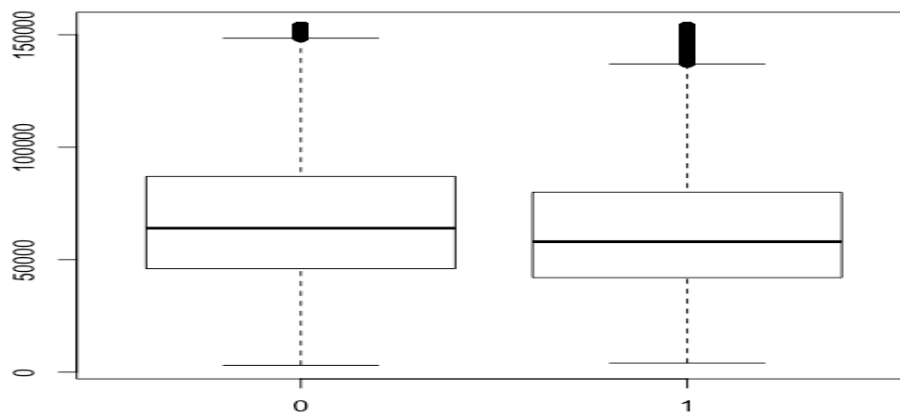


The variable selection process:

1. Transform all the columns into numeric or factor. Otherwise we cannot do any regression analysis on the data.
2. See the NAs in each column. If a large part of the column is NAs that means lots of information is missing in this variable, so I delete those that have more than 50000, or 5% of total, NA records.
3. Next is EDA. As logistic regression does not require the independent variables to be normal, I focus on solving the problem of “complete separation”, because this means our model is useless, at least for Inference. So I build boxplots by Loan Status.



By inspecting the plots, we can know some of the variables will properly cause complete separation. I also draw histograms for all variables.

In the process, I found that annual income and dti have extreme values; I think this may come from those who are un-honest. This will harm the model because it is not real data. So I take 95% of both variables. It's hard to tell whether other variables are abnormal, so I did not do the same thing to them.

4. Next is about correlation. Some of them are highly correlated, thus by inspecting correlation matrix, I only leave one of the highly correlated columns. It contains most information.
5. Then we come to model building part. In logistic regression, AIC is a better criteria when comparing models and selecting variables. So I use `stepAIC(Forward)` to choose variables..
6. After we get the model, we will look at `summary()` and `anova()`. Some

coefficients are not significant, so we can discard them.

7. we need to do analysis.

A. `VIF()`. If the vif value is very high(>8), then we need to discard that variable, since it's collinear with others.

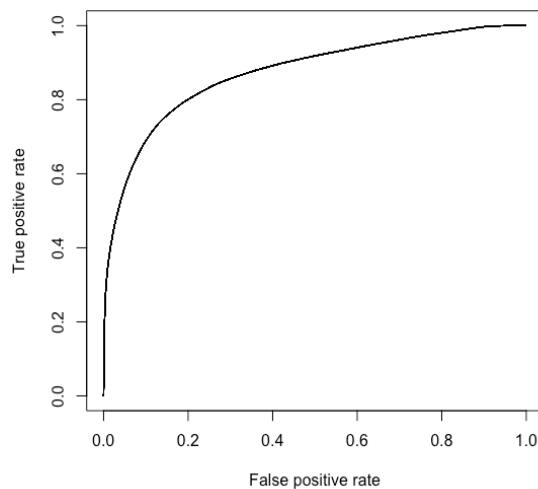
B. Next is `outlierTest`. We need to detect the outliers, and remove them from the data set. An then we should do regression again.

C. Mcfadden test.

D. `hoslem.test`

E. `durbinWatsonTest()` this is not that useful because this test requires that the variables are normally distributed.

F. ROC plot: (I got 0.87 from the final model)



“As a rule of thumb, a model with good predictive ability should have an AUC closer to 1 (1 is ideal) than to 0.5.”