

Visualization Go scheduler by gosched-simulator

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CyberAgent

The Go gopher was designed by Renée French.



Introduction

What's Go scheduler?

Overlay Go codes

goverlay generates overlay codes

gosched simulator

Summary





Introduction





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- Takuma Shibuya
 - X/GitHub sivchari
- CIU
 - AKE (Astro Kubernetes Engine)
- CyberAgent Go Next Experts
- Go Conference main organizer















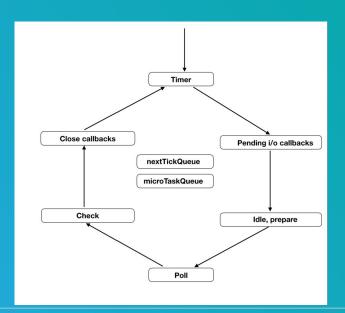
- It's lightweight thread called by using `go` idiom
- goroutine is a minimum unit to execute Go func
 - When the program uses goroutine, the Go runtime pushes it to internal queue, then it will be executed
 - func main is a main goroutine defined in proc.go



- goroutine is similar to coroutine
 - When the goroutine is blocking by I/O wait etc, the G runtime automatically switches it to new one
 - range-over-func uses coroutine for iteration process
 - This feature uses coro. It doesn't have capability to execute process in parallel. coroutine can only start, switch and exit.



goroutine doesn't have execution order, too



明確に書くと以下のような順番で実行される

- 1. 同期処理の実行
- 2. nextTick (process.nextTick)
- 3. microTaskQueue(Promise callback)
- 4. Timer Phase (setTimeout, setInterval)
- 5. nextTick
- 6. microTaskQueue
- 7. Pending Callback Phase (sucess, error callback)
- 8. nextTick
- 9. microTaskQueue
- 10. Idle, Prepare Phase
- + :: 11. nextTick
 - 12. microTaskQueue
 - 13. Poll Phase
 - 14. nextTickQueue
 - 15. microTaskQueue

16. Chech Phase (setImmediate)

- 535,000 200000 000000
- 17. nextTickQueue
- 18. microTaskQueue
- 19. Close Callback (close event callback)
- 20.1に戻る



Programmer can't handle to start goroutine and stop it

- We can only handle the synchronization point
 - sync.WaitGroup sync.Mutex sync.Cond etc



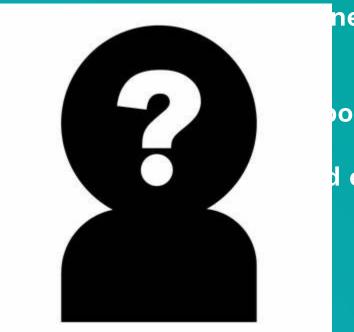
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What's Go scheduler

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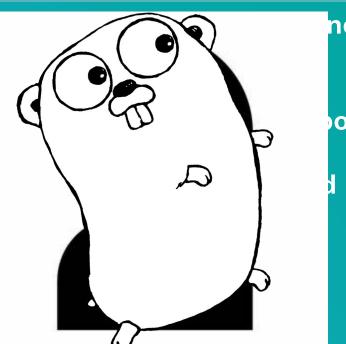
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What's Go scheduler

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etc



- Go runtime represents goroutine, machine and processor as G, M, P
 - G represents goroutine. G has information to execute func
 - M represents machine. M has information of OS
 - P represents processor. P has information required to execute Go program



- Go scheduler manages G, M and P
 - Preemption
 - Links G, M and P
 - Push G to Queue and Pop G from Queue

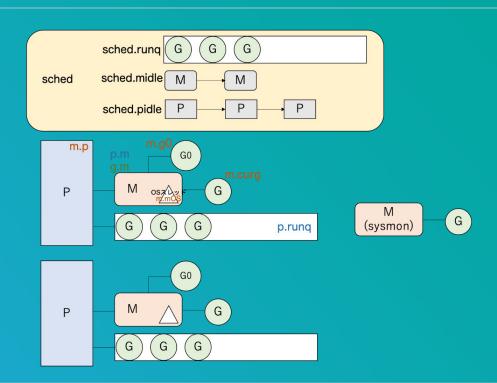
This model is called M:N model



- Thread model
 - 0 1:1
 - 1 user thread links 1 kernel thread
 - o N:1
 - N user thread links 1 kernel thread
 - o M:N
 - M user thread links N kernel thread



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- Go's standard library doesn't export runtime information
 - Almost runtime package doesn't exported
 - Other packages doesn't return runtime information



- The way I can get runtime information
 - Modify source code and point GOROOT to changed it
 - Use runtime/trace
 - Use scheddetail=1



scheddetail=1

GOMAXPROCS=2 GODEBUG=schedtrace=1000,scheddetail=1 go run main.go

SCHED 0ms: gomaxprocs=2 idleprocs=0 threads=4 spinningthreads=1 needspinning=1 idlethreads=0 runqueue=0 gcwaiting=false nmidlelocked=0 stopwait=0 sysmonwait=false

P0: status=0 schedtick=0 syscalltick=0 m=nil runqsize=0 gfreecnt=0 timerslen=0

P1: status=1 schedtick=2 syscalltick=0 m=2 rungsize=0 gfreecnt=0 timerslen=0

M3: p=0 curg=nil mallocing=0 throwing=0 preemptoff= locks=1 dying=0 spinning=false blocked=false lockedg=nil

M2: p=1 curg=3 mallocing=0 throwing=0 preemptoff= locks=4 dying=0 spinning=false blocked=false lockedg=nil

M1: p=nil curg=nil mallocing=0 throwing=0 preemptoff= locks=2 dying=0 spinning=false blocked=false lockedg=nil

M0: p=nil curg=nil mallocing=0 throwing=0 preemptoff= locks=1 dying=0 spinning=false blocked=false lockedg=1

G1: status=1(chan receive) m=nil lockedm=0

G2: status=4(force gc (idle)) m=nil lockedm=nil

G3: status=2() m=2 lockedm=nil

G4: status=4(GC scavenge wait) m=nil lockedm=nil



- schedetail=1
 - The definition is in <u>proc.go</u>
 - Lock sched, then print the G, M, P information
 - Biggest tips to implement gosched-simulator
 - I want all structs, not printing



- How
 - I don't want to modify source codes directly
 - Difficult
 - Maintainability
 - Forward compatibility



- overlay
 - o go help overlay
 - Replace the source codes when building it
 - The setting is managed by JSON file
 - Go standard feature (little bit of a hack \(\omega\))



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Overlay Go codes

overlay

```
{
  "Replace":{
    "${GOROOT}/src/runtime/proc.go":"./local/modifled_proc.go"
    }
}
go build -overlay overlay.json ./...
```













- overlay is so hard
 - Copy whole file
 - Update overlayed file if origin file is updated and the changes is important to run Go code
 - Largest sources that I don't want to manage



- Thus, I want to
 - add the some definition that I want to use
 - patch the partial codes like a kustomization
 - control using AST



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goverlay generates overlay codes

goverlay

layers:

- from: ./testdata/from.gopatch: ./testdata/patch/patch.godist: ./testdata/dist.goreplaces:
 - kind: funcident: A
 - kind: struct ident: b



- goverlay can
 - add the new definition
 - patch the existing definition and replace it
 - type typ struct -> type _typ struct
 - func fn -> func _fn
 - o generate overlay.json from goverlay.yaml configuration







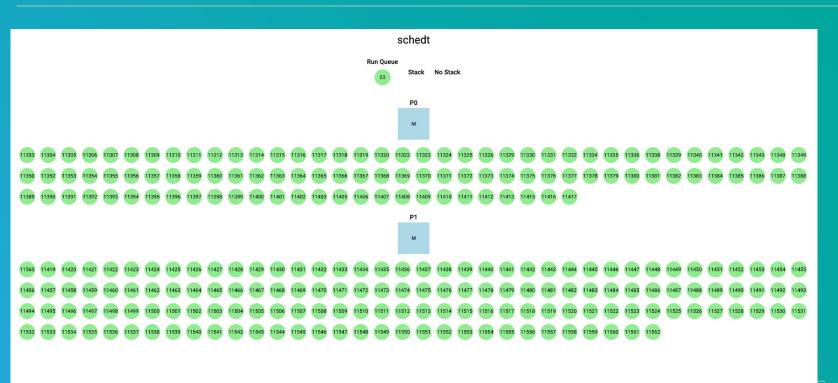
gosched simulator





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gosched simulator





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- gosched simulator
 - Visualize G, M, P and Scheduler
 - **■** WaitReason, Status etc
 - Realtime simulation
 - Handle all G, M, P, Scheduler resources



- Expose type and convert from private type to public type
- Follow the scheddetail implementation
- No LSP, so I use acme editor or vanilla Vim
 - o 🛮 Of course, go tool doesn't work 🧐







Summary



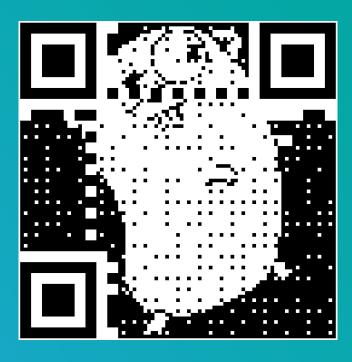


Summary

- Go scheduler is amazing, but it's hard to visualize by right way
- overlay is magic, goverlay is magic wand for me
- Plan
 - Visualize more information
 - Improve maintainability



Please give me your feedback





Reference

- Node.js event loop
- Goでの並行処理を徹底解剖!

