Which of the following is true?

- A program will terminate only when all user threads stop running.
- A program will terminate only when all daemon stop running.
- A daemon thread always runs at Thread.MIN PRIORITY.
- None of the above.

ANS: A program will terminate only when all user threads stop running.

```
class B implements Runnable{
    public void run() {
    }
}
class A {
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Thread my1 = new Thread();
    Thread my2 = new Thread("B");
    Thread my3 = new Thread(new B());
    Thread my4 = new Thread("B", new B());
}
```

What is the result?

- A compile-time error is generated at line 6
- A compile-time error is generated at line 7
- A compile-time error is generated at line 8
- A compile-time error is generated at line 9
- None of the above

Ans A compile-time error is generated at line 9 (Thread my4 = new Thread("B", new B());)

```
class B extends Thread {
public String x;
B(String in) {
    x = in;
}
public void run() {
    for(int i=1; i<5; i++) {
        System.out.println(x+"-"+i);
    }
}
class A {
public static void main(String[] args) {</pre>
```

```
B obj1 = new B("o");
B obj2 = new B("x");
obj1.setPriority(1);
obj2.setPriority(10);
obj1.start();
obj2.start();
}
```

Which of the following is true?

- This program will go exception when compiling.
- Obj1 runs at Thread.MIN_PRIORITY.
- Obj2 runs at Thread.MIN_PRIORITY.
- The Thread.setDaemon method can change Thread.MIN_PRIORITY.
- None of the above.

Ans Obj1 runs at Thread.MIN_PRIORITY.

```
class A extends Thread {
  private String i;
  public void run() {
  i = "A";
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    A a = new A();
    a.start();
    System.out.print(a.i);
  }
}
```

Which of the following are possible results of attempting to compile and run the program?

- prints: Aprints: 0prints: null
- prints: i
- Compile-time error

Ans: prints: null

Thread 2 is called at a.start() but the thread1 which is the main thread is not yet pointing to i

```
public B extends Thread {
    public void run() {
        System.out.print("A");
    }
} class A {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        B obj = new B();
        obj.start();
        obj.start();
    }
}
```

What is the result of attempting to compile and run the program?

- The program compiles and runs fine but prints nothing.
- prints: A
- Compiler error
- An IllegalThreadStateException is thrown at run-time
- None of the above

Ans An IllegalThreadStateException is thrown at run-time (Throws IllegalStateException and also Prints A.)

```
public class Hello implements Runnable {
    public void run () {
        System.out.print ( "running" );
    }
    public static void main ( String[] args ) {
        Thread t = new Thread ( new Hello());
        t.run ();
        t.run ();
        t.start ();
}
```

What is the result?

- Compilation fails
- An exception is thrown at runtime
- The code executes and prints "running"
- The code executes and prints "runningrunning"
- The code executes and prints "runningrunningrunning"

Ans: The code executes and prints "runningrunning"

```
class A extends Thread {
     public void m1() {
       System.out.print("A");
     }
     public void m2() {
       synchronized(System.out) {
        try {
         Thread.sleep(1000);
          System.out.print("B");
        }
          catch(InterruptedException e) { }
       }
     }
     public void run( ) {
          this.m1();
          this.m2();
      }
     public static void main(String args[]) {
       A obj1 = new A();
       obj1.start();
       A obj2 = new A();
       obj2.start();
}
```

Which of the following are possible results of attempting to compile and run the program?

- ABAB
- BABA
- AABB
- BBAA
- ABBA

ANS: ABAB

```
class A implements Runnable {
   boolean obj1_ok = false;
   A() {
     Thread obj1 = new Thread(this, "o");
     Thread obj2 = new Thread(this, "x");
     obj2.start();
     obj1.start();
}
public synchronized void my() {
```

Which of the following are possible results of attempting to compile and run the program?

- ABA
- BAB
- AAB
- BBA
- ABB

Ans ABB
