28}{100},))
])
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='sparse categorical crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the model
history = model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=32,
validation data=(x test, y test))
# Evaluate model
test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=2)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test acc:.4f}")
# Predict labels
y pred = np.argmax(model.predict(x test), axis=1)
# Compute confusion matrix
cm = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
# Plot confusion matrix
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
xticklabels=range(10), yticklabels=range(10))
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
```

```
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()
# Plot training vs validation accuracy/loss
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
# Accuracy plot
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Training vs Validation Accuracy')
# Loss plot
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Training vs Validation Loss')
plt.show()
Epoch 1/10
C:\Newanaconda\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\layers\core\dense.py:87:
UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a
layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)`
object as the first layer in the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwargs)
                      _____ 3s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8146 - loss:
1875/1875 ————
0.7197 - val_accuracy: 0.9145 - val_loss: 0.3086
Epoch 2/10
                ______ 2s 902us/step - accuracy: 0.9137 -
1875/1875 -
loss: 0.3116 - val accuracy: 0.9209 - val loss: 0.2826
Epoch 3/10
                          ---- 2s 813us/step - accuracy: 0.9202 -
1875/1875 –
loss: 0.2843 - val accuracy: 0.9246 - val loss: 0.2705
Epoch 4/10
                          2s 881us/step - accuracy: 0.9229 -
1875/1875 —
loss: 0.2776 - val_accuracy: 0.9245 - val_loss: 0.2709
Epoch 5/10
               ______ 2s 886us/step - accuracy: 0.9281 -
1875/1875 -
loss: 0.2603 - val_accuracy: 0.9260 - val_loss: 0.2654
```

```
Epoch 6/10
         ______ 2s 897us/step - accuracy: 0.9269 -
1875/1875 —
loss: 0.2654 - val accuracy: 0.9273 - val loss: 0.2627
Epoch 7/10
         ______ 2s 988us/step - accuracy: 0.9273 -
1875/1875 —
loss: 0.2619 - val accuracy: 0.9264 - val loss: 0.2646
Epoch 8/10
loss: 0.2497 - val accuracy: 0.9251 - val loss: 0.2675
Epoch 9/10
0.2491 - val_accuracy: 0.9268 - val_loss: 0.2627
Epoch 10/10
                  _____ 2s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9295 - loss:
1875/1875 —
0.2540 - val_accuracy: 0.9272 - val_loss: 0.2629
313/313 - 0s - 897us/step - accuracy: 0.9272 - loss: 0.2629
Test Accuracy: 0.9272
                  ---- 0s 961us/step
313/313 –
```





```
#With regularisation
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers, regularizers
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
# Load MNIST dataset
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) =
keras.datasets.mnist.load data()
# Normalize the pixel values
x train, x test = x train / 255.0, x test / 255.0
# Flatten the images (Since no hidden layers, direct input to output)
x train = x train.reshape(-1, 28*28)
x \text{ test} = x \text{ test.reshape}(-1, 28*28)
# Build the Perceptron model with L1 & L2 regularization
model = keras.Sequential([
    layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax', input shape=(28*28,),
                 kernel regularizer=regularizers.ll l2(l1=0.01,
12=0.01)) # L1 & L2 regularization
1)
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='sparse categorical crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the model
history = model.fit(x train, y train, epochs=10, batch size=32,
validation data=(x test, y test))
```

```
# Evaluate model
test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=2)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test acc:.4f}")
# Predict labels
y pred = np.argmax(model.predict(x test), axis=1)
# Compute confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
# Plot confusion matrix
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
xticklabels=range(10), yticklabels=range(10))
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()
# Plot training vs validation accuracy/loss
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
# Accuracy plot
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.vlabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Training vs Validation Accuracy')
# Loss plot
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Training vs Validation Loss')
plt.show()
C:\Newanaconda\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\layers\core\dense.py:87:
UserWarning: Do not pass an `input shape`/`input dim` argument to a
layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)`
object as the first layer in the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwaras)
```

```
Epoch 1/10
       3s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.7664 - loss:
1875/1875 —
2.1332 - val accuracy: 0.8240 - val loss: 1.6555
1.6729 - val accuracy: 0.8105 - val loss: 1.6519
Epoch 3/10
1.6733 - val accuracy: 0.8252 - val loss: 1.6545
Epoch 4/10
1.6725 - val_accuracy: 0.8176 - val_loss: 1.6457
Epoch 5/10
             ______ 2s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8105 - loss:
1875/1875 —
1.6707 - val_accuracy: 0.8192 - val_loss: 1.6448
Epoch 6/10
        2s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8119 - loss:
1875/1875 —
1.6702 - val_accuracy: 0.8126 - val_loss: 1.6503
1.6719 - val accuracy: 0.8207 - val_loss: 1.6454
Epoch 8/10
1.6705 - val accuracy: 0.8255 - val loss: 1.6510
Epoch 9/10
1.6690 - val accuracy: 0.8248 - val loss: 1.6484
Epoch 10/10
1.6697 - val_accuracy: 0.8176 - val_loss: 1.6504
313/313 - 0s - 861us/step - accuracy: 0.8176 - loss: 1.6504
```

