# Style Guide
## 1. Typography
<ul><li>Use a readable, sans-serif font for body text, such as Arial or Helvetica.</li><li>Headings should be bold and distinguished from the body text.</li></ul>
## 2. Color Scheme
<ul> <li>Use a consistent color scheme throughout the document or website.</li> <li>Ensure that text colors provide sufficient contrast for readability.</li> </ul>
## 3. Spacing and Layout
<ul> <li>Maintain consistent spacing between paragraphs and sections.</li> <li>Ensure adequate padding and margins for readability and aesthetics.</li> </ul>
## 4. Tone and Voice
<ul><li>Use a consistent tone and voice that align with the brand or message.</li><li>Tailor the tone to the target audience and purpose of the content.</li></ul>
## 5. Grammar and Punctuation
- Use proper grammar, punctuation, and spelling throughout the document.

- Ensure consistency in punctuation style (e.g., serial comma usage).
## 6. Images and Multimedia
<ul> <li>Use high-quality images and multimedia that complement the content.</li> <li>Ensure all multimedia elements are relevant and enhance the user experience.</li> </ul>
## 7. Accessibility
- Prioritize accessibility by using alt text for images and ensuring content is screen reader-friendly.
- Ensure color choices are accessible for users with visual impairments.
## 8. Consistency
- Maintain consistency in formatting, language, and style throughout the document or website.
- Use templates and style sheets to ensure consistency across different sections.