# Complete Git Guide - Beginner to Advanced

This guide covers everything from basic to advanced Git usage. A few key points to remember:

Start with the basics:

Understanding repositories Basic commits Branching

Progress to intermediate concepts:

Remote repositories Merging strategies Resolving conflicts

Advanced topics for when you're comfortable:

Rebasing Cherry-picking Git hooks Submodules

#### 1. Git Basics

#### **Installation and Setup**

```
# Install Git
# For Windows: Download from git-scm.com
# For Mac:
brew install git
# For Linux:
sudo apt-get install git
# Configure Git
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
git config --global user.email "your.email@example.com"
```

#### **Essential Commands**

# 2. Branching and Merging

### **Branch Management**

```
# Create new branch
git branch branch-name
```

```
# Switch to branch
git checkout branch-name
# or (newer method)
git switch branch-name
# Create and switch in one command
git checkout -b branch-name
git switch -c branch-name
# List branches
git branch # Local branches
git branch -r # Remote branches
git branch -a # All branches
# Delete branch
git branch -d branch-name  # Safe delete
git branch -D branch-name  # Force delete
Merging
```

```
# Merge branch into current branch
git merge branch-name
# Handle merge conflicts
# Edit conflicted files manually, then:
git add <resolved-files>
git commit -m "Merge conflict resolved"
```

# 3. Remote Repositories

#### **Working with Remotes**

```
# Add remote repository
git remote add origin https://github.com/username/repo.git
# View remotes
git remote -v
# Push to remote
git push -u origin main # First time
git push
                         # Subsequent pushes
# Pull from remote
git pull origin main
# Clone repository
git clone https://github.com/username/repo.git
```

# 4. Advanced Git Operations

#### **Stashing**

```
# Save changes temporarily
git stash
# List stashes
git stash list
```

```
# Apply and remove latest stash
git stash pop

# Apply specific stash
git stash apply stash@{n}

# Drop stash
git stash drop stash@{n}

# Clear all stashes
git stash clear
```

#### Rebasing

```
# Rebase current branch onto another
git rebase main
# Interactive rebase
git rebase -i HEAD~3  # Rebase last 3 commits
# Continue after resolving conflicts
git rebase --continue
# Abort rebase
git rebase --abort
```

#### **Cherry-picking**

```
# Apply specific commit to current branch
git cherry-pick commit-hash
# Cherry-pick without committing
git cherry-pick -n commit-hash
```

# 5. History and Changes

### **Viewing History**

```
# View commit history with graph
git log --graph --oneline --decorate

# View changes in commit
git show commit-hash

# View file history
git log -p filename

# View who changed what
git blame filename
```

### **Undoing Changes**

```
# Discard changes in working directory
git restore filename
# or
git checkout -- filename
# Unstage files
git restore --staged filename
```

```
# or
git reset HEAD filename

# Reset to specific commit
git reset commit-hash  # Soft reset (keep changes)
git reset --hard commit-hash # Hard reset (discard changes)
# Revert commit
git revert commit-hash
```

#### 6. Git Best Practices

#### **Commit Messages**

```
# Good commit message format:
git commit -m "feat: add user authentication
- Add login functionality
- Implement password hashing
- Add session management"
```

#### **Branching Strategy**

Main/Master: Production code
 Develop: Integration branch
 Feature branches: New features

4. Release branches: Version preparation5. Hotfix branches: Production fixes

#### **Workflow Example**

```
# Start new feature
git checkout -b feature/user-auth develop

# Make changes and commit
git add .
git commit -m "feat: implement user login"

# Update with latest develop changes
git checkout develop
git pull
git checkout feature/user-auth
git rebase develop

# Merge feature when complete
git checkout develop
git merge --no-ff feature/user-auth
git push origin develop
```

# 7. Advanced Git Configurations

#### **Git Aliases**

```
# Add to ~/.gitconfig
[alias]
    st = status
    co = checkout
```

```
br = branch
ci = commit
unstage = reset HEAD --
last = log -1 HEAD
```

#### **Git Hooks**

```
Location: .git/hooks/
# pre-commit example
#!/bin/sh
npm test
if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
    echo "Tests failed, commit aborted"
    exit 1
fi
```

# 8. Git Tools and Integration

### **Git Large File Storage (LFS)**

```
# Install Git LFS
git lfs install

# Track large files
git lfs track "*.psd"

# Verify tracking
git lfs ls-files
```

#### GitHub CLI

```
# Create pull request
gh pr create

# View pull request
gh pr view

# Merge pull request
gh pr merge
```

# 9. Troubleshooting Common Issues

#### **Fix Last Commit**

```
# Amend commit message
git commit --amend -m "New message"
# Add forgotten files to last commit
git add forgotten-file
git commit --amend --no-edit
```

### **Clean Repository**

```
# Remove untracked files
git clean -n  # Dry run
git clean -f  # Actually remove files
```

```
# Remove untracked files and directories
git clean -fd
```

#### **Recover Lost Changes**

```
# Find lost commits
git reflog

# Recover deleted branch
git checkout -b recovered-branch commit-hash
```

# 10. Advanced Topics

#### **Submodules**

```
# Add submodule
git submodule add https://github.com/user/repo
# Initialize submodules after cloning
git submodule init
git submodule update
```

#### **Bisect**

```
# Start bisect
git bisect start

# Mark current version as bad
git bisect bad

# Mark last known good version
git bisect good commit-hash

# After testing each version
git bisect good # or
git bisect bad

# End bisect
git bisect reset
```