Windows commands

1. Ipconfig

Syntax: ipconfig

Function: cmd to show the NIC ip config and basic details.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
                                                                                                         X
C:\Users\sivas>ipconfig
Windows IP Configuration
Ethernet adapter Ethernet:
  Media State . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 1:
  Media State . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 2:
  Media State . . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
Wireless LAN adapter Wi-Fi:
   Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
   Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . : fe80::8810:2b0d:38f6:d27c%18
   IPv4 Address. . . . . . . . . : 10.0.9.96
   Subnet Mask . . . . . . . . . : 255.255.240.0
  Default Gateway . . . . . . . : 10.0.0.1
:\Users\sivas>
```

1.1 ipconfig /all

Syntax: ipconfig /all

Function: cmd to show the all NIC details.

1.2 ipconfig /flushdns

Syntax: ipconfig /flushdns

Function: cmd to clear the DNS cache.

2. Ping

Ping:

Syntax: ping <ip address>

Function: cmd to check weather the destination computer is reachable or not.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Users\sivas>ping 8.8.8.8

Pinging 8.8.8.8 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=156ms TTL=120
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=24ms TTL=120
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 8.8.8.8:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 2, Lost = 2 (50% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 24ms, Maximum = 156ms, Average = 90ms

C:\Users\sivas>_
```

Ping with timestamp:

Syntax: ping -t <ip address> | Foreach{"{0} - {1}" -f (Get-Date),\$_}

Function: it will work in PowerShell. Normal ping cmd show the reply details of the destination computer but cmd will show the replay with timestamp.

More details: Refer Spiceworks

```
Windows PowerShell
                                                                                                              X
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\Users\sivas> ping -t 8.8.8.8|Foreach{"{0} - {1}" -f (Get-Date),$_}
05-07-2023 20:27:36 -
05-07-2023 20:27:36 - Pinging 8.8.8.8 with 32 bytes of data:
05-07-2023 20:27:36 - Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=22ms TTL=118
05-07-2023 20:27:37 - Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=22ms TTL=118
05-07-2023 20:27:38 - Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=118
05-07-2023 20:27:39 - Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=118
05-07-2023 20:27:40 -
                     Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=118
05-07-2023 20:27:41 - Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=118
05-07-2023 20:27:42 - Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=22ms TTL=118
05-07-2023 20:27:43 - Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=118
05-07-2023 20:27:44 - Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=118
```

3. Path ping

Syntax: pathping <ip address>

Function: cmd to check the packet loss and no of hops between source and destination.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:

```
X
 C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\sivas>pathping 8.8.8.8
Tracing route to dns.google [8.8.8.8]
over a maximum of 30 hops:
    Iam [10.0.9.96]
10.0.0.1
    122.15.77.225
 3 74.125.119.172
 4 216.239.43.135
 5 216.239.59.171
 6 dns.google [8.8.8.8]
Computing statistics for 150 seconds...
           Source to Here
                            This Node/Link
           Lost/Sent = Pct Lost/Sent = Pct
Нор
                                             Address
                                             Iam [10.0.9.96]
                              14/ 100 = 14%
             22/ 100 = 22%
     98ms
                               8/ 100 = 8%
                                             10.0.0.1
                               0/ 100 = 0%
                              11/ 100 = 11%
 2 166ms
             25/ 100 = 25%
                                             122.15.77.225
                               0/ 100 = 0%
                               4/ 100 = 4%
 3 127ms
             18/ 100 = 18%
                                             74.125.119.172
                               0/ 100 = 0%
 4 125ms
             14/ 100 = 14%
                               0/ 100 = 0%
                                             216.239.43.135
                               3/ 100 = 3%
            100/ 100 =100%
                              83/ 100 = 83%
                                             216.239.59.171
                                  100 =
                                         0%
             17/ 100 = 17%
                               0/ 100 = 0%
                                             dns.google [8.8.8.8]
 6 141ms
Trace complete.
C:\Users\sivas>
```

4. Tracert

Syntax: tracert <ip address>

Function: cmd to check the hops and no of router between source and destination.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
                                                                                                                       \times
C:\Users\sivas>tracert 8.8.8.8
Tracing route to dns.google [8.8.8.8]
over a maximum of 30 hops:
     158 ms
                4 ms
                         5 ms 10.0.0.1
      47 ms
              347 ms
                       138 ms 122.15.77.225
      38 ms
                               74.125.119.172
      94 ms
              158 ms
                        29 ms 216.239.43.135
      33 ms
               34 ms
                        59 ms 216.239.59.171
     245 ms
              357 ms
                               dns.google [8.8.8.8]
                               dns.google [8.8.8.8]
     141 ms
                        74 ms dns.google [8.8.8.8]
Trace complete.
C:\Users\sivas>_
```

5. Nslookup

Syntax: nslookup <domain name>

Function: cmd to resolve the dns name to ip.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - nslookup

C:\Users\sivas>nslookup

Default Server: dns.google

Address: 8.8.8.8

> google.com

Server: dns.google

Address: 8.8.8.8

DNS request timed out.

timeout was 2 seconds.

Name: google.com

Address: 2404:6800:4007:804::200e
```

6. Wifi Qrcode generator

Syntax: new-qrcodewifiaccess -SSID "<wifi name>" **-Password** "<wifi password>" **-outpath** "<file path location to save file>"

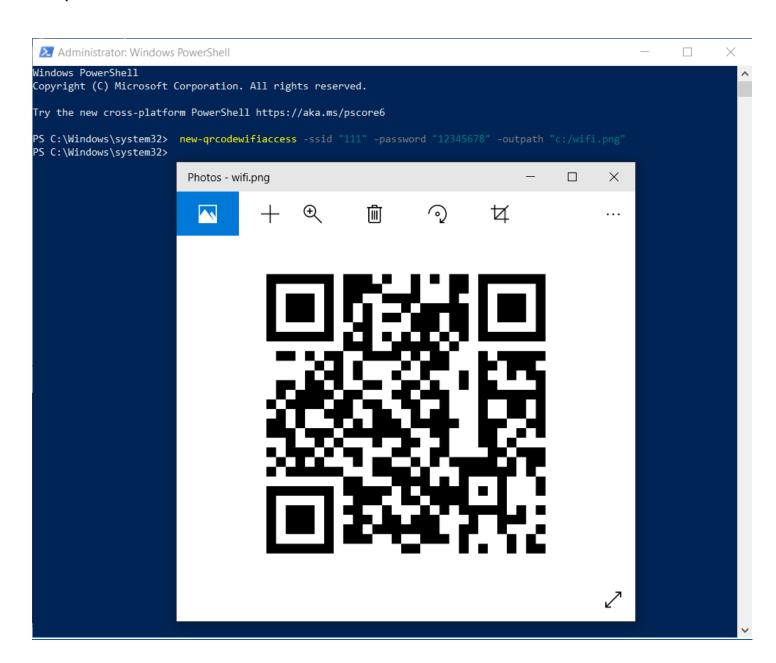
Function: cmd to genetrate wifi qrcode in powershell

Installation cmds: Install-Module -Name QRCodeGenerator

Import-Module QRCodeGenerator

More details: Refer Generate QR Code with PowerShell in Windows 10

Example:



7. Attrib Command

Syntax: attrib "<folder name>" +s +h +r

Function: folder is hidden and isn't visible when we select to show all files and folders.

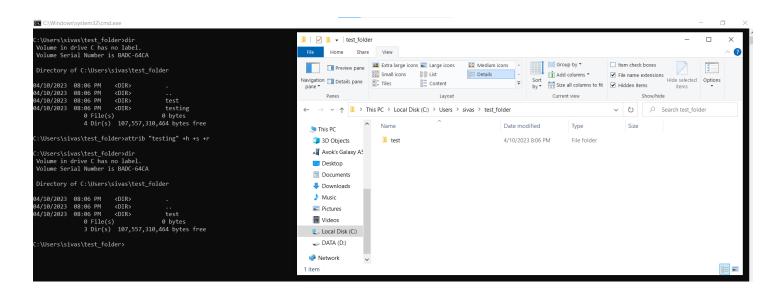
- **s** System
- **h** Hidden
- r Read-only

Syntax: attrib "<folder name>" -s -h -r

Function: folder is visible when we select to show all files and folders.

More details: Refer www.c-sharpcorner.com

Example:



8. Title

Syntax: title <string>

Function: To change the Command Prompt title.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:



9. Prompt

Syntax: prompt <text>

Function: To change executing path name in command prompt.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.2728]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\sivas>prompt SIVA

SIVAecho "hi"
"hi"

SIVA
```

10. Netsh wifi password

Syntax: netsh wlan show profile

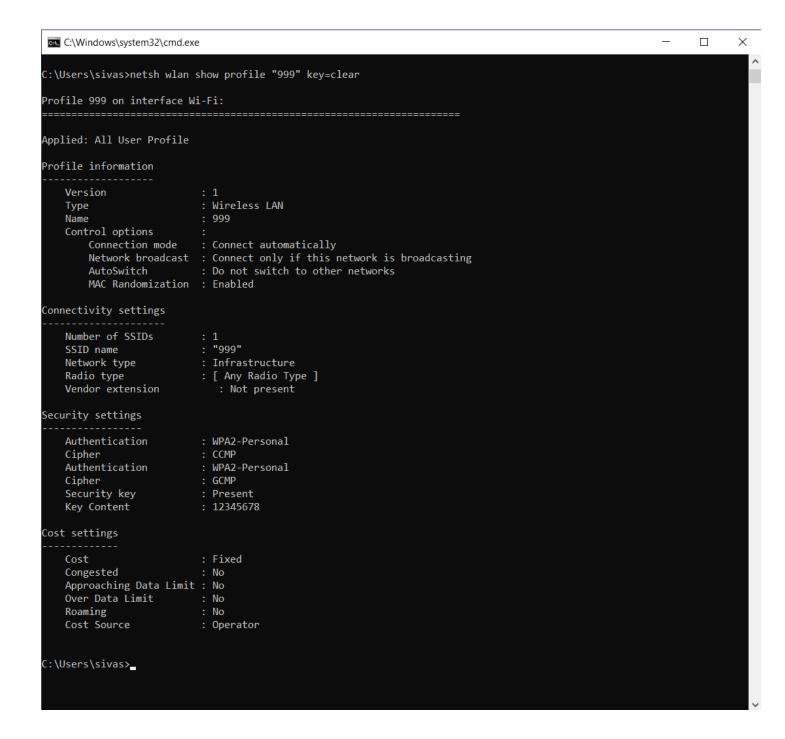
Function: To show a list of network names that we already connect to.

Syntax: netsh wlan show profile name= "<Wi-Fi name>" key=clear

Function: To show the password of the given wi-fi name

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
                                                                                                              X
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.2728]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\sivas>netsh wlan show profile
Profiles on interface Wi-Fi:
Group policy profiles (read only)
   <None>
User profiles
   All User Profile
                       : Redmi Note 9
   All User Profile
                        : SPEEDY
   All User Profile
                       : Kavitha_5G
                       : SREC CAMPUS WIFI
    All User Profile
    All User Profile
                        : 999
C:\Users\sivas>
```



11. Manage-bde Bitlocker

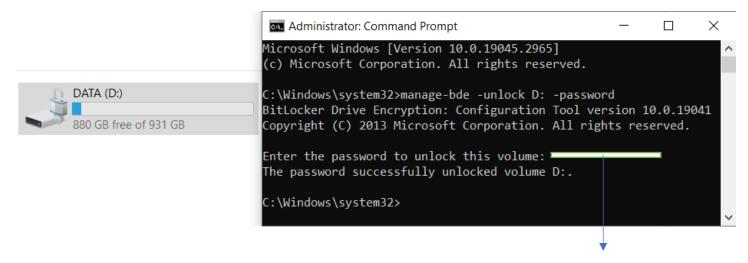
Unlock:

Syntax: Manage-bde -unlock <drive letter>: -password

Function: run command prompt in Admin mode to unlock the bitlocker drive.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:



Here enter the password of Bitlocker dirve.

Lock:

Syntax: Manage-bde -lock <drive letter>:

Function: run command prompt in Admin mode to lock the bitlocker drive. If any application or file is opened in that drive location it will not lock.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn



Force lock:

Syntax: Manage-bde -lock <drive letter>: -forcedismount

Function: run command prompt in Admin mode to lock the bitlocker drive. If any application or file is opened in that drive location then also it will lock the drive.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:



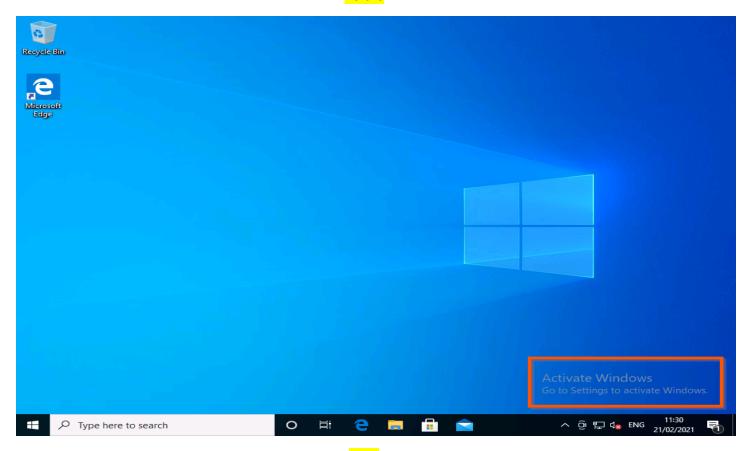
12. Activate Windows watermark temporary remove

Syntax: bcdedit -set TESTSIGNING OFF

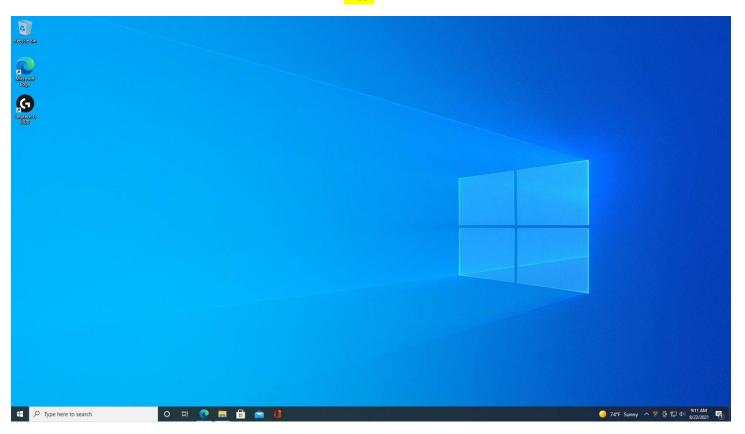
Function: run command prompt in Admin mode, enter the command and reboot the computer. use this command to temporarily hide the Activate Windows watermark.

More details: I find in YT

<mark>Before</mark>







13. Display the content of a file in Command Prompt and PowerShell

Using Command Prompt:

Syntax: type "[<drive>:] [<path>] <file name.extension>"

Function: To view a text file without modifying it and show the file content in the CMD prompt. It limit the lines while display file content. Use MORE cmd with pipe symbol now now press spacebar to shows all the line in the large file.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:

```
Command Prompt
                                                                                                                \times
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3155]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\sivas>type "newfile.txt"
In the Windows Command shell, type is a built in command which displays the contents of a text file. Use the type comman
d to view a text file without modifying it.
In PowerShell, type is a built-in alias to the Get-Content cmdlet, which also displays the contents of a file, but using
a different syntax.
Parameter
                                Description
[<drive>:][<path>]<filename>
                                Specifies the location and name of the file or files that you want to view. If your <fil
ename> contains spaces, you must enclose it in quotation marks (for example, "Filename Containing Spaces.txt"). You can
also add multiple filenames by adding spaces between them.
                                Displays help at the command prompt.
If you display a binary file or a file that is created by a program, you may see strange characters on the screen, inclu
ding formfeed characters and escape-sequence symbols.
These characters represent control codes that are used in the binary file.
In general, avoid using the type command to display binary files.
C:\Users\sivas>type "C:\Users\sivas\Documents\newfile 2.txt"
In the Windows Command shell, type is a built in command which displays the contents of a text file.
Use the type command to view a text file without modifying it.
In PowerShell, type is a built-in alias to the Get-Content cmdlet, which also displays the contents of a file, but using
a different syntax.
If you display a binary file or a file that is created by a program, you may see strange characters on the screen, inclu
ding formfeed characters and escape-sequence symbols.
These characters represent control codes that are used in the binary file.
In general, avoid using the type command to display binary files.
C:\Users\sivas>_
```

Using PowerShell:

Syntax: Get -content -Path "[<drive>:] [<path>] <file name.extension>"

Function: To view a text file without modifying it and show the file content in PowerShell Window. It show's the all line of the file it doesn't limit lines while display. Use MORE command with pipe symbol now press spacebar to shows all the line in the large file.

More details: Refer Microsoft Learn

Example:

```
Windows PowerShell
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         PS C:\Temp> Get-Content -Path "C:\Temp\ping output.txt
Pinging 8.8.8.8 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=17ms 7
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=16ms 7
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=16ms 7
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=16ms 7
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=17ms 7
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          TTL=118
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           TTL=118
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          TTL=118
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           TTL=118
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          TTI = 118
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          TTL=118
                                                                                      8.8.8.8: bytes=32
8.8.8.8: bytes=32
                                                 from
           Rep1y
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           time=17ms
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              time=17ms
           Reply
                                                 from
                                                                                      8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=17ms
8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=17ms
8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=17ms
8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=17ms
                                                 from
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           TTL=118
                                              from
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           TTL=118
                                                    from
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          TTL=118
```

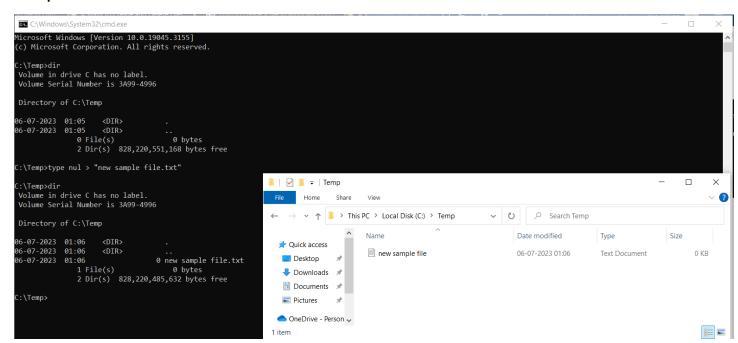
14. Create and Delete files and directories form windows command prompt

Create empty file:

Syntax: type nul > "[<drive>:] [<path>] <filename>"

Function: it create the empty file in using command prompt.

More details: Refer wikihow



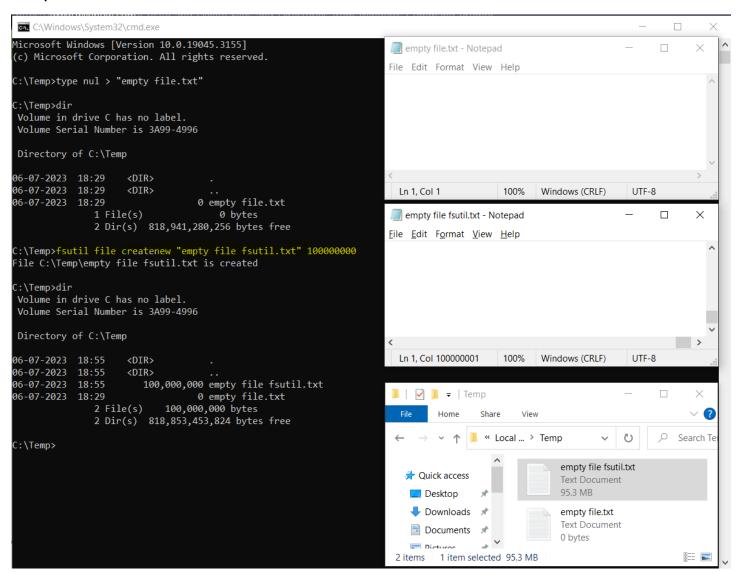
Create a blank file in certain size:

Syntax: fsutil file createnew "[<drive>:] [<path>] <filename>" <length>

Function: To create a blank text file based on byte size.

More details: Refer Wikihow

Example:

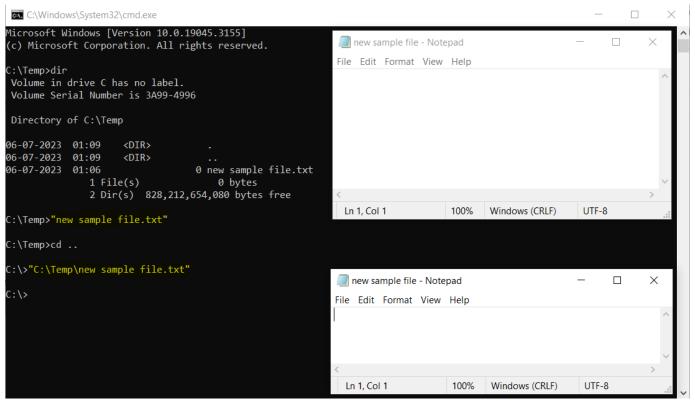


15. Open files using command prompt

Syntax: "[<drive>:] [<path>] <filename>"

Function: type the file path in command to open any type of file using command prompt with default application which is installed in computer.

More details: Google Search



16. Command output save to a file using Command Prompt and PowerShell

Using Command Prompt:

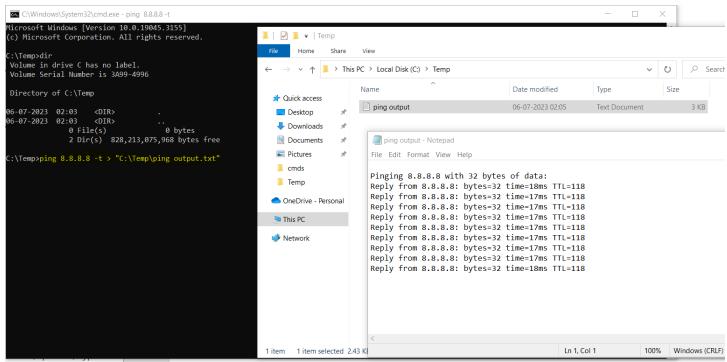
Create new output file:

Syntax: <your-command> > "[<drive>:] [<path>] <filename>"

Function: command to save the command output to a text file. > is the symbol for create a new text file or over write in existing file to save the output.

More details: Refer Windows Central

Windows commands

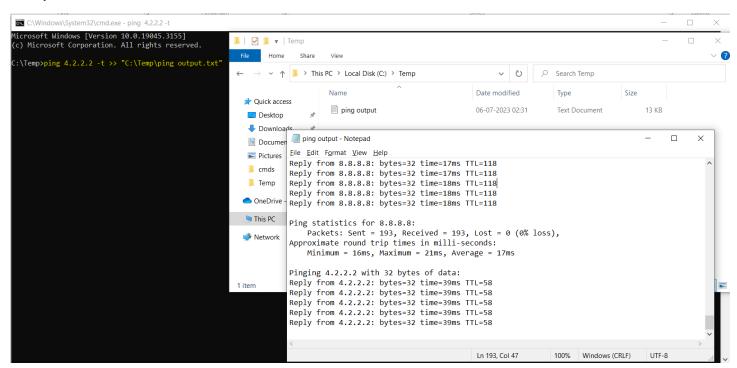


Continue output in existing file:

Syntax: <your-command> >> "[<drive>:] [<path>] <filename>"

Function: : command to save the command output to a text file. >> is the symbol for write existing file to save the output.

More details: Refer Windows Central



Using PowerShell:

Syntax: ipconfig | Out-File -FilePath "[<drive>:] [<path>] <filename>"

Function: To save the command output to a text file with PowerShell. It will over write the existing file.

More details: Refer Windows Central

```
Windows PowerShell
                                                                                                            X
                                                                                                     Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\Users\sivas> ipconfig | Out-File -FilePath "C:\Temp\outfile.txt"
PS C:\Users\sivas> Get-Content -Path "C:\Temp\outfile.txt
Windows IP Configuration
Ethernet adapter Ethernet:
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
  IPv4 Address. . . . . . . . . : 192.168.1.6
  Subnet Mask . . . . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
  Default Gateway . . . . . . : 192.168.1.1
Wireless LAN adapter WiFi:
  Media State . . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : mshome.net
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 1:
  Media State . . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 2:
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
  IPv4 Address. . . . . . . . . : 192.168.137.1
  Default Gateway . . . . . . . :
Ethernet adapter Bluetooth Network Connection:
  Media State . . . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
PS C:\Users\sivas>
```