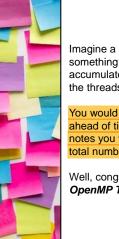


It would be nice to have something more Dynamic



Imagine a capability where you can write something to do down on a Post-It® note, accumulate the Post-It notes, then have all of the threads together execute that set of tasks.

You would also like to not have to know, ahead of time, how many of these Post-It notes you will write. That is, you want the total number to be *dynamic*.

Well, congratulations, you have just invented **OpenMP Tasks**!

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OpenMP Tasks

- 4
- An OpenMP task is a single line of code or a structured block which is immediately "written down" in a list of tasks.
- The new task can be executed immediately, or it can be deferred.
- If the *if* clause is used and the argument evaluates to 0, then the task is executed immediately, superseding whatever else that thread is doing.
- There has to be an existing parallel thread team for this to work. Otherwise one thread ends up doing all tasks and you don't get any contribution to parallelism.
- One of the best uses of this is to process elements of a linked list or a tree.

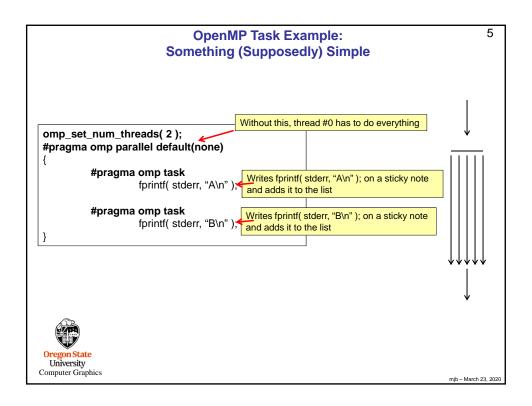
You can create a task barrier with:

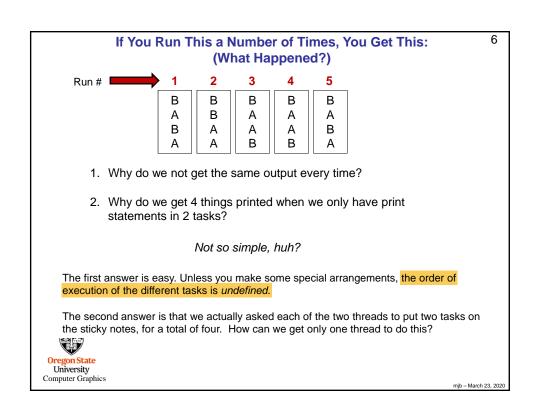
#pragma omp taskwait

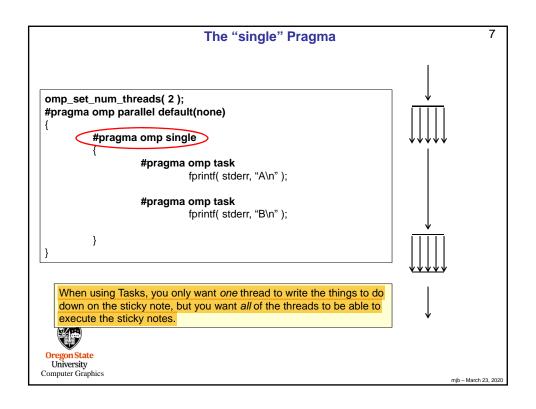
Tasks are very much like OpenMP **Sections**, but Sections are static, that is, the number of sections is set when you write the code, whereas **Tasks** can be created anytime, and in any number, under control of your program's logic.

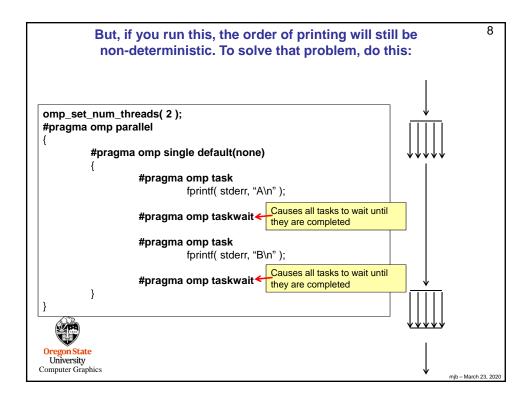


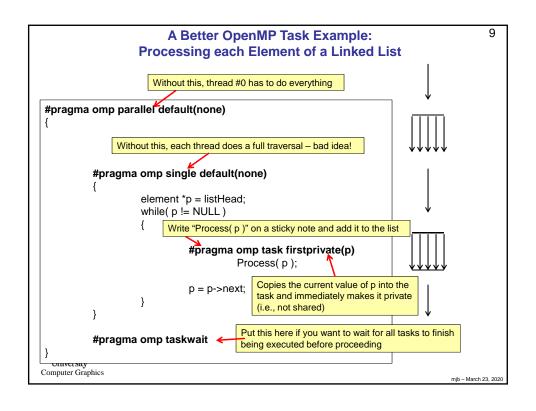
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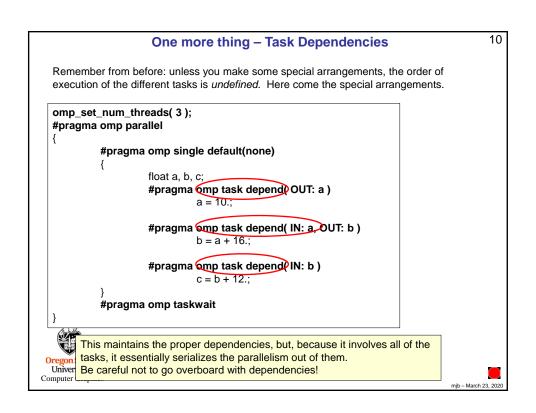


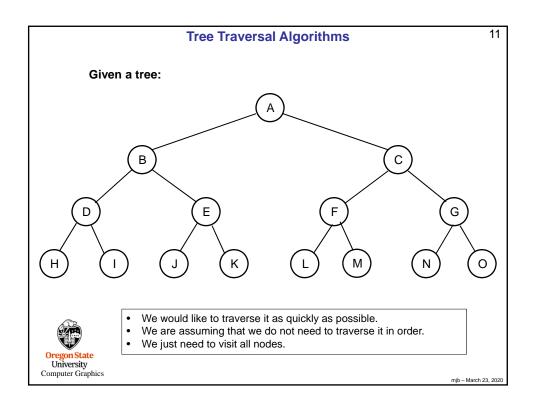


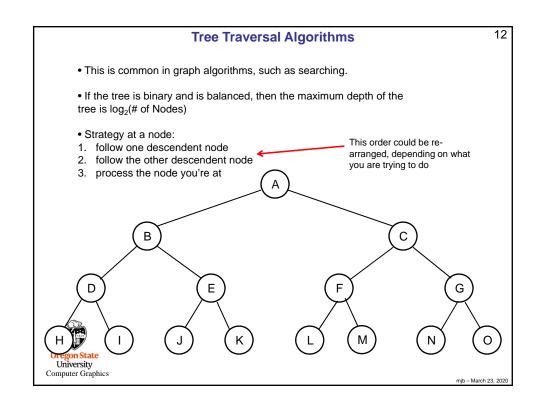


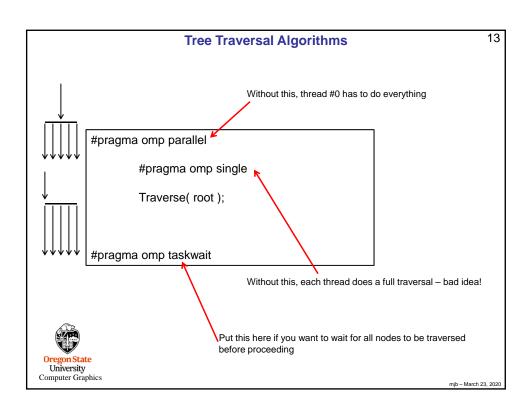


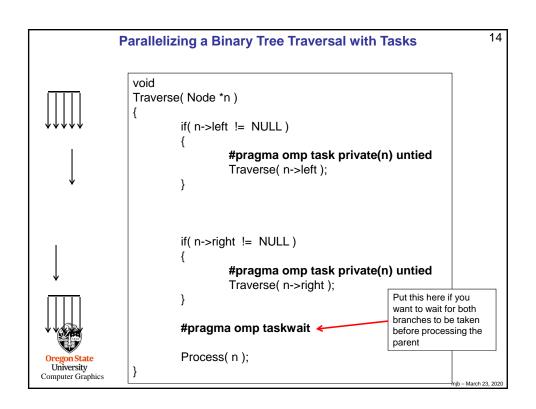


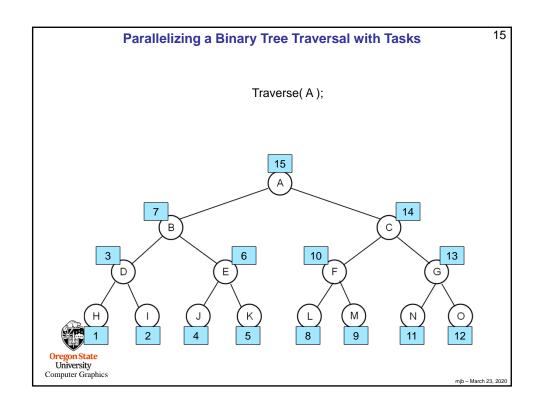


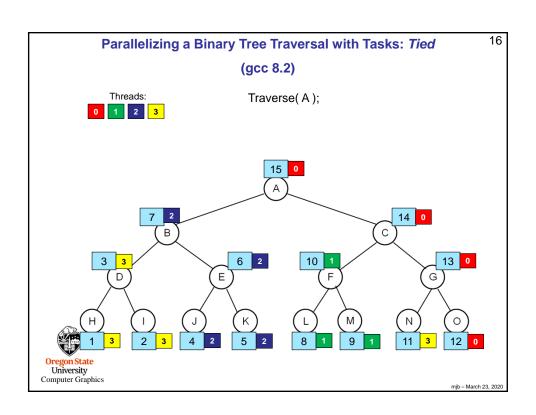


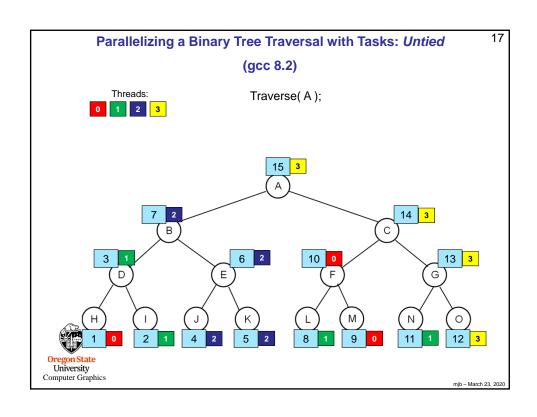


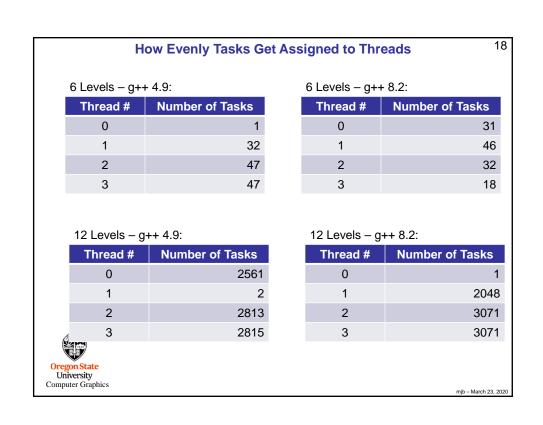












How Evenly Tasks Get Assigned to Threads

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6 Levels - g++ 8.2:

Thread #	Number of Tasks
0	31
1	46
2	32
3	18

6 Levels - icpc 15.0.0:

Thread #	Number of Tasks
0	29
1	31
2	41
3	26

12 Levels – g++ 8.2:

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Thread #	Number of Tasks
0	1
1	2048
2	3071
3	3071

12 Levels – icpc 15.0.0:

Thread #	Number of Tasks
0	1999
1	2068
2	2035
3	2089

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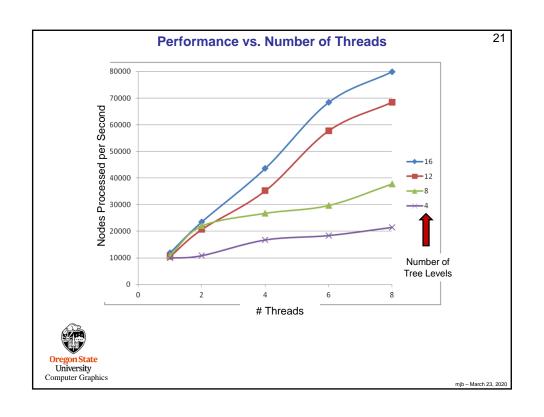
Benchmarking a Binary Task-driven Tree Traversal

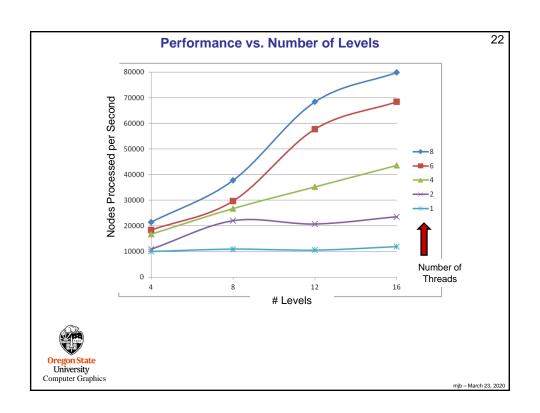
20

```
void
Process( Node *n )
{
          for( int i = 0; i < 1024; i++ )
          {
                n->value = pow( n->value, 1.1 );
          }
}
```



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Parallelizing a Tree Traversal with Tasks

- Tasks get spread among the current "thread team"
- Tasks can execute immediately or can be deferred. They are executed at "some time".
- Tasks can be moved between threads, that is, if one thread has a backlog of tasks to do, an idle thread can come steal some workload.
- Tasks are more dynamic than sections. The task paradigm would still work if there was a variable number of children at each node.



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Parallelizing an N-Tree Traversal with Tasks

```
24
```

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