UNIVERSIDAD EAFIT SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF SYSTEMS AND INFORMATICS

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Laboratory practice No. 2: Big O Notation

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- 1) GitHub's codes
- 2) Project Questions Simulation
- 2.a. Algorithms's chart
- 2.b. Algorithms's graphics
- 2.c. Given the above information, how efficient is merge sort compared with insertion sort for large arrays? Is it appropriate to use insertion sort for a data base with millions of elements?
- 2.d. Explain with your own words how does the Codingbat's Array3 exercise maxSpan works. Why?
- 2.e. Calculate the complexity of the on-line exercise

```
i. public int countEvens(int[] nums) {
    int n=0;
    for(int i=0;i<nums.length;i++){
        if(nums[i]%2==0) n+=1;
    }
    return n;
}

ii. public boolean lucky13(int[] nums) {
    for(int i=0;i<nums.length;i++){
        if(nums[i]==3 || nums[i]==1) return false;
    }
    return true;
}</pre>
```



d) $O(n^2)$

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```
iii.
            public boolean isEverywhere(int[] nums, int val) {
             for(int i=0;i<nums.length-1;i++){</pre>
                  if(nums[i]!=val && nums[i+1]!=val) return false;
             }
             return true;
         }
 iv.
              public boolean modThree(int[] nums) {
             for(int i=0;i<nums.length-2;i++){</pre>
                  if(nums[i]\%2==0 \&\& nums[i+1]\%2==0 \&\& nums[i+2]\%2==0) return true;
                  if(nums[i]%2==1 && nums[i+1]%2==1 && nums[i+2]%2==1) return true;
             }
             return false;
         }
             public boolean tripleUp(int[] nums) {
  \mathbf{v}.
             for(int i=0;i<nums.length-2;i++){</pre>
                  if(nums[i+1]==nums[i]+1 && nums[i+2]==nums[i]+2) return true;
             }
             return false;
         }
2.f. Explain what the variable n means in the previous exercises
3) Midterm Simulation
3.a. Exercise 1
c) O(n+m)
3.b. Exercise 2
a) O(m*n)
3.c. Exercise 3
b) O(ancho)
3.d. Exercise 4
b) O(n^3)
3.e. Exercise 5
```

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3.f. Exercise 6

a)
$$T(n) = T(n-1) + T(n-2) + C$$

3.g. Exercise 7

3.7.1 Worst case-scenario number of steps

$$T(n)=T(n-1)+C$$

3.7.2 Asymptotic Complexity

O(n)

3.h. Exercise 8

The mystery(n) function executes $n * \sqrt{n}$ steps

3.i. Exercise 9

d) Executes more than $n^2 + n * m$

3.j. Exercise 10

a) Executes less than $n * \log n$ steps

3.k. Exercise 11

c) Executes T(n) = T(n-1) + T(n-2) + C steps

3.l. Exercise 12

b) $O(m\sqrt{n})$

3.m. Exercise 13

a) $O(n^3)$

4) Recommended reading