

# Monty Hall Exercise

Austin Hart

2024-01-17

1. See my simulation below. I chose 10,000 trials.

```
# Simulation -----
## set the stage
doors = c('A', 'B', 'C')

## keep score 10,000
results = tibble(
  trial = 1:10000,
  winner = rep(NA, 10000)
)

## simulate the game
for (i in 1:10000){
  car = sample(doors, 1) # place car at random
  selection = sample(doors, 1)
  reveal = sample(doors[doors != car & doors != selection], 1)
  switch = sample(doors[doors != reveal & doors != selection], 1)
  results[i, 'winner'] = if_else(car == switch, 'Marilyn', 'Paul')
}
```

2. See the table below

```
## tabulate wins, calculate win %
outcome =
  results |>
  count(winner) |>
  mutate(win_per = n / sum(n) * 100)

kable(outcome)
```

winner	n	win_per
Marilyn	6599	65.99
Paul	3401	34.01

3. See graph.

```
## Graph
ggplot(data = outcome, aes(x = winner, y = win_per)) +
  geom_col(fill = 'cornflowerblue', color = 'gray27') +
  labs(
    x = 'Winner is...',
    y = 'Percent'
  ) +
  scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0,100)) +
  coord_flip() +
  theme_minimal()
```

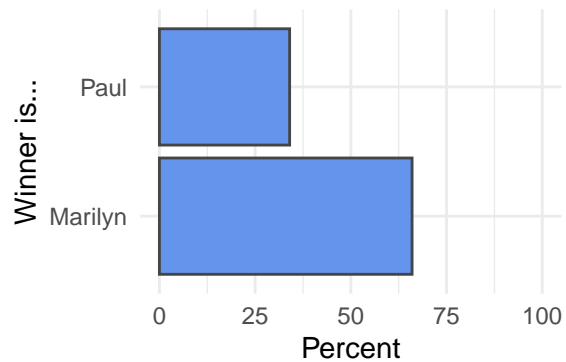


Figure 1: Monty Hall Simulations

4. In 10000 simulations, the contestant who switched won a total of 6599 times. This is consistent with Marilyn's prediction: it's better to switch.