

## 1. Choose a binary classification dataset.

```

1 from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer
2 import pandas as pd
3
4 data = load_breast_cancer()
5 X = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
6 y = pd.Series(data.target)
7

```

## 2. Train/test split and standardize features.

```

1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
2 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
3
4 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
5
6 scaler = StandardScaler()
7 X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
8 X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
9

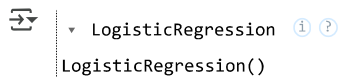
```

## 3. Fit a Logistic Regression model.

```

1 from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
2
3 clf = LogisticRegression()
4 clf.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
5

```



Variable explorer showing the variable `LogisticRegression` with its value `LogisticRegression()`.

## 4. Evaluate with confusion matrix, precision, recall, ROC-AUC.

```

1 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report, roc_auc_score, roc_curve
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4 y_pred = clf.predict(X_test_scaled)
5 y_prob = clf.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[:, 1]
6
7 print("Confusion Matrix:")
8 print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
9
10 print("\nClassification Report:")
11 print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
12
13 roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob)
14 print(f"ROC-AUC Score: {roc_auc:.2f}")
15
16 fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob)
17 plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f'ROC curve (area = {roc_auc:.2f})')
18 plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
19 plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
20 plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
21 plt.title('ROC Curve')
22 plt.legend()
23 plt.show()
24

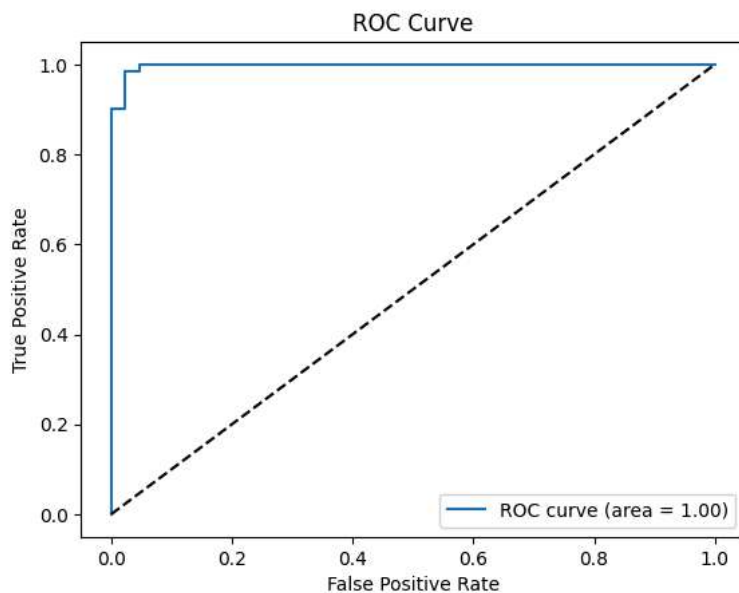
```

↗ Confusion Matrix:  
 [[41 2]  
 [ 1 70]]

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.98	0.95	0.96	43
1	0.97	0.99	0.98	71
accuracy			0.97	114
macro avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	114
weighted avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	114

ROC-AUC Score: 1.00



5. Tune threshold and explain sigmoid function.

```
1 import numpy as np
2 from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score
3
4 threshold = 0.2
5 y_pred_thresh = (y_prob >= threshold).astype(int)
6
7 print("Confusion Matrix (Threshold 0.3):")
8 print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_thresh))
9
10 print(f"Precision: {precision_score(y_test, y_pred_thresh):.2f}")
11 print(f"Recall: {recall_score(y_test, y_pred_thresh):.2f}")
12
```

↗ Confusion Matrix (Threshold 0.3):  
 [[40 3]  
 [ 0 71]]  
 Precision: 0.96  
 Recall: 1.00