

Group B Assignment B4

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Subject: Machine Learning

0.1 Group B Machine Learning

0.2 Assignment 5

0.2.1 Implement Gradient Descent Algorithm to find the local minima of a function.

0.2.2 For example, find the local minima of the function $y=(x+3)^2$ starting from the point $x=2$.

Step 1 : Initialize parameters

```
[1]: cur_x = 2 # The algorithm starts at x=2
     iters = 0 #iteration counter
     max_iters = 10000 # maximum number of iterations
     learning_rate = 0.01 # Learning rate
     precision = 0.000001 #This tells us when to stop the algorithm
     previous_step_size = 1
     df = lambda x: 2*(x+3) #Gradient of our function
```

```
[2]: print(cur_x)
```

2

Step 2 : Run a loop to perform gradient descent :

```
[3]: x_history =[cur_x]
     while previous_step_size > precision and iters < max_iters:
         prev_x = cur_x #Store current x value in prev_x
         cur_x = cur_x - learning_rate * df(prev_x) #Grad descent
         x_history.append(cur_x)
         previous_step_size = abs(cur_x - prev_x) #Change in x
         iters = iters+1 #iteration count
         print("Iteration",iters,"\nX value is",cur_x) #Print iterations

     print("The local minimum occurs at", cur_x)
```

Iteration 1
X value is 1.9
Iteration 2

```
X value is 1.8019999999999998
Iteration 3
X value is -2.999950130714142
Iteration 571
X value is -2.999951128099859
The local minimum occurs at -2.999951128099859
```

```
[4]: print("The local minimum occurs at", cur_x)
```

```
The local minimum occurs at -2.999951128099859
```

```
[5]: print(len(x_history))
```

```
572
```

```
[6]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

```
[7]: # Create a range of x values to plot
x_vals = np.linspace(-10, 4, 100)
y = lambda x: x**2 + 6*x + 9

# Plot the lamda function y
plt.plot(x_vals, y(x_vals))

# Plot the values of x at each iteration
plt.plot(x_history, y(np.array(x_history)), 'rx')

# Label the axes and add a title
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('f(x)')
plt.title('Gradient Descent')

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```

