CS575(Introduction To Parallel Programming) Project4

Project Title: Vectorized Array Multiplication/Reduction using SSE(Project 4)

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The code was run on the flip.

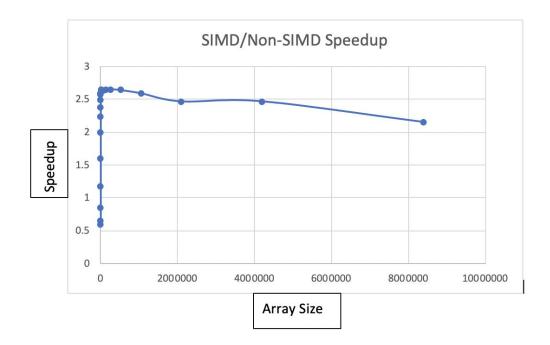
The Table of Performance is

	1 Thread	SIMD Alone	SIMD+2 Threads	SIMD+4 Threads	SIMD+8 Threads
2	54.36667463	32.29298719	1.53611134	0.93368854	0.6720336
4	99.88296037	65.57201979	1.98016012	1.67216947	1.1869468
8	148.1023206	125.400505	4.46114495	3.36596183	2.216185
16	179.8939182	210.7959409	7.37650029	6.78777921	5.1100146
32	210.7959409	336.8601801	19.14724902	15.60742147	9.9564585
64	221.6757314	441.9258954	51.82464309	28.94670461	20.3161793
128	236.555858	527.5967504	62.74318807	60.58582917	38.9510991
256	242.5036674	576.86864	184.4199309	130.6143535	79.3298432
512	245.4267026	610.8397932	327.3330241	238.4023477	162.866483
1024	243.875264	627.3960786	428.659504	407.4528915	350.665484
2048	248.0427788	637.6752952	630.5443027	780.2104863	690.431163
4096	247.150689	639.0187448	824.4533717	1088.760122	1141.1641
8192	243.5916096	643.5537769	1067.681377	1632.23103	1577.2087
16384	243.7620608	644.1782546	1167.945961	1969.237818	2082.16193
32768	244.1528027	643.8717557	1211.83344	2255.986925	2388.05253
65536	244.1439083	641.4389946	1232.485229	2373.353486	2601.0476
131072	243.5962474	643.0171647	1262.531013	2463.438765	2722.2741
262144	241.8869172	641.3198846	1270.368786	2515.123147	2788.7032
524288	240.5018234	634.6459008	1272.568519	2536.581859	2829.1003
1048576	237.9008001	615.9275737	1174.624908	2530.99856	2852.08530
2097152	236.9974442	584.5472195	1154.940599	2028.882442	2522.22523
4194304	237.0957124	585.1166592	1043.578278	1769.287301	2213.9925
8388608	233.5712838	503.0232528	989.6344762	1623.885655	1901.94710

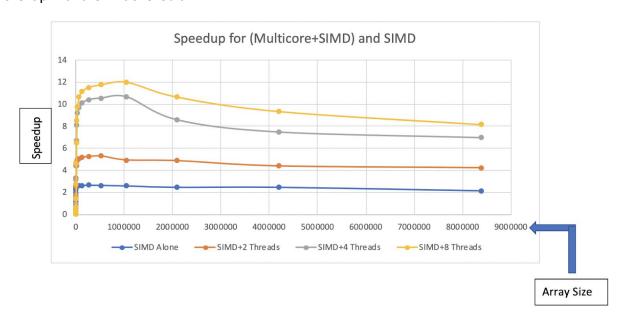
The Table of Speedup is

	SIMD Alone	SIMD+2 Threads	SIMD+4 Threads	SIMD+8 Threads
2	0.59398496	0.02825465	0.01717391	0.0123611
4	0.65648855	0.0198248	0.01674129	0.0118833
8	0.84671533	0.03012205	0.02272727	0.0149638
16	1.17177914	0.04100472	0.03773212	0.0284057
32	1.59803922	0.0908331	0.07404043	0.0472326
64	1.99356913	0.23378582	0.1305813	0.0916481
128	2.2303263	0.26523625	0.25611638	0.164659
256	2.37880378	0.76048306	0.53860775	0.3271284
512	2.48888889	1.33373028	0.97137901	0.6636053
1024	2.57261056	1.75769981	1.67074301	1.4378886
2048	2.5708279	2.54207885	3.14546745	2.7835164
4096	2.58554304	3.33583279	4.40524817	4.6172807
8192	2.64193737	4.38307944	6.70068658	6.4748072
16384	2.64265182	4.7913361	8.07852465	8.5417800
32768	2.63716717	4.96342219	9.24006155	9.7809753
65536	2.62729879	5.04819161	9.72112515	10.6537480
131072	2.6396842	5.18288367	10.11279439	11.1753532
262144	2.65132109	5.25191193	10.39792964	11.5289545
524288	2.63884029	5.29130508	10.54703795	11.7633219
1048576	2.5890101	4.93745674	10.63888208	11.9885488
2097152	2.46647056	4.87321964	8.56077773	10.6424153
4194304	2.46785002	4.40150633	7.4623336	9.3379696
8388608	2.15361771	4.2369698	6.95241996	8.1428978

The Graph for Standard Credit



The Graph for the Extra Credit



Explaination

The speedup for the small array size is low because there is overhead and that overhead is dominant when the speedup for the small array size is calculated. I opine that there is no solution for this. Another fact which is noticeable in the graph is that the speedups drop at the particular array size(around 1000000 in the graph). The cause of that is that the calculation is done so fast that the next data to be used for calculation cannot be fetched in time. Another cause is the lack of "Temporal Coherence" because the calculation uses every element in the fetched array only one time. These can be solved by using "Prefetching";