

# Introduction to Digital Signal Processing

## Frequency Domain Analysis of LTI Systems

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## Response of an LTI system to a complex exponential

- Consider an LTI system with impulse response  $h[n]$ .

$$Ae^{j\Omega n} \longrightarrow A \left( \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] e^{-j\Omega k} \right) e^{j\Omega n}$$

$$H(\Omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] e^{-j\Omega k}$$

$H(\Omega)$  is called the frequency response of the LTI system. It exists if the LTI system is BIBO stable.

$$H(\Omega) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\Omega}}$$

## Response of an LTI system to a complex exponential

$$H(\Omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k]e^{-j\Omega k} = |H(\Omega)|e^{j\Theta(\Omega)}$$

where,

- ▶  $|H(\Omega)|$  is the magnitude response.
- ▶  $\Theta(\Omega) = \arg\{H(\Omega)\}$  is the phase response.

The output to  $Ae^{j\Omega n}$  is given by,

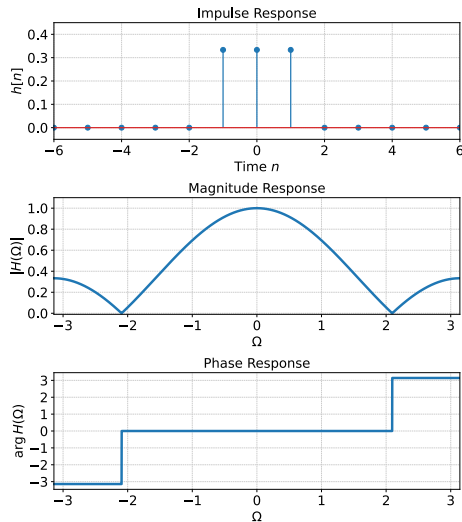
$$Ae^{j\Omega n} \longrightarrow A|H(\Omega)|e^{j\{\Omega n + \Theta(\Omega)\}}$$

# Response of an LTI system to a complex exponential

## Moving average filter

$$y[n] = \frac{1}{3} (x[n+1] + x[n] + x[n-1])$$

# Response of an LTI system to a complex exponential



## Response of an LTI system to a complex exponential

$$x[n] \rightarrow X(\Omega) \longrightarrow H(\Omega) X(\Omega) \rightarrow y[n]$$

$$|Y(\Omega)| = |H(\Omega)| |X(\Omega)|$$

$$\arg\{Y(\Omega)\} = \arg\{H(\Omega)\} + \arg\{X(\Omega)\}$$

$$y[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} Y(\Omega) e^{j\Omega n} d\Omega$$