

The background features several large, stylized geometric shapes in the corners, including triangles and chevrons in dark gray and light gray, some with white outlines.

# **VISUAL SPATIAL REASONING OF LARGE LANGUAGE MODELS**

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# **01.**

# **PROJECT INTRODUCTION**

In recent years, Large Language Models (LLMs) have transformed the field of Natural Language Processing (NLP) with their impressive achievements. Such as ChatGPT, Bert and Bard. As they updated in a raptly speed, there are a lot of test work also starting.




Source of all images:

<https://chat.openai.com>

<https://bard.google.com/>

<https://ivet360.com/google-bert-for-vets/>

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- The testing works are focused on the professional domain, like the ability of logic, answer test questions in various expert domain.
  - This project is based on the work of testing ability of spatial reasoning, which is a subset of testing ability of commonsense reasoning.
  - But it is different with current research that adding visual input into prompt not just text input. Which can be considered as multi-model problem.




# **02.**

## **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES**



# AIMS:

1. Investigate performance of Visual Question Answering (VQA) tasks.
  2. Make comparison between different versions of LLMs.
  3. Find challenges of LLM's on Visual Spatial Reasoning.
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# MAIN OBJECTIVES

1. Design a diverse dataset with corresponding questions.
2. Conduct systematic experiments by using prepared dataset.
3. Analyse the experimental results to identify the challenges of LLMs
4. Provide the insight of strong points and weakness of current LLMs.





# **03.**

# **FEASIBILITY ESTIMATE**

# Previous works

Name	Year	Source	Feature
VSR	2022	[1]	66 distinct types of spatial relations
GQA	2019	[2]	22M diverse reasoning questions
AGQA	2021	[3]	Add videos paired with question
CVR	2022	[4]	Measures of sample efficiency(Train dataset)
VALUE	2021	[5]	Test the linguistic phenomena in visual modality
Spatial commonsense benchmark	2022	[6]	Focus on positional relationship between people and objects
SpartQA	2021	[7]	Focus on generate spatial description by limited grammar rules

## SAME POINTS:

- The new version of GPT models now can consider as multi-models, and it can support get in visual content and text prompt at same time. It can work with this kind of tasks now.

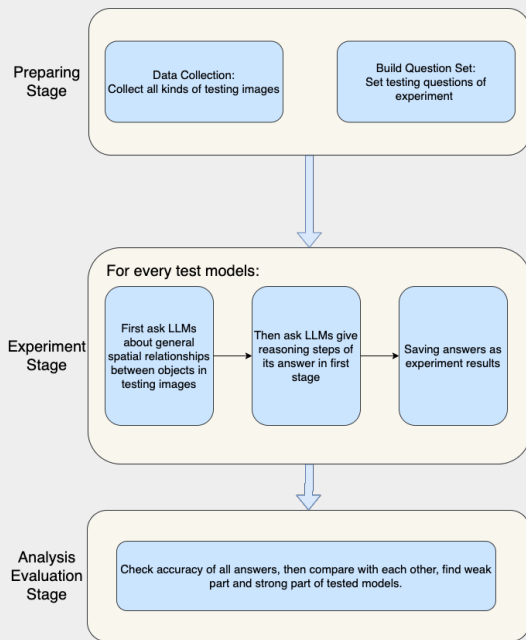
## DIFFERENT POINTS:

- This VAQ is mostly like testing dataset for VLMs, LLM's are usually tested by prompt.
- All the benchmarks give specific words to describe spatial reasoning or give choice or label to select. This project is to let LLMs generate by its self.



# **04.**

# **EXPERIMENT DESIGN**

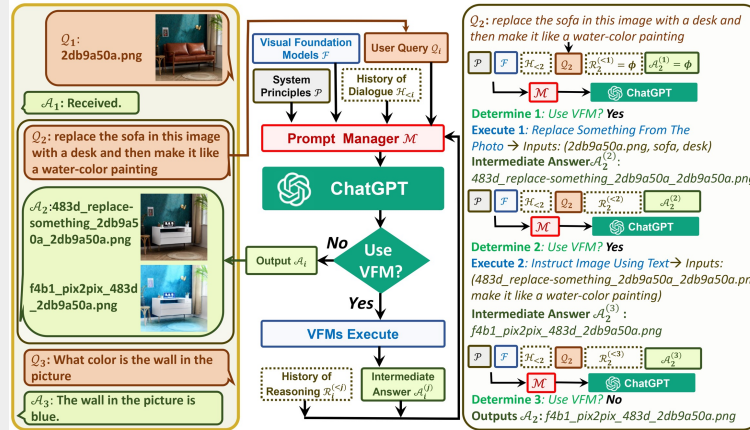


The detailed experiment shows as figure 1, it has three stage:


1. **Preparing Stage(Design Dataset):** Combine existed dataset and design questions with it.
2. **Experiment Stage:** test every selected model with image paired question one by one.
3. **Analysis Evaluation Stage:** Analysis generating answers with accuracy of answers and make judgements about reasoning steps

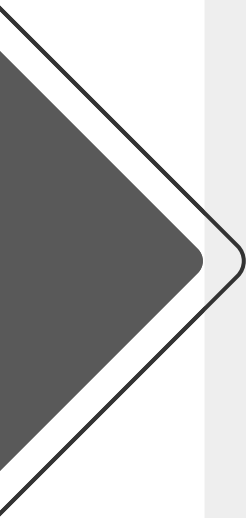
Selected Model: TaskMatrix(AKA Visual ChatGPT)  
connects GPT-3 and a series of Visual Foundation Models to  
enable sending and receiving images during chatting.[8]

Here is its architecture



The question prompt shows as below, it may contain 3-4 questions include objects relevant positions and explain reasoning steps.

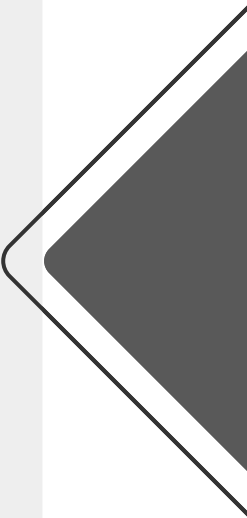
Input Image	Question
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) Can you describe the spatial relationship between the tea table and the sofa?</li><li>2) Can you describe the relevant spatial relationships between the objects on the tea table?</li><li>3) Show the Reasoning Steps.</li></ol>



### Advantages:

1. Questions can be designed more specific following the image.
2. The test dataset can be much more comprehensive. Which can contain much more situations.
3. Can find more detailed distinctions between different models.

### Disadvantages:

1. The experiment may cost much more time.
  2. Analysis work is low efficient in comparing with former work.
  3. Cost more time in responding.
  4. Can't change to specific version of GPT-models.
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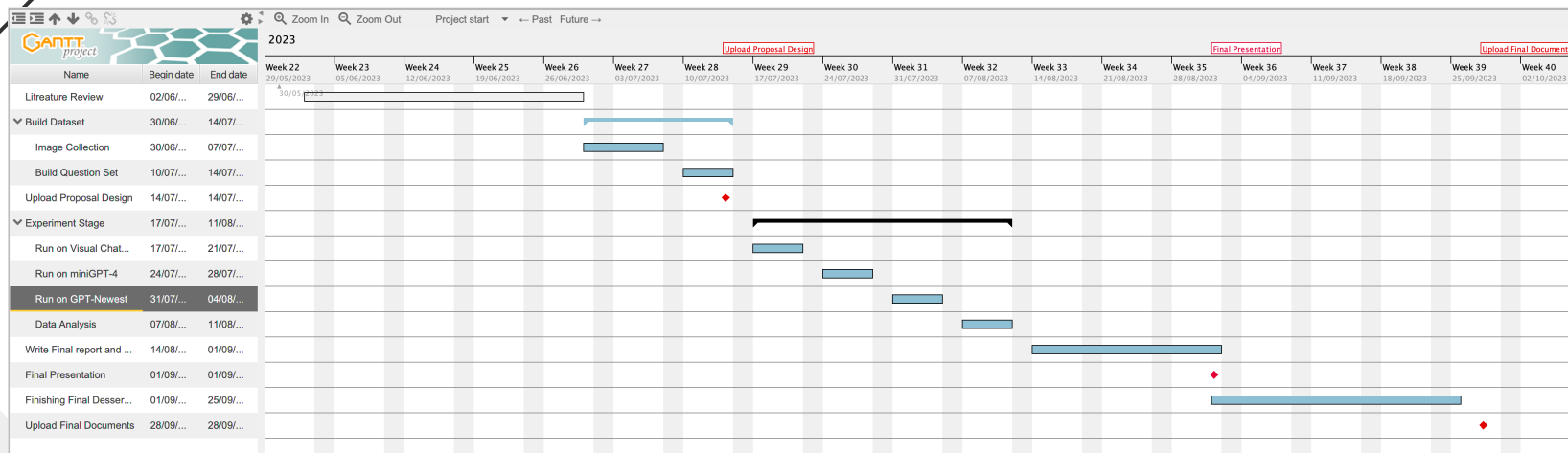


The background features four large, stylized geometric shapes in the corners, resembling arrowheads or chevrons. The top-left and bottom-right shapes are light gray, while the top-right and bottom-left shapes are dark gray. These shapes are oriented towards the center of the slide.

# **05.**

# **PROJECT PLAN**

# GANTT CHART





# **06.**

# **REFERENCES**

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**THANK  
YOU**

