What is Data structure?

- · Data structures are used to store a collection of data
- · we have four built-in data structures in python -list,tuple,dictionary and set

List

- It is a collection of different data types.
- It is mutable(changeable).
- · It allows duplicate items or members
- In python lists are written with square brackets.

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In [64]:
 1 lst = ['spmvv',20,40,45.7, 'apssdc',13]
 2 print(lst)
['spmvv', 20, 40, 45.7, 'apssdc', 13]
In [2]:
 1 # indexing/slicing
 2 | 1st[0]
Out[2]:
'spmvv'
In [7]:
 1 print(len(lst))
6
In [13]:
    print(lst[0:6]) # to print all list elements
   print(lst[1:6:2])
['spmvv', 20, 40, 45.7, 'apssdc', 13]
[20, 45.7, 13]
In [18]:
   print(lst[1:3])
   print(1st[2:5])
```

[20, 40]

[40, 45.7, 'apssdc']

```
In [65]:
 1 print(lst[-1:-6:-1])
 2 print(lst[-3:-6:-1])
[13, 'apssdc', 45.7, 40, 20]
[45.7, 40, 20]
In [68]:
 1 | lst2 = ['CSE',12.8,9.0,60,[13,12.4,'ece',],'mech',9.0]
 2 print(lst2)
 3 print(len(lst2))
['CSE', 12.8, 9.0, 60, [13, 12.4, 'ece'], 'mech', 9.0]
In [28]:
 1 lst2[4]
Out[28]:
[13, 12.4, 'ece']
In [76]:
 1 print(lst2[-1:-7:-1])
 2 print(lst2[-3][-1::-1])
[9.0, 'mech', [13, 12.4, 'ece'], 60, 9.0, 12.8]
['ece', 12.4, 13]
In [38]:
 1 print(lst2[4][1])
12.4
In [66]:
 1 lst = [1,2,[3,4,5,[6,7,8,9],10,'cse'],9.88,16]
 2 print(lst)
 3 print(len(lst))
[1, 2, [3, 4, 5, [6, 7, 8, 9], 10, 'cse'], 9.88, 16]
In [46]:
 1 lst[2:5]
Out[46]:
```

[[3, 4, 5, [6, 7, 8, 9], 10, 'cse'], 9.88, 16]

```
In [67]:
   1 print(lst[-1:-8:-1])
[16, 9.88, [3, 4, 5, [6, 7, 8, 9], 10, 'cse'], 2, 1]
In [47]:
   1 | lst[2]
Out[47]:
[3, 4, 5, [6, 7, 8, 9], 10, 'cse']
In [48]:
   1 lst[2][3]
Out[48]:
[6, 7, 8, 9]
In [49]:
   1 lst[2][3][2]
Out[49]:
8
In [56]:
   1 print(dir(list))
['__add__', '__class__', '__contains__', '__delattr__', '__delitem__', '__di
r__', '__doc__', '__eq__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattribute__', '__ge
titem__', '__gt__', '__hash__', '__iadd__', '__imul__', '__init__', '__init__
subclass__', '__iter__', '__le__', '__len__', '__lt__', '__mul__', '__ne__',
'__new__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__reversed__', '__rmu
l__', '__setattr__', '__setitem__', '__sizeof__', '__str__', '__subclasshook
__', 'append', 'clear', 'copy', 'count', 'extend', 'index', 'insert', 'pop',
'remove', 'reverse', 'sort']
'remove', 'reverse', 'sort']
In [3]:
   1 | lst = [2,7,'cse',9.0,'civil',8.5,71,14]
                                           # civil is replaced by mech i.e, mutable(changeable)
    2 | lst[4] = 'mech'
In [4]:
   1 print(lst)
```

```
[2, 7, 'cse', 9.0, 'mech', 8.5, 71, 14]
```

```
In [5]:
 1 # append()
 2 | lst.append('civil')  # append is used to add elements at the end of list
 3 lst.append(24)
 4 print(lst)
[2, 7, 'cse', 9.0, 'mech', 8.5, 71, 14, 'civil', 24]
In [6]:
 1 # copy()
 2 lst2 = lst.copy()
 3 print("list2 = ",lst2) # copy is used to copy a list to another
 4 print("list1 = ",lst)
list2 = [2, 7, 'cse', 9.0, 'mech', 8.5, 71, 14, 'civil', 24]
list1 = [2, 7, 'cse', 9.0, 'mech', 8.5, 71, 14, 'civil', 24]
In [7]:
 1 lst.append('cse')
 2 print(lst)
[2, 7, 'cse', 9.0, 'mech', 8.5, 71, 14, 'civil', 24, 'cse']
In [8]:
 1 # copy()
 2 print(lst.count('cse')) # count is used to count the elements
 3 print(lst.count(7))
2
1
In [9]:
 1 lst.count('apssdc')
Out[9]:
0
In [10]:
 1 # extend()
 2 lst.extend(['a','b'])
 3 print(lst)
[2, 7, 'cse', 9.0, 'mech', 8.5, 71, 14, 'civil', 24, 'cse', 'a', 'b']
In [11]:
 1 | lst.append(['c','d'])
 2 print(lst)
[2, 7, 'cse', 9.0, 'mech', 8.5, 71, 14, 'civil', 24, 'cse', 'a', 'b', ['c',
```

'd']]

```
In [12]:
 1 # index()
 2 lst.index('civil')
Out[12]:
8
In [13]:
 1 lst.index('cse')
Out[13]:
2
In [15]:
 1 for i in range(len(lst)):
        print(i, "=" ,lst[i])
 2
0 = 2
1 = 7
2 = cse
3 = 9.0
4 = mech
5 = 8.5
6 = 71
7 = 14
8 = civil
9 = 24
10 = cse
11 = a
12 = b
13 = ['c', 'd']
In [18]:
    for i in range(len(lst)):
 2
        if (lst[i] == 'cse'):
 3
            print(i)
2
10
In [ ]:
 1
```