BDTM: Big Data Tools for Managers 2nd Internal Question Paper Version-A

Q1. Create below table with data and demonstrate JOIN operation in SQL. Table1: student

usn	name
1SI22MBA01	John Nick
1SI22MBA02	Bob Smith

Table 2: student_marks

ID	usn	subject	marks
1	1SI22MBA01	sub-1	45
2	1SI22MBA01	sub-2	38
3	1SI22MBA01	sub-3	25
4	1SI22MBA01	sub-4	49

Write MySQL Queries for following:

1. Create student & student marks tables with data.

[10]

```
CREATE TABLE student (
usn text,
name text
);
INSERT INTO student VALUES ('1SI22MBA01','John Nick');
INSERT INTO student VALUES ('1SI22MBA02','Bob Smith');

CREATE TABLE student_marks (
ID TEXT,
usn text,
subject text,
marks text
);
INSERT INTO student_marks VALUES('1','1SI22MBA01','sub-1','45');
INSERT INTO student_marks VALUES('2','1SI22MBA01','sub-2','38');
INSERT INTO student_marks VALUES('3','1SI22MBA01','sub-3','25');
INSERT INTO student_marks VALUES('4','1SI22MBA01','sub-4','49');
```

2. Perform INNER Join with two tables.

[5]

```
SELECT * FROM student
INNER JOIN student_marks
ON student.usn = student marks.usn;
```

Q2. Write simple IF conditional statement to variable contains positive value. [5] For Example Variable: var1 = 10 var1 = 10if var1>0: print("Number is Positive") Q3. Demonstrate List Data structures in Python [4] 1. Create List with elements 10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90 num_list = [10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90] 2. Display all the list elements [2] print(num_list) 3. Display the number of elements present in List using len() function [1] print(len(num_list)) #or len(num_list) 4. Add 100, 101 elements in to the existing list. [3] new_ele = [100,101] num_list + new_ele or num_list + [100,101]

	onstrate Tuple Data structures in Python Create a Tuple with elements 100,110,120,130,140,150,160,170,180,190, 200	[1]
	num_tuple = (100,110,120,130,140,150,160,170,180,190, 200)	
2.	Display First element of Tuple num_tuple[0]	[1]
3.	Display last element of Tuple num_tuple[-1]	[1]
4.	Display first 3 elements of tuple num_tuple[0:3]	[1]
5.	Display last 3 elements of tuple num_tuple[-3:]	[1]

Q5. Demonstrate Pandas package to perform data analysis for IPL dataset.

import pandas as pd
data = pd.read_csv("https://bit.ly/3V0H3Ox")

1.	Display Shape of panda DataFrame data.shape	[1]
2.	Display all the columns names with its data types	[2]
	data.info()	
3.	Display quick summary of dataset data.describe()	[2]
4.	Display top 10 records data.head(10)	[2]
5.	Display last 10 records data.tail(10)	[2]
6.	Display all the values of COUNTRY column data['COUNTRY']	[2]
7.	Count frequency of COUNTRY values data['COUNTRY'].value_counts()	[2]
8.	Display unique COUNTRY values	[2]