Vulnerability Assessment Report

Target: demo.owasp-juice.shop (IP: 81.169.145.156) Scan Date & Time: Tuesday, June 17, 2025, 16:16:05 UTC

Scanner: Parrot OS + Nmap

Command Used:

bash

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nmap -sV -sC --script vuln -oN juice_scan.txt demo.owasp-juice.shop



📡 Open Ports & Services

Port	State	Service	Version / Notes
21	Open	FTP	ftpd.bin round-robin file server 3.4.0r16
25	Filtered	SMTP	Unknown (filtered)
80	Open	HTTP Proxy	F5 BIG-IP load balancer http proxy



Vulnerabilities Found

1. phpMyAdmin Local File Inclusion (LFI)

- Script: http-phpmyadmin-dir-traversal
- **CVE ID**: CVE-2005-3299
- **Description**: A vulnerability in grab_globals.lib.php allows local file inclusion via the subform parameter. Can lead to access of sensitive files like /etc/passwd.
- **Severity**: High (possible path traversal exploit).
- **Status**: Test inconclusive but potentially exploitable.

Disclosure Date: October 2005

🔐 Critical Assets Identified

- Login Page: Detected in HTML response
- Admin Panel: Potential entry point inferred from structure; no direct admin endpoint listed, but likely due to Juice Shop's known CTF structure.
- **Public Metadata**: Extensive front-end JS, jQuery, cookie consent libraries likely exploitable via XSS if inputs are not sanitized.

HTTP Content Sample

html

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```
<title>OWASP Juice Shop</title>
<meta name="description" content="Probably the most modern and sophisticated insecure web application">
link rel="icon" href="assets/public/favicon_js.ico">
<script
src="//cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/jquery/2.2.4/jquery.min.js"></script>
```

Threat Hunting Commentary

The application is a known intentionally vulnerable platform, but this does not diminish the need to simulate real-world assessments. Notably:

• **FTP Service** is outdated and potentially misconfigured, often exploited for credential reuse or file uploads.

- phpMyAdmin LFI could lead to further privilege escalation if combined with writable directories or exposed logs.
- Filtered SMTP (Port 25) could be a sign of spam protection or firewall still worth probing in a full assessment.
- No CSRF, DOM-XSS, or Majordomo2 directory traversal found, though this doesn't rule out deeper issues.

Analysis Summary

This scan exposed a critical LFI vulnerability (CVE-2005-3299) in phpMyAdmin, alongside potentially weak FTP and proxy HTTP configurations. The use of known libraries and an exposed proxy hints at attack vectors like XSS or cache poisoning. Given the target is a purposely insecure app, these findings are expected, but in a real-world scenario, the LFI combined with open FTP and weak proxy setup would raise major red flags.

Next Steps:

- Enumerate deeper into phpMyAdmin for file inclusion exploitability.
- Brute-force FTP credentials if authorized.
- Fuzz HTTP endpoints for hidden panels and XSS/CSRF injection.
- Cross-reference services against known exploit databases.

