

Spring Security



Spring Security



- Spring Security is a powerful, flexible security solution for enterprise software, with a particular emphasis on applications that use Spring

What it offers?



- Provides declarative security for Spring-based applications
- Takes full advantage of dependency injection (DI) and aspect-oriented techniques based on the Spring Framework
- Major Features
 - *Authentication*
 - *Web URL authorization*
 - *Method invocation authorization*
 - WS-Security (via Spring Web Services)
 - Flow Authorization (via Spring Web Flow)
 - Human user detection (Captcha)

Authentication & Authorization



- **Authentication** - process of establishing a principal (usually a user which can perform an action in application)
- **Authorization** - process of deciding wheather a principal is allowed to perform an action
- Authentication process establish identity of the principal, which is used for authorization decision

Authentication Models



- Spring Security supports various authentication models.
- Spring Security Models
 - HTTP Basic
 - HTTP Digest
 - HTTP X.509 Certificates
 - LDAP
 - Form-based
 - OpenId
 - And many more
- Spring provides implementation of many of these models.

Security Interceptor



- A latch that protects secured resources,
- To get past the latch, users typically provide their credentials
- Implementation depends on resource being secured
 - URLs - Servlet Filter
 - Methods - Aspects

Configuring Web Security



- Configure the **DelegatingFilterProxy** *filter* in the web.xml

```
<filter>
  <filter-name>springSecurityFilterChain</filter-name>
  <filter-class>
    org.springframework.web.filter.DelegatingFilterProxy
  </filter-class>
</filter>
<filter-mapping>
  <filter-name>springSecurityFilterChain</filter-name>
  <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
</filter-mapping>
```

DelegatingFilterProxy



- This provides a hook into the Spring Security web infrastructure.
- **DelegatingFilterProxy** is a Spring Framework class which delegates to a filter implementation which is defined as a Spring bean in your application context

Configuring Web Security



- Enable web security in the spring-security.xml
 - `<http auto-config='true'>`
 - ✦ `<intercept-url pattern="/**" access="ROLE_USER" />`
 - `</http>`
- The `<http>` element is the parent for all web-related namespace functionality
- The `<intercept-url>` element defines a pattern which is matched against the URLs of incoming requests.
- auto-config included `<form-login />` `<http-basic />` `<logout />`.

Configuring Web Security



- Define the authentication model
 - `<authentication-manager>`
 - ✦ `<authentication-provider>`
 - `<user-service></user-service>`
 - ✦ `</authentication-provider>`
 - `</authentication-manager>`