```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import nltk
import spacy
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from wordcloud import WordCloud
from \ sklearn.feature\_extraction.text \ import \ CountVectorizer, \ TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
from \ sklearn.metrics \ import \ classification\_report, \ accuracy\_score
from textblob import TextBlob
from gensim import corpora, models
# Sample chatbot interaction data
data = {
    "user_query": [
        "Hello, how can I reset my password?",
        "I need help with my order refund",
        "Thank you, great service!",
        "Why is my payment not processing?",
        "Can you help me book a flight?",
        "This chatbot is useless!",
    ],
    "chatbot_response": [
        "Please visit the reset password page.",
        "Refunds are processed within 3-5 business days.",
        "Glad to assist you!",
        "Please check your bank details or contact support.",
        "Sure! Let me fetch flight details.",
        "I'm sorry for the inconvenience. How can I improve?",
    ]
}
# Convert to DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
# Sentiment Analysis
def analyze_sentiment(text):
    return TextBlob(text).sentiment.polarity
df["sentiment"] = df["user_query"].apply(analyze_sentiment)
# Exploratory Data Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
sns.histplot(df["sentiment"], bins=10, kde=True)
plt.title("Sentiment Distribution of User Queries")
plt.show()
# NLP Preprocessing
nlp = spacy.load("en core web sm")
def preprocess_text(text):
    doc = nlp(text.lower())
    tokens = [token.lemma_ for token in doc if not token.is_stop and not token.is_punct]
    return " ".join(tokens)
df["processed_query"] = df["user_query"].apply(preprocess_text)
# Topic Modeling using LDA
vectorizer = CountVectorizer()
X = vectorizer.fit_transform(df["processed_query"])
dictionary = corpora.Dictionary([text.split() for text in df["processed_query"]])
corpus = [dictionary.doc2bow(text.split()) for text in df["processed_query"]]
lda_model = models.LdaModel(corpus, num_topics=2, id2word=dictionary, passes=10)
topics = lda model.print topics(num words=3)
print("Topics Identified:", topics)
# Intent Classification (Simple Machine Learning Model)
df["intent"] = ["account_help", "order_issue", "positive_feedback", "payment_problem", "travel_booking", "negative_feedback"]
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
X = vectorizer.fit transform(df["processed query"])
y = df["intent"]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
model = MultinomialNB()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
```

```
print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("Accuracy Score:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
          ModuleNotFoundError
                                                                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
           <ipython-input-1-dad050ce26c7> in <cell line: 0>()
                      11 from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score
                     12 from textblob import TextBlob
           ---> 13 from gensim import corpora, models
                    14
                      15 # Sample chatbot interaction data
          ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'gensim'
          NOTE: If your import is failing due to a missing package, you can
          manually install dependencies using either !pip or !apt.
           To view examples of installing some common dependencies, click the
           "Open Examples" button below.
            OPEN EXAMPLES
!pip install gensim
 → Collecting gensim
               Downloading gensim-4.3.3-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl.metadata (8.1 kB)
           Requirement already satisfied: numpy<2.0,>=1.18.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from gensim) (1.26.4)
           Collecting scipy<1.14.0,>=1.7.0 (from gensim)
               Downloading scipy-1.13.1-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl.metadata (60 kB)
                                                                                                           - 60.6/60.6 kB 2.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
          Requirement already satisfied: smart-open>=1.8.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from gensim) (7.1.0)
           Requirement already satisfied: wrapt in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from smart-open>=1.8.1->gensim) (1.17.2)
           Downloading gensim-4.3.3-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (26.7 MB)
                                                                                                       - 26.7/26.7 MB 61.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
          Downloading scipy-1.13.1-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (38.6 MB)
                                                                                                       - 38.6/38.6 MB 13.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
           Installing collected packages: scipy, gensim
               Attempting uninstall: scipy
                   Found existing installation: scipy 1.14.1
                   Uninstalling scipy-1.14.1:
                       Successfully uninstalled scipy-1.14.1
          Successfully installed gensim-4.3.3 scipy-1.13.1
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import nltk
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        ]
}
# Convert to DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
```

```
# Sentiment Analysis
def analyze sentiment(text):
    return TextBlob(text).sentiment.polarity
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topics = lda_model.print_topics(num_words=3)
print("Topics Identified:", topics)
# Intent Classification (Simple Machine Learning Model)
df["intent"] = ["account_help", "order_issue", "positive_feedback", "payment_problem", "travel_booking", "negative_feedback"]
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
X = vectorizer.fit_transform(df["processed_query"])
y = df["intent"]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
model = MultinomialNB()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
print("Accuracy Score:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```



Sentiment Distribution of User Queries 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 -0.6 -0.4-0.20.0 0.2 0.6 0.8 1.0

sentiment

Topics Identified: [(0, '0.125*"help" + 0.075*"order" + 0.075*"refund"'), (1, '0.114*"thank" + 0.114*"service" + 0.114*"great"')] Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
account_help	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.0
negative_feedback	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
order_issue	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.0
travel_booking	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
accuracy			0.00	2.0
macro avg	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.0
weighted avg	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.0