## Linear Systems: Singular Value Decomposition Assignment

1. For a square  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ , the SVD tells us how a unit sphere in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is distorted by the linear transformation performed by A. This degree of distortion can be quantified using the singular values of A, which is the 2norm condition number,

$$\kappa = \frac{\sigma_1}{\sigma_n}$$

- (a) Explain why  $\kappa \geq 1$ ?
- (b) What is condition number of a singular matrix?
- (c) If **A** is non-singular, show that  $\kappa = \|\mathbf{A}\|_2 \|\mathbf{A}^{-1}\|_2$
- (d) Condition numbers can also be defined based on other p-norms. The general p-norm condition number is given by,  $\kappa_p = \|\mathbf{A}\|_p \|\mathbf{A}^{-1}\|_p$ Evaluate the 1-norm, 2-norm and ∞-norm condition numbers for the following matrices. How do these number compare with each other?

(i) 
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
; (ii)  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 10 & -9 \end{bmatrix}$ ; (iii)  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(e) Conditions numbers play an important role in practice. We had earlier an example of an ill-conditioned system Ax = b (problem ??). Consider the following systems, where:

(i) 
$$\mathbf{A}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 10 & -9 \end{bmatrix}$$
; and (ii)  $\mathbf{A}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -10 \\ 1 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ .

For  $\mathbf{b}=\begin{bmatrix}10\\0\end{bmatrix}$ , what are the solutions  ${\bf x}_1 (= {\bf A}_1^{-1} {\bf b})$  and  ${\bf x}_2 (= {\bf A}_2^{-1} {\bf b})$ ?

Suppose there is an error in the measurement of b, and we have  $\tilde{\mathbf{b}} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . The relative error in  $\mathbf{b}$  is given by  $\delta b = \frac{\|\mathbf{b} - \tilde{\mathbf{b}}\|_2}{\|\mathbf{b}\|_2}$ . What are the new solutions  $\tilde{\mathbf{x}}_1$  and  $\tilde{\mathbf{x}}_2$ ?

Calculate  $\delta x_1$  and  $\delta x_2$ , the relative errors in  $\mathbf{x}_1$ and  $x_2$ , respectively? How do these compare to

Note: Through this problem, you should be able to see that an ill-conditioned system has a large condition number, which can amplify error and thus lead to large uncertainty in the solutions.