























ESAND THAILAND CODING & AI ACADEMY

โครงการวิจัยโมเดลระบบนิเวศการเรียนรู้ที่บูรณาการ CODING & AI **สำหรับเยาวชน** Model of Learning Ecosystem Platform integrate with Coding & Al for Youth



โครงการย่อยที่ 6

การพัฒนาเยาวชนเพื่อเข้าสู่วิชาชีพขั้นสูงด้าน Coding & Al ร่วมกับ Coding Entrepreneur & Partnership: Personal Al

BiTNet: AI for Ultrasound Image Classification

ผศ.ดร.ธนพงศ์ อินทระ ผู้เชี่ยวชาญด้าน Computer Vision

























Model of Learning Ecosystem Platform integrate with Coding & Al for Youth

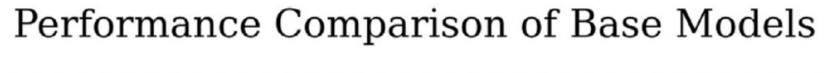


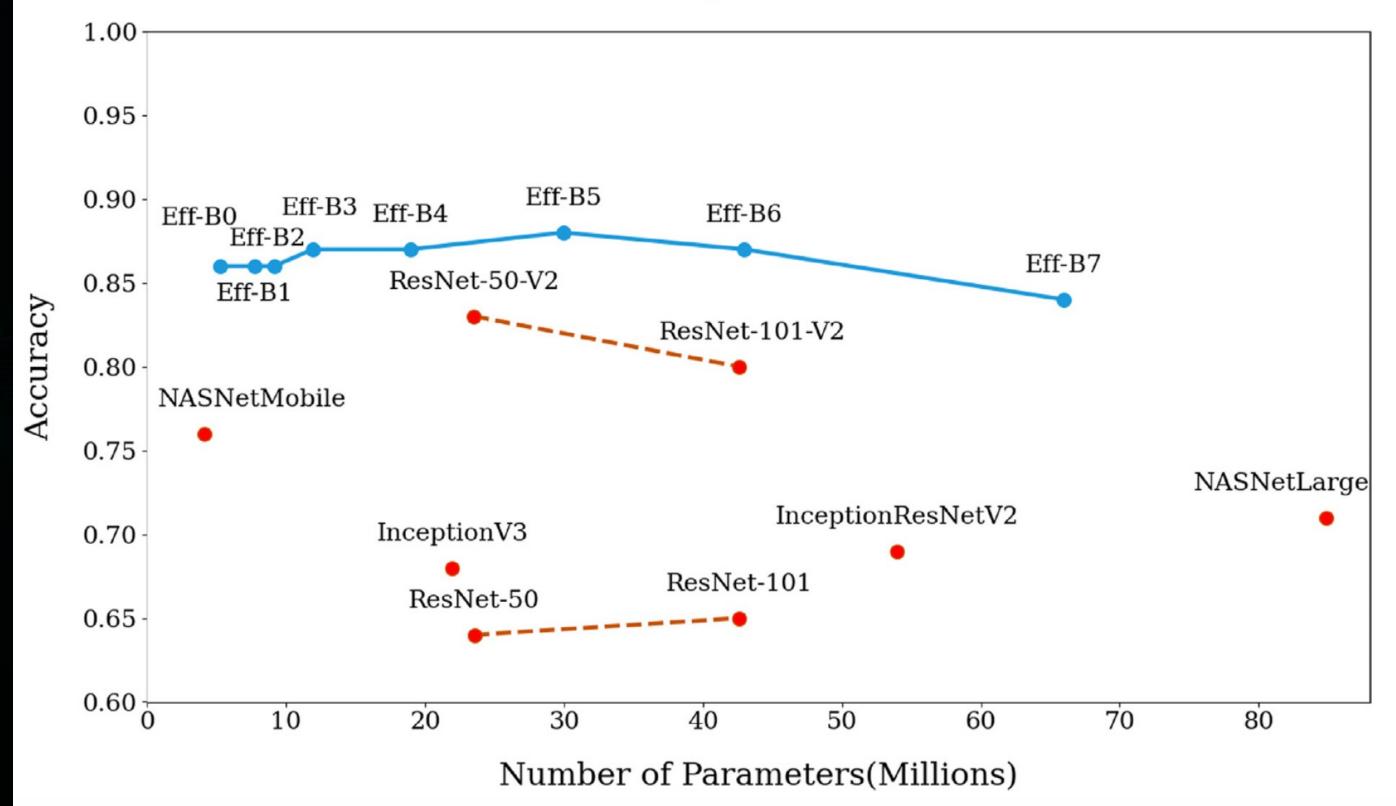
Visualization





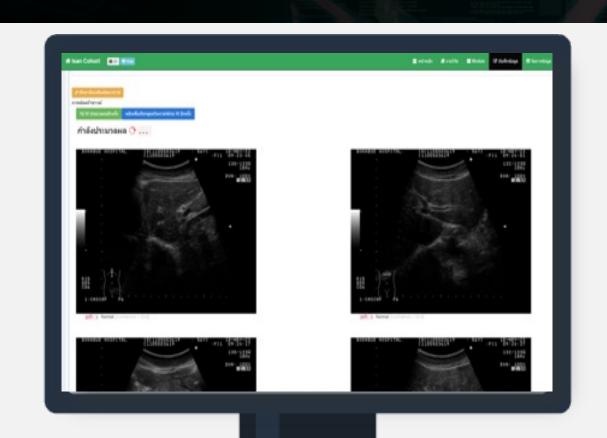
Models



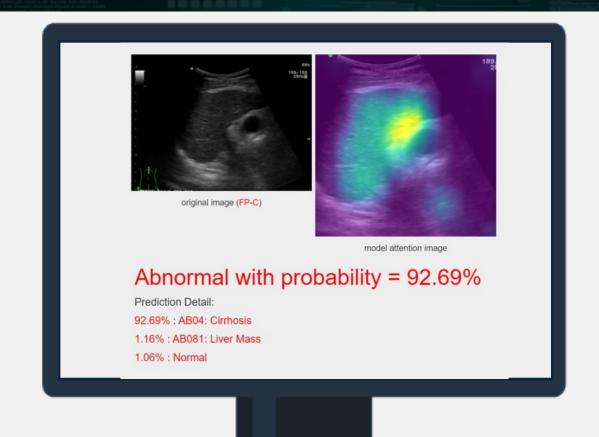




2 Applications

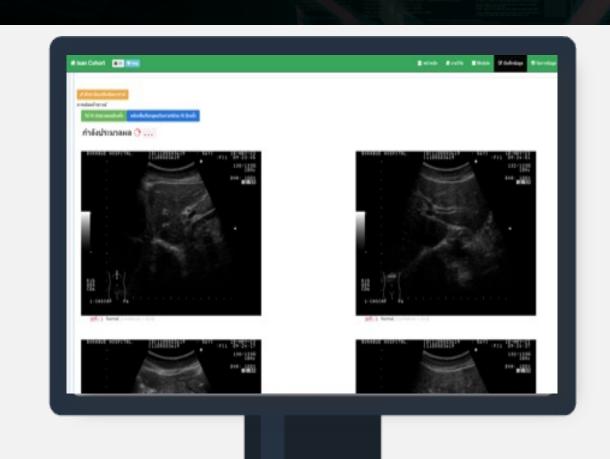


Auto Pre-screening

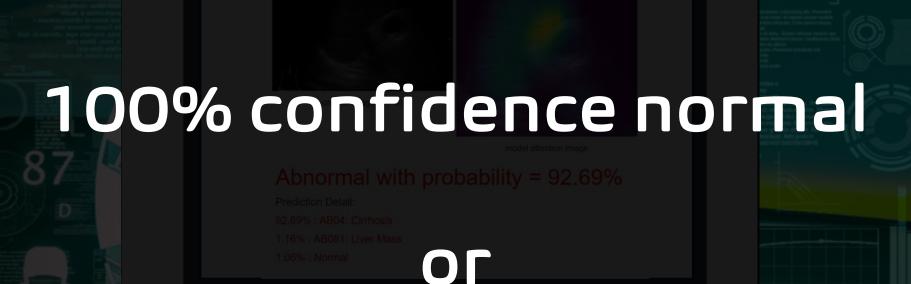


Assisting tool

1st Application



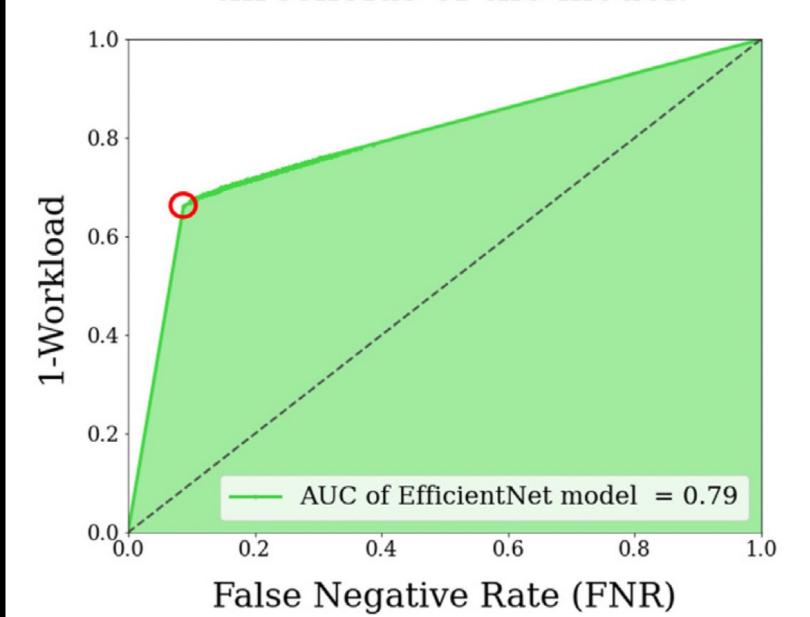
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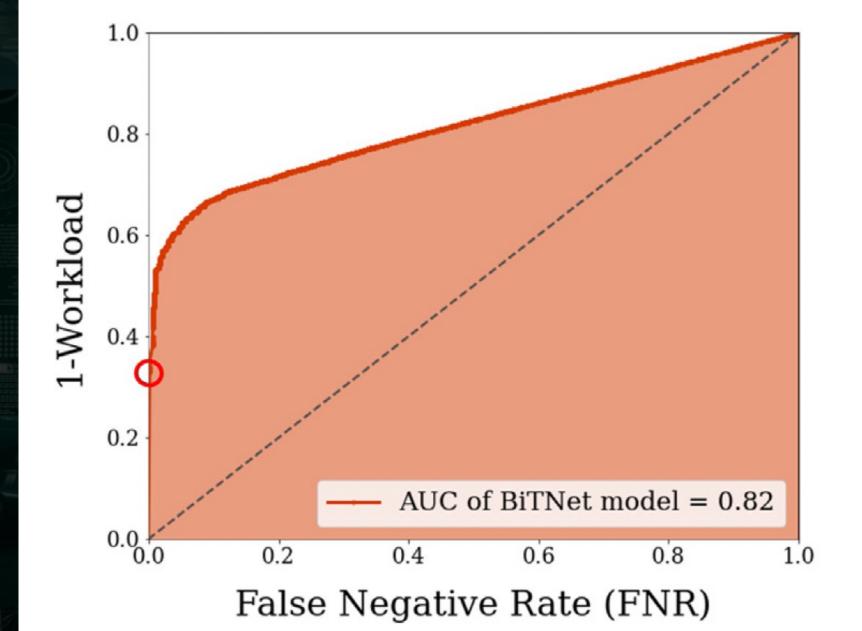
Otherwise

Auto Pre-screening

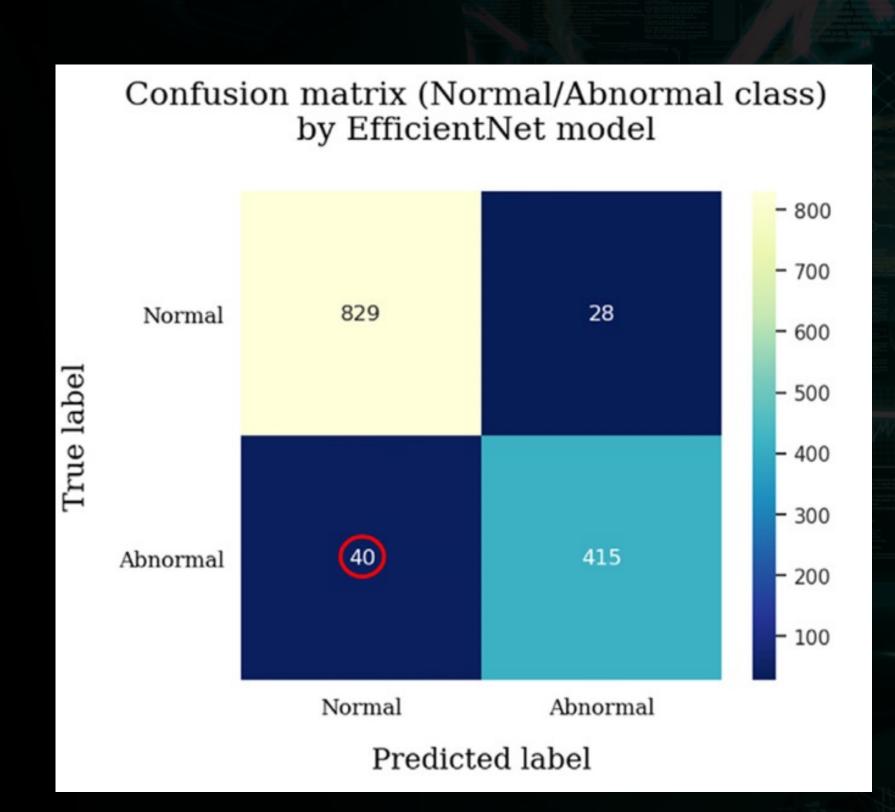
Comparison between workload reductionrate and false negative rate when variesthresholds of the model.

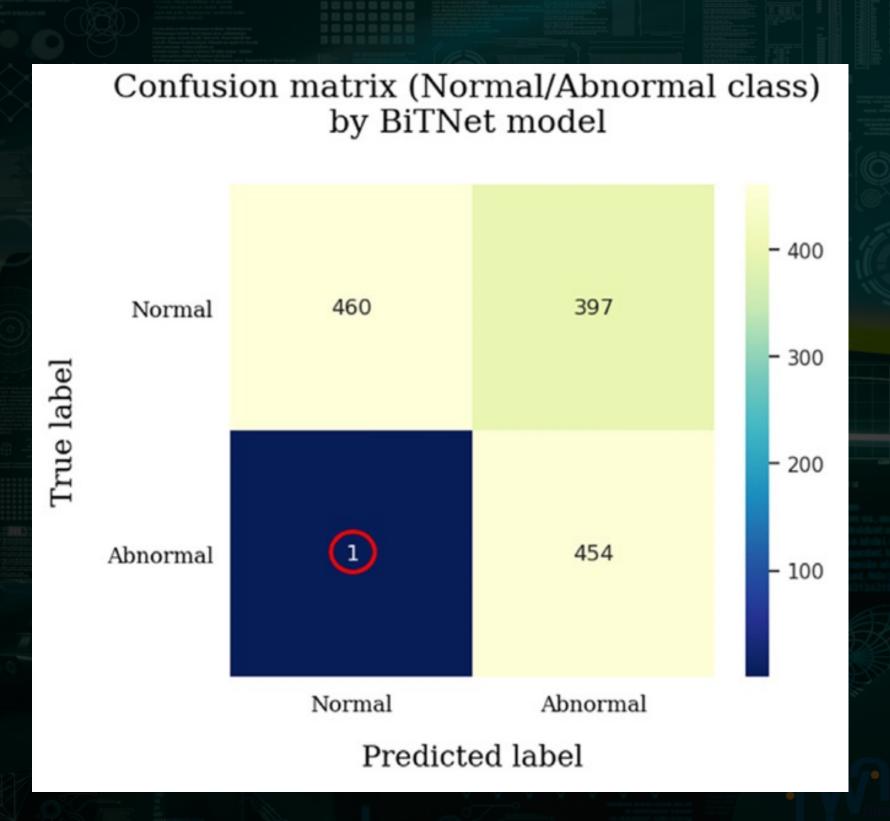


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Auto Pre-screening

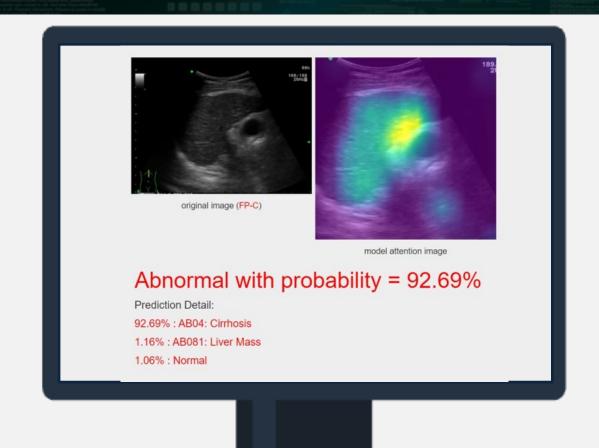




2nd Application

Predict 15 classes

eXplanable Al



Assisting tool



gnificantly higher th

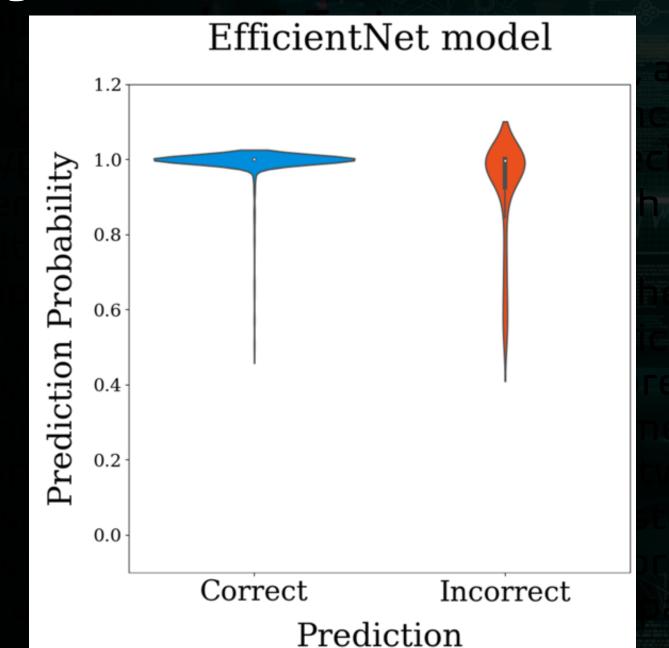
1.The independent samples T-Test

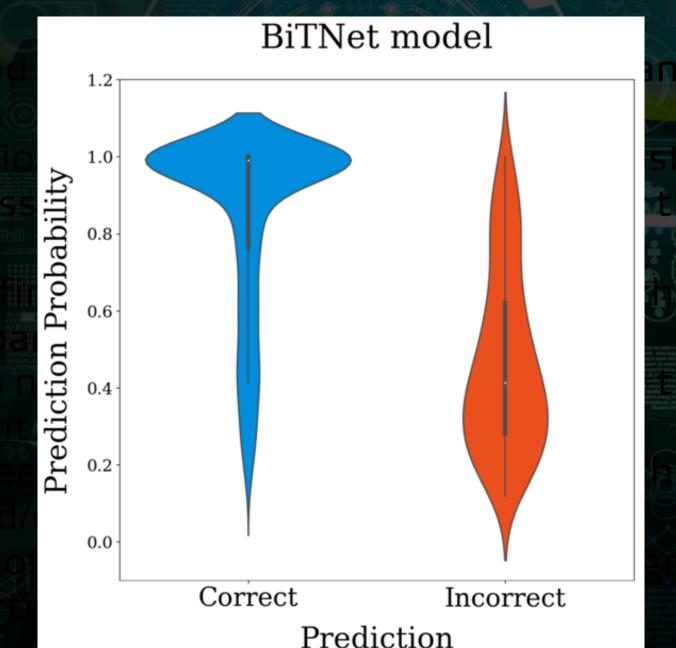
- > Compare the means of mean difference in prediction confidence of the correct and incorrect groups between the BiTNet model and the EfficientNet model.
 - Hypothesis: The means of mean differences of the BiTNet model were significantly higher than those of EfficientNet.



1.The independent samples T-Test

- > Compare the means of mean difference in prediction confidence of the correct and incorrect groups between the BiTNet model and the EfficientNet model.
 - o Hypothesis: The means of mean differences of the BiTNet model were significantly higher than those of EfficientNet.







difference in prediction confidence of the correct and

ans of mean differences of the BiTNet model were significantly

the BiTNet model and the EfficientNet model.

2. The Paired Samples T-Test

- > Compare of mean accuracy precision, and recall of the diagnostic performance of the participants with and without assistance.
 - o Hypothesis: The mean accuracy, precision, and recall scores of the diagnostic performance of the participants with assistance were significantly higher than those without assistance.

Assisted vs Unassisted Diagnosis of 15 classes (14 Ab + 1 Nomal)



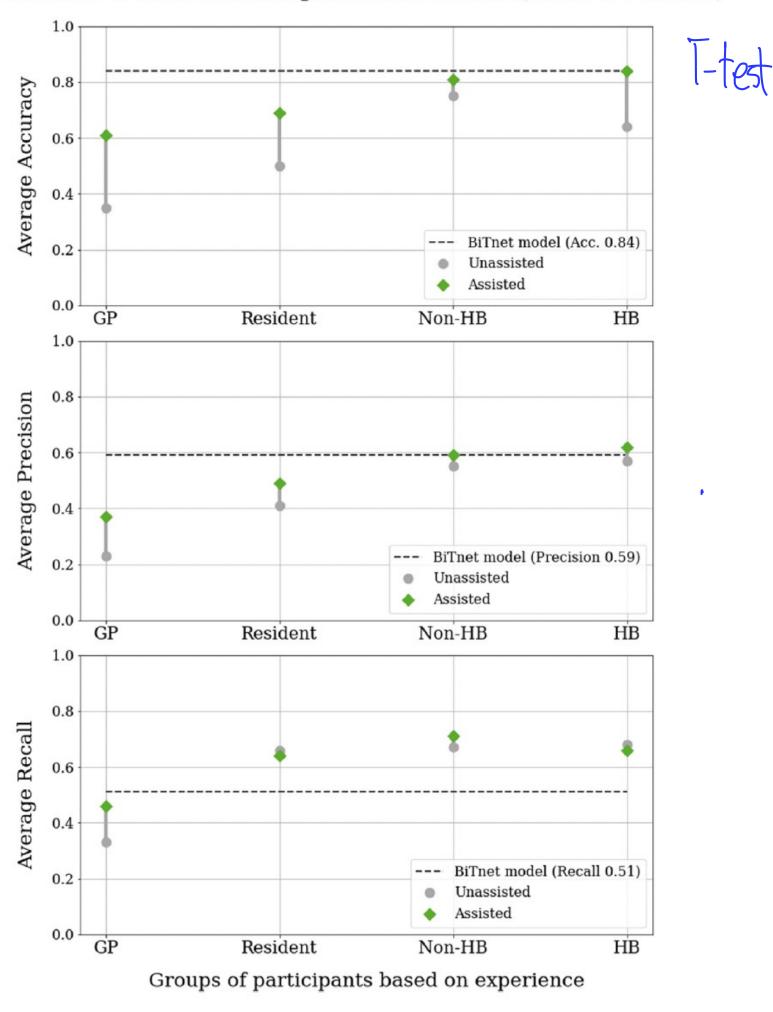


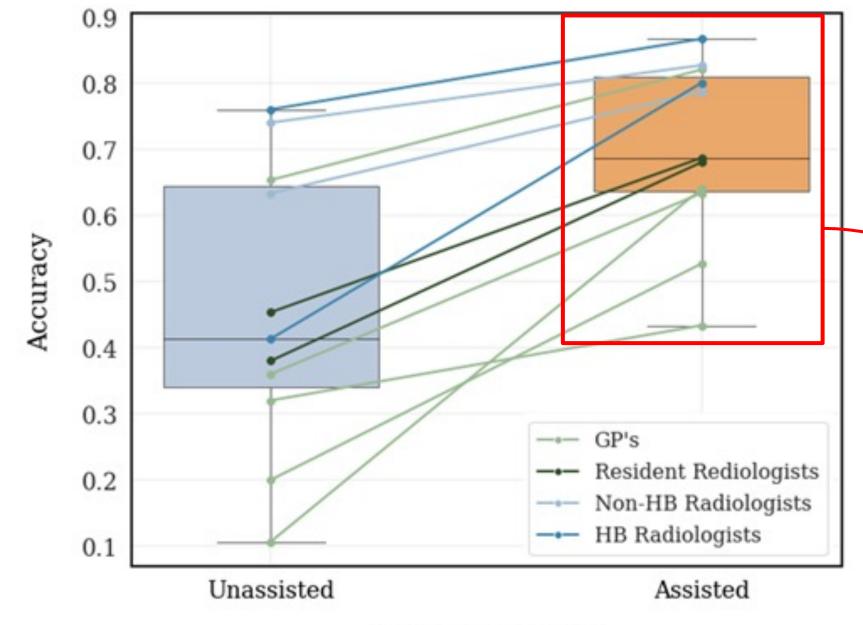
Fig. 10. Comparing assisted versus unassisted diagnosis among four different groups of participants on accuracy, precision, and recall.











Assisting condition

increase overall's accuracy by 18%

increase GP's accuracy by 26%



ice were significantly higher than

difference in prediction confidence of the correct and

n the BiTNet model and the EfficientNet model.

rneans of mean differences of the BiTNet model were significantly

2. The Paired Samples T-Test

- > Compare of mean similarity scores between Al suggestion (prediction) and the final decision of the participants when assisted/unassisted
 - o Hypothesis: The mean similarity score of the assisted participants was significantly greater than that of the unassisted participants.



2. The Paired Samples T-Test

Compare the similarity scores of assisted (Top-1) and unassisted (Top-1)

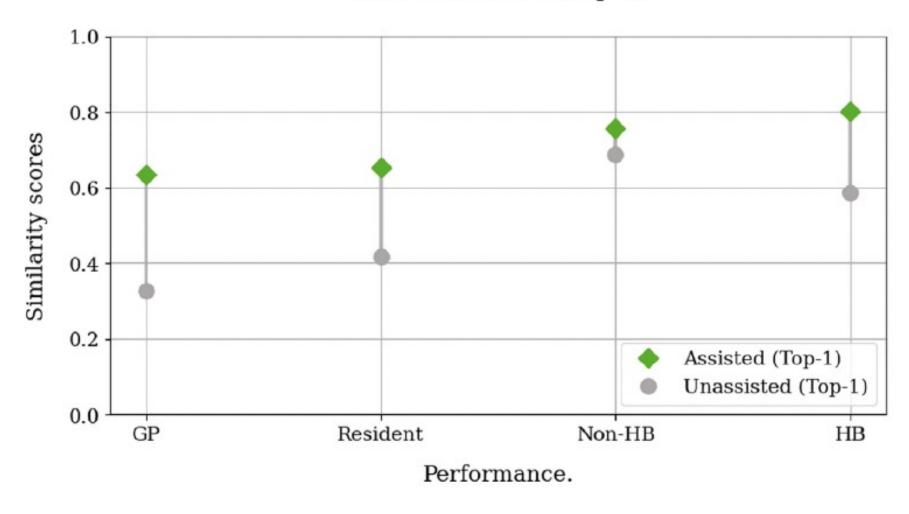


Fig. 11. Similarity score between the answer suggested by the assisting tool and the participant's final decisions, assisted vs. unassisted.

- > Compare of mean similarity scores between Al suggestion (prediction) and the final decision of the participants when assisted/unassisted
 - o Hypothesis: The mean similarity score of the assisted participants was significantly greater than that of the unassisted participants.





















































