# **Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) - Titanic Dataset**

Objective: Extract insights using visual and statistical exploration.

Tools Used: Python (Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn)

#### **Dataset Overview:**

The Titanic dataset contains passenger details such as age, sex, class, fare, and survival status.

### **Basic Exploration:**

- 1. Used df.info() to check datatypes and missing values.
- 2. Used df.describe() to view statistical summary.
- 3. Used value\_counts() to analyze categorical distributions.

### **Univariate Analysis:**

- Survival count distribution.
- Passenger class distribution.
- Gender distribution.
- Age and Fare distributions.

## **Bivariate Analysis:**

- Survival by Gender shows females had higher survival.
- Survival by Passenger Class shows 1st class passengers had better survival chances.
- Boxplots of Fare indicate higher fares linked to survival.

## **Multivariate Analysis:**

- Correlation Heatmap revealed Fare and Pclass correlate with survival.
- Pairplots show separation trends between classes and survival.

## **Summary of Findings:**

- 1. Majority of passengers were in 3rd class.
- 2. Women and children had higher survival rates.
- 3. 1st class and higher fares were linked to higher survival chances.
- 4. Missing Age values may require imputation for modeling.

Outcome: This EDA improved skills in identifying patterns, trends, and anomalies in real-world data.